

Mulval KOL Don Lee
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON





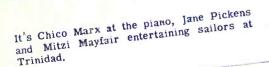


Red Cross workers with Jack Benny, Edgar Bergen and Charlie McCarthy after a broadcast for

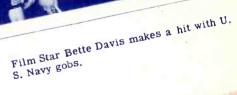
## MORALE BUILDERS

Uncle Sam's fighting men have no group of friends truer than the professional entertainers of radio, stage and screen. Whether it is a radio program, a personal appearance, a war bond drive, a benefit performance or a friendly visit—the entertainment stars are doing an "allout" job. On this page is a very small sample of the "morale builders" in action.

A Navy officer and an entertainer, Lt. Commander Eddie Peabody and his banjo, heard on many broadcasts.









Gayle Mellott draws a lucky number at the Servicemen's Hop.



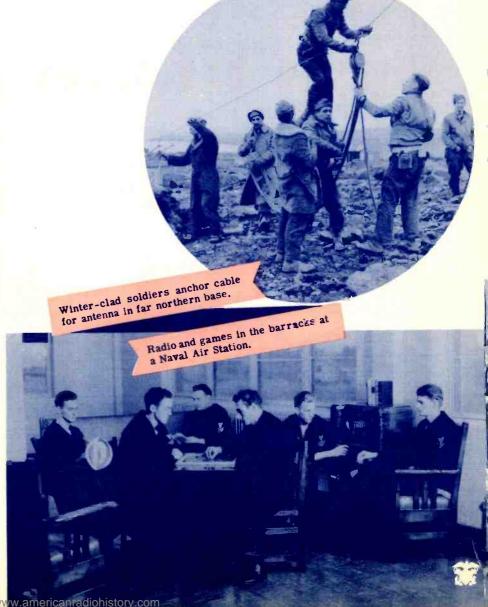


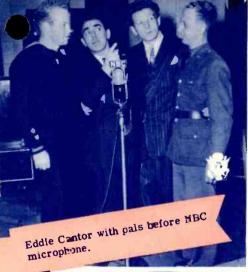




## KEEPING IN TOUCH

Wherever they are, in training or in action, U. S. fighting forces look to radio to maintain their association with "home" -- it may be the voice of a friend, word from the home town or news from the good, old U.S.A. It all serves the same purpose for the service men who have no intentions of losing contact with things that were familiar before the war interrupted their lives. Radio does this job, too.









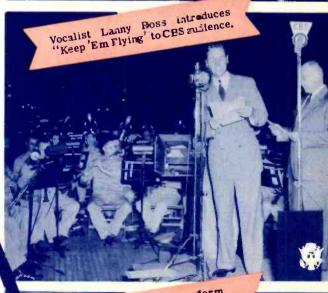


The famous team, Alfred Lunt and Lynn Fontaine face three network mikes.

# Z m O

## NETWORK WAR SHOWS

The major radio networks boast dozens of programs covering the war effort from every possible angle. Listeners are free to make a selection from a range of programs that extends from simple entertainment through dramatics, speeches, interviews, special events, educational features, news, discussions and commentaries. Thanks to radio, American listeners are supplied with every iota of war information not helpful to the enemy. The major networks play a leading role in this great public service. Herewith is a limited sample of network war programs.

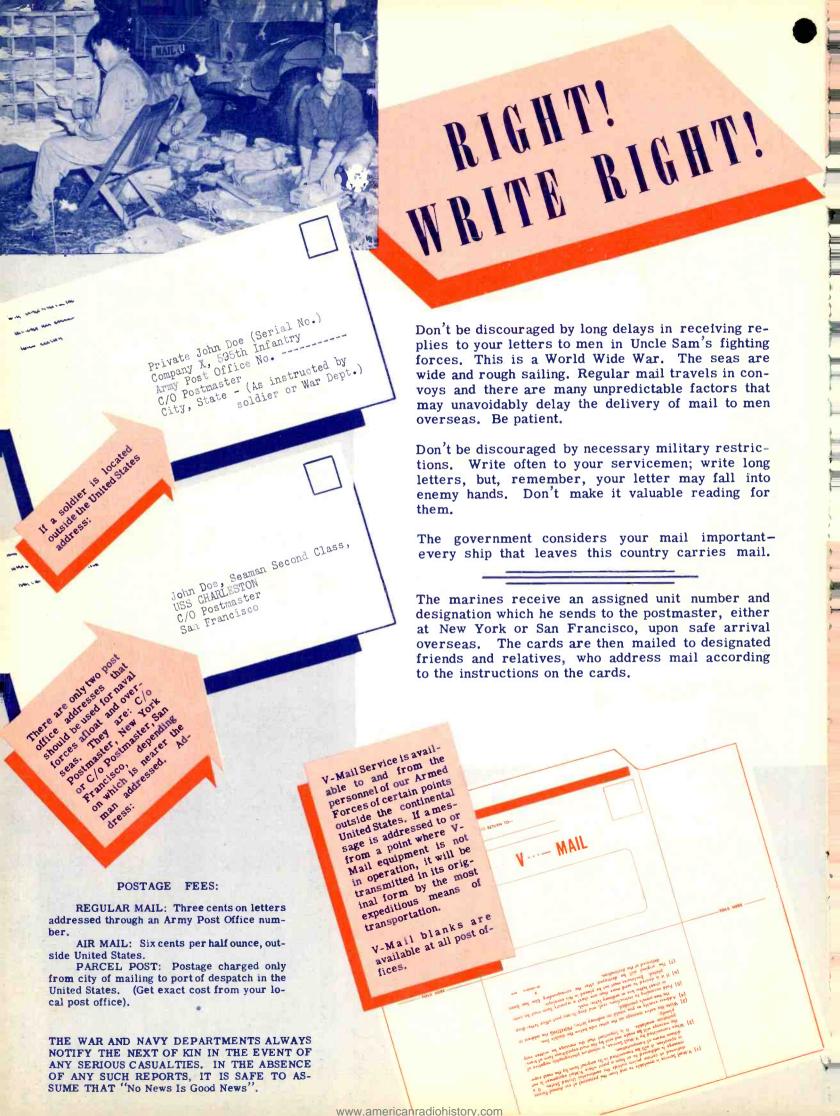


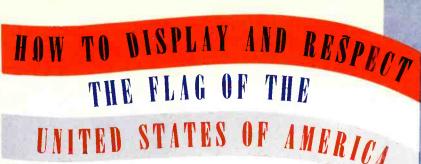
Romeo and Juliet for radio listeners as done by Gertrude Lawrence and Eddie Cantor.





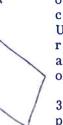








1--When flags of states or cities or pennants of societies are flown on the same halyard with the flag of the United States of America, the latter should always be at the peak. When flown from adjacent staffs the flag of the United States should be hoisted first and lowered last.



2--When displayed with another flag against a wall from crossed staffs, the Flag of the United States should be on the right (the flag's own right), and its staff should be in front of the staff of the other flag.

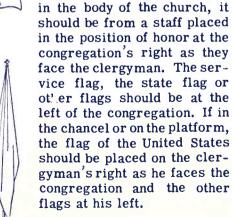


3--When used on a speaker's platform, whether indoors or out, the flag should never be reduced to the role of a mere decoration by being tied into knots or draped over the stand. For this purpose bunting should be used. The flag, if displayed, should be either on a staff or secured to the wall or back curtain behind the speaker with the union to the flag's right.

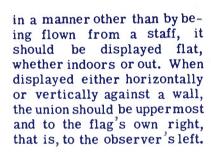


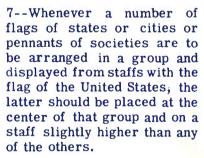
4--When flags of two or more nations are displayed together they should be flown from separate staffs of the same height and the flags should be of approximately equal size.

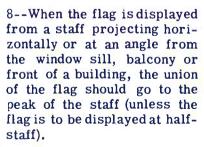
5--When the flag is displayed

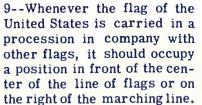


gyman's right as he faces the congregation and the other flags at his left.

















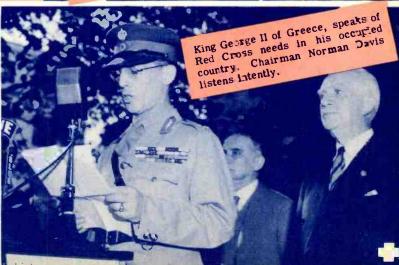


# AMERICAN RED CROSS

Keeping pace with the expanding needs of the vast war effort has been the solemn obligation of the American Red Cross. Again radio is doing its part to aid this great organization of mercy in its many vital endeavors, such as fund campaigns, blood banks, nurses' training, and many others. These photos show some of the Red Cross leaders, workers and friends as they appeared in radio broadcasts.







Cross program.

# OUR HONOR ROLL

name	Name
Entered Service	Entered Service
First Station	First Station
Prometions	Promotions
Service Record	Service Record
Decorations	- voor actoris
Discharged	
Name	
Entered Service	
First Station	and set vice
Promotions	Promotions
Service Record	Service Record
Decorations	Decorations
Pischarged	Discharged
	Garny Now and Man

ne Photos in this book were released for publication by the War and Navy Depart-



U. S. Army Signal Corps



Blue Network Photo



Official U.S. Navy Photo-



NBC Photo



American Red Cross Photo



Harrison and Ewing
Photo Photo



Official Photograph, U. S. Army Air Forces



Fort Bragg Photo



Official U.S. Marine Corps Photograph



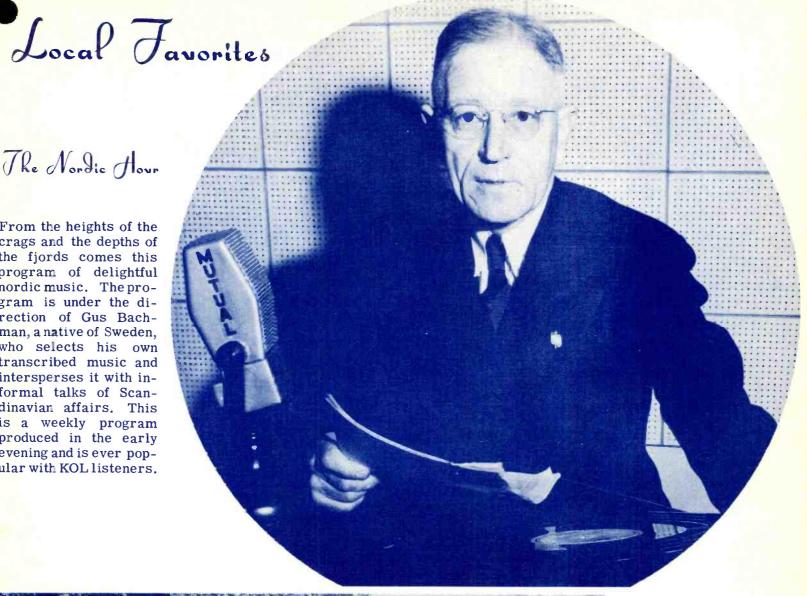
U.S.D.A. Photograph

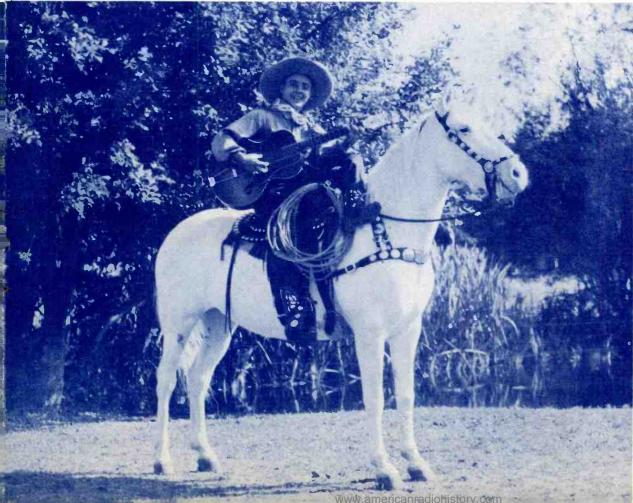
Compiled and edited by Brooks Watson. Published by National Radio Personalities, Peoria. Illinois.

Additional copies of this book may be obtained by sending 35¢ to the publishers, Peoria, Illinois.

The Nordic Hour

From the heights of the crags and the depths of the fjords comes this program of delightful nordic music. The program is under the direction of Gus Bachman, a native of Sweden, who selects his own transcribed music and intersperses it with informal talks of Scandinavian affairs. This is a weekly program produced in the early evening and is ever popular with KOL listeners.





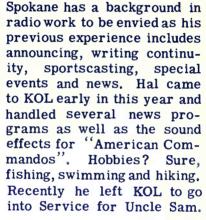
KOL's popular Arizona Joe is in the Navy. He joined on December 8, the day after Pearl Harbor.



# Mike Men

Below: Chief announcer WHEELER M. SMITH, Apple ton, Wisconsin, has been identified with radio since the industry was in knee britches. Wheeler has been with KOL since 1937, and, in the role of announcer, producer, or sound engineer, appears on many well known radio shows. He is married and has two daughters. Hobbies? Sailing his boat!





## Carroll Carter

Every weekday morning, Carroll Carter, home commentator, brings his program to KOL listeners. The program is an "over the fence" gossipy, homey fifteen minutes on most any subject of interest to the housewife. Carroll has appeared on the station's programs since 1941. He played football in college and his hobbies include his family orchestra, his electric organ, and sculpturing.

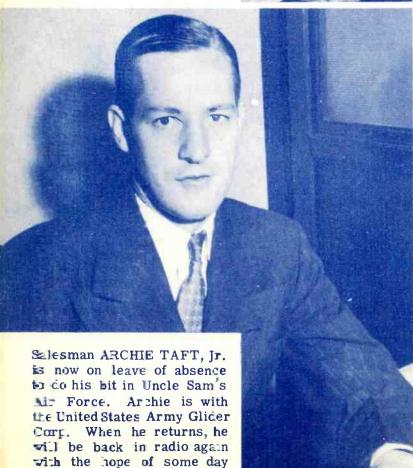
## Betty Low Shops for You

This is an every morning program of shopping information for the homemaker under the direction of KOL's director of women's activities, Gladys Stutfield. Mrs. Stutfield is a native Minnesotan and has two fine children.

# The KOL Commercial Department







owning his own station.



# RADIO INSTRUCTION









Each service stripe, worn on the left sleeve below the elbow, indicates completion of a four-year enlistment. After serving 12 years with good conduct, gold stripes are worn. Enlisted men's rating insignia become gold after completing three enlistments with good conduct. Red rating marks are worn on blue uniforms, blue marks are worn on white.







# ILS MARTINES INSIGNIA

OFFICERS' INSIGNIA OF RANK



LIEUTENANT



BRIGADIER













GENERAL

MAJOR GENERAL

GENERAL

COLONEL COLONEL

MAJOR

LIEUTENANT LIEUTENANT

WARRANT OFFICER





OFFICER



FIRST SERGEANT







ENLISTED



SERGEANT MAJOR

PLATOON SERGEANT

MASTER TECHNICAL SERGEANT

DEPARTMENTAL INSIGNIA

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS' INSIGNIA

TECHNICAL SERGEANT

STAFF

SERGEANT SERGEANT CORPORAL

PRIVATE FIRST CLASS

MAN







PAYMASTER'S



BRIG. GENERAL'S



AVIATION





ADJUTANT & INSPECTOR'S DEPT.



QUARTERMASTER'S DEPT.



DEPT.



AIDE



CADET



CHIEF GUNNER BAND LEADER





WARRANT OFFICER



OFFICER'S STEWARD CHIEF PETTY OFFICER







SHOULDER INSIGNIA

















REAR ADMIRAL

CAPTAIN COMMANDER LIEUT. LIEUTENANT

COMMANDER

LIEUT. (JG)

ENSIGN

CHIEF WARRANT

WARRANT

OFFICERS' SLEEVE INSIGNIA



REAR ADMIRAL





CAPTAIN COMMANDER LIEUT. LIEUTENANT LIEUTENANT (JG)





**ENSIGN** 



CHIEF WARRANT WARRANT



FIRST

CLASS



SECOND CLASS CADET











ENLISTED MEN'S SPECIALTY MARKS



MEN



GRAPHERS





PRINTERS COOKS, CARPENTER'S SHIP'S MATES

BAND ELECTRICIAN'S



CADETS SHOULDER INSIGNIA

FIRST SECOND CLASS

QUARTER-MASTERS

MEN

SIGNAL GUNNER'S SWAIN'S MATES

MATES, COXSWAINS

COMMIS-SARY STEWARDS

CIST'S MATES

PHARMA-

YEOMEN

www.americanradiohistory.com

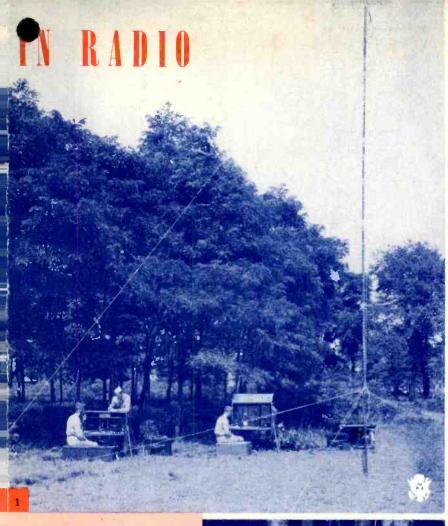
MATES, WATER **TENDERS** 

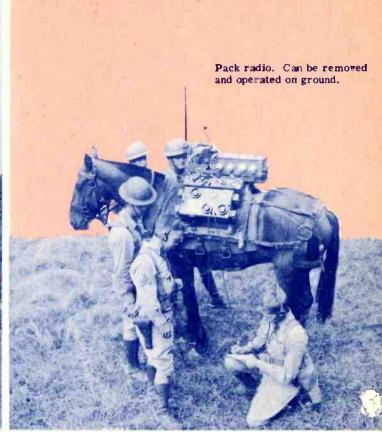
MACHINIST'S

MASTERS, MATES

CLASS







General View Field Transmitter, Power Unit and Antenna.

2

Battery of code keys at message center.

3

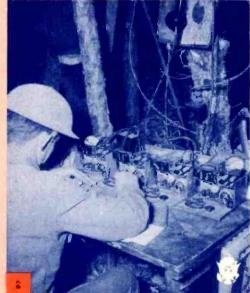
Radio-equipped Army Command Car.

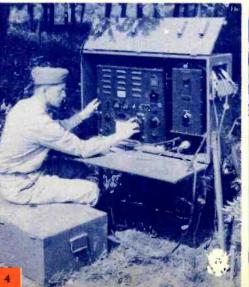
4

Close-up of Army Field transmitter.

5

Motorcycle and side-car equipped with Radio.









A MILITARY MISSION On April 5, 1942, the United States Army started a new

kind of military operation. For the first time in history, the War Department was directly sponsoring and producing a radio program with a definite military objective -- "The Army Hour". Since then, the official "Army Hour" has established itself as an integral part of the global fight of the United Nations against the Axis.

Through the "Army Hour", which is broadcast each Sunday, America and the whole world is getting a weekly view of the progress of the war and how it is being fought. The program reaches to all parts of the globe to tell the story of the United Nations fight, with buck privates telling their important role as prominently as the top-ranking military chiefs.



When listeners heard the chatter of machine guns, they were hearing live bullets fired by the gun crew in this photo. Radio microphones enabled the listener to hear also, the bullets striking the target.

> From the West Point air training field, the Army Hour introduced J. H. Weikert, Captain Donald Thur-Cadet Vincente Lim. mar and

> > Bill Stern, famous sports commentator, describes how it feels to look through a bomb sight and pull the release that will send bombs from U. S. planes to blast the enemy.

> > > broadcast is Art Feldman, the man who gives the signals and makes the check-ups on as high as 25 "switches" on a single program. He is in touch with each remote point, foreign or domestic, until each is off the air.













Naval cadets and sailors sing and play for radio audience.



A corner of the barracks serves as rehearsal room for this "jive" group.



All sergeams are not "hard-boiled". This one burlesques a "home-makers" hour discussing a topic of child apparel that doesn't seem to impress the roung admirers.



Soldiers fresh from field duty accompany Service Club worker in broadcast.



Padio network correspondents, wearing prescribed uniforms, report from maneuver areas.



Aviation cadets at Randolph Field have organized this Glee club for radio appearances.



Soldiers on duty in Washington, D.C. boast this Glee club.





Buddies gather 'round to enjoy some boogie woogie on a Service Club piano.



Maj. General Hugh Drum faces a battery of microphones.



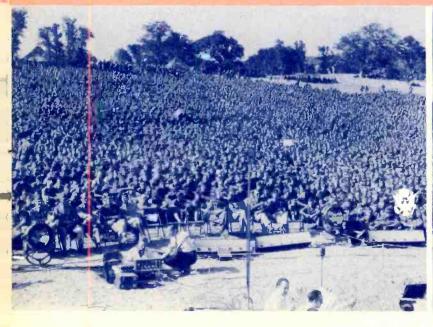
No spot is too tough for radio special events men. Here's one following the Army engineers during a river crossing.



Entertainment aboard ship enroute to Australia.



Sailors at Pensacola rehearse before broadcast.



A soldier audience at an open air broadcast as seen by performing artists.



The Famous U. S. Marine Corps Band heard on many broadcasts.

### INSIGNIA BRANCH \* \* OFFICERS' INSIGNIA OF RANK 公 WARRANT OFFI SECOND GENERAL LIEUT. MAJOR BRIG. GEN. COLONEL LIEUT. MAJOR CAPTAIN FIRST GENERAL GENERAL COLONEL LIEUT. LIEUT. CAP DEVICES WARRANT **ENLISTED** U. S. MILITARY OFFICERS' LAPEL OFFICERS AIR FORCE MAN ACADEMY WAAC **OFFICERS** COLLAR INSIGNIA **OFFICERS** CHAPLAINS (CHRISTIAN) WAAC ADJUTANT MAJOR AIR FORCES CAVALRY CHAPLAINS GENERAL (JEWISH) GENERAL INSPECTOR GEN. JUDGE ADVOCATE **INFANTRY** COAST **ENGINEERS** FIELD ARTILLERY FINANCE GENERAL STAFF ARTILLERY DEPARTMENT MEDICAL CORPS MEDICAL ADM. CHEMICAL NURSE CORPS MILITARY POLICE NAT'L GUARD ORDNANCE QUARTERMASTER WARFARE BUREAU CORPS SERVICE **OFFICERS** ARMORED WARRANT U. S. MILITARY ARMY BAND ARMY NOT MEMBERS FORCE CORPS **OFFICERS** ACADEMY TRANSP. CORPS SPECIALIST CORPS OF A BRANCH NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS' INSIGNIA MASTER TECHNICAL **TECHNICIAN** SERGEANT TECHNICIAN 4TH GRADE CORPORAL PRIVATE FIRST STAFF TECHNICIAN SERGEANT SERGEANT SERGEANT SERGEANT 3RD GRADE 5TH GRADE FIRST CLASS BREAST INSIGNIA PILOT SERVICE PILOT COMMAND PILOT SENIOR PILOT

NAVIGATOR

FLIGHT SURGEON

BOMBARDIER

**PARATROOPS** 

LIAISON PILOT

COMBAT OBSERVER

GLIDER PILOT

AIR CREW MEMBER

# J.A. ARMY

THE ARMIES

### THE GENERAL COMMANDS HEADQUARTERS HEADQUARTERS













GROUND FORCES SERVICE OF SUPPLY AIR FORCES

SERVICE COMMANDS



















ARMY CORPS





SECOND



THIRD













DIVISIONS



ELEVENTH

FIRST



TWELFTH







































































































































# APP Out! - NOL's Pledge of Cooperation 11 10

Associated yards launch a new ship

In step with the pace of the present national emergency, KOL arranges its broadcasts in a manner that will furnish the greatest number of listeners with informational programs of vital and timely interest. Such public service programs demand absolute coordination of local and national sources as well as careful programming to meet the demands of listeners working shifts "all around the clock."

War heroes reception at Boeing Field







Youth Makes a Record

This is a participating program which presents non-professional guest talent entertainment to the KOL audience. The winners are selected by mail-count vote. To the First Prize Winner goes \$10 in War Stamps; to the Second, \$5 in War Stamps. The show is under the direction of Elisabeth Leonard, and is emceed by the genial Wheeler Smith.

## Ray Daughters

One-two-one-two. . . . good morning... Yes, that is what KOL listeners will hear when they tune in on Ray Daughters' morning program... a wake up, set up, exercise program designed for the women listeners. Ray has directed physical education for many years and has produced champions in several sports fields. He now finds great pleasure in helping the enormous and unseen radio audience to keep fit.



# RADIO AT WAR

- ... In the present complex Total War, the mission of American Radio is to insure Democracy of survival and the world of a future peace with the security of the "Four Freedoms."
- They want to be convinced. Radio, a medium of mass communication, must service a conglomeration of races, creeds, political beliefs and backgrounds which make up the American people. These listeners fortunately can be reduced to a common denominator -- "the patriotic American" -- to be reached effectively in broadcasts ranging from the spot announcements to the national hour-long hook-up.
- ... No national or local problem, no matter how great or small, is being overlooked. Men have been recruited for our fighting forces, for federal service, war industries and farms; war bonds have been sold into the millions of dollars; rationing, salvage, nutrition, civilian defense, conservation and price control information have been explained.
- ... Meanwhile, we at home have been linked with our men overseas by an endless stream of broadcasts. And the Axis which cluttered the air with its bitter propaganda aimed at our destruction, is now fighting a defensive war on the international airways as American talent and genius assaults it with high-powered short-wave broadcasts.
- . . . Add to these tasks, the vast network of military radio communication now serving our fighting forces throughout the world and the important function of radio in our war effort is realized. The pictorial coverage on the following pages reveals but a mere fraction of these activities. But this story of American radio fighting voluntarily with every watt of its strength, to insure our nation of victory, reveals the significance of radio to the final outcome of the war. This important contribution is an achievement of Democracy.

YES

American Radio is in the war all the way. It shall not cease fighting until the war is won and a secure peace is assured.



... Behind our war effort is a vast organization known as "Our Government". This government is composed of many federal agencies and officials reflecting the policies of the President and Congress. These various agencies and individuals have important missions to accomplish which require widespread understanding and cooperation.

... In a Democracy - even at war - there is a limit to the effectiveness of regulations. In most instances, public acceptance must be secured. To reach our large population of 130,000,000, no medium is more effective than radio.

. . . And radio, alert to its vital role in this part of the war effort, is generously contributing its facilities, its time, and its trained personnel to serve the government and our people.

## OW RADIO HELPS

The Record:

NATIONAL

U.S. Army U. S. Navy U. S. Civil Service Maritime Commission U. S. Employment Service American Red Cross War Production Board Office of Price Administration U.S. Treasury U. S. O. Department of Agriculture Office of Price Administration War Production Board Federal Security Agency Office of Civilian Defense Department of Labor Office of Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs

War Production Board Department of Agriculture

Department of Agriculture Department of the Interior Department of Agriculture Department of Interior Department of Agriculture

National Park Service Department of Interior

Recruiting for Armed Forces Recruiting for Navy, Marines, Merchant Marine and Coast Guard Recruiting for War Production Workers Recruiting for Shipyards Workers Recruiting for War Factory Specialists Recruiting for Nurses, Nurses Aids, etc. **Production Drive Information** Price Control Information Sale of War Bonds & Stamps Campaigns for Funds Food Conservationing, Rationing Gas Rationing Rubber and Scrap Salvage National Nutrition Drive Air Raid Precautions Child Welfare in Wartime Information on other American Republics

Conservation of Electric Power Conservation of Household Equipment REGIONAL

Grain Storage Reclamation Campaign Relief for Farm Labor Shortage Promotion of Power Programs Promotion of supply of farm products vital to war Forest Fire Prevention Mine Service

Each local area can add scores of items to this imposing list.

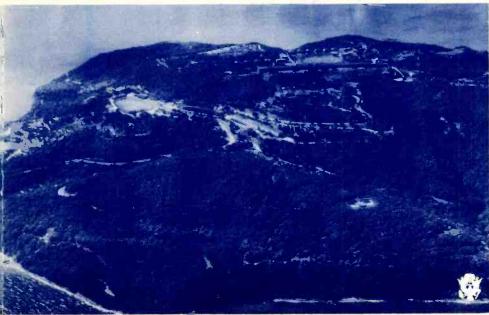
# RADIO AT CORREGIDOR

The story of Bataan and Corregidor is truly one of the great epics of our military history. Blockaded and doomed, American and Filipino troops fought side by side against the Invader until their last ounce of energy was consumed. Communications were mainly by radio. Although subject to continuous bombardment, troops sought relief from the pressure of war by listening to short-wave broadcasts. From here, too, came the final heart-breaking radio message announcing the defeat. . . a message tapped out by a young Signal Corps wireless operator which shocked the American people into a resolve that they would not cease fighting until the Japanese Army is destroyed and victory is ours!

## THE LAST MESSAGE

While shells were falling all around, and rifles were being smashed to keep them from the Japanese, 22-year-old Irving Strobing of Brooklyn, with the Army at Corregidor, herocially remained at his radio transmitter, flashing out the series of poignant messages that announced the fall of the island fortress on May 5th, 1942. "They have got us all around and from the skies. From here it, looks like firing ceased on both sides. The white flag is up. Everyone is bawling like a baby.....





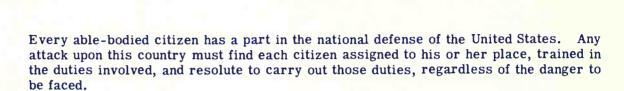
"Corregidor used to be a nice place"



The last man to leave Corregidor, Lt. Col. Carlos P. Romulo of the Philippine Army, speaks to a nation-wide radio audience.



Mrs. Roosevelt looks on as Surgeon General James Magee pins cations on some of the U.S. Army nurses who escaped from Bataan.



Thousands of United States communities have organized and trained efficient Civilian Defense units and have conducted tests, drills and exhibitions to determine that each cog in the vital machinery of wardens, police, firemen, nurses, etc., will be capable of meeting any emergency.

Only with the complete cooperation and support of those whom Civilian Defense is designed to serve and protect, can it operate smoothly and efficiently. You will recognize the Civilian Defense Workers by these insignia.



CIVILIAN

- 1. DECONTAMINATION CORPS
- 2. FIRE WATCHER

DEFENSE

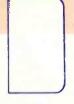
- 3. AUXILIARY POLICE
- 4. RESCUE SQUAD
- 5. NURSES' AIDE CORPS
- 6. DEMOLITION AND CLEARANCE CREW
- 7. AIR RAID WARDEN
- 8. MEDICAL CORPS
- 9. BOMB SQUAD
- 10. DRIVERS CORPS
- 11. AUXILIARY FIREMAN
- 12. ROAD REPAIR CREW
- 13. EMERGENCY FOOD AND HOUSING CORPS
- 14. MESSENGER
- 15. STAFF CORPS

# HOW TO DISTINGUISH NATIONALITY OF

AIRCRAFT

Civilian air raid spotters will have no difficulty distinguishing Axis planes from those of the United Nations if memorize the they illustrated markings here.











UNITED STATES ARMY Wing and Fuselage--Blue disk with white star Rudder -- No identification

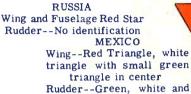
UNITED STATES NAVY Wing and Fuselage -- Blue disk with white star Rudder -- No identification GREAT BRITAIN, R. A. F. Wing--Blue circle, white circle with red center Rudder -- No identification; vertical red, white and blue stripes on fin















**GERMANY** Wing--Black cross Rudder--Black swastika circled in red field





ITALY Wing--Roman fasces, yellow in white disk Rudder--Green, white and red vertical stripes with royal arms in center







# AIR WARNING

In cooperation with local patriotic organizations, radio has assumed an active role in enrolling a corps of 500,000 to 600,000 civilian volunteers to serve in the Air Warning Service of the Army Air Corps.

Night and day, these specially-trained men and women stand guard on the roofs of their homes, in the towers of churches and skyscrapers, on prairies, farms and fields and beaches.

They watch for the speck -- at night they listen for the hum of a motor -- that may be an enemy plane. Their alarm sends into action an amazing organization that enables RADIO to warn the civilian population. Simultaneously, the warning is flashed to industry, home guards, police, fire departments, civilian defense officials.

In case of an actual air raid, your radio station will go off the air so as not to aid in guiding enemy aircraft to their targets, but not until after a calm, concise announcement of the impending danger.

When the "all clear" is sounded, your radio will resume operation.



This is a scene in an Air Warning Service Information Center where trained volunteers are able to plot the course of an enemy airplane on the huge sample Operations board.

# VOLUNTEERS WANTED

The Air Warning Service is operated under the supervision of the U.S. Army Air Forces. Civilian enrollees are still needed in some areas. Applications should be made to the nearest branch of the State Defense Council





Reporting by radio from concealed command car. Note transmitter key on radio operator's thigh.



# tions BY RADIO

OUR fighting forces throughout the world are linked to Command Headquarters in Washington by a vast network of military communication. Messages are necessarily sent in code -- for in them are the secrets of our future military operations. Our system of radio stations in the United States has been a reservoir which provided our Army and Navy with thousands of skilled specialists who now maintain our important lines of military radio communication. Meanwhile, the services are training thousands of additional men for radio duty on land, on the sea, and in the air. Today, radio is the nerve system of our military might. Crackling messages over the airways will carry the signal of the last great offensive and the first news of the final defeat of our enemies.





Some of the delicate radio equipment in a Navy radio room.

Radioman receiving message on U. S. Bat-tleship.



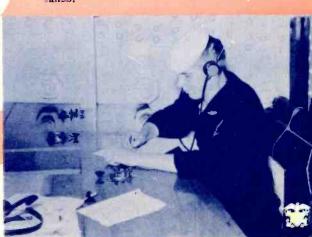
The Watch Below! Firemen report burner control readings.

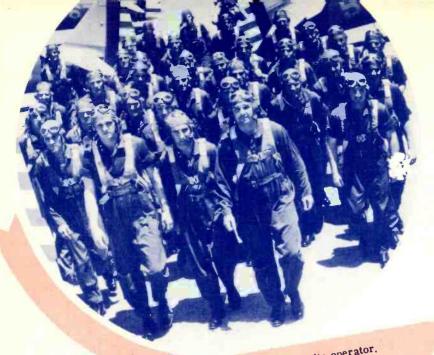


In the operational radio control of a Naval Air Station.



Nava radio operators help to guard the sea





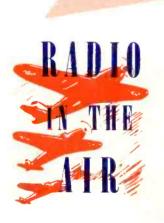
Every one a radio operator.

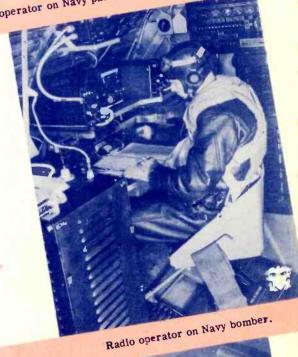


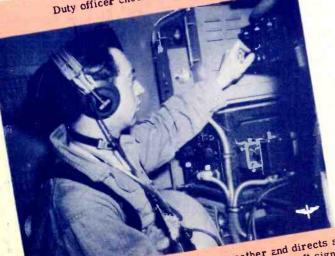
Radio operator on Navy patrol blamp on anti-submarine duty.



Duty officer checking flight board after flight.







Coast patrol radio man keeps tabs on weather and directs surface ships to scene of disasters; keeps wary eye for enemy aircraft signals.



"Blind flying" by radio im ground school trainer.