Radio\& Electronics


## R. WITHERS COMMUNICATIONS ITD

Manufacturers, importers and suppliers of world famous communications products 584 HAGLEY ROAD WEST OLDBURY, WARLEY, BIRMINGHAM B68 0BS 021-421 8201/2/3. CELLNET 0860 323056. PRESTEL MBX 214218216 Amateur Radio. Business Radio. Radio Telephones. Sales. Service Accessories.

## DICOM YAESU Y\& THE TECHNICALLY ORIENTATED RADIO COMMUNICATIONS <br> STOP...PRESS... <br> At the time of going to press YAESU

 and ICOM are planning to announce price increases! R. Withers will hold
## SEND E1.00 FOR OUR LATEST CATALOGUE (REFUNDABLE UPON PURCHASE OF GOODS]

their prices whilst stocks last!!!

| $A E S$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| FAS14R | Remote ant switch (FC757AT) |
| FBA5 | Empty battery pack ${ }^{\text {ATU/power meter/dummy ld }}$ |
| FC700 <br> FC757AT | ATU/power meter dummy ld |
| FIF65 | Comp. 1/face for Apple |
| FL21002 | HF 1.2 KW linear $1.8-30 \mathrm{MHZ}$ |
| FNB2 | 108 V nicad pk for FT2087708 |
| ENB3 | Nicad for FT $203 / 9 / 703 / 9 R / \mathrm{RH}$ |
| FNB4 | Nicad pack for FTro9RH etc. |
| ${ }_{\text {FP700 }}^{\text {FP757GX }}$ | 20 A power supply ${ }^{\text {cher }}$ |
| EPP57GX | Switched mode power supply |
| FRAT700 | Active ant for FRG7700/ |
|  |  |
| FRG8800 |  |
| FRT7700 | Receiver ATU for FRG7700 |
| FRV7700A/B/C/D | VHF conv. for FRG7700 |
|  |  |
| FRV8800 | VHF converter |
| 203R-FBA5 | $2 \mathrm{mtr} \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} 1.5 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| FT203R-FNB3 FT203R-FNB4 | $2 \mathrm{mtr} \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H}^{2} \mathrm{SWW}$ <br> 2 mtr |
| FT209RH-FBA5 | 2 mtr H/H CN empty b/cas |
| FT209RH-FNB3 | 2 mtre handheid 3.7 W |
| 209RH-FNB4 | 2 mtr nandheld 5 W |
| 2700R | VUHF 25 W transceiv |
| F12708 | VHF 25 W ranscelv |
| FT2900 | 2 mitre multimode |
| FT690R | 6 mtr multimode transceiver |
| F703R-FBA5 | $70 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{H/H} 1.5 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| FT703R-FN | $70 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{H/H} 2.5 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| FT703R-FNB4 | $70 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{H/H} 3.5 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| FT709R-FEA5 | $70 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{H/H} 1.8 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| FT7098-FNB4 | $70 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{H/H} \mathrm{4W}$ |
| FT726R | 2 mtr base station |
| 㖪GX MK2-RWC | All band all mode 100 W |
|  | 70 cm |
| FT980 | Gen coverage + Ham band transceiver |
| FVS1 | voice synthesizer for FT270/ |
| LOG BO | YAESU amateur radio $\operatorname{log~bk}$. |
| MD1B8 | Base station |
| MH12A2B |  |
|  | Mobile btt/mt for FT 290 R |
| PA3 | Mobile DC unit for FT208. |
|  | 209 etc |
| QTA24D | World zone ciock |
| SAT726 | Oscar/Sat unit for FT726 |
|  | Switch un |
| S82 | Switch unit for YH 1 |
| SP55 | External loudspeaker |
| YH1 | H'set/ boom MIC for SE $1 / 2 / 3$ |
| YH2 | H'set/MIC for FT203/209 etc |
| 7 | Mono headp |
|  | Lightweignt mono hiphones |
| 15 | antenna for FT2908 |
| YM24A | M1C for FT208/708 |
| YM49 | Speaker/MIC for FT290R |



##  <br> RWC TOP 100

## ADONIS AM303G Sase stn FM/SSB m'phone

 ADONIS AM503G Base stn FM/SSB comp. mic c/w ant. $2 \mathrm{mtr} \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H}$ transceiver 3.5 W2 mtr 25 W 2 mtr 25 W mobile t'ceiver DC/DC 12 V converter
Speaker MIC for ALM203 Leatherette case and strap 600 OHM replacement microphone
600 OHM rep
600 OHM replacement noise
can. MIC
can. MtC
10FM-portable 'HOT-WIRE'
ant
Travelling
2 mtr ANT
unit
PA valve
8.OHM re
8.OHM replacement ext
loudspeaker
loudspeaker
2 way 2.5 KW coax switch
$0-900 \mathrm{MHZ}$
2 mtr 25 W FM mobile
transceiver
2 mtr multimode transceiver
Gamma twin slim Jim Gamma
type ant
3-5 AMP
4.00
5.00
4.50
7.50
7.50

## e

59.00
26.0
49.5
13.2

530
35.5

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Tel: 0214218201 ( 24 hr answerphone)

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When builiing any cortstructional propect bear in mind that sontetimes figh vollages are insplved, Avoia even the sightest risk - safty in the shack please at all times
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# PRODUCT NEWS 

Featured on these pages are details of the latest products in communications, electronics and computers. Manufacturers, distributors and dealers are invited to supply information on new products for inclusion in Product News.
Readers, don't forget to mention Radio \& Electronics World when making enquiries

DIGIIAL STORACE MODULE
Antron Electronics Limited now has available a new low cost digital storage module unit manufactured by Polar Instruments.
The Model DS102 is designed to convert the user's own conventional oscilloscope for one or two channel digital storage. A sampling rate of 10 MHz per channel, together with 2048 bytes of memory for each data capture, results in high resolution and excellent display definition.
The conventional DSO front panel controls are easy to drive and give the user the following modes of operation: single shot with pretrigger, roll and refresh mode (save channel 2 or hold both channels) with output to plotter and view back to original signal source.


Antron Electronics Ltd,
Hamilton House,
39 Kings Road,
Haslemere,
Surrey GU27 2QA.
Tel: (0428) 54541.

## W. 35 MHz SCOP <br> Fieldtech Heathrow has

 further expanded its range of general purpose test equipment with the addition of the Meguro $\mathrm{MO}-125235 \mathrm{MHz}$ 2-channel oscilloscope.Reliable performance and ease of operation, with high sensitivity and sweep speed as well as a trigger delay function, is intended to make the MO-1252 ideal to meet the demand for a versatile oscilloscope with a wide range of applications.
Other features include a single sweep function, and a unique component test utilising the $X-Y$ operation, which enables the operator to


## 100MHZ OSCILIOSCOPE

New from Thurlby Electronics is the Hitachi V-1100A, a high performance 100 MHz oscilloscope which incorporates a sophisticated micro-processor-controlled digital measurement centre.
The V-1100A provides automatic measurement and onscreen display of dc or ac voltage, decibel ratios, frequency, period, time delay and phase shift. A comprehensive cursor system allows the user to interact with the measurement centre to provide measurement data on selected sections of the waveform.
On-screen display of all setting conditions (input sensitivity, sweep speed etc) is also provided along with ground reference information. A further feature is the
ability to enter alphanumeric text via a built-in keypad and to display a line of text on the screen.
The V-1100A has four independent input channels which may be displayed simultaneously. Its full dualtimebase sweep system includes trigger facilities for both timebases and provides sweep speeds up to 2 nanoseconds/div.
The high resolution 18 kV internal graticule CRT has a good writing speed commensurate with the oscilloscope's rise time of better than 3.5 ns .

Thurlby Electronics Ltd, New Road,
St Ives,
Huntingdon,
Cambridge PE17 4BG.
Tel: (0480) 63570.

verify the quality or value of components.

Fieldtech Heathrow Ltd, Huntavia House, 420 Bath Road, Longford, Middlesex UB7 OLL:
Tel: (01) 8976446.

## DIGIIA MULTIMETERS

Thandar Electronics have added two new digital multimeters to their range, designated the TM357 and TM358.
The TM357 is a 3.5 -digit LCD multimeter with facilities to read ac/dc voltage, current, resistance and diode test. A continuity buzzer is also provided. A temperature probe is available as an optional accessory and reads in centigrade and fahrenheit.
Housed in a rugged yet compact hand-held case, the TM357 retails at $£ 39.00+$ VAT including probes.
The TM358 is a 3.5 -digit LCD

## -.

Paxton Instruments have announced the introduction of the HM208 digital storage oscilloscope with IEEE option.
This is a 20 MHz real-time oscilloscope in addition to the 20 MHz sampling frequency in the digital storage mode. The storage memory size is $4 \times 1 \mathrm{~K} \times 8$-bit. However, if used in the single channel mode, channel 1 resolution becomes $2 \mathrm{~K} \times 8$-bit.

The HM208 IEEE also has a second page memory facility which enables captured signals to be saved for later reference, whilst freeing the original memory for separate storage of channel 1 and/or channel 2.

Another feature is an $X-Y$ display capability avallable at all times in both analogue or digital modes. This enables the display of semiconductors and filter curves, lissajous figures and representations of parameters related to reference voltages other than time.
The IEEE option gives the HM208 the ability to be remotely addressed to allow. the transfer of captured waveforms from the 4 digital memories to the host computer or controller for long term storage and future data analysis.

Paxton Instruments, Unit B1,
Pixmore Industrial Estate, Pixmore Avenue, Letchworth, Hertfordshire SG6 1JJ.
Tel: (0462) 685648.
multimeter which, besides incorporating similar ranges to the TM357, has the additional features of conductance and transistor $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{FE}}$ measurement.
Selling for $£ 69.00+$ VAT, the TM358 is also supplied complete with probes.

[^0]

Mercer Electronics, a division of Simpson Electric Company, has introduced a new VOM with several. new features.
The Mercer model 9120 has 25 ranges including dB, 20,000 ohms/volt dc sensitivity ( 5,000 ohms/volt ac) and a frequency response up to 100 kHz on 3,12 and 60 V ac ranges. It will measure up to 12A dc, has a 3 V ac range and dc accuracy is $\pm 3 \%$ fs.
Convenience features include a front panel polarity reversal switch, a single-knob range/function switch with an 'off' position, an output jack for dc isolation and a large, easy to read, 3.5 in mirrored, colour-coded scale.
Also included is a high-

## E REALTIME SCOPES

At the 1986 Control \& Instrumentation Exhibition, Gould Electronics will be exhibiting a new family of three high performance, realtime oscilloscopes covering $60 \mathrm{MHz}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}$, and 150 MHz bandwidths.
A recent addition to the company's display is the 4050 digital storage oscilloscope, a high-speed instrument which has twin 100 MHz digitizers enabling its use in electronics and analytical applications not previously suited to DSO measurements.
The company will also exhibit a recently introduced series of logic analysers

energy fusing system along with standard fusing and diode meter protection. Size is $4 \mathrm{in} \times 6 \mathrm{in} \times 13 / 4 \mathrm{in}$, and it weighs $130 z$. The unit comes complete with batteries, test leads and an operator's manual. It costs $\$ 39.00$.

Another new product from Mercer is a digital clamp-type ac volt-ohm-ammeter, the model 9701 digi-clamp.
It will make measurements up to 300A (2 ranges), 2000 ohms or 750 volts ac with basic accuracy of $0.8 \%$.
Other features include 0.1 amp resolution, audible continuity indication and a data hold switch. It is very compact, being $7.28 \times 2.44 \times 0.98 \mathrm{in}$, and weighs $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. A 9 volt battery, colour-coded test leads, operator's manual and carrying case are also included in the price, which is \$69.00.

## Mercer Electronics, 859 Dundee Avenue, Elgin, Illinois 60120. Tel: (312) 697-2265.


which combine ease of use with high performance. The new family of products - the K20, K40, K115, K125 and K450 - range from low cost, easily portable units to an instrument suitable for computer aided engineering (CAE) design and test verification.
The latest developments in software for use with Gould logic analysers will be displayed, including the K105 Smartpak software package that runs on the IBM PC.

Gould Electronics Ltd,
Instrument Systems,
Roebuck Road,
Hainault,
Essex IG6 3UE.
Tel: (01) 5001000.


## - AM JM SIG GEN

Electronic Brokers can now supply the Marconi Instruments Model 2022 AM/FM signal generator, a compact, lightweight instrument which offers frequency, phase, and amplitude modulation over the $10 \mathrm{kHz}-1000 \mathrm{MHz}$ frequency range.
The instrument uses microprocessor control to provide simple and rapid operation by direct keyboard entry of settings, and the non-volatile memory, which can store up to 100 settings, further reduces measurement time.

- With comprehensive amplitude, frequency and phase modulation, the 2022 also has a range of powerful second functions for rapid fault finding and calibration, and
reverse power protection up to 25 W which prevents damage to output circuits when power is accidentally applied while testing transceivers.

The instrument's wide range frequency modulation facility provides FM deviation up to a maximum of 99.9 kHz depending on modulation and carrier frequency. Phase modulation is available with a deviation range of up to 9.99 radians and amplitude modulation is provided with steps of $0.5 \%$ up to $99.5 \%$ depth.
Available as an optional extra is the GPIB talker/ listener interface.

Electronic Brokers Ltd,
140-146 Camden Street,
London NW1 9PB.
Tel: (01) 2677070.

## - KLUUSU DSQ

Telonic Instruments, Kikusui's UK distributor, has introduced two new low priced digital storage oscilloscopes, the DSS5040 and DSS5020A.

The DSS 5040 has 40 MHz real-time capability with a 25 MHz clock rate 8 -bit A/D for storage. The DSS5020A has 20 MHz real-time bandwidth with a 1 MHz 8 -bit A/D. Both instruments have been designed with ease of operation in mind, and have only 6 controls for the storage function.
In the real-time mode both are two channel, single timebase oscilloscopes with vertical sensitivity ranges from 1 mV to $5 \mathrm{~V} /$ div.
In storage operation both have similar operating modes and facilities which include pre-trigger, post storage
magnification, roll function and variable view time. An interesting feature is sine wave interpolation which reduces the number of sample points required to 2.5 for a single shot sine wave, thus increasing effective storage bandwidth to 400 kHz for the DSS5020A and 10 MHz for the DSS5040.
The memory system enables waveforms on both channels to be stored, and a reference memory capability allows a reference waveform to be stored for comparison with a new input.

Both instruments have pen output capability for X-Y plotters.

Telonic Instruments Ltd, Boyn Valley Road, Maidenhead,
Berkshire SL6 4EG.
Tel: (0628) 73933.


#  <br> ICOM25-2000MHIZ, Comme Above and beyon 



ICOM introduces the IC-R7000, advanced technology, continuous coverage communications receiver. It covers Aırcraft, Marine, F, M, Broadcast Amateur Radio, Television and Weather Satellite bands The IC-R7000 incorporates FM wide/FM narrow, A.M., upper and lower SSB modes of operation with six tuning speeds'- $0.1,1.0,5,10,12.5,25 \mathrm{KHz}$ Frequency coverage $25-1000 \mathrm{MHz}$ and $1025-2000 \mathrm{MHz}(25-1000 \mathrm{MHz}$ and $1260-$ 1300 MHz guaranteed specification

With the IC-R7000 you have normal tuning capability with the front panel tuning knob or for quick tuning of a desired frequency by using the front panel key-pad. A total of 99 memory channels are available for storage of
Ris liticcom received frequencies and operating mode.

Memory channels can be called up by pressing the memory switch then rotating the memory channel knob or by direct keyboard entry.

A sophisticated scanning system provides instant access to specific frequency ranges. By depressing the Auto M switch, the IC-R7000 automatically memorises frequencies that are in use, whilst in the scan mode and can be recalled later. The scanning speed is adjustable and the scanning system includes memory selected frequency ranges or priority channels. All functions including memory channel readout are clearly shown on a dual-colour fluorescent display with dimmer switch. Other features include dial-lock, noise blanker, S-meter and attenuator




## AUTO TEST RECEIVER

The Grundig ME-90 test receiver and field strength meter, now available exclusively in the UK from Electronic Brokers, is a microprocessor controlled, fully automatic antenna measuring system which provides level measurement in all the VHF and UHF television bands as well as the long, medium, short and ultra-short wave radio bands.

The unit employs simple front panel keypad control to carry out a wide variety of intelligent measurement functions.
The instrument can store up to 100 pre-selected frequencies by channel number or other designation, and the stored data can be collated
and processed prior to hardcopy print-out on a built-in thermal matrix printer.
Other features of the ME-90 include a TV-IF input at 38.9 MHz , the capability to measure separate sound channels in stereo signals, a built-in VHF-FM stereo decoder with LED indication, a headphone socket for evaluation of received quality, a switch for picture enlargement and a switch for picture offset.
The Grundig ME-90 is equally suited to mains or battery operation, and has its own built-in charger.

## Electronic Brokers Ltd,

140-146 Camden Street,
London NW1 9PB.
Tel: (01) 2677070.

## 41/2:DICIL MUSTIMEJERS

Two $41 / 2$-digit hand-held multimeters have been added to Beckman Industrial's Circuitmate series, both of which have a built-in frequency counter.
The DM800 provides average sensing on ac voltage and current ranges, while the DM850 gives true rms. Basic dc accuracy of both meters is $0.05 \%$.
The built-in frequency counter allows measurements up to 200 kHz , and reduces equipment requirements by combining two instruments into one handy package.
A useful function is 'data hold', which makes delayed reading of short duration events easy by enabling the user to freeze the display manually while the reading is present. Continuity is indicated on both meters by a beeper.
Each meter has five dc and ac voltage ranges (to 1000 V and 750 V respectively), six dc and ac current ranges from $200 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ to 10 A and six resistance ranges from $200 \Omega$ to $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$.

Beckman Industrial Ltd, Queensway, Glenrothes,
Fife KY7 5PU.
Tel: (10592) 753811.

## AUDIO OSCILIAIOR

Sage Audio have introduced the SA1 ultra low distortion audio oscillator, designed to offer the performance necessary when analysing today's high quality audio equipment.
The SA1 provides a continuously variable output of up to 1 V rms at four separate spot frequencies, 100 Hz , $400 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{kHz}$ and 10 kHz . These are accurate to $1 \%$, with other frequencies available to order. Harmonic distortion is quoted as typically $0.0001 \%$ $(1 \mathrm{ppm})$ at 1 kHz .
A noise reference button allows measurement of harmonics buried below the noise level. When pressed, this removes the sine wave output without significantly altering the generator's gain, source impedance or residual white noise level. A noise reference can then be measured and subtracted from the THD + noise reading. This reference represents the oscillator noise, amplifier under test noise and the analyser noise floor.

## Sage Audio,

Construction House, Whitley Street, Bingley,
West Yorkshire BD16 4JH. Tel: (0274) 568647.

## WAVEFORM SYNIHESIZER

Analogic's new Data2020 synthesizes complex waveforms specified by the user in the form $Y=f(t)$, with 16-bit precision.
This technique provides new levels of flexibility when complex or unusual waveforms are required. It can eliminate the need to use several instruments connected together, to program complex switching sequences, or to hard-wire special damped tuned circuits. In many cases even these laborious methods can still only approximate the desired waveform.

By keying mathematical expressions into the Data2020 front panel (or sending them via the IEEE-488 interface), waveforms of any complexity can be specified absolutely. The Data2020 can evaluate
several expressions between different limits to build up complex sequences - high speed pulse trains for radar testing and video colour bar signals for TV testing are typical examples.
Functions built in include sine, square and triangle waves. Waveforms can be triggered, continuous, repeated, or gated.
The instrument's analog output provides $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ (maximum) into a 50 ohm load with a total dynamic range of 136 dB (72dB for any one waveform). Internal dc offset and noise (independent of the stored waveform) can be summed from 0 to 60 dB below the waveform level.

## Analogic Ltd,

68 High Street, Weybridge,
Surrey KT13 8BN.
Tel: (0932) 56011.


## RF MONITORING SYSIEM

Communication Systems Research Ltd has recently introduced a range of remote RF spectrum monitoring systems to permit the real-time measurement of RF or IF spectra at a number of remote, possibly unattended, locations from a central control and monitor facility.

The central control facility comprises the control, analysis and graphics software (designed using Ada and implemented in Fortran 77) running on a PDP or microVAX computer, together with disk storage, keyboard, VDU, plotter and a colour graphics display.
Each of the remote measurement sites contains a programmable spectrum analyser, input signal switching equipment and (if required) an RF calibration source. These are all controlled by a local controller
running Ada-designed Basic for instrument setting, calibration and data capture. The communication between the central and the remote controllers is handled by CCITT V22 bis modems and error controllers.

One example is a 3-monitor system supplied to the International Maritime Satellite Organisation (INMARSAT), London, to allow the $C$ and $L$ Band downlink spectra from their Atlantic, Pacific and Indian ocean region satellites to be displayed and processed at their operation control centre in London. The remote monitors are located at coastal Earth stations in England, Norway and Singapore.

## Communication Systems

Research Ltd,
Prospect House,
The Grove, Ilkley,
West Yorkshire LS29 9EE.
Tel: (0943) 603018.

## COM PSU

Now available from MRZ Communications is a desktop power supply for use with the lcom range of hand-held transceivers.
The BPU series of power supplies offers a regulated

voltage with over-voltage protection and over-current shutdown for Icom's PMR, marine or amateur band hand-helds. The unit is used by removing the battery pack and sliding the radio onto the mounting provided.
Also available is a desk supply with a charging system for the BP3 battery pack.

The MRZ power units are available for the H 2 and H 6 , M2, M5 and M12, and 2E, 4E, 02E and 04E models.

## MRZ Communications Ltd, <br> Newton House, <br> 248 Uttoxeter Road, Longton, <br> Stoke on Trent ST3 5QL. <br> Tel: (0782) 336221.

## VHF RREAMP

A metal-housed AM or FM radio preamplifier, giving a 22dB gain boost for improved reception, is now available in kit form from Electronic and Computer Workshop Ltd.

The kit comprises a high quality PCB, all the necessary components, and a strong metal housing, together with full constructional and operational instructions. The kit is simple to build and will much improve the reception performance of VHF FM or AM radio in the house or car.
The 22 dB gain is from 10 to 150 MHz and the amplifier operates from an unstabilised power supply of between 12
and 15 V dc, which allows direct operation from a car supply if desired. The supply can be connected directly to the amplifier or, for use where the amplifier is mounted close to a loft or roof mounted antenna, can be fed by way of the coaxial cable. Supply current requirement is 1 to 3 mA

ECW offers the K2622 kit at £8.84 including VAT and post/ packing.

## Electronic \& Computer

Workshop Ltd
171 Broomfield Road,
Chelmsford,
Essex CM1 1RY.
Tel: (0245) 262149.

## DAIA LOGGING SYSIEM

CIL Microsystems has recently produced a new data logging system, the DTR 1680, for use with RS232 or IEEE488, especially designed for strain gauges, thermocouples and millivolt signals.
The system is designed around the PCl 1280 16-bit analogue/digital converter with the addition of a range of 24 channel input conditioning and multiplexer units, to provide direct measurement of low-level signals. Each A/D converter thus has a capacity of 192 channels with possible
expansion to over 2000 chan nels.
The hardware is complemented by a selection of software packages for a variety of common microcomputers, viz the IBM PC, Apricot, Commodore and Apple lle. Simple programs are provided showing the techniques used to acquire data and control the system.

CIL Microsystems Ltd, Decoy Road,
Worthing,
Sussex BN14 8ND.
Tel: (0903) 210474.


## WORIABIE EMAIL

Linc (UK) Communications are now marketing what must be the smallest electronic mail unit available. The PX1000 is a low cost 62-key, 7400 character memory device with elementary word processing functions and built-in acoustic modem which measures just $224 \times 85$ $\times 26 \mathrm{~mm}$.
The PX1000 features a $40-$ character LCD screen and has a transmission speed of 300,600 and 1200 bps . Power is provided by built-in rechargeable batteries.
By connecting the PX1000
to a phone, messages can be sent to another PX1000, the Linc DX90 message centre or an IBM PC compatible computer. Connection to the Connex electronic mail network is also possible, and messages can be sent encoded for security.

Also available is the PXP40 mini printer, a thermal printer offering 40 characters per line, 25 characters per second and a 2 K buffer memory.

Linc (UK) Communications, 5 Dover Street
London W1X 3PJ.
Tel: (01) 4939337.
(5)

The comprehensive Oryx soldering iron range has been extended by the introduction of the Oryx 15 watt 240 volt lightweight iron. This low cost iron is based on a successful unit Oryx has built for a national public service organisation, which has used a similar device for many years.

Now in 'civvy' colours of orange and black, this unit will serve all aspects of the market from the hobbyist through to industrial applica-
tions. The temperature is set at $350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ nominal from a wirewound element in a tubular ceramic insulator. The soldering tip is iron plated for long life.

The unit can be purchased direct from Greenwood Electronics by cheque, Barclaycard or Access at a price of £5.00, inclusive of VAT and postage.

Greenwood Electronics. Portman Road,
Reading RG3 1NE.
Tel: (0734) 595843.

POIIINE ADHESIN
The latest one-part hotmelt adhesive from 3M's Jetmelt range is Jet-melt 3797. It is claimed to offer several advantages in medium to large electrical and electronic potting applications.

Applied with the elec-trically-powered 3M TC applicator - designed to be left switched on all day without adhesive degradation, dripping or back-melting - J"etmelt 3797 offers an excellent combination of electrical properties with high dielectric constant and strength, high volume resistivity and low dissipation.

Recommended for electrical applications including potting, encapsulating and wire bundle unitising, Jet-
melt 3797 exhibits zero water absorption (even in aqueous or high humidity environments), no breakdown under acidic conditions, good shock resistance and good resistance to flow up to $151^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
$3 M$ United Kingdom plc, Adhesives \& Sealants Group, PO Box 1, Bracknell. Berkshire RG12 1JU.
Tel: (0344) 58606.



## RaveVMEBUS SVSIEM

The new VME starter system from Bicc-Vero Microsystems is designed as a low-cost but expandable system for those wishing to evaluate or prototype VMEbus technology.
Starting at under $£ 5000$, this 6 U system features a 68010 or 68000 CPU, a DSDD floppy and 10 Mbyte hard disc, 10 -slot$\mathrm{J1}$ and J2 backplanes subdivided to take both double
and single Eurocards, cooling, front panel switches and indicators, a large 400 W power supply, plus a range of optional software including the multi-user multi-tasking OS-9 operating system and the $C$ language. The enclosure comes from Bicc-Vero's award-winning Microrack VMEbus family.
The system achieves its low-cost objectives by utilising a high-functionality 68010 or 68000 CPU card with 128 K dual-ported RAM (expandable to 512 K ), twin serial ports, dual 8-bit parallel ports, sockets for a 68451 MMU and 128K EPROM, interrupt handling logic and an on-board system controller.

## Bicc-Vero Microsystems,

Flanders Road,
Hedge End,
Southampton SO3 3LG.
Tel: (04892) 5824.

## RHABTITE CLOCK

Now available from PPM is the PPM 100 clock, which doubles as a calendar and is IEEE-488 programmable. The instrument has been designed for use in buscontrolied test, data logging, and other computer-based systems which have no builtin clock facility.
The clock is mains powered, with rechargeable battery back-up. It has full calendar read-out with automatic leap year compensation, and is easily programmed with an 11-character
numeric string. A 12-character read-out is terminated by a carriage return.
Time and data output is for one month, day of the week, day of the month, hours, minutes, seconds and tenths of seconds. Programming is for a year, month, day, date, hours, minutes, and start/ stop.

PPM Instrumentation Ltd, Hermitage Road,
St Johns,
Woking,
Surrey GU21 1 TZ.
Tel: (04867) 80111.

## REDUCED RF//EMI

The metal shell D-subminiature is a new addition to the Viking connector range. This right-angle PCB connector has been designed to sub-

stantially reduce electromagnetic (EMI) and radio frequency (RFI) interference emanating from computers, peripherals and other similar equipment.
The metal shell is bright tinplated rolled steel over an insulator of high quality UL 94 V -O approved flame retardant thermoplastic, and is available in 9, 15, 25 and 37 positions, all with a 0.590 -inch PCB footprint. This means that they have excellent shielding and grounding properties and are easily interchangeable with any 0.590 footprint D-subminiatures.

A choice of two contact platings of 10 or 30 microinch

## IMAGEWRIIER INTERFACE

A new Apple Imagewriter interface, which allows Mannesmann Tally's MT85/86 printers to work with the Apple Macintosh PC, is now available to dealers ex-stock from Rapid Winners.
The interface card/MT printer combination is less expensive than the Imagewriter and provides higher performance and extra facilities. Both the MT85 and MT86 are serial matrix machines that offer draft printing at 180 cps , correspondence print ing at 45 cps and a 3 K line buffer to speed throughput. The printers also handle bitmap graphics screen dumps.

## BEAR CODE READER

Available from DMS Electronics is the DMS SABRU, a stand-alone bar code reader. The unit contains its own CPU and power supply to give independence from the host computer, and is designed to work with any computer via an RS232 line. It will decode 8/13-digit EANA, 12-digit UPCA, 3 of 9,2 of 7 , interleaved 2 of 5 , or Plessey bar codes, and features autoselection of the bar code. Special bar codes can be installed on request, as well as CMOS RAM to batch store the bar codes.
Options include a real-time clock to provide date and time information.
The stand-alone reader retails at $£ 400+$ VAT, and will be available in Europe, the USA and Australia. DMS can also supply a bar code labelling system.

## DMS Electronics Ltd,

Bretton Court,
Manor Road,
Wales Village
Sheffield S31 8PD.
Tel: (0909) 773399.
gold plating is available, as well as a wide variety of grounding and mounting hardware.

Viking Connectors (UK) Ltd, Chatsworth House,
Portland Close,
Houghton Regis,
Dunstable,
Beds LU5 4AW.
Tel: (0582) 603600.

ASCII multinational and IBM PC character sets are standard on the machines, and optional plug-in font cartridges are available to provide additional type-styles for document enhancement. Super/subscript, compressed, expanded bold print plus various graphics modes give further flexibility.

## Rapid Winners,

Rapid House,
Denmark St, High Wycombe, Bucks HP11 2ER.
Tel: (0494) 450111.

## HR BAR CODE NEIWORK

RTD Limited and Eyetech Security Print Limited have announced Barway, a low cost, local area network (LAN) specifically designed for interactive data collection in an industrial or office environment, primarily by bar code or other automatic identification techniques.
Barway offers a method of connecting different types of data collection equipment such as bar code readers, terminals and RF tags to $a$ single computer port. Almost any type of equipment can be used with Barway, including equipment from different manufacturers, the sole requisite being the RS232 interface for connection to the central computer. Bar code and document printers can also be attached to the system.

Fully portable, Barway allows two-way data transfer between the controlling computer and the data collection unit and, as an option, can be supplied with a liquid crystal display to provide operator prompts and messages. Barway's software will permit up to 99 data collection devices to be individually handled by a single computer program, achieved through the use of an identity code which is built into each Barway node system.

Eyetech Security Print Ltd, Dukes Way,
Teeside Industrial Estate, Thornaby, Cleveland. Tel: (0642) 760306.

## - DIP SWICHES

IMO Precision Controls has introduced an innovative concept in DIP switch technology which allows complete immersion cleaning without having to use sealing tape. The new IMO/Omron A6D DIP switches thus improve overall production efficiency while assisting in the reduction of costs by up to $20 \%$.

Conventional taping is eliminated because each switch is specially equipped with a rubber inner-sealing under its striker, ultrasonic welding between its cover and housing, plus insertion moulding terminals. The compact structures also assure the A6D's resistance to dust and corrosive atmosphere.

IMO has developed both top actuated and side actuated types. Both are available with 4,6 and 8 -way pins and bifurcated movable contacts which offer contact reliability and a self-cleaning mechanism. The A6D range has a switching capacity of 100 mA at 50 V dc.
The subminiature size of each switch also reduces the overall volume to $41 \%$ and mounting surface to $67 \%$ when compared to standard devices.

```
IMO Precision Controls Ltd,
1 0 0 0 \text { North Circular Road,}
Staples Corner,
London NW2 7JP.
Tel: (01) }4526444
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## AF BuIVIAL STRIPS

 introduced a new series of space-saving barrier terminal strips for PC board applications. The products are manufactured by the Beau Products Division of Vernitron Corporation, Laconia, New Hampshire, USA.The new closed-side, single-row strips have termi-


## TV TUNINGIC

Push-button synthesized control of up to thirty-nine TV stations is provided by the new SAA1293 IC from ITT Semiconductors. The device uses voltage synthesis for low system cost, providing an alternative to mechanical tuning methods. A range of built-in software options in the chip's program memory enables it to offer additional features over other voltage synthesis devices.

Tuning voltage is generated accurately by an onboard 12-bit D/A converter. Three outputs for uses such as volume, colour and contrast control are also provided. As well as direct station selection, the SAA1293 offers sequential selection, automatically scanning through the stations at intervals.
An interface to the standard Teletext ICs on the market is included for flexibility - no extra logic is required to connect. The device interfaces to a 32-key pad, which it automatically debounces.

## ITT Semiconductors,

145-147 Ewell Road,
Surbiton,
Surrey KT6 6AW.
Tel: (01) 390 6578/9.
GHIGH- SUALIIYRESISTORS
CGS has announced that its established HS range of high quality wire-wound resistors
has been extended to include 75,150 , and 250 W ratings.
These high-stability resistors are capable of dissipating high power in a limited space with a relatively low surface temperature. The power is dissipated rapidly through the aluminium housing to the heat sink.
The new types are available with ohmic values R10 to 50k, 100 k and 75 k and maximum working voltages 1400,2500 , and 2200 V . Tolerance on value is $\pm 5 \%$ standard, with $\pm 10 \%$ and tolerances down to $\pm 0.25 \%$ also available. Stability is $2 \% / 1000 \mathrm{hr}$ for 75 and 150W types, and 3\%/1000 hr for the 250 W type. Temperature coefficient is $50 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for values below 100R, and $30 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for values above 100R.


The CGS Resistance
Company Ltd,
Marsh Lane,
Lymington,
Hants SO4 9YQ.
Tel: (0590) 75255.
nals spaced on 0.325 -inch centres, and are rated at 20 A .
The closed-side design provides increased protection by acting as a wire stop. Wires cannot pass through the closed side, or contact other wires or PC board components, so shorts are virtually eliminated. The closed side also allows components to be positioned close to the terminal strip, resulting in a more compact PC board.
Made of break-resistant thermoplastic, these strips are available in closed-back or feedthrough styles and can be furnished with a variety of terminals.

AF Bulgin \& Company p/c, Bypass Road, Barking,
Essex IG11 OAZ.
Tel: (01) 5945588.

## RFROTAING JOINIS

The Kevlin range of RF rotating joints from Tony Chapman Electronics is available from dc to 50 GHz in a wide choice of configurations from single-channel coaxial waveguide models to hi-military specifications. Dedicated components for satcomm frequencies are also available.
The range includes singlechannet coaxial types, singlechannel waveguide, and combinations where both coaxial and waveguide RF paths can be passed through a multichannel rotating joint.

## Tony Chapman

Electronics Ltd,
Electron House,
Hemnall Street, Epping,
Essex CM16 4LS.
Tel: (0378) 78231/2.


## CHIP INDUCIORS

A new range of microminiature chip inductors from Steatite has been designed for use in hybrid circuitry.

Measuring only $2.5 \times 2.5 \times$ 2.2 mm , the inductors are of lacquered copper wire wound on a ceramic or ferrite former according to the inductance value. Values from 10 nH to $1.2 \mu \mathrm{H}$ exhibit Q values of 35 to 50 (min) and are ceramic based. Ferrite based types, with a minimum $Q$ of 25 , cover values from $1.5 \mu \mathrm{H}$ to $10 \mu \mathrm{H}$.

Coil connections are welded to the termination pads which are fully solderable. The welding prevents the coil from unravelling during assembly.

## Ceramic Products Division,

Steatite Group,
Hagley House, Hagley Road,
Birmingham B16 8QW.
Tel: (021) 4546961.

## HIG\& C/IN FAMMPS

Covering the frequency bands from 7.5 to 15.3 GHz , a new range of thin-film microwave FET amplifiers for communications and radar systems can now be supplied by Anglia Microwaves Ltd.
The Zeta 1523 range, comprising four models, is available on a 30-45 days delivery time. This family of high stability devices features a low noise figure - typically 3.0 dB maximum.

The 1523 amplifiers are designed to be efficient, giving an RF output power of +11 dBm for an $85 \mathrm{~mA}(+5 \mathrm{~V})$ input current. Gain flatness figure is $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ and VSWR is 2.0:1 maximum.

Anglia Microwaves Ltd,
Radford Business Centre,
Radford Way,
Billericay,
Essex CM12 OBZ.
Tel: (02774) 58955.

## Howdy, Dowty!

Things are stirring down in Chichester. Dowty Electronic Circuits have been industriously investing $£ 1.2 \mathrm{M}$ in their two factories there, with the new facilities including a CAD/CAM system and a design, prototype and production service for rigid multilayer circuits.
Dowty can now offer design
Dowty's CAD facility at Chichester

to manufacture of flexible, flex-rigid, flexi-rigid multilayer, sculptured flexible and rigid multilayer products, all with the benefit of the speed and accuracy offered by modern computer power (Data General in this case).
Methinks it's a step removed from breadboarding on the kitchen table. I think l'll go back to playing with Lego..

## Déjà vu?

Remember those old black and white war films in which stiff-backed and stiff upper lipped Royal Navy officers exchanged ship to ship messages via flashing lamps? Well, Northgate Associates of Letchworth are developing the modern equivalent based on semiconductor lasers and microelectronic reception and processing circuitry.
The aim is to provide an economical and secure method of communication over a short range. This method avoids the possibility of listening in, as is possible with ordinary radio links, and enjoys a considerable advantage in size and portability over microwave links, which can also be jammed.
Available details at the time of going to press, the promised info not yet having arrived, but evidently| the system has been prototyped and tested.
Since it|uses a light beam it is obviously line of sight, and it employs a semiconductor laser and a high sensitivity avalanche PIN diode photomultiplier receiver. The range is quoted as being about 5 miles, although it has only been tested to $11 / 2$ miles so far. The beam width at this range is a matter of yards, which means that alignment is fairly straightforward while making interception unlikely. The modulating signal can also be encoded (using errorcorrection if required).
There's only one problem what happens when there's heavy rain or fog?

## Let's make money

News comes from the Safeguard Fuse Company Ltd (via their PR agents) of a new solder designed to save 'time, money and the aggro of unsatisfactory solder joints'. The PR world being what it is, and editors being particularly fond of the wicker-work filing cabinet on the floor by the desk, this press release begins, 'most manufacturers prefer to keep the secret of their success to themselves'.

The implication is, of course, that Safeguard are being very philanthropic, benevolent etc, whereas we all know that in common with every other.company in the country (with the exception of Sinclair Research until the Amstrad takeover) they are in the business of making money.
Anyway, leaving aside such pedantry, the wondrous new product is called HS10, and is a high-speed flux-cored solder, the attributes of which include high oxidation tolerance of older component wires to reduce dry joints, and
an ultra-fast spreading action which gives the solder a greater wetting area than most conventional resincored solders.
HS10 is said to show advantages on copper, brass, silver, German silver, cadmium or silver-plated, and tinned surfaces, with outstanding performance claimed on nickelplated components.
As a bonus (you mean there's more?) the quickspreading flux makes it possible to lower the percentage of tin in HS10 and still make a fast joint. So it seems that Safeguard are not only out to make themselves a couple of bucks, but aim to save their customers money, too (1 hereby take back that philanthropy remark).
For all the cynics out there (who, me?), Safeguard are offering a free sample to any inquirer. Their address is 63 Woodham Lane, New Haw, Weybrid ge, Surrey KT15 3ND. Telephone (0932) 45300.
Just goes to show, some editors will fall for the silliest gimmicks in a press release...

## High-fibre comms

Plessey Research has developed a system which enables up to 40 separate communications channels to be combined onto a single optical fibre the size of a human hair. This development has potential in increasing the capacity of existing cable links and reducing the quantity of fibre needed.
Known as Wavelength Division Multiplexing (WDM), the process involves different wavelengths, or colours, of light carrying different information, to be transmitted at the same time along a single optical fibre. The colours are combined at the transmitting end of the fibre and separated at the receiving end without significant interference
occurring between them.

Although 40 separate light sources (LEDs) are required for the process, these need only be drawn from five differing variants in the infrared part of the spectrum, as each can be further subdivided into eight separate colours by a process known as spectrum slicing.

## Multimeter recall

Thorn EMI Instruments Limited is asking all owners of AVOmeter models 1000 and 1001 analogue multimeters bearing the serial numbers listed below to return them to the company for a slight modification to be made.
A potential fault has been identified which could result, in certain circumstances, in the fuse blowing within the instrument when used on the 1000 volt ranges, and which could therefore be dangerous to the user.
The only instruments affected are the ones with the following serial numbers: 1) numbers where the second letter is C or D;
2) numbers which include adjoining letters $A E, B E, C E$, DE.
Instruments should be returned to:
Thorn EMI instruments
Limited,
Parts and Service Centre, Archcliffe Road,
Dover,
Kent CTIT 9EN
with packages clearly marked on the outside 'For Modification'.

## Go north-west, young man

Computer '86, a major computing exhibition aimed at professional and business users, will be held in the Greater Manchester Exhibition Centre (G-MEX) from 24 to 26 June. By mid-March it was nearly $90 \%$ booked, and it should prove an attraction to all those northerners who resent having to travel all the way to Birmingham or London for big computer shows.

More details are available from Reed Exhibitions, Surrey House, 1 Throwley Way, Sutton, Surrey SM1 4QQ. Telephone (01) 6438040.

## Money talks

On 15 April the White Paper on copyright, 'Intellectual Property and Innovation', was published by the DTI. The immediate response from Mrs Rachel Waterhouse, chairman of the Consumers' Association (who publish Which?) was one of 'extreme disappointment' that the government seems to have given way to the intense lobbying by the record industry for the introduction of a tax on blank audio tape.

The Consumers' Association quite rightly describes such a tax as 'grossly unfair', and calls on the Government to 'reaffirm its stand against the pressure to impose this arbitrary and anti-progressive tax'.

Who knows, if such a tax is levied maybe the next step will be pressure from book and magazine publishers to introduce a tax on blank paper in order to prevent copying. It certainly wouldn't be any more deplorable than the present proposals.

## Invention seekers

Inventalink, the invention broking company, has launched a new product search service geared to finding products according to the specific marketing needs of manufacturers. This has been inspired by enquiries from manufacturers who want Inventalink to find products to help them extend their range or diversify into new areas. Inventalink claims that it's much cheaper than a lot of new product development and has been taken on by international
companies


So what's all the fuss about surface mounting? The main advantage is the saving in space over leaded components, as can be appreciated from the pics. On the left is a hybrid amp for cellular radio, and on the right surface-mounting Zeners, both from Motorola.
involved in packaging, biotechnology and office equipment to look for new product ideas.

Inventalink started out three years ago presenting new product ideas to manufacturers on behalf of their inventors and designers. Last year Inventalink found manufacturers for 14 product ideas.

Anyone interested in the New Product Search service should contact Kit Grundy at Inventalink, 28-32, Lexington Street, London WiR 3HR. Tel: (01) 4398427.

## When the going gets fough GSPK (Circuits) Ltd,

 experts in board production, are developing a special projects division to deal with the increasing demand for multilevel circuitry, higher packing densities, the increasing development of communications systems accessed by gold and carbon keypads, and the wider use of surfacemounted components.Production facilities available include an in-line deep nickel and gold plating plant, apparently one of the very few in the world, and the ability to screen-print silver conductive material on circuits. This latter makes possible the production of double-sided multilevel circuit boards with the same capabilities as multilayer PCBs but without their expensive complexity.

In the realm of surface mounting, GSPK believe the most suitable technique to be a process of nickel and tinlead selective plating. The result, it seems, is the
elimination of complex layout design involving such things as goosenecks, and a solder mask is not generally needed. This process is only in limited use, but GSPK have great hopes for it.

## Radio receiver conference

The Institution of Electronic and Radio Engineers (IERE) is organising the fourth international conference on radio receivers, to be held at University College, Bangor, North Wales from 1 to 4 July this year.
Major topics will include recent advances in receiver and system design, digital techniques and receiver ICs. Six speakers have accepted invitations to present tutorial lectures on 'leading edge' subjects: digital signal processing, spread spectrum techniques, frequency synthesis and phase-locked loops, modulation and coding, cryptography, and gallium arsenide applications in receiver design.
The conference on 'Radio Receivers and Associated Systems' will be chaired by Professor William Gosling of Plessey, and is organised by the IERE in association with the IEE, the RSGB, Eurel, URSI-Hungary, and the Institute of Electronics and Communication Engineering, Japan.
Further info and registration forms are available from The Conference Secretariat, Institution of Electronic and Radio Engineers, 99 Gower Street, London WC1E 6AZ. Telephone (01) 3883071.

## Getting IT together

A consortium of 10 major European companies has announced the start of work on a new research and development project addressing industrial communications standards. The project is partly funded by the Commission of the European Communities, under their ESPRIT programme (European Strategic Programme of Research and Development in Information Technology).
The ten companies are British Aerospace, acting as prime contractor, Aeritalia, BMW, Bull Sems, GEC, Nixdorf, Olivetti, PSA Peugeot, Siemens and TITN/CGE.
The new project will complement work undertaken in recent years under the auspices of the International Standards Organisation's model for open system interconnection (OSI). The new European project will build heavily on earlier initiatives, and complement continuing programmes in this area. It will promote, implement and validate the emerging international standards for electronic communications in industry, relating to shop floor and office environments.
The general aims of the project and the other related initiatives are to make it easier for vendors of computer, communication and control equipment to develop and market compatible equipment. This will also make it easier to purchase equipment, without being tied to a single vendor.


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| 2.75 | CV2193 | 15.00 | D21-10GH | 85.00 |
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| . 95 | CV $\times 189$ | 55.00 | DG7.32 | 45.00 |
|  | D9-10GH | 39.50 | DH3.91 | 55.00 |
| 1.25 | D10-210GH | 55.00 | DH? 91 | 45.00 |
|  | D10-210GH688 | 65.00 | DP7. 5 | 35.00 |
| 2.95 | D10-230GH | 35.00 | DP76 | 35.00 |
|  | D10-230GM | 35.00 | QN13.78 | 35.00 |
| 3.95 | D10/293GY/90 | 55.00 | F; 6-101GM | 75.00 |
| 1.50 | D13-30GH | 49.50 | F16-101LD | 75.00 |
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| 0.50 | D14-150GM | 75.00 | F41-142LC | 185.00 |
| 0.35 | D14-172GH/84 | 59.00 | M7-120W | 19.00 |
| 0.00 | D14-172GR | 55.00 | M14-100GM | 45.00 |
| 0.65 | Di4-172GV | 55.00 | M14 toolc | 45.00 |
| 0.65 | D14-173GH | 55.00 | M17-151GVR | 175.00 |
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| BA156 | 0.15 |
| BA157 | 0.30 |
| BAX13 | 0.04 |
| BAX16 | 0.06 |
| B8105B | 0.30 |
| BT151 | 0.79 |
| $8 \mathrm{Br126}$ | 0.10 |
| BY127 | 0.11 |
| BY133 | 0.15 |
| BY164 | 0.45 |
| BY176 | 1.20 |
| BY179 | 0.63 |
| BY182 | 0.55 |
| BY184 | 0.35 |
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## NIGEL CAWTHORNE G3TXF

TWhe new high-power broadcast installation on the west coast of Finland will greatly increase Radio Finland's voice around the world on the short wave bands.
The FM102 million ( $£ 14 \mathrm{M}$ ) project involves the building of a complete transmitter station and antenna installation on a new site near Pori to replace Finland's existing short wave transmitting centre in the same town. Apart from an old 250 kW short wave transmitter and a rotatable log-periodic antenna which are being transferred from the existing site, all the equipment will be new.
For their international short wave services, the Finnish Broadcasting Company (Yleisradio) have purchased three 500 kW self-tuning transmitters from the Swiss company BBC (Brown Boveri). The project also includes the purchase of a
single 600 kW medium wave transmitter from the same company for coverage of Scandinavia and parts of Europe.
A fifth new transmitter is a single 100 kW fixed-frequency short wave transmitter which will operate on Finland's allocation at 6120 kHz for services to Europe.
When completed, the new transmitter hall will house three 500 kW SW, one 250 kW SW, one 100 kW SW and a 600 kW MW transmitter. The station has been designed for unmanned operation. The entire scheduling (times, frequencies, powers and antenna selection) is computer controlled. The station control system is being built by the Finnish company Altim Control Oy.
Jorma Laiho, who is responsible for the masts and antennas on the project, told Spectrum Watch that Yleisradio had

| Time GMT | Freq (kHz) | Area | Language | Bearing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0430-2300 | 6120 | Europe | $F+S+E$ | $230^{\circ}$ |
| 0430-2030 | 11755 | Europe | $F+S+E$ | $205^{\circ}$ |
| 0345-0600 | 9605 | Middle East | F | $160^{\circ}$ |
| 0600-0715 | $\begin{aligned} & 9560 \\ & 6120 \end{aligned}$ | Europe | $F+S$ | $\begin{aligned} & 230^{\circ} \\ & 205^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| 0800-0930* | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 11935 \\ & 15265 \end{aligned}$ | Europe Far East/Australasia | $F+E$ | $\begin{aligned} & 220^{\circ} \\ & 234^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| 0930-1050 | $\begin{aligned} & 11935 \\ & 15265 \end{aligned}$ | Europe Far East/Australasia | $F+E$ | $\begin{aligned} & 220^{\circ} \\ & 234^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| 0800-0930* | 11935 | South America | $F+S+E$ | $260^{\circ}$ |
| 0930-1100 | 11935 | South America | $F+S+E$ | $260^{\circ}$ |
| 1200-1630 | $\begin{aligned} & 11945 \\ & 15400 \end{aligned}$ | North America | $F+E+S$ | $\begin{aligned} & 305^{\circ} \\ & 305^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| 1500-1530 | 17785 | Africa/Middle East | E | $180^{\circ}$ |
| 1530-1700 | 11850 | Africa/Middle East | $F+S$ | $170^{\circ}$ |
| 1700-2300 | $\begin{aligned} & 6120 \\ & 9530 \end{aligned}$ | Europe | $F+S+E$ | $\begin{aligned} & 230^{\circ} \\ & 220^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| Notes: * = Sat/Sun only <br> Languages: $\mathrm{F}=$ Finnish $\mathrm{S}=$ Swedish $\mathrm{E}=$ English <br> Lahti 254 kHz and Turku 963 kHz carry the external service daily between 2230-0030 local Finnish time with programmes in Finnish, Swedish and English. |  |  |  |  |

decided, in order to keep costs down, to do much of the work themselves rather than going for a turn-key project with one supplier. For example, Yleisradio are building their own antenna feeder systems and are doing all the installation and rigging work themselves.

## Curtain antennas

The ability to operate on two SW frequencies simultaneously was an important consideration in the design of the new Pori transmitter installation. Apart from the LPA that is being transplanted from the old site, there will be ten new SW curtain antennas and a new MW mast radiator.
The US antenna manufacturer TCI is supplying the antennas. The towers at Pori are being built by the national Finnish power company. The ten curtain antennas are in the form of a horseshoe, with the open end of the horseshoe towards the north. Short wave propagation through the polar region is notoriously difficult. In order to reach their main target audience areas, Radio Finland are installing their antennas with bearings ranging from $75^{\circ}$ to the east round through south and on to northwest at $310^{\circ}$.
For the North American service there are two slewable curtains firing at $310^{\circ}$. Slewing allows the direction of the main lobe of a fixed curtain array to be altered to increase the potential coverage area of the antenna. For South America, the southern Pacific and parts of Europe and Africa, there are two more slewable curtains at $240^{\circ}$. Further European coverage is provided by two pairs of arrays at $220^{\circ} / 240^{\circ}$ and $160^{\circ}$. For the Australian and Far East services (via the short-path) there are two curtains at $75^{\circ}$. For longpath to Australia the $240^{\circ}$ curtains will be used.

Where there are two curtains for the same direction there is a deliberate overlap in the frequency ranges covered. The ranges of the two curtains are $9-17 \mathrm{MHz}(31 \mathrm{~m}, 25 \mathrm{~m}, 19 \mathrm{~m}$ and 16 m$)$ and $11-21 \mathrm{MHz}(25 \mathrm{~m}, 19 \mathrm{~m}, 16 \mathrm{~m}$ and 13 m$)$. This will allow a greater degree of flexibility than exists at the old transmitter site in Pori which has been operational for forty years.

The table shows Radio Finland's current operating schedule, which is provided by three ageing transmitters at the original Pori site. The old site houses a 250kW transmitter which is being relocated to the new station, and an old Marconi 100 kW SW transmitter, which will be scrapped. There is also an antique 'home-made' pair of 15 kW transmitters which date back to World War II.

## Planned on-air date

Installation and commissioning work for both the transmitters and antennas at the new Pori site is continuing during 1986, with the planned on-air date for the
new station being 1 January 1987. Once the new site is operational, Radio Finland's world-wide broadcasting schedule will be expanded.
A $0.6 \lambda$ mast radiator is being built 700 m from the new Pori transmitter building for the 600 kW medium wave transmitter, which is expected to be audible across much of Europe in the evenings. The new MW transmitter will operate on 963 kHz , which is currently used by a 100 kW transmitter at Turku. During the late evening both 963 kHz and Radio Finland's long wave allocation at 254 kHz carry the international service with programmes in English, Finnish and Swedish. Once the new 600 kW MW transmitter at Pori takes over the 963 kHz allocation, the original 963 kHz transmitter at Turku will be transferred to 1278 kHz for Radio Finland's domestic Swedish service. Finland has two official languages: Finnish and Swedish. All street signs and most official documents are in both languages.

Because the new transmitter station at Pori is an international broadcast service, two-thirds of the finance for the project will come from central Finnish government funds and one-third from Yleisradio. This is similar to the situation in the UK, where funding for the BBC's External Services comes from the Foreign and Commonwealth Office.

Yleisradio already have two other major expansion projects on the draw-ing-board. These are, firstly the installation of a third national TV network, which will be on UHF, and secondly, increasing the power of their existing long wave broadcasting service.

## Third TV network

The two existing national TV services are on VHF and UHF. Yleisradio is currently studying the possibility of using an over-the-air pay TV system for at least part of the time on the third network. The only other European station using over-the-air pay TV is the French Canal Plus. Decisions on Finland's third TV network are expected within a few weeks.
Yleisradio have already drawn up engineering plans of how they would provide the UHF transmitter network. The initial requirement would be for four 40kW UHF klystron transmitters and a 25 kW transmitter. The ERPs at the five main stations would be between 600 kW and $1,000 \mathrm{~kW}$. Finland's relatively flat terrain allows the use of high-power UHF installations to obtain good coverage.

## Long wave expansion

A much longer term project for Yleisradio is the installation of a highpowered long wave transmitter. Finland currently operates a long wave service from Lahti on 254 kHz with a 200 kW transmitter. However, Finland does have an allocation within the 1975 Geneva


Plan which permits the use of $1,500 \mathrm{~kW}$. Listeners to 254 kHz in the UK have to try to 'null-out' Algiers, which is on the same frequency, in order to hear the Lahti transmitter.
Yleisradio have already purchased a seaside site near Turku in western Finland for their new long wave installation, but funding for this project is unlikely to be available until the new short wave centre at Pori is completed.

## BBC introduce RDS on FM

The BBC have announced that they intend to introduce the EBU agreed Radio Data System (RDS) on the English FM transmitter network from September 1987. Later it will be extended in stages to the entire UK FM transmitter network.
RDS is a new system that will make it easier for listeners to find their favourite FM radtio programmes. A subcarrier at 57 kHz ( $3 \times$ the 19 kHz pilot-tone subcarrier frequency) is used to transmit data at a rate of 1187.5 bps . This bit rate is determined by dividing the 57 kHz subcarrier frequency by 48 . RDS is thus 'locked' to the pilot-tone.
RDS, when added to VHF-FM transmitter networks, will enable a new generation FM receiver to provide a number of 'user-friendly' functions for the listener. These will include advanced automatic tuning with read-out of the station name, an accurate clock, automatic switching to pick up traffic messages on other channels, as well as a read-out of, say, the name of the record you are listening to!
The EBU have drawn up a technical specification for RDS which includes some fourteen possible functions. From September ' 87 the BBC will be providing five of these.
Programme Identification ( $\mathrm{P} \mid$ ) enables the receiver to automatically find a chosen service and always selects the strongest signal available with that service. Programme Service (PS) uses a longer code of up to eight characters which may be displayed on the receiver to indicate the name/callsign of the station being received.
An Alternative Frequencies (AF) facility informs the receiver of the other frequencies to which it can switch if it
finds a stronger signal. Using the Other Network (ON) information, a receiver tuned to one station can monitor information about broadcasts on other stations, allowing, for example, instant retuning to a different station on which a traffic announcement is due.
The fifth facility being provided by the BBC on their FM network is Clock Time and Date (CT), giving accurate date/time information which automatically takes care of local time variations (eg daylight saving time).
When launching the new service, Richard Francisं, Managing Director of BBC Radio, said that the take-up of FM services in the UK had always been disappointing. The fully automatic tuning facilities available through RDS would, Francis hoped, make it much easier for the FM listener. Ease of tuning is the first priority, he emphasised.
He explained that implementation of RDS would represent only about $1 \%$ of BBC Radio's total annual capital budget, or equivalent to $3 p$ of the UK viewer's annual combined radio and TV licence fee of $£ 58$.

## Automatic scanning feature

Dr Bob Ely, of BBC Engineering Research at Kingswood Warren, who is chairman of the EBU Specialist Group on RDS, explained to R\&EW that the scanning feature within RDS works automatically without the listener being aware that anything is happening. The RDS receiver is switched to other possible frequencies for just 10 ms , during which time a comparison between the signal level of the station being listened to and alternative stations is made. This allows the RDS receiver to select the optimum programme frequency for any given location.
Francis said that he did not expect an RDS-FM receiver to be much more expensive than a normal FM receiver, but that the popularisation of RDS would depend on the development of suitable LSI chips for use in the receivers. The BBC said they are in contact with a number of receiver manufacturers and that they expect receivers to be available on the market when RDS-FM starts in September 1987.



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## Compiled by Arthur c cee G2UK

Mildenhall magistrates recently fined a self-employed taxi proprietor for using a citizen's band radio on the wrong frequency and for installing a linear amplifier which had been illegally modified.
The DTI, who brought the case, said that CB users could only transmit between 27.601 and 27.991 MHz , whereas on 15 July of last year the defendant had used the radio equipment on $28.340 \mathrm{MHz}-$ a frequency 'allocated for other services'. These services, as readers will know, are those for amateur radio.
The defendant pleaded ignorance and said that he did not know which frequency he had been on. However, he admitted that he had installed the equipment, including the illegally modified linear amplifier, and operated it.
It is not unusual to find CB users operating in the bottom end of the 28 to 30 MHz amateur radio band, either knowingly or by mistake. The defendant in this case was heavily fined and the gear confiscated. So CBers take heed and make sure you do not transmit outside your own frequency.
The defendant's wife was also fined for refusing to let the DTI inspector into their house to check for equipment. She would not tell him if there was another transmitter in the house, nor would she let him seize the equipment in the car.

## Donation to the Wireless Museum

Those who read the interesting article entitled 'Looking Back - through the eyes of Sir Douglas Hall' in the December 1985 edition of R\&EW, will be interested to hear that Sir Douglas has agreed to bequeath all the items mentioned in that article to the Communications and Electronics Museum, which now incorporates the National Wireless Museum. This follows discussions with Douglas Byrne G3KPO, who is now the museum's curator. This will, Sir Douglas says, "in a small way perpetuate the 'Radio Constructor'." Thank you, Sir Douglas!

## The space scene

Activities in the space scene continue to have implications for amateur radio activity. The Giotto/Halley's Comet TV coverage certainly increased popular interest in space activities, as did the subsequent publicity given in the media to the USSR's MIR space station.

Radio transmissions from MIR have been heard by many radio amateurs on narrowband FM VHF channels between 142 and 144 MHz , as well as transmissions from it on 19.955 MHz . As MIR is such a bright object in the sky, it is most interesting to correlate visual sightings with the reception of its radio transmissions. It has been described as being 'the brightest object apart from the moon to be seen in the sky.' Best viewing times are orbits about an hour before sunrise or after sunset. If you care to listen to the AMSAT-UK net on 3780 kHz at 10.15 local time on Sunday mornings, you may hear from the conversations which take place on that net the best time to look or listen for it.

## Competition

Just how popular space activities are with the younger generation is well illustrated by the response to a recent competition sponsored by the European Space Agency for children in Europe under the age of ten, who were asked to send in a drawing or painting illustrating what they thought the encounter between Giotto and Halley's Comet would look like. Over 20,000 illustrations were received! These are now being sorted out, but the process will take much longer than expected.
Every child who sent in an entry should receive a picture of the Comet taken by Giotto's on-board camera, a diploma stating that he or she participated in the competition and confirmation that his or her drawing will indeed be archived as previously announced in the terms of the competion.
The Giotto space probe performed so magnificently that it has now been directed back towards the Earth. This manoeuvre was carried out from the ESA's ground station at Carnarvon, Australia, which 'sees' the spacecraft for a twelve hour period every twenty-four hours. They commanded the firing of the on-board thrusters to put it into a new trajectory to bring it back to within $20,000 \mathrm{~km}$ of the Earth in 1990. During its voyage home, it will be put into a 'longduration hibernation'!
It is possible that another small Russian amateur radio Iskra-type satellite may be launched from MIR. This will be Iskra-4 and it may have an amateur band transponder aboard. Listen to the AMSAT-UK net for the latest news and
details, which have not yet been announced.

## JAS-1

The Japanese amateur radio satellite JAS-1 has been completed and is awaiting an opportunity for launching, which is currently scheduled for August. It is a 26 facet polyhedron, measuring $40 \times 40 \times 47 \mathrm{~cm}$ and weighing 50 kg . It is to be launched into a circular low-Earth orbit, non-sun synchronous and nonpolar.
It carries two separate mode J transponders. One is a linear transponder, designated JA as it is an analogue transponder. This will have an output of 1 watt PEP, with a passband 100 kHz wide. Ground stations will need an uplink power of 100 watts EIRP. The other transponder is a digital unit, designated JD. It has four 145 MHz input channels using Manchester Code FM for its uplink. Again 100 watts EIRP will be required by ground stations for inpút.
One downlink channel in the 435 MHz band will be-provided, using PSK with 1 watt rms. This transponder will be 1200 bits/sec. Modem designs and perhaps kits should be available soon after a successful launch.
The reason for using J mode transponders for this first Japanese amateur radio communications satellite is that it is becoming increasingly difficult to use 145 MHz for a satellite downlink because of various 145 MHz sources of interference. In addition, its planners wanted to provide a successor to AMSAT Oscar 8's mode J, which was originally developed by the JAMSAT engineering team in 1976. Again, 435 MHz is much quieter than 145 MHz as a downlink, as it is comparatively free from man-made electrical noise and sky temperature effects.

## Satisfactory progress

The AMSAT Oscar Phase 3-C satellite continues to progress satisfactorily. It is reported that whilst vacuum testing was being carried out at the Martin Mariette Corporation's vacuum testing site in Colorado, clearance was given for testing the satellite's radiation potential. It is not known at the time of writing whether the transponders were switched on during the tests, but if they were it is possible that some radio amateurs in the area got the chance to work the satellite during that time!

## AMATEUR RADIO WORLD



The tests lasted two weeks and were carried out with all the components installed with the exception of the kick motor. After these tests the satellite was due to be 'potted up', that is, everything will be cemented up solid. It then goes back to Germany for final checkout and then out to the Korou launch site for integration and launch, which is now expected to be sometime in October.
The Russian satellites RS5 and RS7 have been on very variable schedules due to sunlight eclipsing and consequent low battery charge rates. When in a 'heavy use' situation, these satellites command themselves off if their power voltage drops to a certain low level. They will not come on again until they are commanded to do so by one of the control ground stations. This accounts for what often appears to be erratic
performance. The satellites will be in eclipse again from the first week in June to the end of August but will then be in full sunlight until the third week in September.

## The solar cycle

One of the indications of the state of the solar cycle is an index called the Night Sky Brightness, its name indicating its characteristics. It is being said that the present solar cycle minimum is the second most active one ever seen.

Visual astronomers have indicated that there has been little evidence that the average intensity of the airglow emission has fallen much since that at solar maximum. However, last year measurement of the night sky brightness had at last begun to show a fall. At the Siding Spring observatory in Australia, which is a good dark site, such an unusual phenomenon as the Zodiacal band was observed for the first time in ten years, an indication of a really dark sky.

The lowest night sky brightness occurred at the last solar minimum in mid-1975. Thereafter it increased steadily to a maximum in 1983 and has since been falling, particularly over the past year.

Sunspots have begun to be visible on the sun's face quite regularly again. The
recent auroral activity also indicates that the minimum sunspot period of this cycle has been passed.

## RSGB VHF Committee vacancies

The RSGB Council is seeking members to fill vacancies on their VHF Committee, one of which is for someone to investigate the possibilities of a move from 25 kHz to 12.5 kHz channel spacing for FM and repeaters in the 2 metre band. Another is for someone with knowledge of the Syledis radio lơcation system which operates in the 430 MHz region, primarily for oil exploration purposes, to investigate the technical parameters of the interference both to and from the system.

## HF QRP Day

At the Region 1 IARU Conference in Cefalu a resolution was agreed that 17 June each year should be designated 'HF QRP Day', and member societies of Region 1 are being encouraged to organise QRP activities on this day. In this country the G-QRP Club has organised a special contest for its members, who must undertake to restrict their transmitters to three watts or less output. They will try to work one station in each Region 1 country on each HF band. REW

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# SPOTLIGHT ON PRS 

IMay's Spectrum Watch, Nigel Cawhorne reported that the DTI is considering a Personal Radio Service (PRS) at 900 MHz (next to cellular radio and the UHF CB service). Nigel mentioned its considerable potential as a low-cost business radio service, and PRS has also been welcomed by Selectronic, one of Britain's largest dealers in 900 MHz equipment. However, Band III private mobile radio (PMR) equipment suppliers - notably Storno and Motorola - are not so pleased.
"PRS has to be good news for small businesses", says Mike Machin, boss of the Essex-based importers Selectronic. "There are many firms which need lowcost short range communication, something better than CB but cheaper than cellular or PMR, and PRS fits the bill exactly. I suppose PRS could take a few customers who might have signed up for Band III, but mainly we're talking about a whole new market of people who could not afford conventional business radio."
Asked if the timing of the DTI's decision on PRS could detract from Band III business and harm UK manufacturing prospects, Machin answered that he thinks these are misconceptions: "PRS is a pan-European initiative and the CEPT is setting the pace on this. PRS has already taken off in Switzerland and yes, all the sets are Japanese. There's no way UK firms could match the price and quality - we're bringing in a beautiful 5 watt hand-held set which is pre-programmed for four European standards. You can use it for PRS or, as we do, as a 20 -channel simplex set for 934 MHz . The range of these sets is between 5 and 8 miles on average - just right for a TV aerial installer, a taxi firm or a vet. It's no challenge to Band III though, nor is it meant to be"
In the light of this, it may be useful to take a closer look at PRS and why it is such good news for radio users.

## Oriental origins

PRS started off in 1983 when Japan replaced its chaotic 27 MHz citizen's band radio service with a high-tech substitute called PRS. Operating in the 900 MHz UHF band the system offered 80-channels of interference-free short range communication. The user allocates himself a number (rather like a telephone number) which can apply either to him alone or, more often, to a group, for instance the cars of a small taxi firm or members of a club. Both business and private use is permitted.
To use the (microprocessor controlled) set users merely dial in the desired number and press the transmit switch. In an instant the set sends the digital code of the required set, which in turn responds automatically if it is switched on and in range (typically up to 15 km ).
Entirely automatically the two sets search for a clear channel and a


> Andy Emmerson G9BUP sheds some light on what could become the poor man's PMR

conversation is established. The set-up process takes about one second and conversations are cut off after 5 minutes, though they can be re-established with a recall button. There are special numbers for emergency use and 'CQ' calls.
The system is superficially similar to cellular radio, but there is no repeater station involved, neither is connection to the telephone system possible. It is entirely foolproof in operation, and has proved popular with 'normal' users as well as most of the CB fraternity.
So far around 450,000 sets have been sold, and whilst market saturation has now been reached, the system is considered extremely successful. It is particularly useful to small businesses, since the sets cost around $£ 400$ and no special radio technique is necessary. The system works like a telephone, with no interference, and is limited only by the range of the 5 watt sets.

## European activity

Since September 1984 Switzerland has had a pilot PRS system modelled on Japanese lines: more than 2000 sets are in operation. It uses a two megahertz band of frequencies $(933-935 \mathrm{MHz}$ ) which has been set aside for personal radio services across Europe. Under the CEPT aegis, other European countries are examining PRS, notably Austria, the Netherlands and Britain, and it is this initiative which inspired the DTI's considerations.
The DTI is known to be sympathetic to PRS if there is a demand from users, and at around half the price of PMR a personal radio service should find takeup amongst many British users, particularly small businesses who do not need the sophistication of cellular radio nor the wide coverage of Band III PMR. The 934 MHz open channel has proved to be no real substitute for PRS because of the interference of the manual system.

## People's radio

PRS is essentially a low cost 'people's radio' service and should be seen as such, not as an alternative or threat to PMR. The intention of the CEPT initiative is that there should be a common standard for the sets across Europe. A start has been made by reserving the frequencies in most countries.
If a British PRS is permitted it is inevitable that Japanese sets will be used because of the established manufacturing base. All the sets used in Switzerland are Japanese - made by Uniden, Clarion and Mitsubishi - and it is unrealistic to imagine that a UK manufacturer could produce radios of similar sophistication at a lower cost.
A true people's radio service should be in line with the government's policy of fostering small business, so it will now be interesting to see if it is to become a reality.


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# SHUNTING PANEL METERS 

by Ken Williams

For many years it has been the practice in homebrew and good quality commercial communications equipment to provide a panel meter for monitoring internal parameters within the equipment by switching into the appropriate circuits.
Although such close monitoring is not always essential in modern broadband solid state equipment, there still remain many instances, particularly in high power valve linear amplifiers, where such monitoring is not only desirable but essential. In such a linear amplifier, for example, it is essential to be able to measure the grid and anode currents, and it would also be desirable to be able to monitor the bias, screen grid and anode voltages and output level.

For such a range of currents (perhaps 25 mA maximum for the grid circuit and up to 500 mA or 1 A for the a nodes) a single range meter is clearly unsuitable, for a meter range adequate to allow for the current flowing in the anode circuit would hardly deflect with the grid current. Therefore, the general practice is to use a meter with a full scale deflection (fsd) suitable for the lowest current range and shunt it to read higher ranges when necessary. The shunts for achieving this are usually left permanently in the circuit to be monitored and the meter switched, across them whenever necessary.

By using a rather more sensitive movement than is really necessary, it is also possible to switch to series resistors in order to use the panel meter as a voltmeter to read power supply levels. This technique has been made possible by the availability of meter movements of 1 mA fsd or even greater sensitivity, at a cost little, if any, more than their less sensitive brethren.

## Suitable shunts

When using such movements, however, the problem of obtaining suitable meter shunts very soon arises, for even though the basic meter movement may have a resistance of several hundred ohms, in order to monitor a high power circuit the necessary shunt may wellbe in the order of a tenth of an ohm. Unfortunately, resistors of such values rarely appear in the catalogues!
For commercial manufacturers this represents little problem, for they arrange for the shunts to be specially manufactured to their requirements. For the homebuilder, however, the situation is much more difficult, for even if the value required is available, the tolerance may well be 10 or $20 \%$. The problem therefore remains, and the author has in the past used, and seen used by others, old RF chokes, clusters of low value resistors and many other techniques for obtaining the necessary low values,

Fig 1 Traditional method of shunting panel meters. Using this method the value of the meter shunt R1 may be as low as 0.1 ohm


Fig 2 in this circuit R2 effectively converts the panel meter into a voltmeter to measure the voltage drop across R1, which may now be of higher and more convenient value than in Figure 1

these having been selected on a 'trial and error' basis.

Recently, however, I constructed a high power linear amplifier for which a very elegant panel meter of 0.5 mA fsd was selected. In this circuit the PA cathode current is in the order of 700 mA , and in consequence a meter range of 1 A was chosen. As the resistance of the meter movement is 185 ohms, this required a shunt resistor of $0.093 \mathrm{ohm}-\mathrm{a}$ value rarely available off the shelf!

Therefore, some other technique had to be devised. This caused a little head scratching until it occurred to me that there was no reason why a convenient value resistor should not be placed in the circuit to be monitored, and the panel meter used to measure the developed voltage.

Of course, the resistor used must be of a value which will not affect the normal operation of the circuit, so in the case of the anode circuit the lowest value available in the spares box was selected. This was a 0.5 ohm wirewound resistor of dubious accuracy.

As the meter range in this position had already been selected as 1 A , with this current flowing a voltage of 0.5 volts would be developed. Therefore, in order to measure this, a resistor had to be placed in series with the meter to convert it to a voltmeter to read the voltage.

The fsd of the meter is 0.5 mA which, when used as a voltmeter, would give a sensitivity of 2,000 ohms per volt. To read a voltage of 0.5 volts at fsd the combined resistance of the meter and series resistor must therefore equal 1000 ohms. The resistance of the meter is 185 ohms (this is marked on the face), therefore a series resistor of 815 ohms must be used. The nearest preferred value to this is 820 ohms.

## Trial and error

Several 20\% tolerance resistors of this value were found in the box and one was tacked in circuit with the intention of trying each in turn to determine which one would give the most accurate metering, remembering, of course, that the resistor across which we were measuring voltage was not necessarily an accurate 0.5 ohm .

In order to select the most suitable series resistor, a current of about 0.5 A was passed through the 0.5 ohm resistor with an AVO multimeter in series, and the indication on the panel meter and the AVO readings compared. If the panel meter read low the series resistor was of too high a value and vice versa. After
trying several resistors, the one which caused the panel meter to give the most accurate indication was found and fitted permanently in circuit.

At this point of the proceedings it may be found that, due to the tolerance of the 0.5 ohm resistor, the theoretical value of the series resistor will not give a sufficiently accurate meter reading. In such circumstances try the next preferred value up or down as appropriate.

## Success fever

Flushed with the success of the technique in the anode circuit, attention was then turned to the grid circuit, which required a panel meter fsd of 25 mA . In this instance a value of 10 ohms was selected for the resistance in series with the grid circuit, this developing a voltage of 0.25 volts at 25 mA . As the sensitivity of the voltmeter (ie panel meter plus series resistor) is 2000 ohms per volt, the total resistance of the voltmeter should be 500 ohms, which, as the meter resistance is 185 ohms, results in a series resistor of 215 ohms. The nearest preferred value to this is 220 ohms, so selection was initially made from a number of resistors of this value.

Unfortunately, however, possibly due to the tolerance of the 10 ohm resistor, none gave a sufficiently accurate result

and eventually 270 ohms was used.
This technique was used twice more within the linear amplifier for measuring the HT and screen grid voltages (which were supplied from different power units). The method used in these cases was to insert a 10 ohm resistor at the earthy end of the power unit bleeder resistor and then select the meter series resistor as before, with the exception that the AVO was used to measure the voltage across the bleeder resistor instead of the current flowing through it.
Although I have described the use of this meter shunting technique with regard to a high power valve linear amplifier, the same method can readily be used wherever current or voltage has to be monitored. The only precautions to
be taken are to ensure that the resistor across which the voltage is measured is of sufficiently low value so as not to affect the operation of the circuit, and that sufficient voltage is generated across th at resistor to operate the meter. In cases where low currents are being measured, it may be necessary to use a more sensitive panel meter-perhaps 100 or 50 microamps fsd.
For many years, in common, I am sure, with many other constructors, I have been plagued with the difficulties of finding or manufacturing suitable inexpensive shunts for panel meters. This tech nique, however, should provide an answer to the problem, for it requires only standard value resistors, readily available at your local emporium. [REW]

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## REGULATORS

## David Corder outlines

## the basics of voltage regulator

## ICs, with examples of their use



Fig 1 Basic 78/79 series circuit


Fig 2 Dual voltage power supply


Fig 3 Boosting the regulator voltage output

Since their introduction about ten years ago, voltage regulators have become one of the most widely used types of integrated circuit. There are many different sorts of regulator, and in this article I hope to outline the main ones, give data for them and show how to design circuits with them.

## 1. Fixed voltage regulators

These basically consist of a threeterminal device, one pin for the unregulated smoothed input, one for connection to the ground rail, and the third providing the stabilised output. Using these regulators power supply design becomes much simpler than previously. They are ideal for on-board regulation, for example in hybrid CMOS/TTL circuits.

Figure 1 shows the basic circuit. The decoupling capacitor on the input should be connected as close as possible to the terminals. It prevents high frequency instability, which can sometimes upset regulation. The capacitor on the output helps to reduce the regulator output impedance at high frequencies, and also helps to remove voltage spikes. For best results it should be a tantalum bead capacitor.
Any voltage regulator may be used, so long as the input voltage is about 3 V more than the output, up to a maximum of around 30 V . In the event of a current overload the voltage output folds back to reduce the current.
To provide a negative output voltage, the 79 series can be used in the same way. A typical application is an operational amplifier power supply, using the circuit in Figure 2.
The diodes on the output prevent one regulator starting before the other, which could cause it to latch off. A suitable input would be from a centretapped transformer and rectifier/capacitor system.

## Varying the output

These regulators perform well for one voltage and current, but sometimes it is necessary to supply non-standard voltages or larger currents. Figure 3 shows the circuit for boosting the output voltage of either the 78- or 79- series.
The required resistor values can be worked out as follows:

$$
\begin{gathered}
\mathrm{R} 1=\mathrm{Vr} / 0.02 \\
\mathrm{R} 2=\mathrm{Vb} / 0.025
\end{gathered}
$$

Where
Vr is the normal regulated output voltage, and
Vb is the voltage that the output must be raised above Vr
eg, for 9 V from a 5 V regulator

$$
\mathrm{R} 1=5 / 0.02=250 \mathrm{R} \text { or } 220 \mathrm{R}
$$

$R 2=4 / 0.025=160 \mathrm{R}$ or 150 R
The table shows some examples, worked for preferred resistor values. The values are not exact, so for best results R2 can be replaced with a preset.

Regulator output boosting

| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ | Regulator | R 1 | R 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 V | 5 V | 220 R | 39 R |
| 9 V | 5 V | 220 R | 150 R |
| 13.8 V | 12 V | 560 R | 68 R |
| 18 V | -15 V | 680 R | 120 R |

The output current of a regulator can be increased using the circuit in Figure 4. This has the advantage that a cheaper low current regulator may be used in place of a larger current one.
When the current through the regulator exceeds 100 mA the transistor starts to turn on, taking the extra current. The threshold current can be raised by lowering the value of the resistor using the formula below:
Resistance (ohms) $=\frac{0.56}{\text { Threshold current }}$
For $100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{R}=\frac{0.56}{0.1}=5.6$
The problem is that above the set current the output current is no longer limited. For the 79- series the pass transistor should be npn, for example the 2N3055. This circuit can be used easily up to about 5A.
If the unregulated input to the regulator is high then there can be problems with excess heat dissipation, causing the regulator to shut down prematurely. Figure 5 shows a pre-regulator circuit which solves the problem. The Zener diode should have a voltage of more than the regulator output. The circuit has the additional advantages that there is less ripple at the output, and the regulator has to dissipate less heat, aiding reliability. Finally, the table summarises the parameters of the 78-, 79- series.



Fig 4 Boosting the regulator current output


Fig 5 Pre-regulator to ease overheating problems


Fig 6 L200 power supply, with formula for output voltage below

$$
\begin{array}{rlrl}
V=2.77\left[1+\frac{R 2}{R 1}\right] \text { eg } V_{1} & =2.77\left[1+\frac{4700}{680}\right] V_{2} & =2.77\left[1+\frac{0}{680}\right] \\
& =2.77 \times 7.91 & & =2.77 \\
& =21.9 \mathrm{~V} & & =2.77 \mathrm{~V}
\end{array}
$$



## VOITACE REGURATORS

## 2. Variable regulators

It is now possible to buy several different variable output regulators, each with their own advantages and disadvantages. The chosen example device is the L200, which has the advantage that it can regulate voltage and current in the same package, providing a wide range of output current and voltage. The circuit of a $3 \mathrm{~V}-20 \mathrm{~V}$ regulator is shown in Figure 6 .
In this application R1 $=680 \mathrm{R}$, and R 2 is a 4 k 7 pot. The output is variable from about 3 V to over 20 V , as can be seen in the worked examples. This range can be altered using the formulae, and so nonstandard voltages can be easily generated.

L200 PARAMETERS


Max input voltage
40 V
Maxin-out voltage
Drop-out voltage
Max short circuit current (nolimit resistor) Case

Pentawatt

The current limit level is set using the formula below. In this circuit two resistors are switched to provide two limit levels: more may easily be added. The levels are at about 100 mA and 1 A .

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{R}=\frac{0.45}{I_{\max }} \text { eg } \mathrm{R}_{1} & =\frac{0.45}{0.1} \quad \mathrm{R}_{2} & =\frac{0.45}{1} \\
& =4.5 \mathrm{R} & =0.45 \mathrm{R}
\end{aligned}
$$

$A^{\prime}$ PCB design is given, but layout is not critical. The input to the circuit should come from a full-wave rectifier and capacitor, providing about 3 V more than the highest output at full load. A voltmeter may be connected across the output to monitor the voltage, or the potentiometer may be calibrated. The IC should be mounted on a heatsink using an insulated mounting kit. If heatsinking is insufficient then the $I C$ will shut down until it has cooled off.

## 3.Current regulators

There is now a device available, the LM334Z, which allows a constant current to be generated. Any output current may be set in the range $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ to 10 mA , with an input of 1 V to 40 V . If it is used in place of the resistor in a timing circuit, then by providing a constant current a good ramp may be generated.
The demonstration circuit is for a


Fig 7 Nicad trickle charger

Nicad trickle charger; it will also charge button Nicads well. The output current is set by the formula below:
$I=\frac{0.0677}{R}$ where $R=$ resistor on control pin
For 5 mA output $\mathrm{R}=\frac{0.0677}{0.005}=15 \mathrm{R}$
The circuit is shown in Figure 7. An ideal power supply would provide around 5 V , but this is not critical. naEW


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## PART 2

## Having covered the history last month, Roger Alban makes the brain glow with the theory

## Operating conditions

The method of applying the operating voltages is shown schematically in Figures 9,10 and 11. A battery or other source of power is applied across the anode and cathode to make the anode positive with respect to the cathode. This voltage is designated Va volts, and since its value is likely to be of the order of 100 volts or more the voltage source is referred to as the high tension (HT) supply. The filament is heated from a low tension (LT) supply providing the required low voltage across the heater filament terminals. It is immaterial which end of the filament is positive.
With a directly heated filament,
however (Figure 7), electrode potentials are referred to the negative end of the filament, which results in the connections shown.
The indirectly heated cathode, Figure 8 , has the advantage that the cathode is distinct from the heater filament and its potential can be quite independent of filament potential considerations. It is convenient to feed the heater of the indirectly heated valve with alternating current, obtained at the correct voltage from a transformer winding, as shown in Figure 11.

In operation the stream of electrons from cathode to anode is equivalent to the conventional flow of current from
anode to cathode. This is termed the anode current, designated by the symbol $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{a}}$. The ability of the diode valve to pass current flow in one direction only is the fundamental property of the electronic valve.
Using the circuit shown in Figure 12, the characteristics of the diode valve can be plotted, Figure 13. When S1 is switched to position 2, with the anode negative with respect to the cathode, no current flow will take place. However, when switch S 1 is in position 1, with the anode positive with respect to the cathode, anode current will flow and its relationship to anode voltage can be plotted. The heater voltage can also be varied by adjusting $R$, and a set of different characteristics plotted for various heater voltages, Figure 14.
It will be seen that the diode will pass conventional current, from the anode to cathode, provided the cathode is hot enough. The strength of the current flow will depend on both the applied anode voltage and the cathode temperature.

## The characteristic curve

When examining, say, a fixed value resistor, we know that if a dc supply is connected across it, the resulting current flow will be proportional to the


Fig 7 Directly heated diode valve


Fig 10 Operating conditions for indirectly heated diode valve


Fig 8 Indirectly heated diode valve


Fig 11 Indirectly heated diode valve filament heated at the correct voltage from a transformer winding


Fig 9 Operating conditions for directly heated diode valve

applied voltage (Ohm's Law). This simple state of affairs does not hold true however for a diode, which is a conductor which does not obey Ohm's Law.
If the filament heating current is held constant and the applied do voltage gradually increased from zero, the anode current will rise slowly at first, then more quickly, until it reaches a maximum value and the valve reaches saturation. Further increase of applied voltage will then cause only a very slight further increase of current. The characteristic curve is shown in Figure 13.

## Resistance calculation

What is the resistance of the diode? It is first of all necessary to agree under what preset conditions the valve is to operate. Suppose we are told that the diode is to operate with a current of 6 mA , corresponding to point $P$ on the characteristic curve. From the graph we see that the corresponding anode voltage will be 60 volts. Thus the diode passes 6 mA for an applied voltage of 60 volts, and from Ohm's Law the resistance will be:

$$
\begin{aligned}
R & =\frac{V}{T}=\frac{60 \mathrm{~V}}{6 \mathrm{~mA}} \\
& =10,000 \mathrm{ohms}
\end{aligned}
$$

However, this is not the only possible answer to the question. For example, at 100 volts the current is 16 mA , giving a resistance of about 6,670 ohms. Thus the resistance of the diode varies with different current flows. The point $P$ is called the operating point, and the resistance of the diode will depend upon the operating point chosen.
If the anode voltage consisted of direct and alternating currents together, so that the operating point oscillated between points A and B , the corresponding changes in anode current could be found by drawing the right-angle triangle $A B C$. The resistance to varying or alternating current could then be found by taking $A C$ divided by $C B$ (ie $V \div 1$ ). It is usually more convenient, however, to construct a tangent to the curve at point $P$ so as to make the measurement to a longer scale. This tangent is shown as line PT and the value of resistance is given as:

$$
\begin{aligned}
R & =\frac{\text { change in } V}{\text { change in } 1} \\
& =\frac{T Q}{Q P}=\frac{30}{0.006} \\
& =5,000 \text { ohms }
\end{aligned}
$$

The resistance calculated in this way is known as the ac resistance or slope
resistance and is the value needed in most calculations on valves.

## Diode application

As the diode is capable of passing current in one direction only, it can be used as a rectifier. A simple rectifier circuit is shown in Figure 15. When the voltage at point $A$ is sufficiently positive with respect to point B , a current I flows through the valve into the load resistance $R$, the current magnitude depending upon the voltage across the diode and upon the valve characteristic.

During alternate half-cycles when point $B$ is positive with respect to point $A$, the diode will not conduct. The dc output current and voltage will vary in the manner shown in Figure 16, if the valve is not saturated. The output current consists of a series of unidirectional pulses. These pulses can be smoothed by placing a large capacitor across the load resistance.
It was not until 1908 that it was discovered that the introduction of a third electrode between the cathode and anode could independently control the anode current, and can be regarded as having made possible modern radio and the birth of electronics; but that's another story!


Fig 13 Diode characteristic


Fig 14 The effect of altering heater voltage


Fig 15 Diode rectifier circuit


Fig 16 Relationship of voltage and current flow in the simple rectifier circuit

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## BHPAK BARTAINS



In the last few editions of Data File we have given an introductory outline of the discrete bipolar transistor and its basic characteristics. This has included a general round-up of popular applications, configurations, and details of the common-collector amplifier and its derivatives, common-emitter and com-mon-base 'voltage amplifier' circuits. In the present edition of 'The File' we continue the transistor theme by looking at a variety of oscillator and astable multivibrator circuits.

## Oscillator basies

Transistor oscillator circuits are usually designed to generate fairly pure sine wave output signals. Two basic requirements must be satisfied to make such an oscillator, as shown in Figure 1. First, the output of the amplifying device (A1) must be fed back to its input via a frequency-selective network (A2). This must be done in such a way that the sum of the amplifier feedback-network phase-shifts equals zero degrees (or $360^{\circ}$ ) at the desired oscillation frequency: ie, so that $x^{\circ}+y^{\circ}=0^{\circ}$ (or $360^{\circ}$ ).
Thus if the transistor stage generates $180^{\circ}$ of phase shift between input and output, an additional $180^{\circ}$ of phase shift must be introduced by a frequencyselective network connected between input and output, in order to meet the first requirement of a sine wave oscillator.

The second requirement of sine wave oscillation is that the gain of the amplifying device must exactly counter the loss or attenuation of the frequencyselective feedback network at the desired oscillation frequency, to give an overall system gain of precisely unity: eg, $A 1 \times A 2=1$. If the gain is less than unity the circuit will fail to oscillate, and if it is greater than unity the system will be over-driven and the circuit will produce distorted (non-sinusoidal) waveforms.
The frequency-selective feedback network of a sine wave oscillator normally consists of either a C-R or L-C filter network, or a tuned transformer or a crystal filter. Let's look at some practical C-R feedback oscillator circuits.

## C-R oscillators

Figure 2 shows the practical circuit of one of the crudest types of C-R sine wave oscillator, this being the so-called 'phase-shift' oscillator. Here, Tr1 is wired as a common-emitter amplifier and has its output (collector) signal fed back to its input (base) via a three-stage C-R ladder network. This essentially comprises C1-R1, C2-R2, and C3-R3.
Each C-R stage of the ladder network generates a phase shift between its input and output terminals, and the size of this shift depends on frequency and on the C-R value, with a maximum value of $90^{\circ}$. The total phase shift of the complete ladder network equals the sum of the

## Ray Marston looks at transistor oscillators and astable multivibrator circuits



Fig 1 Conditions for sine wave generation


Fig 3 Basic Wien oscillator
individual stage shifts, and in Figure 2 (in which $\mathrm{C} 1=\mathrm{C} 2=\mathrm{C} 3=\mathrm{C}$, and $\mathrm{R} 1=\mathrm{R} 2=\mathrm{R} 3=\mathrm{R}$ ) equals $180^{\circ}$ at a frequency of roughly $1 / 14 C R$. Since the transistor stage itself generates a phase shift of $180^{\circ}$, the circuit actually oscillates at a frequency of about $1 / 14 \mathrm{CR}$. The 3 -stage ladder network has an attenuation factor of about 29 at the oscillation frequency, and the gain of the transistor stage must be adjusted (via RV1) to counter this signal loss and give an overall circuit gain of unity if stable sine wave generation is to be obtained.
In practice, the Figure 2 circuit oscillates at a frequency of about 800 Hz . To set up the circuit RV1 should, to ensure stable oscillation, be adjusted so that a slightly distorted sine wave output signal is obtained. The amplitude of the output signal can be varied via RV2.
The simple phase-shift oscillator circuit has the advantage of simplicity, and can be built around a single transistor. Its main disadvantages are that it has poor gain stability, and its operating frequency cannot easily be varied (unless a 3 -gang R or C component is used). A far more versatile C-R oscillator circuit, which can easily have its operating frequency varied via a 2 -gang component, can be built using a so-called Wien bridge network, connected in the basic form shown in Figure 3.


Fig 2800 Hz phase-shift oscillator


Fig 4 Practical 1 kHz Wien oscillator
In Figure 3, the Wien network comprises the four passive components shown within the dotted box. Normally these component values are 'balanced' so that $\mathrm{R} 1=\mathrm{R} 2=\mathrm{R}$, and $\mathrm{C} 1=\mathrm{C} 2=\mathrm{C}$. The phase shifts of this balanced Wien network are exceptionally sensitive to frequency; the shift is negative (to a maximum of $-90^{\circ}$ ) at low frequencies, is positive (to a maximum of $+90^{\circ}$ ) at high frequencies, and equals precisely zero at a 'centre' frequency of $1 / 6.28 \mathrm{CR}$. At this centre frequency the network has an attenuation factor of three. Thus the Wien network can be made to oscillate by connecting a non-inverting $\times 3$ high input impedance amplifier between its output and input terminals, as shown in the diagram.

## Practical Wien oscillators

In reality, practical variable-frequency Wien oscillators are best built using sophisticated semiconductor devices such as op-amps in conjunction with automatic gain control feedback systems, and a number of circuits of this type have in fact been published in past editions of Data File. A simple fixedfrequency Wien oscillator can, however, be built using a couple of bipolar transistors, as shown in Figure 4.
In Figure 4, Tr1 and Tr2 are both wired as low-gain common-emitter amplifiers.


Fig 5 Tuned collector feedback oscillator.


Fig 7 37kHz Colpitts oscillator

Tr2 gives a voltage gain slightly greater than unity, and uses Wien network resistor R1 as its collector load. Tr1 provides a high input impedance to the output of the Wien network, and has its gain variable over a limited range via RV1. With the component values shown the circuit oscillates at about 1 kHz . In use, RV1 should be adjusted so that a slightly distorted sine wave output signal is generated.

## L-C oscillators

C-R sine wave oscillators are useful for generating signals ranging from a few Hz up to several tens or hundreds of kHz . L-C oscillators, on the other hand, are useful for generating signals from a few tens of kHz to hundreds of MHz .
An L-C oscillator consists, in essence, of an amplifying device that gives significant gain between input and output, and an L-C network that provides frequency-selective feedback between the output and the input terminals of the amplifier. Because of the inherently high ' $Q$ ' or 'frequency selectivity' of L-C networks, L-C oscillators almost inevitably produce reasonably pure sine wave outputs, even when the loop gain of the circuit is far greater than unity.
Many different versions of the L-C transistor oscillator are in common use. The simplest type is the so-called 'tuned collector feedback' oscillator, and an example of this is shown in Figure 5. Here, Tr1 is wired as a common-emitter amplifier, with base bias provided via R1-R2 and with emitter resistor R3 decoupled to high frequency signals via C2. L1-C1 forms the tuned collector circuit, and collector-to-base feedback is provided via L2, a small winding inductively coupled to L1 which thus provides a 'transformer' action. By selecting the phase of this feedback signal, the circuit can be made to give zero loop phase shift at the tuned frequency, so that if the loop gain is greater than unity (the loop gain is determined by the turns ratio of T1) the circuit will oscillate.
A feature of any L-C tuned circuit is that the phase relationship between its
energising current and induced voltage varies over the range $-90^{\circ}$ to $+90^{\circ}$, and equals zero at a centre frequency given by:

$$
f=\frac{1}{2 \pi \sqrt{ }(L C)}
$$

Thus the Figure 5 circuit gives zero overall phase shift, and therefore oscillates: with the component values shown, the frequency can be varied from 1 MHz to 2 MHz via C 1 . In practice the basic circuit can be designed to operate at a wide range of different frequencies, ranging from a few tens or hundreds of Hz using a laminated iron-cored transformer up to tens or hundreds of MHz using RF techniques.

Figure 6 shows a simple variation of the Figure 5 design, this particular circuit being known as a Hartley oscillator.
Here, collector load inductor L1 is tapped roughly $20 \%$ down from its top, and the circuit's positive supply rail is connected to this tap point; L1 thus gives an auto-transformer action, in which the signal voltage appearing at the top of L1 is $180^{\circ}$ out of phase with the signal voltage appearing at its low (Tr1 collector' end. The voltage signal from the top of the coil (which is $180^{\circ}$ out of phase with the collector signal) is coupled to the base (input) of Tr1 via isolating capacitor C 2 , and the circuit therefore oscillates at a centre frequency determined by the L-C values.
Note from the above description that the oscillator action depends on some kind of 'common signal' tapping point being made into the tuned circuit, so that a phase-splitting auto-transformer action is obtained. This tapping point does not have to be made into the actual tuning coil, but can be made into the tuning capacitor, as in the Colpitts oscillator circuit shown in Figure 7. With the component values shown, this particular circuit oscillates at a frequency of about 37 kHz .
Note in Figure 7 that C1 is in parallel with the output capacitance of Tr1, and C2 is in parallel with the input capacitance of Tr1. Consequently changes in Tr1 capacitance (due to thermal shifts etc) cause a change in frequency. This
effect can be minimised (and good frequency stability obtained) by making C 1 and C 2 large relative to the internal capacitances of Tr1.
A modification of the Colpitts osciliator, known as the Clapp or Gouriet oscillator, is shown in Figure 8. Here, a further capacitor (C3) is wired in series with L1, and has a value that is small relative to C 1 and C 2 . Consequently the resonant frequency of the circuit is determined mainly by the values of L1 and C3, and is substantially independent of variations in transistor capacitances. As a resuft, this circuit gives excellent frequency stability. With the component values shown, the circuit oscillates at about 80 kHz .
Finally, Figure 9shows the basic circuit of a so-called Reinartz oscillator. Here, the tuning coil has three inductivelycoupled windings. Positive feedback is obtained by coupling the collector and emitter signals of the transistor via windings L1 and L2. Both of these inductors are coupled to L3, and the circuit oscillates at a frequency that is determined by L3-C1. The diagram shows typical coil-turns ratios for a circuit designed to oscillate at a few hundred kilohertz.

## Modulation

The L-C oscillator circuits of Figures 5 to 9 can be fairly easily modified so that they produce modulated (AM or FM) rather than continuous wave (CW) output signals. Figure 10, for example, shows how the Figuré 5 circuit can be modified so that it acts as a 465 kHz beat frequency oscillator (BFO) with an amplitude modulation (AM) facility.
In Figure 10 , a standard 465 kHz transistor IF transformer (T1) is used as the L-C tuned circuit, and an external audio frequency amplitude modulating signal can be fed to the emitter of Tr1 via blocking capacitor C2, thus effectively modulating the supply voltage of Tr1 and thereby amplitude modulating the 465 kHz 'carrier' signal. This simple circuit can be used to generate modulation depths up to about $40 \%$. Note that the value of emitter-decoupling capaci-


Fig 9 Basic Reinartz oscillator
tor C 1 is such that it presents a low impedance to the 465 kHz carrier signal, but a high impedance to the low frequency modulation signal.
Figure 11 shows how the above circuit can be modified to provide a frequency modulation (FM) facility, together with 'Varicap' tuning via potentiometer RV1. In this circuit, silicon diode D1 is used as an inexpensive Varicap diode or 'vol-tage-variable capacitor'. It is a simple fact that when any silicon diode is reverse biased it exhibits a capacitance that varies with the applied voltage; the capacitance is greatest when the voltage is low, and is least when the voltage is high. Varicap diodes are specifically manufactured to exploit this effect.
In Figure 11, an ordinary 1N4001 silicon rectifier is used as a Varicap diode to apply FM to the 465 kHz BFO circuit. Here, C2 and diode 'capacitor' D1 are wired in series, and the combination is effectively wired across the T1 tuned circuit (since the circuit's supply rails are shorted together as far as ac signals are concerned). Consequently the centre frequency of the oscillator can be varied by altering the capacitance of D1 via RV1, and FM signals can be obtained by feeding an audio frequency modulation signal to D1 via C3 and R4. Note that C2 provides dc isolation between Tr1 ánd D1.

## Astable basics

The circuits that we have looked at so far are all designed to generate reasonably pure sine waves. Repetitive square and rectangular waves are also of great value in electronics, and an easy way to generate these is to use the basic transistor astable multivibrator circuit shown in Figure 12. This circuit is a selfoscillating regenerative switch in which the on and off periods are controlled by the C1-R1 and C2-R2 time constants. If these time constants are equal ( $\mathrm{C} 1=\mathrm{C} 2=\mathrm{C}$, and $\mathrm{R} 1=\mathrm{R} 2=\mathrm{R}$ ), the circuit acts as a square wave generator and operates at a frequency of roughly 1/1.4CR.
Thus the frequency of the Figure 12 circuit can be decreased by raising the


Fig 10465 kHz BFO with $A M$ facility



Fig 11 Varicap tuning and FM facility


Fig 12 Basic 1 kHz astable multivibrator and waveforms
values of C1-C2 or R1-R2 or vice versa. The frequency can be made variable by using twin-gang variable resistors (in series with 10 k limiting resistors) in place of R1 and R2. The operating frequency can, if required, be synchronised to that of an external signal of higher frequency by coupling part of the external signal into the timing networks of the astable circuit. Outputs can be taken from either collector of the circuit, and the two outputs are in anti-phase.
The operating frequency of the Figure 12 circuit is substantially independent of supply rail values in the range 1 V 5 to 9 V . The upper supply voltage limit is set by the fact that as the transistors change state at the end of each half-cycle, the base-emitter junction of one transistor is reverse biased by an amount roughly equal to the supply voltage. Consequently, if the supply voltage exceeds the reverse base-emitter breakdown voltage of the transistor, the timing operation of the circuit will be upset. This snag can be overcome by using the modifications shown in Figure 13.
In Figure 13, a silicon diode is wired in series with the base input terminal of each transistor, and raises the effective 'base-emitter' reverse breakdown voltage of each transistor to a value greater than that of the diode. The 'protected Figure 13 circuit can be used with any supply voltage in the range 3 V to 20 V , and gives a frequency variation of only $2 \%$ when the supply is varied from 6 V to 18 V . This variation can be reduced to a mere $0.5 \%$ if required by wiring an additional


Fig 13 Frequency-corrected multivibrator
'compensation' diode in series with the collector of each transistor, as indicated in the diagram.

## Astable variations

The basic astable circuit of Figure 12 can be usefully modified in a variety of ways, either to give an improved circuit performance, or to alter the type of output waveform that is generated. Some of the most popular of these variations are shown in Figures 14 to 19.

One weakness of the basic Figure 12 circuit is that the leading edge of each of its output waveforms is slightly rounded; the lower the values of timing resistors R1-R2 relative to collector load resistors R3-R4, the worse this waveform rounding becomes. Conversely, the larger the values of R1-R2 relative to R3-R4, the better the waveform will be. The maximum permissible values of R1 and R2 are, however, limited by the current gains of the transistors, and equal $\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{fe}} \times \mathrm{R} 3$ (or R4). One obvious way of improving the


Fig 15 kHz astable with waveform correction


Fig 14 Long period astable multivibrator
circuit waveform, therefore, is to replace Tr1 and Tr2 with Darlington or superalpha connected pairs of transistors, and to then use the large values of timing resistance that are permissible, as shown in the long-period astable circuit of Figure 14.
In the Figure 14 circuit, R1 and R2 can in fact be given any values in the range 10k to 12 M , and the circuit can be used with any supply voltage in the range 3 V to 18 V . With the specific R1-R2 values shown, however, the circuit gives a total period or cycling time of about 1 second per $\mu \mathrm{F}$ when C1 and C2 have equal values, and generates an excellent square wave output.
The leading-edge rounding of the Figure 12 circuit is actually caused by the fact that as each transistor switches off, its collector voltage is prevented from switching abruptly to the positive supply rail value by the loading that occurs between that collector and the base of


Fig 16 1kHz sure-start astable
the 'on' transistor via the cross-coupling timing capacitor.
This action can be altered, and excellent square waves obtained, by effectively disconnecting the timing capacitor from the collector of its transistor as it turns off, as shown in the 1 kHz generator circuit of Figure 15. Here, D1 and D2 are used to disconnect the timing capacitors at the moment of switching. Again, the main time constants of the circuit are determined by C1-R1 and C2-R2. The effective collector loads of Tr1 and Tr2 are equal to the parallel resistances of R3-R4 and R5-R6 respectively.
Operation of the basic astable multivibrator relies on slight imbalances of the transistor characteristics, which cause one transistor to turn on slightly faster than the other when power is first applied, thus initiating the oscillatory action. If the supply voltage of the circuit is applied by slowly increasing it from zero, however, both transistors may turn on simultaneously, in which case the oscillator will not 'start'. This snag can be overcome by using the 'sure-start' circuit of Figure 16, in which the timing resistors are connected to the transistor collectors in such a way that only one transistor can ever be turned on at a given moment.

## Asymmetrical waveforms

The astable circuits that we have looked at so far are all designed to give a symmetrical output waveform with a 1:1 mark/space ratio. A non-symmetrical waveform can be obtained simply by making one set of astable time constant components larger than the other. Figure 17 shows the circuit of a fixed-


Fig 171100 Hz variable mark'space generator
frequency (about 1.1 kHz ) variable mark/space ratio generator in which the ratio can be fully varied over the range 1:10 to 10:1 via RV1.
The leading edges of the output waveforms of the above circuit may be objectionably rounded for some applications when the mark/space control is set at its extreme positions. Also, the circuit may be difficult to start if the supply voltage is applied to the circuit slowly. Both of these snags can be overcome by using the connections of Figure 18, in which the circuit is fitted with both surestart and waveform-correction diodes.

## And finally folks

Finally, to complete this edition of 'The File', Figure 19 shows how the basic astable can be modified so that its frequency can be varied over a $2: 1$ range (from 20 kHz down to 10 kHz ) via a single pot, and so that the generated waveform can be frequency modulated via an external low frequency signal. Timing resistors R3 and R4 have their top ends taken to the slider of RV1, and the frequency is at its greatest when the slider is in contact with the positive supply line.
The Figure 19 circuit can be subjected to frequency modulation by feeding the low frequency signal to RV1 slider via C4. The C3 value is chosen so that it presents a low impedance to the carrier signal, but a high impedance to the modulating signal.

In next month's edition of 'The File' we continue the transitor 'waveform generator' theme by looking at more multivibrator and oscillator circuits. 国:

Fig 18 Sure-start variable mark/space generator with waveform correction
Fig 19 Variable frequency astable with FM


The Sinclair ZX Spectrum microcomputer is an extremely popular machine, and has many interesting applications in the radio and communications field. One such application is the decoding of Morse transmissions, and this article describes two ways by which this can be achieved
The programming method is based on that described by $N$ Kyriazis in Wireless World (Feb 1981), and involves machine code routines for differentiating between dots, dashes and spaces. For the first method, a direct connection is made between the receiver loudspeaker or headphone socket and the computer's 'Ear' socket, whilst the second method uses hardware in the form of a tone decoder and interface board. Assuming that a suitable receiver is available, no cost is involved in the first method. The cost for the two circuits described in the second method should be no more than about $£ 15$, and considerably less if use is made of scrap box components.

## Method 1

The Spectrum's cassette interface is controlled by the ULA and is read by the command:

IN 254
If the signal at the ULA tape input is 'high', the above command should return a value of 255 .

However, feeding a sine wave into the Ear socket and continuously monitoring the output by means of the following Basic program:

10 LET L = IN 254 : PRINT L;
20 GOTO 10
does not return 255 for more than about $30 \%$ to $50 \%$ of the time. The reason for this apparent discrepancy is the fact that the ULA is also reading the input on occasions when the voltage at the RC input circuit has dropped below the threshold value for correct operation (Figure 1).
Therefore, a sampling technique is used by which the input signal is repeatedly read a large number of times and the number of 'highs' recorded and compared with a reference value. If more than $30 \%$ of the readings are high, then the program decides that a tone, ie a dot or dash, is being received. Conversely, if less than $30 \%$ of the readings are high, the 'no-tone' or space routines are called.

The advantage of using this sampling technique is that the effects of random noise are reduced and are less likely to be interpreted as a genuine tone or notone.

The program uses the ROM routine starting at address 5633, and a RESET 16

Fig 1 Voltage at Ear socket

instruction for printing the character to the screen. The listing for the program, which can be placed anywhere in the memory, is given in Table 1. It can conveniently start at address 30,000 and occupies 311 bytes. After loading, the program is run with the command:

RANDOMIZE USR 30000
No break key is available, but this does not cause any problem since when the screen is full, the computer obligingly prints 'Scroll?' and enables the user to continue, or to break out of the program as required.

The sampling routine described above also acts as' a timing delay, and the program appears to be able to read reasonable quality Morse with fair accuracy within the range of $8-20 \mathrm{wpm}$.

Satisfactory decoding is dependent on correct volume control adjustment. If the level is too low then there will be insufficient signal to drive the ULA. Too high a volume setting and the noise level will prevent the program from identifying a no tone state. Moreover, if two stations are operating on frequencies that are very close together, separation is difficult and the computer is unable to decode the Morse correctly. Fading signals can also make satisfactory decoding extremely difficult.
These problems are considerably reduced with the phase-locked loop interface described below.

## Method 2 - hardware interface

The second method of decoding the Morse has a number of advantages over a total software system. In particular it is more selective and more sensitive to low level signals. Two separate circuits are required for the hardware, a tone decoder and computer interface board.

## Tone decoder

The IC chosen for the tone detection circuit was the XR2211 decoder, which is stocked by Tandy and Maplin. At a cost of approximately $£ 6$ this IC may seem rather expensive, but it is straightforward to use and the additional component count is small. It includes an input signal preamplifier, complementary outputs and can operate quite happily on a 5 volt supply. The prototype was assembled on a small piece of Veroboard, though a
neater layout can be produced with one of Tandy's Experimenter boards. The circuit diagram for the decoder is shown in Figure 2.
The input at pin 2 is derived from either the loudspeaker extension, headphone or tape record sockets of the receiver. The latter is preferable, since it is independent of volume control setting and will not disconnect the loudspeaker when in use. The circuit will operate satisfactorily over a wide range of input levels, which means that there is no need to compensate for fading signals.

Bandwidth is controlled by R3 and can be reduced by increasing the value of this resistor. However, if the bandwidth becomes too narrow the IC tends to go out of lock, particularly on weaker signals. The component values given in the circuit are a compromise between selectivity and ease of operation.

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T7530

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not essential for this project，was included so that the tone decoder could be used with other circuits that required an input of the opposite phase．If it is decided not to fit the switch，the output should be taken from pin 5 to the computer interface．

A power supply for the decoder can be
Fig 2 Tone decoder circuit
Two complementary outputs are avail－ able from the $I C$ at pins 5 and 6 ，and a changeover switch is included for selec－ ting either output．This feature，although A power supply for the decoder can be

provided by the computer＇s 5 volt rail， although it is preferable to take the power from a separate souirce such as a small battery；or even from＇the receiver itself．However，if a supply in excess of 5

| 7530 | a | 0 | Qc | 21 | 02 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S | 75 | 30 | 34 | 2 | 75 | 8 | F |  |
| 540 | 3F | ce | 3 － | Es | 22 | 07 | CD |  |
| 548 | 75 | 36 | 통․ | －3 | $F$ | ED | EP |  |
| 7550 | 38 | E9 | こC | 78 | CE | $3 F$ | Eid |  |
| 7558 | ac． | C0 | ce | 75 | 31 | F4． | 7 C |  |
| 7560 | 57 | こE | 00 | 18 | DE | 7 C | C． |  |
| 7568 | B8 | CS | 11 | 28 | ©0） | 15 | 89 |  |
| 7570 | 70 | CB | 3F | CE | 35 | 85 | 30 |  |
| 7578 | cD | C．2 | 75 | 30 | FE | 24 | 78 |  |
| 7530 | $3 F$ | EC | 35 | 29 | CD | C＝ | 75 |  |
| 7588 | F4 | 7 D | 80 | EF | 2ย | 00 | 13 |  |
| 7590 | 79 | FE | 01 | 28 | 0 O | CD | DG |  |
| 7598 | CD | DA | 75 | 2E | 00 | Se | 09 | CD |
| 7590 | ce | \％ | 30 | Fg | 24 | 78 | CB |  |
| 75月3 | BC | 30 | $F 4$ | 13 | F0 | 7 C | 58 |  |
| 7580 | 50 | 50 | 35 | 07 | 75 | 55 | CE | $3 F$ |
| 75 BE | 47 | 18 | 03 | CD | DA | 75 | 2E | 0 |
| 7500 | 18 | E8 | 25 | QE | as | QE | 04 | D |
| 7508 | 40 | ES | 03 | 81 | 4F | 16 | 5 |  |
| 7500 | 20 | FD | dF | 10 | F2 | 79 | FE |  |
| 7508 | C1 | C9 | c 5 | E5 | 79 | 01 | 32 | 0 |
| $75 E 0$ | 21 | F | 75 | ED | 51 | 01 | 32 | 0 |
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| 7608 | 19 | 12 | D0 | Or | 62 | be | 12 | 0 |
| 7610 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 32 | 38 | 3 C | 3E | 35 |
| 7618 | 2 F | 27 | 23 | ㄹ1 | 20 | 2E | 6 | こロ |
| 7620 | 4 C | 3 | EA | 7 F | 73 | 47 | 47 |  |
| 7528 | 52 | 37 | 00 | 20 | 41 | 42 | 4.3 | 4 |
| 7630 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 45 | 4月 | 4 B | 4 |
| 7638 | 45 | 4E | 4F | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 |  |
| 7848 | 55 | 55 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 59 | 31 |  |
| 7848 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 35 | 37 | \％ | 39 | 3 |
| 7650 | 30 | 륻 | $2 F$ | 2C | 23 | 2 D | 5 | 35 |
| 7558 | 39 | 38 | 29 | 2E | 2A | 0 O | 04 | D0 |
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volts is used, the Zener voltage limiter shown in the diagram will prevent the output from rising above 5 volts.

The completed decoder board can be fitted into a small diecast box with SW1 and RV1 positioned in the lid. Screened cable should be used for the connections to the receiver and computer interface, either directly or by means of suitable coaxial plugs and sockets.

## Computer inferface

The circuit for the interface is shown in Figure 3. The address decoding is carried out with the IORQ, RD and A5 lines. When all three are low, the NOR gate of IC1a goes high. This output is inverted by IC2a and fed to the gate of the tri-state buffer, IC3a.
Thus on executing an INA, (64) command the data bus will be read and the value placed in the accumulator. If there is no tone D1 will be high, and if a tone is present D1 will be low. The program, which is listed in Table 2, repeatedly checks the state of D1, and using the method referred to previously converts the sequence of tones and notones into the appropriate ASCII character which is subsequently displayed on the screen.
Construction is straightforward, again using Veroboard or similar material. If the Tandy IC boards are used it is easy to fit the 23 -way double-sided edge connector, which should preferably be of the wire-wrap variety. The board may, however, need to be trimmed to prevent it from protruding below the base of the computer. If the computer is a Spectrum Plus this will not be necessary, because of its built-in legs.
A 23-way edge connector was chosen, rather than the 28 -way version, so that use could be made of a $Z X$ printer. Figure 4 shows the positions of the relevant connections used in the circuit.
The RF choke, $L 1$, is fitted between the screen from the decoder cable and the interface 0 volt line. It can be made by winding 20 turns of enamelled wire around a small ferrite toroid approximately 9 mm outside diameter by 5 mm bore. After soldering onto the board, the choke can be fixed in place with epoxy adhesive.

## Operation

The decoder and interface should be double-checked before switching on the power supplies. Particular attention should be paid to the interface board since solder bridges can have unfortunate consequences for the computer.
If satisfied, fit the connecting cables between the receiver, decoder and interface board, switch on and load in the program using one of the many machine code loaders that have been published elsewhere. A convenient place to locate the program is address 30000 ( 7530 hex).
The program, which is 301 bytes long, is


Fig 3 Computer interface circuit


Fig 4 Edge connector
run with the command:
RANDOMIZE USR 30000
Locate a strong Morse signal and finetune with RV1 until the two LEDs flash alternately with equal intensity. Provided that there is not too much cochannel interference, the decoded message should be displayed on the screen.

## Interference

Finally a few words about interference. The Spectrum, as with earlier Sinclair computers, generates a considerable amount of RFI. Unless steps are taken to reduce this interference to an acceptable level, it can completely obliterate the signal being received.
Siting the aerial as far away as possible from the computer can be effective, but it must be remembered that the domestic mains wiring can distribute the computer noise over a wide area. Outdoor aerials are preferable, with screened feeder to the receiver.
Attention should be paid to earth loops. In the author's experience, it has been found that disconnecting the screen from the TV end of the TV to computer lead can be helpful. This action will degrade the picture quality to some extent, but nevertheless the display should still be acceptable. The purpose of the RF choke, L1, shown in Figure 3 is to reduce this form of interference.
Some portable TV sets produce their own interference which can be picked up by the cassette player and prevent programs from being loaded correctly. In a particular instance, the problem was overcome by removing the computer lead from the TV and reconnecting the indoor aerial. A short piece of insulated wire with a small crocodile clip at one end was attached to the centre pin of the coaxial plug on the computer cable, and
this makeshift 'aerial' placed near to the TV's indoor aerial. With this arrangement, there is no direct connection between the computer and the television and therefore no feedback into the cassette player.
[8]

| PARTS LISTTONE DECODER |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| R1 | 470k |
| R2 | 15k |
| R3 | 270k |
| R4 | 10k |
| R5 | 10k |
| R6 | 2k2 |
| RV1 | 5 k linear |
| Capacitors |  |
| C1 | 100n |
| C2 | 100n |
| C3 | 47n |
| C4 | 10n |
| C5 | 100n |
| C6 | 100n |
| Semiconductors |  |
| IC1 | XR2211 |
| D1 | BZY88 4V7 |
| SW1 | SPDT |
| Veroboard etc |  |
| COMPUTER INTERFACE Resistors |  |
| R1,2 | 1k |
| Semiconductors |  |
| IC1 | 74LS27 |
| IC2 | 74LS00 |
| IC3 | 74LS125 |
| D1,2 | LEDs |
| L1 see text |  |
| $2 \times 23$-way edge connector, Veroboard etc |  |

In practice, circuits of this type are limited in their effectiveness, with the noise spikes equal in amplitude to normal signal peaks and well above the average signal level.

## Improved limiter

This design achieves improved results by using a high slope low-pass filter after the clipping circuit. One advantage this brings is that it enables the main signal to be taken somewhat above the clipping level without producing serious distortion on the output. This raises the average level of the required signal while leaving the amplitude of the noise spikes unaffected. The circuit is in fact providing a simple speech processor type action. The resultant compression effectively reduces the signal to noise ratio of the received signal somewhat, but this is not a major problem provided the amount of limiting is kept within reasonable bounds.
There are a couple of benefits to the use of low-pass filtering in addition to permitting clipping of the main signal. One of these is the attenuation of the noise spikes that is provided. The reason for this attenuation is that the noise spikes often have a large high frequency content, and the clipping action tends to boost the high frequency content still further. The subjective improvement tends to be better than the objective improvement, as high frequency signals tend to stand out from and be more noticeable than low and middle frequency signals.

The second improvement is simply that the low-pass filtering helps to reduce adjacent channel interference. With a receiver that has high quality IF filtering the improvement will be minimal, but it can be very worthwhile with receivers that have inexpensive IF filters.

## Circuit operation

The full circuit diagram of the unit appears in Figure 2. The circuit is simple in operation, with IC1 acting as the input amplifier. Its gain can be varied by means of RV1 from zero at minimum resistance to about two times at maximum resistance. Good results should be obtained with the unit fed from a phone, external speaker or line output socket.

The clipping is produced by D2 and the base-emitter junction of Tr1, and these

The high sensitivity of short wave communications receivers makes them vulnerable to problems with noise spikes, picked up both via the aerial, and via the mains supply in the case of a mains powered set.
Obviously noise spikes can affect the intelligibility of the received signal, and when using headphones with many sets there is the additional problem of the deafening and painful loudness of some noise pulses.
The ideal solution is to have comprehensive mains filtering plus a noise blanker, and many modern sets have such circuits built in. For anyone wishing to improve an older set there is no problem in adding a mains filter, but

noise blankers have to be merged into the existing circuitry, and this is not the type of modification that many users are willing or able to undertake.

Probably the best add-on solution to the problem is a noise limiter, which was the standard method of combating noise spikes in the pre-noise blanker days. A noise limiter is really just a clipping circuit, and the idea is to have the input signal at a level which just reaches the clipping level on signal peaks. This leaves the required signal unaffected, but strong noise spikes (which exceed the peak level of the required signal) are clipped and attenuated to some degree. This is demonstrated by the waveforms of Figure 1.

Fig1: Clipping strong noise spikes


Fig 2 Circuit diagram of the noise limiter
limit the signal to about $\pm 0.6$ volts. Positive half cycles bias Tr1 into conduction and cause LED indicator D1 to flash on. D1 acts as a simple clipping level indicator, with its brightness giving a rough guide to the degree of limiting used. RV1 is adjusted for a level of gain that causes D1 to light fairly brightly during periods when the input signal is at around full volume.
The filtering is provided by IC2 and its associated components, which form a conventional fourth order ( 24 dB per octave) low-pass filter having a cut-off frequency of approximately 3 kHz . The output is intended for use with medium
impedance (about 100 to 600 ohm) headphones, but satisfactory results seem to be obtained with most high impedance types if they are wired in parallel, or with series connected low impedance types. With some sensitive types the volume might be excessive, but if necessary a reduction in volume can be obtained by adding a resistor of around 100R in value in series with C8.

## Construction

Most of the components fit onto a small printed circuit board, as detailed in Figure 3. Construction of the board is extremely straightforward and should

Fig 3 Details of the printed circuit board and wiring


not give any difficulties. Note, however, that the non-electrolytic capacitors must be polycarbonate or miniature polyester layer components with 7.5 mm lead spacing if they are to fit easily onto the board.
A case which has approximate outside dimensions of $180 \times 120 \times 39$ millimetres is used as the housing for the prototype,
and this gives the unit a very neat appearance, but it is somewhat larger than is really necessary and the unit can be built into practically any small metal or plastic box. Although I used a 3.5 mm jack socket for SK1, this could of course be changed to some other type if it would be more convenient for your particular set-up.

In use
If the unit is fed from a line output the input signal level will be unaffected by the receiver's volume control setting. It is then just a matter of setting RV1 so that D1 lights quite brightly on volume peaks. If the unit is driven from an extension speaker or headphone output the volume control setting will affect the input level to the limiter. Results will probably be acceptable if the volume control is set at roughly the point normally used, and RV1 is then adjusted as described above. However, in some cases it might be necessary to advance the volume control a little further than normal.
While results fall short of noise blanker standards, strong noise spikes are reduced to a tolerable level and are prevented from significantly reducing intelligibility. Results are certainly far superior to those provided by straightforward clipping circuits. However, bear in mind that with interference which consists of a continuous series of closely spaced pulses, even a noise blanker is often of little value, and a noise limiter cannot reasonably be expected to provide a vast improvement in the audio output signal under these conditions.

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$\qquad$ 2732 EX EQPT ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 2114 EX EQPT 60p 4116 EX EQPT ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．70p 6264LP15 8K static ram ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．£3．50 6116 －2（TC5517AP－2）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．2．20

## POYER TRANSISTORS

2SC1520 sim BF259．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．3／ع1 100／ع22 2SD794 $\operatorname{sim}$ BD131 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．4／\＆1 100／\＆20 TIP141，142， $147 £ 1$ ea，TIP112，125，42B ．．．．．．．．．．．．2／£1．00 TIP35B £1．30 TIP35C．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．£1．50 SE9302 100V 10A DARL SIM TIP121 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．2／E1．00 2N3055 Ex eqpt tested ．． 4／E1．00 Plastic 3055 or 2955 equiv 50p．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／E30．00 2N3773 NPN 25A 160V \＆1．80．．．

## DISPLAYS

Futaba 4 digit clock，fluorescent display 5－LT 16
Futaba 8 digit calculator，fluorescent display 9CT． 01－3L．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．£1．50 Large LCD Clock display 1＂digits ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $\mathbf{£ 3 . 0 0}$ 7 seg $0.3^{\prime \prime}$ display comm cathode ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．2／£1．00

## 



## MISCELLANEOUS

FX2243 POT CORE \＆BOBBIN． E1．50 FX2243 POT CORE \＆BOBBIN．． ．．5／玉1 Linear hall effect IC Micro switch no 61355451 M R5 304－267．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．22．50 100＋£1．50 OSCILLOSCOPE PROBE KIT X1×10 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $\mathbf{E 1 0 . 0 0}$ Micro－switch no 613 SS4 sim RS 304－267
Cheap phono plugs．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／£2 1000／玉18 Ipole 12 way Rotary switch ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．4／£1 Audio Ics LM380 LM386．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $\mathbf{\Sigma 1}$ ea Coax plugs．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $4 \times 4$ MEMBRANE KEYBOARD ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $\mathbf{\Sigma 1 . 5 0}$ INDUCTOR 20 ${ }^{\text {H }}$ 1．5A．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．5／\＆1．00 COAX PLUGS． 5／81．00 $15,000 \mu \mathrm{~F} 40 \mathrm{v}$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． NEW BRITISH TELECOM PLUG＋LEAD ．．．．．．．．．．．．£1．50 1．25＂Panel Fuseholders ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．5／\＆1．00 MAINS ROCKER SWITCHES 6A SPST．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $5 / \mathbf{5 1}$ STAINLESS STEEL HINGES 14．5＂BY 1＂OPEN E1．00 each ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．10／\＆7．00 MAINS TRANSIENT SUPPRESSORS $245 \mathrm{v} . . . .3 / \mathbf{1} 1.00$ TOK KEY SWITCH 2 POLE 3 KEYS－ideal for car／home alarms． $\qquad$ ．$£ 3 £ 100+£ 2.00$ 12v 1．2w small wire ended lamps fit AUDI／VW TR7 VOLVO SAAB．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．10／£1．00 12 v MES lamps． $\qquad$
 PTFE sleeving pack asstd colours ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$£ 1.00$ 250 mixed res diodes，zeners．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $\mathbf{£ 1 . 0 0}$ Mixed electrolytic caps ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／£2．00 Stereo cass R／P head ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．50 PCB Mono head £1，Erase head．．．

Thermal cut－outs $50^{\prime}, 77^{\prime}, 85^{\prime}, 120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．80p Thermal fuse $121^{\prime} \mathrm{C} 240 \mathrm{v} 15 \mathrm{~A} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .5 / \Sigma 1.00$ Vero pins fit $0.1^{\prime \prime}$ Vero ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．200／玉1．00 TO220 Micas＋bushes 10／50p ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／£2．00 TO3 Micas＋bushes．．． $\qquad$ RELAYS 240 V AC coil PCB mounting 2 pole changeover£1 3pole c／o．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．00 Fig． 8 mains cassette leads ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $3 / \mathbf{1} 1.00$ KYNAR wire wrapping wire $20 z$ reel ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．£1．00 PTFE min．screened cable．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathbf{£ 1 . 0 0}$ TOKIN MAINS RFI FILTER 250v 15A ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．£3．00 EC Chassis plug／rfi filter 10A ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．00 Mercury tilt switch small．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $\mathbf{\Sigma 1 . 0 0}$ Min．rotary sw． $4 p \mathrm{c} / 01 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ shaft ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．2／81．00 Thorn 9000 TV audio o／p stage． $\qquad$ 2／E1．00 10m7 CERAMIC FILTER 50p ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／E20．00 6 m or 9 m CERAMIC FITLER $50 \mathrm{p} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ 100 / \mathbf{8 2 5 . 0 0}$ 240 V AC FAN $4.6^{\prime \prime}$ SQUARE NEW．．．．．．．．．．．．． $\mathbf{£ 5 . 5 0}(£ 1.60)$ 240／115v AC FAN $4.6^{\prime \prime}$ SQ．NEW ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $\mathbf{£ 7 . 0 0}$（ $£ 1.60$ ） BELLING－LEE 12 －way block L1469 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．4／ع1．00 POTENTIOMETERS short spindle
$2 k 510 \mathrm{k} 25 \mathrm{~K} 1 \mathrm{M}$ Lin ．．5／£1 500 k lin 500 k log long spindle 4／E1 40 KHZ ULTRASONIC TRANSDUCERS EX－EQPT． NO DATA． PIR／E1．00 STICK－ON CABINET FEET 30／E1．00 T03 TRANSISTOR COVERS ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．10／\＆1．00 TRANSISTOR MOUNTING PADS T05／T018 £3／1K DIL REED RELAY 2 POLE N／O CONTACTS．．．．．E1．00 ZETTLER 24 V 2 POLE c／o relay $30 \times 20 \times 12 \mathrm{~mm} \operatorname{sim}$ RS 348－649．．
$\mathbf{\Sigma 1 . 5 0 1 0 0 + 5 . 1}$

## RECTIFIERS

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2FR400 12A 400 v small stud |  |
| BY127 1200V 1.2 A |  |
| BY254 800v 3A ．．．．． |  |
| Y255 1300v 3A ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．6／E1．00 |  |
| 1A 800v bridge rectifier．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．4／£1．00 |  |
| 6A 100v bridge ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．50p |  |
| 10A 200v bridge ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 11.50 |  |
| A 100 v b |  |
| 25A 200v bridge $£ 2.00$ ea．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．10／E18．00 |  |
| 25A 400v bridge £2．50．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．10／£22．00 |  |
| SCTS |  |
| V8FGM 8 |  |
| MCR72－6 400v．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．£1 |  |
| 35A 600v stud．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．2．00 |  |
| TICV106D ．8A 400v T092 3／\＆1．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／£15．00 |  |
|  |  |
| MEU21 Prog．unijunction ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．3／£1．00 |  |
| TRlACS diacs 25p |  |
| TXA L225 8A 400V 5mA gate $2 / \varepsilon 1.00$ ．．．．．．．．．．．100／ $\mathbf{1} 35.00$ |  |
|  |  |
| Centronics 36 way IDC plug ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $\mathbf{\Sigma 4} 10+£ 3.50$ |  |
| Centronics 36way IDC skt．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．£4．50 |  |
| Centronics 36way plug（solder type）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．E4 |  |
|  |  | ＇D＇ 9 －way $£ 1$ ； 15 －way $£ 1.50$ ； 25 －way．．．．． ع2．00

## 37 －way £2； 50 －way £3．50；covers 50 p ea

## WIRE WOUND RESISTORS

W21 orsim2．5W10 OFONEVALUEFOR．．．．． 81.00 R471R02R02R73R95R0 10R 12R 15R 18R 20R 27R 33R 36R 47R 120R 180R 200R330R390R 470R 560R680R820R 910R
1K 1K15 1K2 1K3 1K5 1K8 2K4 2K7 3K3 10K
R05（ $50 \mathrm{mi} \| \mathrm{li}$－ohm） $1 \%$ 3watt．
4 for $£ 1$ W22 or sim 6 watt 7 OF ONE VALUE for．．．．．．．．．．．．．$£ 1.00$ R47 1R5 9R1 10R 12R 20R 33R 51R 56R 62R 120R 180 270R 390R R47 560R 620R 1K 1K2 2K2 3K3 3K9 10K W23 or sim 9 watt 6 OF ONE VALUE for．．．．．．．．．．．．．£1．00 R22 R47 1R0 3R0 6R8 56R 62R 100R 220R 270R 390R

680R 1K TK8 10K
W24／sim． 12 watt 4 OF ONE VALUE for ．．．．．．．．．．．．．£1．00 R50 2R0 10R 18R 47R 68R 75R 82R 150R 180R 200R 270R 400R 620R 820R 1 K

## PHOTO DEVICES

Slotted opto－switch OPCOA OPB815．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $\mathbf{\Sigma 1 . 3 0}$ 2N5777 50p ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／£26．00 TIL81 T018 Photo transistor ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$£ 1.00$
TIL38 Infra red LED ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．2／50p
OPl2252 Opto isolator ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．50p
Photo diode 50p．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．6／玉2．00
MEL12（Photo darlington base n／c）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．50p
RPY58A LDR 50p ORP12 LDR ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．85p

GREEN or YELLOW 3 or $5 \mathrm{~mm} 10 / \mathrm{/4} 1$ ．．．．．．．．．．．100／£6．50
FLASHING RED 5 mm 50 p ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／£30．00
DIODES
1N4148 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／\＆1．50
1S3740 Germanium ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／£2．00
1N4004 or SD4 1A 300v ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／£3．00
1N5401 3A 100V．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．10／\＆1．00
BA157 1A 400V Fast recovery ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／£2．50
BA159 1A 1000V Fast recovery ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100／£4．00

## MULTI TURN PRESETS

10R 20R 100R 200R 500R．
50p
2 K 5 K 22 K 50 K 100 K 200 K

## IC SOCKETS

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Auroral activity dominated the DX scene during February. There were two instances of the phenomenon, both at the beginning of the month. Unfortunately the bitterly cold weather (remember it?) proved to be disasterous for sporadic-E reception: signals, like so many forms of life, seemed to go into hibernation. However, by the time enthusiastic R\&EW readers are browsing through this column, sustained sporadicE openings should be with us once again.
Meteor shower DX was lacking too, but a mini-trop opening towards the middle of February produced DX-TV in colour from West Germany on the 12th and 13th.

## DX-TV log for February

This month's log is short and sweet reflecting the poor conditions experienced. The details are as follows:
$1 / 2 / 86$ : Auroral activity noted throughout Band |affecting most channels. Signals from Swedish TV (SR) on channel E2 were identified by Chris Howles of Lichfield.
5/2/86: Czechoslovakia (CST) with the 'RS-KH' electronic test card on R1; RA (Italy) with programmes on channel IA; TVP (Poland) on R1 with their slightly modified PM5544 test pattern. Reception noted by Simon Hamer of New Radnor in Powys.
9/2/86: Polish PM5544 pattern on channel R1 from TVP; ORF 'Telefunken TO5' monoscopic test card on channel E2a from Austria, received by Welsh DX-TV enthusiast Simon Hamer.
11/2/86: TDF (France) with programmes from tf1 (First network) on channel E42, Antenne 2 (Second French service) on E39, FR-3 on E45, and Canal Plus (Fourth network) on channel L5; BRT-1 (Belgium) on E10 from Wavre, also on E43 from the Egem transmitter; BRT-2 from Egem on channel E46. All reception via enhanced trop conditions and noted by Kevin Jackson in Leeds.
12/2/86: BRT-1 on E43 and BRT-2 E46, both from the Egem outlet; NOS-1 (Netherlands) on channel E6 from Smilde and on E39 from Wieringermeer; NOS-2 from Wieringermeer on E45; WDR-1 (Westdeutscher Rundfunk, West Germany) on channel E46 from Kleve; ZDF (Zweites Deutsches Fernsehen, West Germany) on E35, E37 and E39, probably from Wesel, Aachen and Osnabrück respectively; WDR-3 on E48 from Wesel. All DX via trop and logged by Mark Dent in Leeds.
13/2/86: NOS-1 on channel E39 and NOS2 on E45, both from Wieringermeer; ZDF on E35 from Wesel. Trop reception noted by Mark Dent.
15/2/86: TDF Canal Plus from Lille on channel L5; BRT-1 from Egem on E43. Signals, via trops, seen by Kevin Jackson.

## Test card watch

Norddeutscher Rundfunk of West Germany have been noted using an optical colour test chart. Thomas Graf of Porta Westfalica reports seeing it from the 100kW channel E9 NDR-1 transmitter at Hamburg on February 13th at 0718GMT.

# RECEPTION REPORTS 



Compiled by Keith Hamer and Garry Smith

The pattern is based on an old EBU coloưr chart used mainly for checking studio cameras. It isn't normally radiated during test transmissions. it is interesting to note that this chart was considered by RAI in Italy for use with their experimental colour television service during the early seventies. However, as far as we know, it was never transmitted on a regular basis.
Sándor Rottenbacher of Hungary has sent information concerning test transmissions from Magyar Televizio. The test card is the familiar PM5544 with the identification 'MTV-1' or 'MTV-2' at the top and 'BUDAPEST' at the bottom. Occasionally a multi-burst (frequency gratings) pattern precedes the test card. Incidentally, don't be surprised to see the PM5544 for a few minutes around 2025GMT during the sporadic-E season. There is often a five minute pause in transmissions - probably it's the technicians having a quick tea break!
MTV also use an alternative colour test pattern with the identification 'MTV BUD'. This is somewhat of a rarity (just like the BBC's!), since we have had no reports of its appearance in Band I during any past sporadic-E season. It should be noted by DX-TV enthusiasts that there are no transmissions from MTV on Mondays, except for national celebrations or important sports events. So, if you receive a programme on an ' $R$ ' channel which you cannot identify and it's a Monday, it isn't likely to be Hungary. For the hardened telly addict in Hungary there's always cable TV in certain areas which operates on Mondays, but only for about an hour.
On the subject of television in the UK, DXers on the Continent may be interested to know that BBC-2 transmits the digital Test Card F or the electronic Test Card $G$ on very rare occâsions during periods which are now devoted to rubbish from Ceefax. Also, watch out for regional programme variations on BBC-2 and the accompanying captions. Until recently regional programmes were only broadcast on BBC-1.

## Reception reports

Lichfield DX-TV enthusiast Chris Howles has recently been in touch concerning strange humbars and general noise effects throughout Band I on February 1st. Chris had in fact witnessed auroral activity, and the Swedish PM5534
test card could be made out on channel E2. The signal was rather unstable giving the impression that a dicky aerial connection was the culprit.
Chris recently installed a new rotatable outdoor system for UHF, but his eagerness to try it out was marred by his neighbour's equal eagerness to prevent him from using it. Apparently the sound of the rotator's motor is too much for certain delicate ears.

## Record breaking aurora

Kevin Jackson of Leeds has commented on the recent poor conditions. To make matters worse he missed the whopping aurora on February 8th. The event was later brought to his attention by radio amateur colleague, Mike Allmark. The aurora started at lunchtime and it even affected 70 cms (the low end of the UHF band, below channel 21). It transpires that this particular aurora was something of a record-breaker. The magnetic figure for a major storm is anything over 50, and the February aurora registered 208 according to measurements obtained in the USA.

Mark Dent, also of Leeds, has recently become a dad with a few sleepless nights it would seem. On February 22nd at approximately 0200GMT when all the BBC and IBA stations had closed, he was tuning around and noticed a weak but locked picture on channel E39 coming from the south-west. With his D-100 DXTV converter switched to the narrowband IF mode, Mark could just make out the film 'Beverly Hills Cop' which he had watched on video the previous week. Stray radiation from a neighbour's video recorder was considered as the possible cause, or even one of those illicit lowpower transmitters advertised as having a range of 30 ft or so. After the film finished at about 0300GMT there was a break lasting some five minutes followed by teletext pages. The same few pages were repeated a number of times. Could this be a pirate TV station operating in the Leeds area?

## New TV receivers

Details of two new multi-standard receivers have been forwarded by Tony Privett of Basingstoke. They are guaranteed to whet the appetite of any DX-TV enthusiast with a few pounds to spare!
The first is a 10 inch battery/mains portable TV/monitor from Saba, known

## EDITORIAL ASSISTANT

We're currently looking for an assistant for one of our technical publications.

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Electronic colour test card radiatedoccasionally by MTV in Hungary


News programme in English transmitted by the TV service in Egypt


Digital test card 'F' transmitted by BBC2 on very rare occasions


Colour bar pattern radiated by the TV service in Sweden


EBU colour test chart-a modified version used in West Germany


An unusual test card used by Italian pirate station Teleradio Ragusa
as the Ultracolour PM 25 S 42. It will resolve the various transmission standards found in Europe, namely PAL systems B and G ( 5.5 MHz sound), SECAM $B$ and $G$ (East Germany with 5.5 MHz sound), PAL system I (UK and Eire with 6.0 MHz sound) and SECAM L and L' (France). The price is around the $£ 300$ mark - this includes an infra-red remote control unit. The PM 25 S 42 may be obtained from: Video Prince Ltd, 328 Edgware Road, London W2 1DY Telephone (01) 7243800.
The second receiver is an all singing, all dancing model from Grundig which, according to the specification,- will do just about everything apart from feed the cat. Perhaps a plug-in module will be available for this in the future?
The TV is known as the Super Colour P55-245/9 GB/UHF-VHF Multisystem. It is mains operated and the transmission standard is entered into the receiver's memory in coded form. It will resolve PAL, SECAM and NTSC ( 3.58 MHz and 4.43 MHz chroma subcarriers) colour systems and caters for the following sound spacings: 4.5 MHz (US standard for use in Europe for AFN TV transmissions); 5.5 MHz (CCIR Western Europe); 6.0 MHz (UK and Eire); and 6.5 MHz (Eastern-bloc countries, USSR and China).

The TV will also resolve French SECAM system L transmissions, thus making it an ideal receiver for anyone living in the south of England who may be considering using it for domestic and DX purposes. We recommend that you consult your local Grundig dealer for further information such as the price and availability.

## How to become a DXer

In the last couple of columns we have discussed the reception of distant broadcast television stations via spor-adic-E and tropospheric propagation. To summarise, sporadic-E mainly affects Band I channels (the old British 405-line channels 2-5), although an intense opening may result in the FM radio band becoming active or, in rare cases, the lower channels in Band III (the old 405line channels 6 and 7 ).

Activity is at a peak during the summer months between May and September. Openings are completely random and may come from any direction. Reception can last for only a few minutes or several hours with signals ranging in strength from barely detectable to overloading. Since transmissions are reflected by the ionised E-layer a 'skip' or 'hop' distance is involved, typically 600-800 miles. Simple aerial systems can be installed initially due to the high signal strengths encountered, although a multi-element array comes into its own with weaker DX signals.

Tropospheric propagation largely affects the top end of Band I (VHF), FM radio, Band III and UHF TV channels.

Very occasionally the lower Band I frequencies become active. Reception via improved trop conditions is associated with anticyclonic weather systems and can, to some degree, be predicted. DXers should watch out for the cochannel interference announcements from the BBC and IBA.

## Receiver systems for DX-TV

Most UK receivers will not cover channels other than at UHF. This problem can be overcome by fitting a multi-band tuner to give facilities for Bands I and III. Various tuners are available cheaply from Sendz Components, who often advertise in this magazine. It should be borne in mind that a switch is required to select the appropriate band, and in order to prevent the risk of shock everything should be electrically isolated. If you do not feel competent to carry out such modifications, then don't! It may be better to save up and buy a multi-standard receiver or a special type of converter which plugs into a domestic TV set.
Various receivers are now avallable (mainly colour) with multi-standard facilities which will resolve the different sound systems found in this part of the world. They are capable of giving good results when conditions are favourable, especially during enhanced tropospheric openings. However, you must bear in mind that sporadic-E DX will form a very high proportion of long-distance TV reception. As we have already mentioned, signals can be unstable and often lack chroma or sound information, and for this reason it may be considered an extravagance to buy a multi-standard set.

An other problem concerns selectivity. This manifests itself when signals are received on channels which overlap. Two good examples are channels E2 and R1, or channels IA and E3 in Band I. The vision carrier frequencies are only 1.5 MHz apart. During a good opening the different pictures will tend to float over each other, especially when they attain similar strengths. At other times the stronger signal can drown the other. This effect can be reduced by narrowing the IF bandwidth, or even by fitting an adjustable notch filter to the receiver IFs or at the aerial input.
We have found from experience that many DXers prefer to narrow the IF bandwidth since it has the added advantage of making weaker signals look less noisy. In fact, many signals which are just visible at noise level when using narrowband IFs are completely lost when utilising a receiver with normal (wide) bandwidth IFs. Fortunately a handy unit known as the D-100 DX-TV converter is available where a combination of IF bandwidths can be selected. This type of converter has proved to be invaluable to many DXers through out the

UK and Europe over the past two sporadic-E seasons thanks to its narrow IF properties. Another advantage is that the D-100 can feed a standard UK portable receiver, thus making a compact DX set-up. Further details are available from: HS Publications, 17 Collingham Gardens, Derby DE3 4FS.

## Band III aerials for DX-TV

We have received confirmation from Steve Stillwell of Protel (Aerials and Communications) that his company can supply the Triax 13-element wideband Band III array at a cost of £44.20. The price includes VAT and carriage within the UK. More information regarding suitable aerials for DX-TV work may be obtained by sending an SAE to: Protel, 295 Ballards Lane, London N12.

## Service information

United Kingdom: From February 2nd, the BBC's teletext service 'Ceefax' has been able to provide its range of 600 pages at a much faster rate. This is due to the broadcasting of Ceefax signals on six 'lines' compared with the four lines it had been using previously.

This improvement has been brought about by new computer software. The whole computer system should also give a more reliable service. Teletext was invented in the UK thirteen years ago and, under the name of 'World System Teletext', it is now being used in nineteen countries around the world.

A new system of network transmission of subtitles for the deaf and hard of hearing has also been introduced via teletext. It allows the broadcasting of programme subtitles on BBC-1 and BBC2 simultaneously. Page 888 carries subtitles on all channels.

Ceefax has, until now, been broadcasting on lines 14, 15, 16 and 17 (and 327,328, 329 and 330 ) during the field blanking intervals. Following the start of 'six-line' working, lines 13 and 18 (plus 326 and 331 ) have been added to the teletext signal.

On a different topic, the BBC has produced a new Streak Test Waveform generator. It produces four waveforms; streak, 50 Hz , white and black. These are used to check the low-frequency response of video circuits and their ability to recover from the sharp transitions between white and black. It is unlikely that the new pattern will be transmitted over the air, unless of course there are any switching errors during the endless (and many would say boring) periods of sample Ceefax pages.
East Germany: A vertically polarised relay station has come into service on the Isle of Usedom in the Baltic Sea. It radiates programmes from DDR:F on channel E49 and is located at Koserow.

Our thanks to Gösta van der Linden (Rotterdam), Alain Duchâtel (France) and the BBC (London) for supplying this month's Service Information.

Hello again --it's a real old mixture in this month's column, so there should be something for everyone. Well, in theory anyway.

## Secondhand bargains again

One of the things which exerts many people's minds is the price of secondhand equipment. This usually means video equipment as, for some reason, ATV transmitters and receivers never seem to make the small ads (perhaps they are all sold by word of mouth). Anyway, seasoned rally-goers like myself tend to watch the secondhand prices at the first couple of rallies of the season to try and get an idea of what's selling and at what price.
On that basis, the RSGB exhibition at the NEC was a useful indicator. Normal black and white surveillance cameras were pitched around $£ 40$, so not much change there, and small 12 in monitors still seem to range between $£ 30$ and $£ 50$. Colour cameras were also around, some boxed and new (ie, two years old but unused) and some decidedly seconduser. The former category cost around $£ 250$ and the latter $£ 175$. Even if you are not a habitual rally-goer these prices might induce you to make the effort.

VCRs have dropped quite a bit compared with last year. Sony Beta portables of the F1 variety were available at $£ 50$, which is a very fair price for what is universally acknowledged to be an excellent machine. Also at bargain prices were tuners, battery packs and VHS machines.
I don't guarantee that you will find the same gear at every other rally this year, but the prices are a sign of the times.
Whatever the facts behind the unsubstantiated rumours that Sony has ceased development or production (believe whichever you like) of Beta equipment it is nonetheless true that corporate users and rental companies wish to unload their Beta inventory fast. Even in the retail sector I have seen slashed prices, particularly for VHS-compact recorders. Looking at the bargains offered in What Video? one gets a strong feeling that these are bad news for shops.
Amazingly, some dealers are still trying to shift 'new' Technicolor quarterinch portable recorders; they were new around Christmas 1981. Even at $£ 150$ । wouldn't recommend these to my worst enemies...

Display Electronics was there at the NEC with a nice line in ex-Rediffusion equipment, and I guess they will still have stocks after this article is published. Pick of the video stuff were some colour monitors taking composite video input, and matching off-air TV tuners (TVs without screens) - see their ads if you're interested.

Also at the NEC was a stall with exrental video films which looked as if they would not make the 'Bright bill test'. One title, Flesh Feast, nearly made me part with E5; it offered vividly coloured scenes of morbid, trained maggots doing the business. Come to think of it, I really should have risked the fiver, even though


## Andy Emmerson G8PTH puts you in the picture

it was bound not to have been as horrific as claimed!

## BATC at NEC

As ever, the British Amateur Television Club (BATC) had a stand for the benefit of members and non-members alike. We don't visit all the shows but we normally attend the RSGB's NEC exhibition and the VHF Convention, as well as the Leicester show in the autumn and (usually) the McMichael bash at Stoke Poges. In addition there is the BATC's own rally (the event of the year!) at Crick over the May Day bank holiday weekend. By the time you read this it will be past history, though!

At these exhibitions the BATC aims to have all its publications on sale, along with most of the printed circuit boards and other components used in magazine projects. We used to bring along back is'sues of the club's magazine CQ-TV, but nearly all of these have sold out. There is a photocopy service for out-of-print articles but this works out expensive for big projects.

There is a solution, however! Yes
it's . . . The Best of CQ-TV, and here is an unashamed plug for this excellent book (which I had nothing to do with writing). For your £3 (plus 50p postage) you get 100 pages of updated projects covering 70 and 24 cm transmitters and receivers, filters and video equipment.
Now you can stop hunting for back numbers, or catch up on the best projects. Even if you have the magazines, now you can keep all the articles in one handy book. Both old hands and beginners will find this useful. Grab a copy soon or write to BATC Publications, 14 Lilac Avenue, Leicester LE5 1FN. The book was a best-seller at Birmingham and I am sure it will stay this way.

## Let's stay friends

The latest issue of $C Q-T V$ is out now. It contains an interesting discussion of 'how wide is wide' and the problems of mutual interference between video and other amateur transmissions. The remedy on 70 cm is clear, and I quote:
"Forget the subcarrier sound, do away with colour and use a filter"

At the moment we ATVers need all the


Avoid pirate tapes if you don't want to suffer dropouts and cassette jam. Scotch (Welsh, really) tapes undergo comprehensive testing and cost little more
friends we can get - there are renewed pressures on the 70 cm band. Whilst it is wide-bandwidth modes like ATV which are the main justification for retaining the full 10 MHz allocation at 70 (remember this!), there is no point in antagonising other 70 cm users by interfering with their transmissions - or going outside the band!
Sorry if lam labouring this point but it's important. A very simple 3 MHz low-pass filter design is given in CQ-TV; seven capacitors and two coils will ensure your signal stays within limits.

## Pirates back of NEC

Another thing I spotted in the NEC at Birmingham was pirate video tapes, not copied films but blank tapes with goofy names. These are definitely dodgy, and bad news for your video recorder. When brand name E-180s used to cost $£ 10$ a throw these half-price miracles were worth trying, but frequently they shed loose oxide, or their squeezy-plastic cassette housings got jammed in the recorder. Quite reasonable performance soon turned into dropout after dropout yes, I know from experience.
By shopping around now you can find JVC and other E-180s for $£ 4$ or less, so there's no need to risk your recordings
by saving 50 pence on a poor tape.
Some strange-looking tapes are not pirates, however. If you travel around a bit you will find familiar brand names in packages that are completely different from the ones you normally see. Hitachi and Panasonic have totally different box designs in some markets, and from time to time these turn up here, so don't shun them just because the cardboard box is a different colour.
Sometimes the name is strange, but it may be a well-known one elsewhere-for instance, PD Magnetics (a Philips-Du Pont consortium) and the Victor name (complete with Nipper dog and horn gramophone, as per His Master's Voice). These tapes are quite 'legit'.
From time to time you may also see VHS tapes with 'T' numbers, eg, T-60, T-120. These, too, are quite safe to use. The T stands for time, and a T-120 tape is thus a two hour tape - in some places! These tapes are intended for the North American and Japanese markets, in other words the NTSC countries. Put them in a European machine and they will run 20 per cent longer, because our field rate is 50 Hz rather than 60 Hz and our VCRs run slower. So a T-120 will run for nearly three hours here because of the speed difference and because many
tapes give you more than the nominal length.

## Secret bonus

This is the secret bonus: I don't suppose many people actually check how long their tapes play, but l once had to do a survey for another magazine. Scotch tapes gave on average one minute extra, JVC and Thorn up to 5 minutes and RCA a generous 10 minutes. These RCA tapes used to be stocked by WH Smiths, but they have dropped them now.

In fact many shops now sell mainly British-made tapes, produced by Scotch either under their own name or as the retailer's own-brand product. Five years ago the quality of Scotch video tape was rather variable, but it is now consistently good. Presentation and packing is now (and has been for a long time) first rate I like the little stickers which help you judge the amount of unused tape remaining in a cassette.
Next month I hope to have first-hand experience of some new 24 cm transmitting and receiving equipment from Comex Systems of Leicester. I also hope I will get some readers' photographs to publish. Why not drop me a line care of the editor?


THE CR SUPPLY CO
127 Chesterfield Rd, Sheffield S8 ORN Return posting



This $31 / 2$ digit multimeter has a basic DC accuracy of $0.8 \%$, compared with $3 \%$ of full scale on most low-cost analogue instruments. For around $£ 32$.

Measuring only $4.75 \times 2.75 \times 0.95$ in, the DM 10 is light in weight and easy to carry in a shirt pocket. It features DCV, ACV, Ohms and diode test, with fuse protection on current ranges.

For an extra $£ 3$, model DM 10B gives you a continuity bleeper, too. It's part of a great range of Circuitmate low-cost test instruments from Beckman Industrial.

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Beckman Industrial Ltd., Queensway, Glenrothes, Fife, Scotland KY7 5PU. Tel:0592 753811. Telex: 72135.

## THE WORLD'S MOST ADVANCED INSTRUMENT

The instrument illustrated is the first of a new series now available from CIL.
This range of instrumentation is called the JAY series and is unique in that different modules can be inserted into the front of the instrument to perform many measurement tasks.
The JAY basically consists of a Z80 based microcomputer circuit with RS232 option housed in a bench mounted case. The front panel has a $2 \times 16$ Dot Matrix LCD display, switches for control functions and access for the modules.


Other modules shortly available are:
DMM 202 - Strain Gauge Monitor (now available)
DMM 203 - Multimeter V-I-W (RMS)
DMM 204 - Precision Voltmeter (DC) (now available)
DMM 205 - Precision DC Calibrator
DMM 206 - Precision RT Thermometer DMM 207 - Multimeter V-L-C-R \& Temperature

The module installed in the illustrated JAY is the 6 channel thermocouple temperature monitor. The microprocessor program is stored in PROM within the module. Each module therefore has a different program to perform its particular task.
This means that after the instrument is purchased for say temperature measurement, other modules can be purchased to perform almost all measurement tasks.
Advantages include low cost, simplicity and flexibility.
The DMM 201 allows any type of thermocouple to be used. There are 3 fundamental modes of operation:

1. Monitoring 1 channel at any one time
2. Monitoring all 6 channels
3. Data logging via RS232

Other features include 1 second response time to full accuracy ( $\pm 0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ), auto zero and auto range.
Price: Basic Jay ...................................................................................... £245.00
RS232 modules......................................................................................... $£ 70.00$
DMM 201 Module.................................................................................... 150.00
Other modules vary from $£ 50.00-£ 200.00$ each

# Cli Electronics Ltd. <br> 26 Decoy Road, Worthing, Sussex BN 14 8ND Tel: (0903) 204646 

Welcome to the MW column, where this month we feature an item on Irish Radio. First, however, we'll have a look at keeping a station log.
As you tune around the band you'll undoubtedly hear all sorts of interesting stations and programmes, and unless you are the proud possessor of a perfect memory you'll find that some sort of written record is invaluable. A station log can take many forms, but basically it is a chronological record of what you have heard, when, and how.
The sort of information worth recording includes material that one might want to include in a reception report to a station, such as reception conditions, details of programming heard, and any other comments that come to mind. Of course, the date and time in GMT as well as station frequency should be noted accurately.
Rather more difficult to assess accurately is the quality of the received signal. A number of schemes are used by radio listeners and amateur radio operators in an attempt to quantify this rather subjective condition. Whatever method is chosen, it is well worth noting reception quality so that comparisons can be made under differing propagation conditions. One of the most widely used and understood methods is known as the SINPO code, which is illustrated in the table.
Keeping a log will not only help when it comes to writing to radio stations with reception reports, but will also allow you to browse back through the past month picking out any interesting features which might be worth including in this column's DX File!

## Listen to Ireland

For a great many years the Irish Republic was one of the few countries in the world not to exercise its voice on the international short wave bands, and consequently the determined radio listener had to turn to the MW band in order to hear this country. Even then only
the Republic is derived from a period of intense pirate broadcasting. This arose when it was realised how weak the law was when it came to dealing with such a situation. On several occasions attempts were made to pass tough legislation through the Dail (Irish parliament), but each time it came to nothing. The pirates continued to operate and expand in a legal vacuum, and although, strictly speaking, they are still outside the law, they are now a major force in Irish radio.
Listening to Irish stations in England is not too difficult, but it is dependent on a couple of factors: firstly, many of the stations only operate on very low power; and secondly, they share frequencies with the powerful continental broadcasters. Obviously, the nearer one is to Ireland the better reception will be, but to give everyone a chance I've prepared a list of stations that should make good targets for the MW DXer.

| Frequency | Station <br> 531 |
| :---: | :--- |
| 567 | Sunshine R |
| 612 | RTE R1 |
| 765 | RTE R2 |
| 819 | R West |
| 963 | Q102 |
| 1125 | R Na Gaeltachta |
| 1188 | R Carousel |
| 1278 | R Dublin |
| 1305 | RTE R2 |
| 1413 | Radio ERI |
|  | Big 'M' |

a basic radio service existed, run by the RTE (Radio Telefis Eireann). However, in the last seven years Ireland has undergone a radio revolution that has seen the emergence af a vociferous community radio movement, active mainly on the MW and VHF bands, although even the short waves have now been activated.

At the last count around seventy MW transmitters were active from the Republic, operating over the whole of the MW band from 531 to 1602 kHz . The nationally operated RTE still provides the home service in the guise of Radio 1 and 2, which operate much in the style of the BBC R1 and R2 networks. In addition, a service for Gaelic speaking listeners is provided by R Na Gaeltachta operated via the RTE transmitters.

The present broadcasting situation in

| SINPO CODE TABLE |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I <br> Interference (man-made) | N Noise | Propagation disturbance | Overall merit |
| 5 = Excellent | NiI . | Nil | Nil | Excellent $=5$ |
| 4 = Good | Slight | Slight | Slight | Good $=4$ |
| $3=$ Fair | Moderate | Moderate | Moderate | Fair $=3$ |
| $2=$ Poor | Severe | Severe | Severe, | Poor $=2$ |
| 1 = Very weak | Extreme | Extreme | Extreme | Unusable $=1$ |
| For example, the SINPO rating for a local station could be 55555 |  |  |  |  |

## Address

11 Lower Baggot St, Dublin 2
Donnybrook, Dublin 4
Donnybrook, Dublin 4
Patrick St, Mullingar, Co Westmeath
3 Upper Mount St, Dublin 2
Casla, Conamara, Co Na Gallimhe
Dundalk Shopping Centre, Dundalk
58 Inchicore Rd, Dublin 8
Donnybrook, Dublin 4
117 Patrick St, Cork
Main St, Castleblaney, Co Monaghan

## Sunspot update

We are still approaching the end of sunspot cycle 21, and the latest predictions contained in Sunspot Data Bulletin No 7, published by the Royal Belgian Observatory, are as follows: the earliest predicted time for the minimum was December 1985, but there is a higher probability of it happening around September/October 1986. The prediction indicates a likely sunspot count of about 14 at this time but with $90 \%$ confidence limits at counts of 1 and 28 . There is still considerable uncertainty attached to these predictions and the minimum could occur as late as June 1987.

## Book review

I have recently purchased a book entitled Mittelwellenplan Region 1 Europa prepared by Günter Kuschnereit. This 120 -page book lists all MW stations in Europe by country and by frequency. It includes maps of every country and provides particularly detailed info on German, Swiss and Austrian stations and their programming. Although written in German, the vast majority is easily understood by the ordinary English DXer and the only section that is 'lost' is the 10page introduction to what MW DX is all about. Still, it is good value at just 7 IRCs (including post) from Günter at Selgenauer Weg 70, 1000 Berlin 47 FRG. Please mention $R \& E W$ if you order.

## LATEST LITERATURE

The first book this month is a little unusual for this column in that it is a biography. Called The Secret Life of John Logie Baird, it is the result of a collaboration between Tom McArthur, a freelance journalist, and Dr Peter Waddell, a lecturer in mechanical engineering, and charts the fascinating progress of the famous television pioneer.
I'm not quite sure what to make of this work. It makes fascinating reading, and McArthur's talent is much in evidence from the outset: from the first chapter he gets the reader hooked with tantalising hints of what's to come. My uncertainty arises from the revelations that do come, as Baird is revealed to have been a man of quite remarkable intellect and unsuspected achievement.
The man described by McArthur and Waddell was a man who dreamed of transmitting pictures from an early age. As a boy, growing up just outside Glasgow, a major industrial centre of Victorian times, he set up his own telephone exchange for communication with friends, installed electric lights in his home, and experimented with methods of producing a selenium cell (the light-sensitive properties of which were his main interest). This boy grew up to be far more than the television pioneer of popular memory, with considerable achievement in the field of radar, infra-red imaging and even three-dimensional colour television which needed no special glasses.
The claims of the authors, controversial though they may be, cannot be easily dismissed. They have resear-
ched the subject thoroughly (vide the many references after each chapter), and write with sufficient power and conviction to have the reader wanting to believe.
All the elements of a really gripping history are here. It's a book I thoroughly enjoyed reading, from the description of a young lad speeding over the Scottish hills on the three-wheeled 'Baird binder and reaper', through the oppressive years working in the dark satanic mills of Glasgow to the remarkable success in later years with his work in television, all the while struggling to overcome persistant ill health and with an element of romance thrown in for good measure.
You may believe the authors' claims or not, as you wish, but read the book any-way-it's well worth your time.
The Secret Life of John Logie Baird is published by Hutchinson at £16.95 (ISBN 0 09158720 4).
Back now to the sort of book more usually featured, and Newnes have just published revised editions of two of their list. The first is in the Beginner's Guide series, this one being Beginner's Guide to Amateur Radio by F G Rayer G3OGR, revised by Gordon King G4VFV. More information has been included in many areas, with an extra chapter on hints and tips for the 'enthusiastic beginner'.
The Beginner's Guide series can be a little variable with regard to ease of understanding. For instance, Beginner's Guide to Radio, another Newnes publication, although quite sound technically, has a text that I am sure would leave many abso-

ties of various materials listed), impedance and phase angle calculations for tuned circuits, etc.
The subsequent chapters are similarly broad in their scope (and therefore necessarily brief), and cover active discrete components, discrete component circuits, linear ICs, and digital ICs (with a wealth of TTL and CMOS pinouts).

Practical Electronics Handbook, Newnes, £5.95 (ISBN 0 40800447 9).

## Read all about it

William Heinemann and Newtech Books have joined forces to form a new imprint called, surprise, surprise, Heinemann/Newtech. This imprint will concentrate on publishing guides to information technology for users of business computer systems.

The aim is certainly a good one, since IT is a subject which still causes confusion and any source of enlightenment is welcome (although until we've seen the products we must reserve judgement on just how enlightening they are).

It is clear from the list of books already produced that the small businessman will be catered for, since one of the titles is a guide to CP/M Plus on the Amstrad 6128 and PCW8256. Other titles include a series of guides to the Apricot computer, applications of GEM, and office automation and telecommunications, as well as an A to $Z$ of business computing.

Further details are available from William Heinemann Ltd at 10 Upper Grosvenor Street, London W1X 9PA. Tel: (01) 4934141
should give no problems. Naturally it covers propagation, short wave listening, amateur bands and licence conditions, equipment and aerials etc.
It covers the basics well, with useful diagrams and examples of circuits (many with component values), and I believe it's a better book for beginners than any of the RSGB publicatons.
Beginner's Guide to Amateur Radio is published by Newnes Technical Books at $£ 4.95$ (ISBN 060033368 X).
The other revised publication from Newnes is Ian Sinclair's Practical Electronic Handbook. This isn't essentially a book for beginners, although there is much of use to beginners here. It contains a multitude of reference circuits and explanatory diagrams, with fairly brief outlines of the relevant theory (and the minimum of maths).
It begins with passive components, and besides the obligatory colour codes includes such subjects as resistivity and conductivity, Thévenin's theory, permittivity (with relative permittivi-

Remember all times are GMT and European times take into account summertime variations. Frequencies in kHz

## DX FILE

590 VOCM, St John's, NF, Canada
630 Radio Tunis, Tunisia
1062 Danmarks Radio, Copenhagen
1210 R Caribes, Dominica
1377 R France Int
1610 Caribbean Beacon, Anguilla
1611 Vatican Radio

Celebrating its 50th birthday this year; heard around 2400
Arabic service; excellent signal around 2300
English news bulletin, 0630 (Mon-Sat)
French programmes of news \& music; heard around 0100
'Emission Maghrebien' to N Africa at 2000 Religious programmes \& local news at 0100 (now using 50 kW from a 350 -foot tower) In Russian at 1745, not very strong but clear frequency


## Undercarpet cabling

New from Amphenol is a 4-page brochure detailing a revolutionary undercarpet cabling system designed for power, telephone and data interconnection.
Designed to simplify the provision of electrical services to the office, the brochure covers the three basic types of flat cable available in the range: 240V/30A power cable, 6 -way BT colour-coded telephone wire, and flat coaxial cables for data.
The brochure also describes the system's associated connectors, and
shows a pictorial example of the system in use, explaining the simple steps required for installation.
This new literature is available free on request.

Amphenol Ltd,
Thanet Way, Whitstable,
Kent CT5 3JF.
Tel: (0227) 264411.

## CMOS $\mathbf{2 8 0}$ data pack

Low power is the major feature of the Z84C family of SGS's CMOS Z80 microprocessor devices, detailed in a new data pack from VSI Electronics.
The pack comprises 64 pages of technical data covering CPU, PIO and CTC devices. Flow charts, timing diagrams and architectural information fully support the text which includes a complete CPU instruction set.

VSI Electronics (UK) Ltd, Roydonbury Industrial Park,

Horsecroft Road, Harlow, Essex CM19 5BY.
Tel: (0279) 29666.

## Dynatech Communications

We have recently received Dynatech Communications' new product catalogue. The company, which supplies high technology equipment to the communications, medical instrumentation and electronics markets, has introduced several new products to its existing range.
The catalogue is divided into four main product categories: data transmission, packet switching, network management and test equipment. It provides descriptions of each of its products and in many instances a photograph.

## Dynatech Communications

 Ltd,Britannica House,
High Street,
Waltham Cross,
Hertfordshire EN8 7DR.
Tel: (0992) 33513/33555.

## Instrument Rentals

Now available from Instrument Rentals is their 1986 catalogue of electronic test and measurement and computer equipment for hire and second user sale.
This year's catalogue inclúdes some 76 different models of oscilloscope available for rent, including every standard Tektronix type on the market, and around 53 logic analyser models. A particularly wide selection of measurement systems from Hewlett-Packard are offered this year, including the latest 8510 T and other network analysers and microwave systems.
Specific weekly rental charges are given along with technical specifications and hiring procedure details.

Instrument Rentals Ltd,
Dorcan House, Meadfield Road, Langley, Slough, Berks SL3 8AL. Tel: (0753) 44878.

## Universal Semiconductor Devices Ltd. 17 GRANVILLE COURT, GRANVILLE ROAD, HORNSEY, LONDON N4 4EP, ENGLAND. TEL. 01-348 9420/9425 * TLX. 25157 usdco g <br> 

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# SHORT WAVE NEWS FOR DX LISTENERS 

By Frank A Baldwin<br>All times in GMT, bold figures indicate the frequency in kHz

Hlaving dealt with some of the Far Eastern stations operating out of band between the 60 and 90 metre bands, we now turn our attention to the transmitters in other areas of the world which may be heard on these frequencies during the respective 'seasons' for best reception here in the UK.

## Indonesia, Peru, USS:

In order of ascending frequency, the first station to interest the DXer is RRI (Radio Republik Inclonesia) Padang, Sumatra on 4002. It is scheduled on this channel from 2300 to 0100 and from 0945 to 1700 with a power of 10 kW , but in fact tends to operate on a measured 4002.7 at which point on the dial it is often logged both by UK and European listeners.
From Huancabamba in Peru, Radio "Grau radiates programmes to the local populace on 4004.9 from 0800 to 2330 . The power is unknown but is obviously Iow, the signals rarely being heard world-wide.

## Easy to log

On $\mathbf{4 0 1 0}$ is the frequently heard Frunze, Kirghiz SSR, USSR. Frunze 1 radiates programmes in Kirghizian and Russian from 0100 to 2000 with a power of 50 kW . It is an easy one for beginners to log.
La Voz de Rioja (The Voice of Rioja), Rioja, Peru reportedly operates on 4025 (variable) from 2330 to 0020. This is another Peruvian only rarely logged outside the general area.
Another easy one for newcomers to the hobby is Yerevan, Armenian SSR, USSR on 4040. Yerevan 1 is on the air from 0200 to 2200, this period including relays of the Moscow 1 programme timed from 0200 to 0215 and from 2100 to 2200. The power is not known.
Also on 4040 is another Russian station, but this one is not often heard by UK

DXers. Vladivostok, Primor'ye Kray relays Moscow 2 from 0500 to 0400 with a power of 50 kW .

On 4050 there are two Russian transmitters, the first being regularly logged and the second not so often. Frunze 2, Kirghiz SSR operates from 0000 to 2004 with programmes in Kirghizian and Russian. Frunze 2 has a power of 50 kW and relays Frunze 1 and Moscow 1.
The Yuzhno-Sakhalinsk, Sakhalinsk Oblast, radiates from 1855 to 1400 in the USB mode with local programmes and relays of the Vladivostok Foreign Service in Russian from 0815 to 0900 , identifying as Radio Stantsiya Tiky Okean (Radio Station Pacific Ocean). There is an English newscast on Saturdays from 0847 to 0852. The power is unknown.
Kalinin, Kalinin Oblast, USSR may often be heard on 4055 with its 50 kW transmitter carrying Moscow 3 programmes from 0400 to 2100 . The power is 50 kW .
In Peru, Radio Gran Pajaten, Celendin reportedly operates from 0030 to 0430 with a power of 0.16 kW on a frequency around 4165. Obviously this one is seldom logged by European DXers and only then under very favourable conditions for Latin American reception.

The frequency reportedly occupied by Radio El Sol de los Andes (Radio The Sun of the Andes) Cotorumi, Peru is that of 4254.5. Only occasionally heard by Euro-DXers and with the'power unknown, this one is thought to be on the air from 1800 to 0430.

## Bolivia

The Bolivian station Radio Moderna in Celendin is on the air from 2300 to 0500 with a power of 0.25 kW on $\mathbf{4 3 0 0}$. It is regularly heard by nearby DXers but only rarely here in the UK and Europe. Recently it has been heard by a few European DXers when clos-
ing at 0442 on a measured 4299.3.

Sometimes logged by nearby listeners, but only rarely by those located nearer to the UK, are the signals emanating from the Bolivian station Emisora Reyes, Reyes on 4420.5 with a power of 0.35 kW . It is on the air from 1100 to an undetermined signoff and it signs on again at 2300, then continuing until 0330.

Slightly higher in frequency is Radio Santa Rosa in Yacuma on a slightly variable 4440, power unknown, on the air with local programmes from 2300 to a variable closing time around 0230. This Bolivian station is seldom heard here in the UK and Europe.

Bolivia appears again on 4458 in the shape of Radio Capitan Victor Ustariz in Villa Tunari, which radiates with a 0.25 kW transmitter from 1000 (Sunday from 1100) to 1400 and from 2100 to 0200 , identifying as La Voz del Tropico. This one is logged mainly by those residing closer to Bolivia than UK IIsteners.

## AROUND IHE DTAL

Want to hear some stations located in Africa, Latin America or the Middle East? Then read on..

## AFRICA <br> Botswana

Radio Botswana, Gaborone on 4820 at 1922, YL with an announcement at the end of an English newscast: 'Our next news bulletin will be at ten past seven tomorrow morning'. The Home Service in SeTswana is radiated from 0400 to 0630 and from 1425 to 2100 (sometimes until 2300). English news bulletins are at 0510 (Monday to Friday), 0600 (relay of BBC World Service), 1610 and at 1910. The power is 50 kW . Gaborone, formerly a small village, was chosen to become the capital of the then new republic, construction commencing during 1964.

## Cape Verde

Radio Voz de Sao Vicente, Mindelo on 3930 at 2144, $Y \mathrm{~L}$ with a folk song in Portuguese. At 10 kW , this one is on the air from 1800 to 2400 . It is also often reported on 3931.

## Djibouti Republic

Radiodiffusion TV de Djibouti on 4780 at 0337, YL with a song, some local-style music then OM with a talk in the Somali programme which is timed from 0300 to 0430, from 1100 to 1300 and from 1600 to 1730. The National Service is on the air from 0300 to 0800 (Firday from 0500 to 0900) and from 0900 to 1900 in Somali (as outlined above) and in Afar and Arabic. Djibouti is not an easy one to log, being co-channel with the 50kW USSR transmitter at Petrozavodsk, Karelian SSR.

## Egypt

Cairo on 9755 at 0310, recitations from the Holy Quran during the Holy Quran programme scheduled on this channel from 0230 to 2100.

## Gabon

Libreville on a measured 4778 at 2332 , OMs with songs in a local vernacular. This 100 kW transmitter is scheduled on the air from 0430 (Sunday from 0530) to 0630 and from 1600 to 2400 .

## Ghana

GBC (Ghana Broadcasting Corporation) Accra on 4915 at 0600, OM with the station identification and newscast in English of both local and world affairs. GBC1 in vernaculars and English is scheduled from 0545 to 0800 (Sunday until 2200) and from 1200 to 2200 . The power is 10 kW .

## Mali

Bamako on $\mathbf{7 2 8 5}$ at 0855, YL with songs in vernacular complete with music by a local percussion
orchestra. Radiodiffusion du Mali (Home Service) operates on this
channel from 1200 to 1400 Monday to Thursday, from 0800 to 2400 Friday and from 0700 to 2400 Saturday and Sunday. The power is unknown.
RD du Mali, Bamako on 9635 at 0853 in parallel with 7285 above. This 18 kW transmitter is on the air from 0700 to an undetermined closing time and operates in French and vernaculars.

## Mauritania

Nouakchott on 4845 at 1930, OM with the station identification followed by a newscast in French. ORTM (Office de Radiodiffusion-Television de Mauritanie) Nouakchott at 100 kW is on the air with the Home Service in vernaculars and French from 0600 to 0800 on weekdays and daily from 1800 (Sunday and holidays from 1700) to 2400. Nouakchott is the capital city of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania.

## Morocco

Rabat on 15360 at 1420, radiating a programme of Arabic music and songs in a Home Service relay for the Middle East, West Africa, Europe, South Morocco and Mauritania, scheduled from 1100 to 1700.

## Sudan

Omdurman on a measured 5038.5 at 2114, OM with announcements in Arabic, local-style music and songs. The Home and Foreign Service to Ethiopia and Somalia is on this frequency from 0400 to 2200. Voice of the Sudanese Nation programmes are timed from 1600 to 2200.

## CENIRAL AMERICA <br> Costa Rica

Radio Reloj (Radio Watch), Irazu on 4832 at 0440 , OM with announcements in Spanish then local pops on records. At 3 kW , Radio Reloj is on the air around the clock.

## Cuba

Radio Mayak (Lighthouse) Relay on 4765 at 0520 , OM with songs in Russian. This transmitter relays USSR Home Service programmes for Soviet citizens in Central America. The schedule is around the clock, the power 50/100kW.

## NORIH AMERICA <br> USA

World Harvest Radio, South Bend, Indiana on 7355 at 0942, OM with a religious song during a programme for European listeners, timed from 0800 to 1000.

## SOUTH AMIERICA Brazil

Radio Difusora Acreana, Rio Branco on 4880 at 0445, OM with a newscast in Portuguese. This 5 kW transmitter is on the air from 0900 to 0530 and is commonly reported in the SWL press.

Radio Brazil Central, Goiania, on 4985 at 0029 , OM with an excited sports commentary in Portuguese. At 10 kW , the schedule is around the clock.

## Guatemala

Radio Tezulutlan, Coban on 4835 at 0016, OM with promotions in Spanish separated by short excerpts of marimba music. This one operates in Quechua and Spanish from 1000 to 1500 and from 2100 to

0230 at 5 kW . The market town of Coban is noted for trading in coffee and Peruvian bark.

## ASIA <br> China <br> Xinjiang PBS Urumqi on

 4970 at 0025, OM and YL with songs in Kazakh during a Home Service programme. The Home Service in Kazakh on this channel is on the air from 0000 to 0230 , from 0530 to 0700 and from 1200 to 1700 , this schedule also including a relay of the Radio Beijing Minority Language Service in Kazakh timed from 1400 to 1426.
## PACIFIC

## Australia

Melbourne on 9655 at 0910, OM with the station identification, OM with pops on records during an English programme for Europe and the Pacific, scheduled from 0700 to 1000 on this frequency.

## Guam

KTWR Merizo on 7355 at 1404, YL and OM with a discussion in a Chinese programme timed from 1300 to 1500.

## NFAR AND MIDDIE EAST Aighanistan

Radio Afghanistan, Kabul (USSR Relay) on 3965 at 0207, YL and OM talk in vernacular in the Home Service schedule 0125 to 1700 on this frequency.
Radio Afghanistan, Kabul (USSR Relay) on 15435 at 0859, interval signal, YL with the station identification repeated then OM with a news bulletin in the English transmission to South-East Asia, scheduled from 0900 to 1030.

## Iraq

Baghdad on 11720 at 0842, OMs with Arabic songs in a Voice of the Masses Home Service programme which opens at 0500 and is thought to close at 1230.

##  <br> \section*{Italy}

Radio Spoleto International, Spoleto on 7140 at 1040, OM with the station identification and announcements in Italian then into a programme of local pops. The schedule is from 0700 to 1700 and from 2100 to 2300 with a power of 0.5 kW .
Caltanisetta on 7175 at 1032, OM and YL with announcements in Italian followed by a discussion "during which there wereseveral mentions of Mussolini. This 5 kW transmitter is on the air from 0500 to 2230 .

## switzerland

Berne on 9885 at 1538, OM with a newscast in an English transmission for the Near East, Middle East and East Africa, scheduled from 1530 to 1600.

## NOW HEAR THIS

Sąn'a, Yemen Arab Republic on 9780 at 1533, recitations from the Holy Quran. Radio San'a at 50 kW is scheduled from 0230 to 0700 and from 1000 to 2115 (Friday throughout).

## NOW LOG THIS

ABC Brisbane, Australia on 4920 at 1948, OM with announcements in English, then some recorded pops followed by the station identification and a newscast at 2000.

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## Contest working

On 12 May the South Cheshire Amateur Radio Society will be hosting a talk on contest working by G4APA. It takes place at the Crewe LMR Sports Club, Goddard Street, Crewe, at 8.00 pm . All amateurs and SWLs are welcome.
Further details are available from: The Secretary, Chris Wieman G1PUV, 14 Whiteridge Road, White Hill, Kidsgrove, Stoke-on-Trent, Staffs ST7 4TH. Tel: (07816) 73185.

## Bristol RSGB Group

The City of Bristol RSGB Group meets on the last Monday of the month (unless the date falls on a bank holiday, when the meeting is brought forward by one week). The meetings take place in the Small Lecture Theatre, University of Bristol, University Walk, Clifton, Bristol, and start at 7.30 pm .
On 19 May there is a talk on DX on the HF bands by Don Field G3XTT, on 25 May there is a mobile pienic and a month later, on 25 June, there is a talk on Receiving WX Satellite Pictures by the Rev James Brown.
For further information contact the Honorary Secretary, Colin Hollister G4SQQ. Tel: (0272) 508451.

## Swindon rally

Swindon and District Amateur Radio Club is holding its annual rally on Sunday 11 May at Oakfield School, Marlowe Avenue, Swindon, Wiltshire. Doors open at 10.00 am and there is an admission fee of 50 p .
There will be a large variety of equipment and components for sale on the trade stands and many RSGB books will be available on the club stand. There will also be a bring-and-buy stall.
The British Amateur Radio Teleprinter Group and local repeater groups will be in attendance. It is hoped that there will also be Morse testing but this was not certain at the time of writing.
A bouncer castle, mini motorcycles and a free cartoon show should ensure a good day out for all the family.
Further details can be obtained from: K A Saunders

G8SFM, 'Tamarisk', Tetbury Lane, Leighterton, Gloucestershire GL8 8UP.

## Amateur Radio Rally

The Southend and District Radio Society will be holding an amateur radio and electronics rally on Sunday 1 June at the Rocheway Centre, Rocheway, Rochford, Essex.
There will be a talk-in on S22, RTTY, trade stands, a bring and buy, refreshments and a licensed bar as well as many other attractions which will cater for the whole family.
For further details about the rally or the regular meetings contact Ron G6SOH or Brian G4RDS.

## Special Event Station

On 7 June the Dunstable Portable Amateur Radio Group will be operating the special event station GB4LAD in conjunction with the Dunstable Downs Radio Club.
The station will run during the Luton and Dunstable Hospital Fete and is being sponsored on the numbers of contacts made. All proceeds will go to the hospital to help buy a much needed extension unit for their surgical laser.
Activity will be on $144.375 \mathrm{MHz}, 14.300 \mathrm{MHz}$ and $1.930 \mathrm{MHz} \pm$ QRM. It is hoped to make contact with all of the twin towns during the event.
Further details can be obtained from Tony GOCOQ, tel: (0582) 508259.

## South Manchester RC

The club meets every Friday at the Salemoor Community Centre, Norris Road, Sale. Meetings start at 8 pm with a talk on various aspects of amateur radio.
Anyone wanting further information should contact Dave Holland G3WFT on (061) 9731837.

## Wirral ARS

We have just received Wirral Amateur Radio Society's programme of forthcoming events. Meetings are usually held at the Clubroom, Ivy Farm, Arrowe Park, and start at 8 pm .
On 21 May there is a repeat of the acclaimed talk 'A Programmable Electronic Keyer' by Brian Jordan G4EWJ.
On 4 June there is a talk on

regulated power supplies by Alan Upton G3UZU. A keen constructor working with limited facilities, Alan has spent considerable time experimenting with this subject.
For further details contact: RE Bridson G3VEB, 14 Zig Zag Road, Wallasey, Wirral.

## FAX Is...

The Coventry Amateur Radio Society meets every Friday at 8pm at Baden Powell House, 121 St Nicholas Street, Radford, Coventry. Visitors are always welcome.
On 9 May there is a talk on FAX and Packet Radio by G6VHI. This will start at 7.40pm.

For further details contact: Robin Tew G4JDO, 4 Chetwode Close, Coventry CV5 9NA. Tel: (0203) 73999.

## The Growley Box

The latest issue of RADIAL, the newsletter published by the Radio Amateur Invalid
and Blind Club, contains an interesting and extremely useful construction article entitled 'The Growley Box'.
The box is, in fact, an audible RF indicator for blind operators. The device enables the user of an amateur radio transmitter to tune for maximum output by ear.
If you are interested in the growley box or indeed in the RAIBC itself, contact the organisation's headquarters at: 9 Conigre, Chinnor, Oxfordshire OX9 4JY.

## South Bristol AR Club

The South Bristol Amateur Radio Club meets every Wednesday at the Whitchurch Folk House, East Dundry Road, Whitchurch, Bristol.
On 4 June there is a talk on modifying CB radios for 10 metres and on 11 June there is an HF activity night.

For further details contact Len Baker G4RZY, tel: Whitchurch 834282.


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#### Abstract

FOR SALE . Redifon HF transceiver type GR410/T includes SSB, IF and audio boards, 100 watts output, 2 16 MHz . Needs VFO, £50. Includes 24 V PSU and comprehensive info, buyer collects. Also data cassette recorder, suits; most home micros, £25. C A Crabb G4HNH, 41 West Drive, Edgbaston Birmingham B5 7RR. Tel: (021 472) 3845. - Sommerkamp FTDX500 HF bands transceiver with fitted CW filter, $£ 150$ no offers. Murray, 9 Aynsley Close, Cheadle, SOT ST101DP. Tel: (0538) 752838. - 50 MHz spectrum transverter, 20 W output 28 MHz IF, £95 (worked W, VE, LA, CT etc). A McCann, 105 Todd Lane North, Lostock Hall, Preston, Lancs PR5 5UF. Tel: (0772) 37815. - Alphacom 32 thermal printer for Spectrum, Spectrum + or ZX81. Complete with power supply instructions and spare paper. Still under g'tee. £35 Also Casio VLI portable electronic organ with 2.5 octaves, envelope shaper, (ASDR), various rhythm generators, demo on ROM and memory. Also has built-in calculator. Instructions, music and case £13!! Gordon Jackson (01) 9072253. III Realistic DX-160 5 band communications receiver 240 volt or 12 volt $160-10$ metres vgc Despite age hasn't been used very much, £75. More details from Mr M Richards, c/o Bridleways Aughton, Collingbourne, Kingston, Nr Marlborough, Wilts Lattice mast, three section, 30 foot heavy duty with 17 inch sides, climbing steps up one side. No reasonable offer refused, base plate needs slight attention. Buyer collects or carriage arranged at cost. D Martin, 11 Kent Road, Parkstone, Poole, Dorset BH12 2EH. Tel: (0202) 745185 - Commodore MPS801 dot matrix computer printer. Suits Commodore 64 or Vic 20 computer. Excellent condition, as new. Cost $£ 200$ new, will sell for £110. Also, 'Easyscript' word processing software package to suit Commodore 64 computer, only £15. For further details contact Jeremy on Bakewell (062981) 2517 (after 6pm on weekdays). Eimac valves, 2 off, brand new in boxes, 4 CX 250 B . Purchased for linear project but never used, $£ 40.00$ the pair. Sorry, no bases. Also 7107 DVM chips (Maplin) and displays to match, 7107 chio, $£ 3.00$. Four displays $£ 3.00$. Purchased together $£ 6.00$, includes $p \& p$ and details for use. C J Barker, 52 Spode Street (West End), Stoke-onTrent, Staffs ST4 4DY - Heathkit HW8 QRP $T_{x} / R x, 80 \mathrm{~m}$ to $15 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{CW}$ only with RIT SWR, PWR counter o/p, full details on request. Complete with solid-state HF linear, broadband no tuning, 80 m to 10 m , vari power output. Also Coutant 13.8 V de power supply included. New price $£ 280+$, will exchange for 2 m multimode or 70 cm equip or WHY, or sell for $£ 160$ orio. All documentation available, bargain. GOAYZ, 22 Vale Grove, Gosport, Hants PO12 4PS. Tel: (0705) 589560, any time.

Eddystone $830 / 9 \mathrm{HF}$ Fix, AM, CW, SSB, 300 kHz , $30 \mathrm{MHz}, ~ £ 170$. AOR2001, £260. Yaesu FRG7 digital SSB filter, £150. Will exchange WHY. Good HF Rx wanted, solid-state. Poss exchange with above Tel: Leeds 677101 President Grant CB rig converted to 10 metres. Perfect, SSB/AM, etc. Complete with mike, £35. Pye cassette tape recorder, brand new, boxed, 14.50. Shure mike type 201, hand-held, £6. Yaesu mike, $£ 5.50$ new. A Walton, 40 Rooley Crescent, Bradford BD6 1BX. Tel: (0274) 728219 - Have BBC computer with cassette recorder user guide and some garnes. 12 months old, in mint condition. Will exchange for HF transceiver in good condition with ATU. Would consider 2 m or 70 cm base transceiver WHY? Tel: (0606) 550258, after 6 pm or weekends


Technics ST3050 hi-fi AM/FM stereo tuner. Good condition. Really good sensitivity. Fine rotary analogue tuning. Offers or swap for $40 \mathrm{ch} C B$ portable. D Head. Tel: (0438) 62179.

- Active antenna, Sony AN-1, comprising telescopic aerial with FET, low noise amp for SW reception and ferrite bar antenna for receiving MW, and LW control box with connecting leads and 40 feet of co-axial cable, brand new, boxed, unused, £48.00. Mr T Manning, 24 Croftdown Road, ondon NW5. Tel: (01) 4854251
Racal RA17L gc, £150. RA17/2 vgc, £165. Both good performance. Buyer collects. Regency air band scanner. $108-136 \mathrm{MHz} .16$ channel. Prog search, prog scan, £125. Matching AR88 speaker, E15 plus p/p. G1NNE. Tel: (0388) 777398.
- Heathkit 'Mohican' gen cov comms Rx, 550kHz to 30 MHz and 144 to 146 MHz . Fitted with 12 V rechargeable battery and LCD frequency DDU, mint condition, comprehensive manual, $£ 95$. French 'Radialva' portable comms Rx, 150 kHz to 27 MHz . Bandspread and BFO vgc and performance, £48. Pye 'Vanguard' AM25/B highband radiotelephone, mint, $£ 20$. Collection pre-war wireless mags, valves, components. SAE for list. K W Clark (G3WIF), 16 Goldney Road, Clifton, Bristol BS8 4RB. Tel: (0272) 293738.
- Ex-hobbyists clearout: all components new or in good condition. 200 resistors, $£ 1,100$ capacitors, £2, 100 semiconductors, £2 (inc $20+\mathrm{ICs}$ ), $2010 / 10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ tant cap, £1. 3 kg packs of larger items (inc pots, witches, transformers, relays etc), £10. F J Wakeman, 46 Poynder Rd, Corsham, Wilts SN13 9 LZ.
Tektronix scopes, 545A, £120 ono, 545B£150 ono. Both excellent ex-TV service shop with manuals and many spare valves. 25 MHz bandwidth, dual trace. Many features, delayed sweep, delayed intensifier, etc. Keith Franklin, 50 Abingdon St, Burnham on Sea, Somerset. Tel: (0278) 784205 after 6.30 pm .

Free! Some transformers, TV type, lots of electronic hardware, wire - all sorts but no components. A little bit heavy so please send $£ 1$ to cover $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{p}$. If sending coin place between cardboard. Everything by post only. Martin, 7 Griffin Crescent, Littlehampton, Sussex
1 Levell Test Meter TM11 leather case, high voltage probe TP1/BNC, RF probe TP2, ' $T$ ' connector, current 50A shunt TP5. Price for the lot, £135. Holdway, 20 Studland Close, Millbrook, Southampton, Hants.

- Two professional antenna tripods, (a feat of engineering), also mounts and parabolic dishes F/D ration 0.2 , diameter 1.2 m . Included are two 12 GHz launchers, price $£ 325$ each. Mobility $360^{\circ}$ horizontal, approx $70^{\circ}$ vertical, these will not blow over and are extremely heavy. Would have to be seen to be appreciated. Also adjustable for unlevel ground, with built-in spirit level. Bruce Lamb, 44 Maple Road, Brooklands, Manchester M23 9HW. Tel: (061) 9623726.
- Hitachi TRQ2-REX micro cassette recorder, 2speed, unwanted gift, £30 ono. Tel: Peter Jones, (043277) 428

Sixteen 4116 4N 16K DRAM chips, $£ 16$ including p\&p or $£ 8.50$ for eight. Unused chips. Manufacturer and date code: STC8415. All untested but bought from a regular supplier (Rapid Electronics). $P$ Siedlecki, 5/66 Redditch Road, Kings Norton, Birmingham B38 8QS

- Some electronic components, valves and some circuit boards, made up and working. Something or everyone. Please send stamp for list (emigrating). Martin, 7 Griffin Crescent, Littlehampton, West Sussex.
- In circuit transistor tester. Unused small battery powered npn, pnp, LED indicators, complete with
test hooks. For high density component board testing. Snip at $£ 20$ inclusive post and packing. Write to 7 Park Road West, Sutton on Sea, Lincs LN12 2NQ.
■ Marconi signal generator, $12-470 \mathrm{MHz}$, type 801 B (separate carrier and modulation. meters), $£ 75$. Furzehill sensitive valve voltmeter, $10 \mathrm{mV}-1000 \mathrm{~V}$ $41 / 2$ in meter, $£ 20$. Philips valve voltmeter, 10 mV 300 V type GM6017 (6in scale built-in calibration) £25. Michael Usher, 85 Bromham Road, Bedford. Tel (0234) 54767
- Dragon 32+extra handbook, games, $£ 60.00$. HF linear amp ( $2 \times 4 \mathrm{CX} 250 \mathrm{~B}$ ) 10W in, 400 W out, $£ 80.00$. Both items ono or would exchange with cash adjustment for HF transceiver or receiver, working or not. Glenesk Craig-yr-Eos Rd, Ogmore-by-Sea, Mid Glam CF32 OPH, S Wales (GW4KWV QTHR) Tel: (0656) 880723 after 6pm
- Scopes: Tektronix 533A 15MHz dual trace, $£ 65$ 55530 MHz dual beam, £90. 581A dual trace, $£ 85$ Marconi 8010/8 AM signal generator, 10 to 485 MHz , £75. RC oscillator TF1101, 20 Hz to $200 \mathrm{kHz}, £ 30$ Advance HI AF generator, sine and square o/p, £35 Many other items of test gear and components Send sae for list. Pye Olympic low band AM, £59 AVO 7, £25. G4YVT Beal, 115 Southdown Road Portslade, East Sussex BN4 2HJ. Tel: Brighton 416963.
- Sony ICF2001 synthesized receiver, continuous coverage 150 kHz to 30 MHz , plus VHF band, AM, CW, SSB, FM, £60. Carriage extra. R Middleton, 49 Wolseley Road, Stafford ST16 3XW
- EPROM blower ITT and eraser. Blows 10 at a time, offers, might exchange for 2 m hand-held or 70 cm . Also Commodore SX64 portable computer built-in disk drive, plus colour monitor, only 2 months old $£ 425$ (purchased 128D). Olivetti photocopier £450. Offers or swaps considered for above with ham gear or satellite TV station, cash either way. Tel: Leicester (0533) 715160 anytime (G4JKP not QTHR).
- You may have tried the rest, now try the best. Will exchange BBC B computer and data recorder in pristine condition, with some games, for HF transceiver 901 or 902 . Would consider com munications receiver or $2 \mathrm{~m} / 70 \mathrm{~cm}$ portable multimode FT290 or 790. Also have AR40 rotor 2 m 10 -el beam and 15 m UR67 cable. Will swap for $2 \mathrm{~m} / 70 \mathrm{~cm}$ hand-held. WHY? Tel: John, (0606) 550258 (Cheshire) after 6pm.
- CBM C16 with recorder, PU, tapes and manual, new, £50. J Galvin, tel: Crudwell (06667) 7820 (Wilts) ■ Eagle RX80 communications receiver, 0.5 $30 \mathrm{MHz}, £ 60$. Pre-amp, $2.30 \mathrm{MHz}, £ 15$ including postage. Two metre base station receiver, $£ 50$ xtalled R1, R2, R6, R7, S-10, S-12. Eddystone EA12 and SX200N for spares, $£ 25$ the pair. Manual for EA12, £5. Tel: Jane, (01) 9462967 or 674 0513, or contactMike, 14 Doverfield Road, Brixton, London SW2 5NB.
- Yaesu FT707 HF transceiver, good cond, £275 ono. Standard C58 2 m multimode with Nicads, charger \& carry case, $£ 185$ ono. Heathkit MW101 HF transceiver, $80-10 \mathrm{~m}, 100 \mathrm{~W}$ o/p, $£ 185$ ono. Icom ICX215 FM 2m mobile portable, $£ 85$ ono. Tel: (0782) 46440
- AR2001 VHF/UHF scanning Rx, $25-550 \mathrm{MHz}$ Powered from 12 V or mains, covers military \& aviation frequencies. In excellent condition and a bargain at $£ 250$. Tel: Gary, (021) 7059351.
- Eddystone $830 / 9 \mathrm{HF}$ Rx, $£ 175 \mathrm{mint}$, will exchange for HF Rx, working or not, PR155, RA117, what have you? May be able to deliver or collect. Also AR2001 $25-550 \mathrm{MHz}$, possible exchange for solid-state HF Rx. Tel:Leeds 677101.
- 2 m rig Icom IC25E, $£ 75$. Creed $7 B$ teleprinter, $£ 35$. Can anyone help with circuit etc for JVC Nivico CCTV camera mod TK66 (Ex Rank Organisa-
tion)? Mr R Seymour, 63 Steddys Court, Bryant St, Chatham, Kent ME4 5QT
Valves: $6 \mathrm{~K} 6 \mathrm{GT}, 6 \mathrm{~K} 7 \mathrm{M}, 6 \mathrm{U}$ G, $6 \mathrm{Q} 7,6 \mathrm{~F} 6 \mathrm{M}$, ditto 12 V types. Lots of others. UX, 5 -pin, yanks, British, TV. ECC84 6/30L2 etc. Unused in all cases, sae for lists please. No fancy prices. Want urgently data on Seavoice VHF. Marine Tx/Rx. Also Kelvin Hughes Forland VHF Marine Tx/Rx. G3HWD, 42 Dennis Road, Padstow, Cornwall PL28 8DF. Tel: Padstow 532723, evenings only
Electronic goodies: one tea chest full of thousands of parts, must be sold owing to retirement of enthusiast who has done hobby for 40 years. Sorry no list of items available, but am convinced that first to see will buy. Could be particularly suitable for a beginner. We estimate the value to be over $£ 250$, but will let it go to good home for £49. Tel: (021) 4723688 to view
Kenwood Trio 830S HF transceiver in mint cond, also AT230 and SP230 in mint cond, Morse key, 30 feet of black low-loss co-ax, 27 foot horizontal antenna and low-pass filter 30 MHz . Will not sell separately, bargain at only $£ 850$ ono. Colin Sheldrake on (01) 669 7534, or David Sheldrake on Epsom (Surrey) 28595
National Panasonic RF8000 24-band FM/AM/CW broadcast receiver. Two banks of 12 -button frequency shift controls, each bank on separate turret displays including clutch for turret change. $30-230 \mathrm{MHz}$ VHF, LW/MW, $1.5-30 \mathrm{MHz}$ in 1 MHz steps, tuning by tracking system. USB/LSB control, ANL, battery clock etc. Two VHF 8 -section telescopic aerials and one rotating loop aerial. Sound will surpass any $S W$ receiver on the market. Weight approx 43 pounds. Cost $£ 1700$, sell for $£ 900$ or would consider exchange for modern communications receiver in the Icom R71E range or similar. H M Carroll, 135 Newbridge Road, Bath BA1 3HG. Tel: (0225) 337145
- Component packs, new, containing the following: BC108 trans, UA741 ICs, NE555 ICs, 8-pin \& 14pin sockets, 1 N4148 diodes, red LEDs TIL 209. £5.25 per pack. I only have 6 packs so only one each please. D Martin, 7 Griffin Crescent, Littlehampton, W Sussex
- HF mini beam, 2-element, 6 months ald, good condition. Ron GI4VOD. Tel: (0762) 42870
- Icom 720A gen cov Tx/Rx, $100 \mathrm{kHz}-30 \mathrm{MHz}$, complete with Icom power supply. As new, boxed, £650. G4WFJ. Tel: (051) 342 1354, ask for. Dave - Pace Nightingale and Commstar for BBC micro, £90. Dragon 32 K with joysticks and Berserk cartridge, £30. Specdrum by Cheetah for ZX Spectrum, £18. 2 m FM transceiver, Trio TR7600 with remote control RM76, scans 2 m in 5 kHz steps. Bought from Lowe last May, $£ 100$. muTek voxbox for BBC/Atom, £30. I need HF rig, pref with gen coverage rcvr WHY? Will swap, haggle etc! Dave Garland GODYI, 15 Durban Road, Peverell, Plymouth PL3 4LG. Tel: (0752) 263276
- Exchange Trio 9R59DS receiver, Gaf 64 cine camera, small personal FM/AM stereo radio plus, for portable receiver covering short waves, FM, air band. BFO essential. Flaherty, 10 Joseph Parry Court, Merthyr, Mid Glamorgan CF47 8HN. Tel: Merthyr 75025 after 5.30 pm
Apple II Europlus 644. With Sanyo color monitor +2 drives + Panasonic printer KX-P109D + cards + lots of games. Can buy all or separate. Nurudin Javeri, 17 Ch Vert, Vandoeuvres 1253, Geneva, Switzerland. Tel: 022/50 1096
Cheap electrical components being cleared out by hobbyist, please write for a list of the things I am trying to sell. Many different types of resistors, ICs, switches, connectors etc. Everything virtualły unused and very cheap. Also pack of assorted components, mostly new and unused, all working, will be great value for money. Please enclose phone number. Peter O'Donoghue, 7 Hillingdon Avenue, Sevenoaks, Kent TN13 3RD - Datong D70 Morse tutor, as new, $£ 35$ or exchange for mint condition Racal RA17 cabinet. Norman Varnes. Tel: (0963) 32389 (Somerset)
- Cirkit digital frequency meter and prescaler kits, unopened, cost $£ 75$, accept $£ 50$. Sinclair 16 K ZX81 computer, $£ 15$. Computer compatible cassette player, unused, $£ 10$. Yaesu YO100 monitor
scope kit, allowed to be used on receivers with IF of 9 MHz , £10. Tel: St Albans 39333
- RCA ET-8010A transmitter, $1943,355 \mathrm{kHz}-500 \mathrm{kHz}$ in 5 fixed channels, 115 volt, 200 watt. RCA ET8019E transmitter, $1949,2-22: 4 \mathrm{MHz}, 200$ watt, as used in WWII Merchant Marine? TU5B tuning units from BC375 transmitter. BC614E speech amp. TG10F keyer. Test set 210. BC906D. Eddystone S640, S504. Valve testers etc. Open to offers, swaps. Tel: John, (01) 8333008
- Racal RA1217 transistorised professional HF communications receiver, complete in table cabinet, £450, no offers. Datong auto woodpecker blanker, almost new, £65. Datong VLF converter, almost new, $£ 20$. Uher report 4000 mono professional portable tape recorder, complete with Nicads, almost new, £395. Tandberg Model II professional portable with leather case, almost new condition, £225. All carriage extra. B J Whitty, 'Fourways', Morris Lane, Halsall, Ormskirk, Lancs L39 8SX. Tel: (0704) 840328
- AKG D509 dynamic microphone, £20. Film Industries ribbon microphone, $£ 10$. Racal dual diversity unit MA 168 B with handbook, $£ 45$. Minimitter low-pass filter, $30 \mathrm{MHz}, £ 10$. Pair of Quad ESL63 loudspeakers, almost new, £995, no offers. Pair of Spender loudspeaker stands, £18. Dual 10-band professional graphic equaliser, new, £195. 10output line distribution amplifier, new, $£ 180$. Allen \& Heath ADT unit, new, \&195. All carriage extra. B J Whitty, 'Fourways', Morris Lane, Halsall, Ormskirk, Lancs L39 8SX. Tel: (0704) 840328
- Trio TS430S HF Tx/Rx with AM filter fitted, with ATU. As new, boxed, $£ 600$ ovno. Yaesu FT790R with Nicads, charger, carrying case, mobile $2 \times 5 / 8 \lambda$, with gutter mount, $3 \times 5 / 9$ d base collinear, Wood $\&$ Douglas built but not tested 70PA5 pre-amp and 70LIN10 power amp with case and 70 cm SWR meter, £260 the lot. Tel: Gordon G8WWD QTHR, (0527) 402557
- Various baluns by Hatfield Instruments, ie $50 \Omega$ to $600 \Omega, 200 \mathrm{kHz}$ to $100 \mathrm{MHz}, £ 2.75$ each inc $p \& p .58$ Old Torquay Road, Preston, Paignton, Devon. Tel: (0803) 24226
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Dual trace 15 MHz Tektronix oscilloscope, $£ 105$. Oscillograph thermal paper recorder (as new), diodes and transistors (new) OA7 10p, 1N4148 3p, 2N3119 £5 pair, 2N3904 20p, 2N3906 20p. Vast collection of valves including 807 - cheap. Tektronix spares, manuals, probes, trollies. Marconi LCR bridge, $£ 65$. Hewlett Packard delay line, type 1100A, $£ 85$. Diablo printer with power supply, £165. Cintel delayed pulse and sweep generator, £15. Tel: (01) 8684221
■ Yaesu 7700 , $£ 250$. FDK $141-171 \mathrm{MHz}$ hand-held receiver, a bit deaf, cost $£ 159$, sell $£ 100$. Tandy DX400, cost $£ 220$, sell $£ 110$. Two metre base receiver, £35. Tandy hand-held CB, £70. Fantavox
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■ Shack clearout, C42 Tx/Rx $36-60 \mathrm{MHz}$, £50. R216 Rx $19-157 \mathrm{MHz} \mathrm{AM} / F M / C W$, $£ 95$. R210 $2-16 \mathrm{MHz} \mathrm{Rx}$, £35. All mint condx. Monitor 9in b/w, £16. Racal 811R freq meter, VHF, £15. Marconi TF1101 oscillator, $£ 45$. Marconi V322 studio camera, $£ 45$. Marconi TF1102 amplitude modulator, £10. Philips V200/01 3 -tube colour camera, $£ 160$. Marconi TF912 RF wattmeter, $£ 8$. Marconi TF995A/2 AM/FM sig gen, £85. All ono. Sae tist. Ray Hill, 7 Willowbrook, Greytre, Ross-on-Wye WR9 7JS

- 350 sheets of double-sided printed circuit board, $6 \times 10 \mathrm{in}$, each in plastic sleeve, $£ 150$ the lot, no offers, buyer collects. Tel: D R Foster, Chelmsford (0245) 87356
- Bearcat 250 F scanner receiver, covers 32$50 \mathrm{MHz}, 146-174 \mathrm{MHz}, 420-512 \mathrm{MHz}$, good condition, with manual and instruction book, $£ 125$ ono. Also Fairmate A532320 scanner, covers $110-161 \mathrm{MHz}$, $296-367 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{AM} / \mathrm{FM}$, $£ 95$ ono. Tel: Dave, (01) 560 0194 during work hours
- Isolating transformer, 110V Woden 3 kVA , wall mounting, $240-250 \mathrm{~V}$ input, £25. Tel: (0543) 262382 - Heathkit model 10-12u laboratory and general purpose oscilloscope, over 20 years old and not in working order. Comes complete with manual, circuit diagrams and transformer and needs only two capacitors to get it working. Offers around $£ 35$. Please reply in writing to Timothy Wilson, 'Wilcote', High Street, Harwell, Didcot, Oxon OX11 OEX


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- Military equip: receivers R107, R109, TCS12, command sets including R28 ( $100-156 \mathrm{MHz}$ ), TCS12 transmitter, 38AFV set, command transmitters including T23 ( $100-156 \mathrm{MHz}$ ), 19 set PSU. Working or for spares. Also mounting bases, grilles, canvasses, manuals, spares etc for above equip. AR88D loudspeaker, other military receivers, transmitters, equipment etc considered. Can possibly collect. Tel: Tyneside (091) 4103706
- Cirćuits or copy of manual for Loran indicator and receiver APN4 (not operating instructions). Also circuits of indicators NO6A, NO6D, BC1151 and BC929A. J A Brown, 57 Mountbatten Road, Braintree, Essex CM7 6EY. Tel: (0376) 45023
- Drive motor for Telefunken KL85B reel to reel tape recorder, or complete non-working machine with serviceable motor. R Prior, 65 Town Green Road, Orwell, Royston SG8 5QJ. Tel: (0223) 207485 - Television magazine 1967-82, also new/used UHF tuner and sync panel for early Plessey dualstandard TV, ie RGD 622-5, Regentone 193-6, PetoScott TV960, Cossor CT1964/77-8, Defiant 9A48F56U, 3A54U-60U. JL Thomson, 56 Gannochy House, North Street, St Andrews, Fife KY16 9AJ. Tel: (050) 846364
- A pen pal with whom to trade hardware (cheap) and software (games). for Apple II computers. Nurudin Javeri, 17 Ch Vert, Vandoeuvres 1253, Geneva, Switzerland. Tel: 022/50 1096 - Wanted for HRO MX comms receiver: 1 PSU, 2 manual (for sale or to copy), reasonable offers made, can collect. Tel: (01) 6686845 (Purley) - Eddystone panoramic display unit type EP20 or EP17, working preferred but complete nonworking accepted. Can be collected in north-west. Cash paid. Also Tasco CWR 610E telereader, cheap. Tel: Ted, (0706) 218290 after 7pm
- National company original manuals and catalogues for all radio and associated equipment. Also Sinclair ZX80 computer. Tel: St Albans 39333 - Valve receivers, HRO National, Hammerlund, Hallicrafters, Collins, BC312, BC348, R390A etc. Valves: triode output like PX4, PP3/500, 300A, 350, early collectors valves etc. Early quality hi-fi such as Quad, Lowther, Leak, Radford, Tannoy, Ortofoh, Sugden, Decca, Wharfedale, Stentorian, Goodsell, Williamson, Pamphonic, Avantic etc. Compact wartime equipment and clandestine 'Spy-Sets' in any condition. Also manuals, accessories. Tel: John, (01) 8333008

Racal Syncal 20 watt transceiver. Good condition, sensible price. B J Whitty, 'Fourways', Morris Lane, Halsall, Ormskirk, Lancs L39 8SX. Tel: (0704) 840328

- Hitachi 2310ST cassette recorder, working or not. State price and p\&p. P Trayers, 6 Woodfield Rd, Bebington, Merseyside L63 3DX. Tel: (051) 334 5109
- PF2UB, SP400 or 401 speaker for FRDX400. B Hitchen, 31 Langham Road, Blackburn. Tel: (0254) 580983 after 6 pm
- Original microphone for KW Electronics KW 2000, and any old valve receivers/transmitters, working or not. A Nightingale, 'Amorique' Robergerie Road, St Sampsons, Guernsey, Channel Islands. Tel: (0481) 49112
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