

PONSORS' SHOW WINDOW (second of a series: see page 4)

What agencies think of station reps • The Association problem Listerine loves company • Twenty years of bakery advertising

WWVA-The Friendly Voice and this is from Wheeling, West Virginia

> WWVA is happy to join CBS on June 15th ... adding an even greater effectiveness to the now complete coverage of the 500,000 Radio Families<sup>\*</sup> in the heart of the thriving steel and coal belt of the nation.

\* To be exact: BMB audience to WWVA 500,170 Families - Day 480,560 Families - Night

This is CBS

The Columbia Broadcasting

W V A

AFTER JUNE 15th

11

10

FORT INDUSTRY STATION

50,000 WATTS

WHEELING, W.

WVA

VA.

# TS...SPONSOR REPORTS...

APRIL 1947

1

### ALL MAJOR CIGARETTES USING SPOT

Every major cigarette company will have a national spot campaign in full bloom within 90 days. Trend toward spot in tobacco field has been quickened by Lucky Strike plans of American Tobacco Company which will pour about \$1,000,000 into local station breaks during one six-week period.

-SR-

TOO MUCH AIR ADVERTISING? Letters to CBS's "Time for Reason: About Radio!" (William Paley's report to the people about condition of broadcasting) indicate that one-third of program's listeners object to "too much advertising," one-quarter to singing commercials, one-sixth to repetitious and aggressive commercials. Very small percentage object to what they believe to be dishonest claims.

-SR-

SPECIALS BOOST ALL LISTENING When Margaret Truman brought 15,000,000 listeners to "Sunday Evening Hour" (ABC), raising its rating from 2.7 to 18, she did more than just bring them to her air debut. Walter Winchell who followed her jumped almost 4,000,000 in audience also, increasing rating from 22.6 to 26.5. "The Clock," sustaining program before Miss Truman, doubled its audience. They tuned in early to wait for President's daughter. Goes to prove that well-publicized attraction can bring dialers to any network or station and that one stellar attraction helps increase entire evening's audience. -SR-

FIRST FM NET Continental Network, FM's first exclusive land-line linking of stations, had 4-station baptism on March 26 with Army Air Forces Band Symphony as attraction.

-SR-"SILVER THEATER" Instead of using motion picture stars for summer replacement for "Ozzie & Harriet," International Silver Company will assign leading roles to eastern radio personalities. Replacement will still be called "Silver Theater." -SR-

LOCAL PROMOTION UPS LISTENING 900 PER CENT As test of what happens when something extra is added to broadcast, N. W. Ayer surveyed Jenkintown-Springfield suburb of Philadelphia, during a "Campus Quiz" originating there and aired over station WFIL. While program received 3.3 rating in Philadelphia itself, it received 30.9 in originating area where Quiz was locally promoted. As added bonus, local sponsor identification was 85.7, which is nearly tops. Sponsor is Supplee Sealtest Dairy.

-SR-

THAT "VOX POP"Disagreement between Parks Johnson, owner of "Vox Pop," and Young<br/>and Rubicam, advertising agency for Lipton's tea and soups, is<br/>based upon commercials interrupting program and thus slowing down

## S... SPONSOR REPORTS ... SPONSOR REP

pace. Program's rating has been slipping and Johnson attributed slump to commercials in wrong places. Other sponsors who have traveling shows get around "slow down" by having commercials aired from network studios so, only air audience hears it, while program continues uninterrupted for live audience. If air commercial isn't heard by live audience latter doesn't have to be pepped up all over again after it. (McCann-Erickson made tests to discover what happens when program's mood is interrupted during broadcast before deciding what to do with commercials on Ted Malone program. Result: they are picked up in New York, not at point of broadcast.)

-SR-

BMB FINDS ITS RATINGS INFLATED Special survey made by Al Politz for Broadcast Measurement Bureau indicates that BMB station ratings from 15 down may actually be inflated as much as 50 per cent. Average BMB rating is actually five BMB points higher than it should be, according to Politz, which means that high BMB standings are inflated proportionately very little. Station with a 93 BMB was shown to have 88 rating in Politz "true probability sample." The station with a 10 BMB was also found to be overrated 5 BMB points, which in its case was 50 per cent inflation. BMB sample produced higher ratings because voluntary returns are usually from fans who are interested in radio. BMB had check made by Politz to determine margin of error in BMB findings.

-SR-

BASEBALL SPONSORS SYMPHONY

Baseball, usually on receiving end of sponsor cash, is changing its colors and itself becoming sponsor. Starting Monday, April 14, New York Yankee Baseball Club will sponsor 55 minutes of symphonic music over "New York Times" station WQXR. Yankees' President Larry McPhail states that daily broadcasts will emphasize part baseball plays in American scene.

-SR-

NETS WON'T UNDERWRITE NRI RATING RELEASE The four networks will not accept proposition made to them by Arthur Nielsen, which would lead to Nielsen Radio Index figures being made industry property instead of confidential as at present. Next step toward giving industry Nielsen ratings for its daily operations will come from NRI itself.

-SR-

EMPLOYEE RELATIONS VIA TRANSCRIPTION Sonoco Products Company of Hartsville, South Carolina, is broadcasting program called "My Town" over number of local stations. Program is unique since it's not geared to sell Sonoco products but to sell company to own employees. Program is story of typical employee family. Cast is professional and program transcribed in New York.

# here's 🗙 🗙 🛠 Hennessey

...WSYR's irresistible, profitable and *sponsorable* salesman





Sleepyheads wake np and whistle...commuters laugh away their morning fog...daybreakers from Watertown to Watkins get up on the funny side of bed when Frank Hennessey starts his sunrise shenanigans! As WSYR's skylarking *Timekeeper* of the early-morning hours, he mixes music and musings in a bright way that has brought him over 30,000 letters from listeners in six months.



No microphone novice, Frank Hennessey is the airwayes bugler who reached half the G.I.'s in Central Enrope via Radio Munich's 200,000 watts. Before the war, he was farm editor of WWL in New Orleans. He's an expert on the buying habits of both farm and eity wagecarners. Best of all. he knows the people who hold the billion-dollar purse-strings of WSYR's prosperous 17-connty area\*-and their loyal preference for his products proves it.

## 🛠 HENNESSEY IS SPONSORABLE:

Listeners keep asking for more and more of Hennessey's gay patter—so WSYR has built a new 12:30-12:45 P.M. show (with a Pulse rating of 9.1) around this three-star salesman! Here's a prime buy for some market-wise advertiser. (Also, now and then, you might find a 10 or 15minute strip available on the *Timekeeper's* morning show.) Typical of WSYR's smart daylong programming, Hennessey is the man who can wake up big Central New York State to your product. Better call us or Headley-Reed about him right away!

\*BMB calls it 22.



570 kc. — 5000 watts Our 25th Year NBC in Central New York Represented by Headley-Reed

WTRY, Albany-Troy-Schenectady, & WELI, New Haven, are also H. C. Wilder Stations

## APRIL 1947

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Published monthly by SPONSOR PUBLICATIONS INC. Executive, Editorial, and Advertising Offices: 40 West 52 Street, New York 19, N. Y. Telephone: Plaza 3-6216. Publication Offices: 5800 North Mervine Street, Philadelphia 41, Pa. Subscriptions: United States \$5 a year; Canada \$5.50. Single copies 50c. Printed in U, S. A. Copyright 1947 by SPONSOR PUBLICATIONS INC.

President and Publisher: Norman R. Glenn. Secretary-Treasurer: Elaine C. Glenn. Editor: Joseph M. Koehler. Associate Editor: Frank Bannister. Art Director: Robert Lathrop. Advertising Department: Edwin D. Cooper (Pacific Coast-157 North Hamel Drive, Beverly Hills, Calif.). Circulation: Milton Kaye.

COVER PICTURE: Sponsors' Show Window: second of a series. These are grocery and drug advertisers on Mutual Broadcasting System.

4PPLAUSE

#### TRIBUTE TO A GOOD SPORT

Radio stations, sports announcers, university athletic directors, executives of athletic clubs, over 400 strong, will pay tribute to a sponsor on April 21. The advertiser is The Atlantic Refining Company, which has underwritten broadcasts of over 2,200 football and 10,000 baseball games. The sports broadcasts have not been without their commercial results, but Atlantic has never gone beyond the bounds of good taste in its advertising copy to promote sales. That radio has decided to pay tribute to the company is worthy of applause. All the 10 station men who make up the committee under the chairmanship of Frank R. Smith of WWSW rate a solid hand. They're Edward D. Clery, WIBG; Leon Levy, WCAU; R. C. Maddux, WOR; Clair R. McCollough, Steinman Stations; William B. McGrath, WHDH; John Shepard, III, Yankee Network; E. S. Whitlock, WRNL; Col. H. C. Wilder, WSYR; and Ernest B. Loveman, WPTZ.

#### WBKB LEADS IN TV PUBLIC RELATIONS

Though New York has three television stations in operation and Chicago has but one, the latter has accomplished more in achieving newspaper acceptance of the medium than the two major networks and DuMont, the three New York station operators. Every newspaper in the Windy City is carrying TV schedules right along with its radio program listings. Balaban and Katz's public relations department brought the last newspaper, *The Chicago Sun*, into line in March.

#### ADVERTISING AGENCY PUBLIC SERVICE

Platt-Forbes, advertising agency, stepped out of the groove recently when it sent stations and sponsors a booklet titled *Four Billion Ears*, the result of long years of experience with news programs over hundreds of stations. It outlined, for all who would take 10 minutes off to read it, a basis for good news. programing. That's public service by an advertising agency

#### GOOD FOR CHILDREN

When a commercial program has won an award there is a tendency to coast along on its award-winning. General Foods' *House of Mystery* (MBS), as produced by Olga Druce for Benton & Bowles, hasn't rested on its laurels. Week after week it's been adding to its juvenile audience until now it has reached an 8.2 Hooper rating (March 15). This program is a thriller but embodies no action that can't be explained logically and factually. The child listener is not left on a jag of suspense and excitement although he is absorbed while listening. (Station KF1 in Los Angeles has joined in the "murder is not for children" thinking and shifts all gore to after 8 p.m.)

#### FOREIGN-LANGUAGE LISTENERSDONATE ... AND HOW

While much publicity is given networks' and big stations' raising money for polio fund, it's noteworthy that Generoso Pope's foreign-language operation, station WHOM, gathered \$10,445.87 from listeners for fund. "We used all our languages to raise this contribution," Mr. Pope remarked when he presented check to Basil O'Connor, head of National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis.

# MR. SPONSOR... (Advertising Agency or Client) TRY SENDING THIS COUPON

We've got a million dollar idea waiting for you . . . and you can have it for 3c. (Isn't that the way you say it in your ads?)

Well, anyway . . . we've got another idea that will make some sponsor as happy as Philco is with Philco Radio Time, starring Bing Crosby. Behind this idea there's a powerhouse of original experience and knowledge, plus an expert creative and producing staff. True, we can tell you a lot about what it takes to get a big league rating with a transcribed show. But this idea can be *live or transcribed* . . . makes no difference.

We'd like to tell you about it. And about our facilities for radio show production. We promise you it's worth the 3c stamp and there's no obligation.

"Mail the coupon today."

# BING CROSBY ENTERPRISES

H O L L Y W O O D C A L I F O R N I A

EVERETT N. CROSBY Bing Crosby Enterprises Hollywood 46, California
Alright, tell me about your "Million Dollar Idea," live or transcribed. Remember, you said, "no obligation."
Name
Street
City Statz .

\_\_\_\_

.

Remember the story about...





AND THE THORN?



That story is an oldie that has come down through countless years. And it's just as true today. Whether it refers to the manarch of the jungle or to radio. It's certainly true in Washington. For if ever there was a tharn in the side of the big boys... it's WWDC. Known as the salesresult station, our call letters are showing up on more and more lists. We've gat sales success stories galore. Glad to show them to you any time.



WR. SPONSOR:

### W. Alton Jones President, Cities Service Company

A lton Jones heads the Cities Service industrial empire, yet he never gets too far away from the fact that originally it was the radio program of the organization that removed the stock promotion taint from its operations. He was in the wings on the night in 1927 when the Cities Service Hour, NBC's first big network account, was broadcast for the first time. As chairman of the executive committee he believed then that a program of semiclassical music could sell a trade name and the products associated with it. Twenty years later, now president of the corporation, grown to a \$250,000,000 organization, he knows that broadcasting can do the selling job—at least he's certain that it did it for Cities Service. On the recent (February 21) 20th anniversary broadcast he once again stood in the wings happy to see his baby almost come of age.

Cities Service advertising department spends half of its \$1,500,000 annual budget in radio. And despite the fact that there has been a great deal of pressure at different times to cut down the air's percentage of the advertising dollar, Jones has never permitted the cut. The network now (77 stations) is the biggest in Cities Service history.

Jones knows that the only way to assure consumer acceptance of new products is through consistent week-byweek selling of the company's name. Today, instead of the show being called *Cities Service Hour*, it's the *Cities Service Highways in Melody* to emphasize the fact that everything that Cities Service sells is related to the highways of America.

Pied Piper on a Platter

### RUSH HUGHES ATTRACTS ST. LOUIS' MOST ENTHUSIASTIC AUDIENCE FOUR TIMES DAILY ON KXOK .....

Here's a modern Pied Piper whose genial radio personality "pipes" listeners into KXOK . . . and customers into stores . . . every weekday at 12 noon, 1 p.m., 4 p.m., and 6 p.m. Rush Hughes' interesting, informal way of presenting latest recordings, backed up with frequent live interviews with such visiting bandsmen as Jimmy Dorsey, Count Basie, Frankie Carle and others, is a big reason why KXOK's vast audience is on the increase. A few participation announcements are now available. Write, wire, or telephone KXOK's Sales Department or a John Blair station representative.

> Rush Hughes is just one KXOK programming high-light. Others include Weathercasts, Complete News Coverage, Safety-Courtesy Driver Campaign, and Town and Country. All these... plus ABC's top network shows... plus a complete, well-rounded promotion program, are what make people want to listen to KXOK

### ST. LOUIS 1, MISSOURI — BASIC ABC STATION 630 KC • 5000 WATTS • FULL TIME

Owned and Operated by the St. Louis Star-Times For complete details, contact your John Blair representative. The Smart Money Station

for

St. Louis 1,460,347 people

is

### KXLW

the Golden Circle Station

Forjoe will tell you

8



The American Broadcasting Company is the only network to win three 1947 awards and a plaque from the College of the City of New York's School of Business Administration. Its promotion of Bingsday, its presentation of *Hiroshima* and its "creation" of the *Henry Morgan Show*, all were winners.

Other CCNY awards went to Kenyon and Eckhardt for its promotion of Borden's Country Fair, to station WFIL for its production of Abbotts Dairies' Teen Age Time and promotion of the Louis-Conn fight, to WGN for its commercial-spotcarrying vehicle, Baker's Spotlight, to Rich's Department Store for its Radio School, to station WGAR for its Footlights Forum, and to station KGFJ for two programs, The Law Is Your Servant and If They Had Lived.

"All-over station promotion" awards went to stations WNHC, KMBC and WLW. Public service promotion won for stations KTHT, KLZ and WFAA. Tributes for "commercial promotion" went to stations WFIL and KECA.

Other awards went to J. M. Mathes for Canada Dry Sparkle Time, to the Western NBC Network for Name Your Music, to station WEEI for Sex Guidance for Youth, to Harry S. Goodman for Weather Forecast Jingles and Banner & Greif for promotion of Professor Quiz.

Besides ABC, plaques went to Kenyon and Eckhardt and stations KGFJ, WFIL and WLW. Presentations will be made at CCNY's Third Annual Radio and Business Conference, April 22 and 23.

"So You Want To Be a Disk Jockey" is the title under which KFWB's Bill Anson is building listener interest in his platter spinnings. Tryouts include reading a couple of commercials and introducing a few disks. If the listening audience likes the aspirant to disk jockey fame, he receives a two week contract from KFWB and the world from then on may be his oyster. Anson and KFWB are winning a new following with the promotion.

Mrs. Hush reaction was negative although the stunt gathered points in the rating column for *Truth or Consequences* and money for the polio fund. Listeners protested when they discovered the mystery voice was Clara Bow's. Objections were all based upon the fact that Miss Bow (Mrs. Rex Bell) had never been a talking picture star and that no one could therefore have been expected to remember or identify her

voice. This was the one bug in Ralph Edwards' second annual Hush stunt.

Esso executives and "Sky Merchant" at KWKH party. To celebrate the first anniversary of the Esso Reporter over Shreveport's KWKH, the Standard Oil of New Jersey and Marschalk and Pratt (Esso agency) executives turned out for a luncheon. The four-engined transport, "Sky Merchant," converted into a display room by Esso's affiliate, Atlas Tire Company, flew down to Shreveport and was used for a broadcasting studio for the anniversary party. Luncheon also served to celebrate conclusion of KWKH's dealer-contact drive during which the station distributed point-of-sale material to over 500 Esso dealers.

Sixty-nine storecasts per week are aired in 30 Baltimore Markets (Philadelphia) public cizing station WFIL. The station and its newspaper parent, the *Philadelphia Inquirer*, also furnish hourly newscasts over the public address systems in the stores.

Listeners are urged to break "bad habits" in an article by NBC's Margaret Cuthbert in Today's Woman Magazine, for April. Says Miss Cuthbert, "The grab-bag listener short changes herself on time, but the intelligent listener makes listening pay dividends."

Chicago knows the TV programs it wants. Station WBKB has discovered that it doesn't matter where the television receiver is located, in pub or home, the owner has his ideas on what he wants the receiver to bring him. More than 50 per cent of the Windy City set owners returned questionnaires with the "programs desired" section filled out in detail. The material is being compiled now and will be released to sponsors, agencies, and viewers.

The No. 1 citizen of Burlington, lowa, G. B. McDermott, manager of KBUR. McDermott was so voted by the city's American Business Club and landed on the first page of the Burlington Hawk-Eye Gazette as a result.

Perry Como, the "Chesterfield Supper Club" singer is now a columnist, scribbling a radio feature for *Morie Play*. More work by and for his press agent.

(Please turn to page 36)

# new and renew

### New National Spot Business

SPONSOR	PRODUCT	AGENCY		PROGRAM, start, duration
American Tobacco Co.	Lucky Strike Clgarettes	Foote, Cone & Belding	Approx 950 (Incl KBS stations)	15-sec transcribed chain breaks; Apr 7; 6 wks
John H. Breck, Inc.	Hair products	Charles Sheldon	3 (IBS)	1-hr transcribed symphony; Mar 13; 13 wks
Carr-Consolidated Biscult Co.	Bakery products	Lynn-Fleldhouse	25	15-min transcribed musical show; winter-spring series 17 wks, fail series 13 wks
Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co.	Veto deodorant	Ted Bates	300	1-min live, transcribed announcements; Mar 31; 26 wks
Doubleday & Co., Inc.	Literary Guild	Huber Hoge	10 (15 to be added)	Transcribed program; Mar 4; 13 wks
Flotill Products, Inc.	Tomato products	Al Paul Lefton	9	5-30 min Italian language programs in 4 major mar- kets; Mar 8; 5 wks
Garrett & Co.	Wine	Ruthrauff & Ryan	150	Transcribed announcements, station breaks; some 5-10-15-min news, music, sports programs
General Foods Corp.	Baking powder	Young & Rubicam	6	Transcribed hilbilly music; Apr 1; 39 wks
Gulf Oil Corp.	Gulfspray	Young & Rublcam		Transcribed series; May 21; 20 wks
Oakite Products, Inc.	Household cleanser	Calkins & Holden	15	Live announcements; about Mar 26; 10-13 wks
O'Sullivan Rubber Corp.	Rubber heels	Justin Funkhouser	104	1-mln transcribed announcements; Mar 10
Park & Tilford	Tintex	Charles Storm	230	Live and transcribed announcements; Feb 24; 13 wks
Sunshine Blscult Co.	Krispy Krackers	Newell-Emmett	67	Transcribed announcements; May 1; 13 wks
United Fruit Co.	Bananas	BBD&O	1 20	1-min transcribed announcements; Mar 17; 52 wks

### New On Networks

SPONSOR	AGENCY	NET	STATION	S PROGRAM, time, start, duration
American Tobacco Co.	Foote, Cone & Beiding	NBC	154	Your Hit Parade; Sat 9-9:30 pm; Apr 26
American Transit Association	Owen & Chappell	MBS	47	Buildog Drummond; Fri 9:30-10 pm; Feb 28; 52 wks (Replaces Spotlight on America)
General Mills, Inc.	Dancer-Fitzgerald-Sample	ABC	-	Famous Jury Trials; Sat 8-8:30 pm; Jun 7; 52 wks Green Hornet; Tu 7:30-8 pm; Jun 3; 52 wks
Manhattan Soap Co.	Duane Jones	NBC	36	Katle's Daughter; MTWTF 10-10:15 am; Mar 31; 52 wks
McLoughlin & Co.	Sherman & Marquette	NBC	7	Manor House Party; MTWTF 7:30-7:45 pm; Mar 1; 13 wks
Metropolltan Life Insurance Co	o. Young & Rublcam	CBS	48	Erlc Sevareld & The News; MTWTF 6-6:15 pm; Feb 17; 52 wks
Revere Camera Co.	Roche, Williams & Cleary	MBS	18	Jan August & Piano; Sat 5:45-6 pm; Feb 15; 52 wks
Taylor-Reed Corp.	Ruthrauff & Ryan	MBS	55	Hop Harrigan; MTWTF 5-5:15 pm; Feb 3; 52 wks
(Fifty-two weeks generally means a	13-week contract with options for 3	3 successio	e 13-week rone	wals. It's subject to cancellation at the end of any 13-week period)

### Renewals On Networks

SPONSOR	AGENCY	NET	STATION	NS PROGRAM, time, start, duration
Equitable Life Assurance Society	Warwick & Legler	ABC	197	This is Your FBI; Fri 8:30-9 pm; Apr 4; 52 wks
General Foods Corp.	Benton & Bowles Young & Rubicam	NBC NBC	76 87	When a Girl Marries; MTWTF 5-5:15 pm Portia Faces Life; MTWTF 5:15-5:30 pm
General Mills, Inc.	Dancer-Fltzgeraid-Sample	ABC	67 (246 eff. Sep 1, 1947)	Lone Ranger; MWF 7:30-8 pm; Jun 1; 52 wks
S. C. Johnson & Son, Inc.	Needham, Louis & Brorby	NBC	143	Fibber McGee and Molly; Tu 9:30-10 pm; 52 wks
Frank H. Lee Co.	William H. Weintraub	ABC	219	Drew Pearson; Sun 6-6:15 pm; Mar 2; 104 wks
Noxzema Chemical Co.	Sullivan, Stauffer, Colwell & Bayles	CBS	145	Mayor of the Town; Sat 8:30-8:55 pm; Mar 8; 52 wks
Quaker Oats Co.	Ruthrauff & Ryan	MBS	360	Those Websters; Sun 6-6:30 pm; Mar 2; 52 wks
Ronson Art Metal Works, Inc.	Cecil & Presbrey	MBS	167	Twenty Questions; Sat 8-8:30 pm; Feb 28; 52 wks
Seeman Brothers, Inc.	William H. Weintraub	ABC	214	Monday Morning Headlines; Sun 6:15-6:30 pm; Mar 2; 65 wks
Socony Vacuum Oli Co.	Compton	NBC	132	Victor Borge Show; Mon 9:30-10 pm
Southern Cotton Oil Co.	Kenyon & Eckhardt	ABC	85	Human Side of the News; MTWTF 3:30-3:45 pm; Mar 10; 52 wks
Williamson Candy Co.	Aubrey, Moore & Wallace	MBS	300	True Detective Mysterles; Sun 4:30-5 pm; Mar 2; 52 wks

SPONSOR

APRIL 1947

### New and Renewed on Television

SPONSOR	AGENCY	STATION	PROGRAM (time, start, duration)
Benrus Watch Co. Borden Co.	J. D. Tarcher Kenyon & Eckhardt	WNBT New York WNBT New York	Time signal; Fri; Mar 14; 13 wks (new) Special events, remote pickups, dramatic shows; Mar 1; in- definite (renewed)
Bulova Watch Co. Ford Motor Co.	Blow J. Walter Thompson	WNBT New York WCBS-TV New York	Time signals; MThS; Mar 6 for M-Th, Apr 5 for Sat; 13 wks Home games of Brooklyn Dodgers, sponsored alternate days; Apr 15
General Foods Corp.	Young & Rublcam Benton & Bowles Foote, Cone & Belding	WCBS-TV New York	Home games of Brooklyn Dodgers, sponsored alternate days
	Benton & Bowles Young & Rubicam Foote, Cone & Belding	WNBT New York WABD New York	Juvenlie Jury; Th 8-8:30 pm; Apr 3; 13 wks (new) Varity; Th 8:30-9 pm; Apr 3; 13 wks (new) Spot weather announcements
U. S. RubberCo.	Campbeli-Ewald	WNBT New York WPTZ Philadelphia	Campus Hoopla; Fri 8-8:20 pm; Mar 28; 13 wks (renewed)

## New Agency Appointments

SPONSOR	PRODUCT (or service)	AGENCY
America Dry Corp., New York American Fruit Growers, Inc., Los Angeles. Ann Marie Sportswear, Inc., New York Associated Stationers, Oakland, Calif. Asteriold Mfg. Co., New York. II. C. Baxter & Bro., Brunswick, Me. Bean Sprout Growers' Assn., Inc., Duluth, Minn Benedict Bogeaus Productions, Hollywood Berke Bakerles, Inc. Bible Institute of Los Angeles Bowman Gum. Inc., Philadelphia. Bridgeport Brass Co., Bridgeport, Conn. Bridgford Co., San Diego. Cal-Co-Pack, Los Angeles. Casa Colins Convalescent Home, Chino, Calif. Coast Countles Gas & Electric Co., Santa Cruz, Calif. Coast-Counties Gas & Electric Co., Santa Cruz, Calif.	Soft drinks	Cole and Chason, New York
American Fruit Growers, Inc., Los Angeles.	Fresh fruits, vegetables	Davis, Los Angeles
Ann Marle Sportswear, Inc., New York	Sportswear	Daniel E. Lewitt, New York
Associated Stationers, Oakland, Calif	Coffee equipment, supplies	Ad Fried, Oakland Stuart Bart, New York
H. C. Baxter & Bro., Brunswick, Me.	Canned goods	James Thomas Chirurg, Boston
Bean Sprout Growers' Assn., Inc., Duluth, Minn	Chinese food products	Melamed-Hobbs, Minneapolis
Benedict Bogeaus Productions, Hollywood	Motion pictures	J. Walter Thompson, Los Angeles, New York
Berke Bakerles, Inc.	Bakery products.	L. H. Hartman, New York
Bowman Gum inc. Philadeinhia	Chewled dum	Foute Cone & Belding, New York
Bridgeport Brass Co., Bridgeport, Conn.	insecticide	William Esty, New York
Bridgford Co., San Diego.	Frozen foods	N. W. Ayer, Philadelphia
Cara Calina Cuntralastant Harra China Calif	Packed vegetables	Beaumont & Bonman, Los Angeles
Cathy Lee Blouses, Inc., New York	Riouses	Daniel E. Lewitt, New York
Coast Countles Gas & Electric Co., Santa Cruz, Calif.	.Gas, electricity	Knollin, San Francisco
Coast-Currie ice Cream Co. (retail chain), Los Angeles	Ice cream	Barton A. Stebbins, Los Angeles
Urosset Co., Cincinnati	Fresh vegetables	Strauchen & MCKIm, Gincinnati
ilenty A Dreer Inc. Philadelphia	Seeds horticultural supplies	Aitkin-Kynett, Philadelphia
Enterprise Pictures, Hollywood	Motion pictures.	Donahue & Coe, Hollywood
Everlast Pen Co., Inc	Fountain pens.	Lester L. Wolff, New York
Fairfield Laboratories, Inc., Plainfield, N. J.	Insecticide, vitamins, saccharin	Corbin, New York
First National Bank & Trues Co. New Haven	Bankind	Wilson, Haight & Welch, New York,"Hart-
the stational bank of trust Go., New Haven,		ford, Conn.
Florida Health Conservatory, Orlando, Fla	Health resort	Walter Kaner, New York
Coast Countles Gas & Electric Co., Santa Cruz, Calif. Coast-Currie icc Cream Co. (retail chain), Los Angeles Crosset Co., Cincinnati. D. W. Davis & Co., Hartford, Conn. Henry A. Dreer, Inc., Philadelphia. Enterprise Pictures, Hollywood. Everlast Pen Co., Inc., Fialnfield, N. J., Fairfield Laboratorles, Inc., Pialnfield, N. J., Firestone Stores, Boston region. First National Bank & Trust Co., New Haven. Florida Health Conservatory, Orlando, Fla. 42 Products, Ltd. (King's Men Toiletries div.), Los Angeles. Frozen Cooked Foods, San Francisco. Frozen Food Products, Inc., New York.	The first sectors	Palanakan Man Nordon Los Antolos
Angeles.	Handy Hasters Sky Face	Brisacher, Van Norden, Los Augeres
Frozen Food Products, Inc., New York	Frozen food cabinets, lockers, delivery	Hoerer, Dietrich & Brown Suit - Charles
	trucks	Al Paul Lefton, New York
Garfield Tea Co., New York	Tea	Hixson-O'Donneil, New York
Grant Laboratories, Oakland, Calif.	Candy Candy	Brisacher, Van Norden, San Francisco Rockmore, New York
Grove Laboratories Inc. St Louis	Deodorant	Small & Seiffer, New York
Hampden Watch Co., Chicago	Watches	W. B. Doner, Chicago
Harvel Watch Co., New York.	Watches	Roy S. Durstine, New York
Hat Corp. of America (Dohbs Ilat div.), New York	Hats	Ceorde Taylor San Francisco
Homestead Brewery Homestead Pa	Beer	F. A. Ensien, Pittsburgh
Homis Watch Co., Los Angeles	Watches	Brisacher, Van Norden, Los Angeles
House of Comoy, Inc., New York	Pipes	Robert W. Orr, New York
House of Rothschild, New York.	Champagne.	Boy S. Durating New York
Insui Distributors Inc. San Juan Puerto Rico	Randes refriderators	McCann-Erickson, San Juan
International Time Co., Newark, N. J.	Watches, clocks	Daniel E, Lewitt, New York
Kaiser Fleetwings, Inc.	.Dishwasher	.J. Walter Thompson, San Francisco
KoolVent Metal Awning Corp. of New England,	Amplado	Fillot-Hornshy Boston
Kushine Inc. San Francisco	Men's shoes	ligefer, Dieterich & Brown, San Francisco
F. Lacomarsino & Sons, Sacramento	Seeds, bulbs, plants.	Brisacher, Van Norden, San Francisco
Lanagane's, New York	.Textiles	Seldel, New York
Leisure Soap Co., Hollywood	Soap.	Frank Otarart, Los Angeles
Lektrolite Corp., New York	Reer	Foote, Cone & Belding, New York
Marchiony Ice Cream Corp New York	Ice cream, spumoni, bisque tortoni,	Hazard, New York
Mayfair Plastics Corp., New York.	Raincoats, toys.	. Cayton, New York
McCoy's Wilshire, Beverly Hills, Calif.	Washable wallpapers.	Ad Fried Oakland
McDaniel's Sales Agency, Oakland, Calif.	Thom McAn shoes	John A. Cairns, New York
Meritt Chemical Co. inc. Greensboro N.C.	Medicated powder.	J. M. Hickerson, New York
Milliron's, Los Anceles	Department store	Hunter, Los Angeles
Modecraft Co., Inc., Brooklyn	Furniture, fixtures	R. T. O'Connell, New Yrok
Angeles. Frozen Cooked Foods, San Francisco. Frozen Food Products, Inc., New York. Garfield Tea Co., New York. Grant Laboratories, Oakland, Calif. William A. Greca Company, New York. Grove Laboratories, Inc., St. Louis. liampden Watch Co., Chicago. Harvel Watch Co., Chicago. Harvel Watch Co., New York. Hat Corp. of America (Dohbs Hat div.), New York. Hogan & Van Gelder Lumber Co., San Francisco. Homestead Brewery, Homestead, Pa. Homis Watch Co., Los Angeles. House of Comoy, Inc., New York. House of Rothschild, New York. House of Rothschild, New York. Edgar F. Hurff Company, Swedesboro, N. J. Insul Distributors, inc., San Juan, Puerto Rico. International Time Co., Newark, N. J. Kalser Fleetwings, Inc. Koolvent Metal Awning Corp. of New England, Boston. Kushins, Inc., San Francisco. F. Lagomarsino & Sons, Sacramento. Lanagane's, New York. Leisure Soap Co., Hoilywood. Lektrolite Corp., New York. Marchiony Lee Cream Corp., New York. Marchiony Lee Cream Corp., New York. Maryfair Plastics Corp., New York. Mayfair Plastics Corp., New York. Moth-Proof Garment Hanger Co., Corona, L. I National Farm Show, Inc., Chicago. Netw Jersey Sarings & Loan League, Newark, N. J. New Frocess Baking Co., Chicago. Norris of Los Angeles. Noth-Proof Garment Co., Inc. age. Norris of Los Angeles.		Majcolm-Howard, Chicago
National Farm Show, Inc., Chicago	Creamery products	Cooper & Crowe, Salt Lake City
New England Coke Co., Boston.	Coke	James Thomas Chirurg, Boston
New Jersey Savings & Loan League, Newark, N. J	Institutional	Wellman, Philadelphia
New Process Baking Co., Chicago	Bread, cake	Shaw-LeVally Chicago
Norris of Los Angeles, Los Angeles. Osthy & Barton Co., Providence	Cookware, Rings	James Thomas Chirurg, Boston
Ostrex Co., New York	Tonic	Street & Finney, New YOrk
Ostrex Co., New York Oxford Products Co., Cleveland	Pharmaceuticals	Russel M. Seeds, Chicago
Oxford Products Co., Cleveland Pluto Corp., New York PM Newspaper, New York Post Watch Co., Inc., New York John Rohert Powers School, Plttsburgh Radiron Corp. Miamishure, Ohio.	Pluto water.	Harry Havden New York
PM Newspaper, New York	Watches.	Norman D. Waters, New York
John Robert Powers School Pittshurdh	Charm school	F. A. Ensign, Pittsburgh
Radiron Corp., Mlamisburg, Ohio.	Electrical appliances	Ilutzler, Dayton
Reimer Mfg. Co., Berkeley, Callf.	Automatic plant nurse	Refeacher Van Norden San Francisco
Reimer Mfg. Co., Berkeley, Calif. Richmond-Chase Company, San Jose, Calif. A. C. Roberts Packing Co., Kimberton, Pa.	Automatic plant nurse, Dried fruits,	Lamb, Smith & Keen, Philadelphia
A. C. Roberts Packing Co., Kimberton, Pa., Roosevelt Raceway, Westbury, N. Y.	Ilorse racing	L. H. Hartman, New York
involvent incoming, realising, in account of the	(Continued on page 44)	
	(continued on pays 44)	

• Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Snow live on their 80-acre farm in agriculture-rich McLean County, Illinois, with their daughter and two husky grandsons. Their chief business is dairying, with ten cows milked daily. They raise hay and oats for feed and had 40 acres in corn last season. Their seven brood sows produced 36 pigs for market. The 80-acre farm is valued at \$12,000, and most years they rent an additional 80 for feed growing. Mrs. Snow markets about 100 chickens every year, too, for extra cash.

The Snow family has spread over middle Illinois now, with sons or daughters raising their own families in Heyworth, Rantoul, Wenona and Bloomington.

For 20 years, the Snows have been regular WLS listeners, appreciating Dinner Bell and Farm Bulletin Board because, as Mr. Snow says, they "keep us older farmers up with the times . . . enable us to ship our livestock to Chicago at the right time." The Snows have been Prairie Farmer subscribers for 40 years.

It is on this home and this family, and the homes and families like them throughout Midwest America, that the microphones of WLS have been focused for 23 years. It is our intimate interest in their problems, the service and entertainment we give them, that have made them loyal listeners to WLS . . . and upon loyal listeners depend advertising results.

> Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Snaw with (left) their daughter, Mrs. Mawbray.

89 kilocycles, 50,000 walts, American affiliate. Represented by Jahn Blair and Cam-Po. Affiliated in management with KOY, Phaenix, and the ARIZONA NETWORK ... KO Phaenix ... KTUC, Tucson ... KSUN, Bisbee-Lawell-Dauglas.

This is the

W. H. SNOW Family

of McLean County,

Illinois

GLENN SNYDER

CHICAGO 7

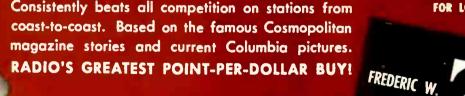


**OTHER "BLACKIE" RATINGS:** 

- LOUISVILLE 13.8
- NEW YORK 9.8
- YOUNGSTOWN 21.3



### TRANSCRIBED HALF-HOUR - STARRING RICHARD KOLLMAR

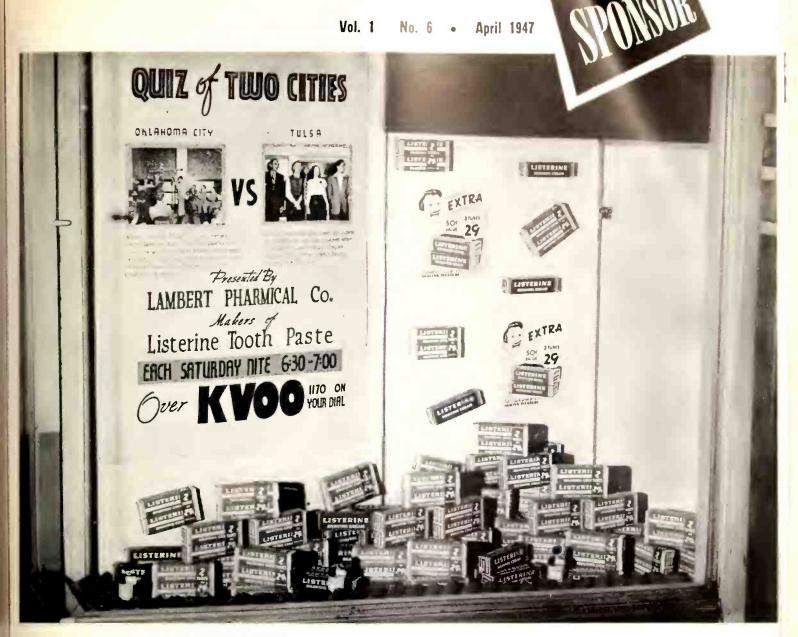


FOR LOCAL AND REGIONAL SPONSORS

CINCINNATI

HOLLYWOOD

CHICAGO



Drug stores play up inter-city spirit of competition by featuring the broadcast in their window displays of Listerine Tooth Paste special

LISTERINE loves company

Lambert Pharmacal airtime cast upon waters returns as toothpaste sales www.eek after week, month after month, the Lambert Pharmacal Company gives away more commercial time to local and national advertisers than it takes for itself on its 25-station spot program campaign via *Quiz of Two Cities*. There's nothing philanthropic about the \$350,000 gift of time, for the operation sells more Listerine Tooth Paste than any previous advertising campaign planned by the company and its agency, Lambert and Feasley. The toothpaste has been higher up in teeth scrubbing sales than it is at present, but that was during the war when Colgate, Ipana, and Pepsodent,



When Hart, Schaffner & Marx salesmen meet Hart, Schaffner & Marx salesmen, "Quiz of Two Cities" naturally broadcasts from a clothing store

which rank one, two, three in the order to a network program (it has Mayor of named, went overseas in great quantities. Listerine stayed at home and was out-of stock far less than its top competition, and became number two in sales. Demand overseas was for the three leaders in popularity. Listerine is doing better than it did pre-war and it expects to do better, via the Quiz and its spot operations.

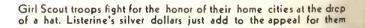
Quiz of Two Cities wasn't new when Lambert moved in. Noxzema had been using it for years with a fair degree of

the Town on CBS now). Frank Mace, vp and general manager of the agency, heard about Noxzema's relinquishing territory after territory and tied up each area as Noxzema (through Ruthrauff and Ryan, their agency) dropped it. The arrangements were made with Al Buffington of Baltimore, independent producer who owns the two-city quiz idea. The buying of each market was done very quietly but in spite of the hush-hush the Ted Bates advertising agency heard success, but decided in early 1944 to shift about it and was able for Colgate-Palm-

olive-Peet Company to beat Lambert to a buy in a very, very choice two-city market, Minneapolis-St. Paul. It is only in the Twin Cities and in Baltimore-Washington, where the Gunther Brewing Company has been sponsoring it for nine years, that Lambert hasn't tied up the program. Now the Listerine organization has a contract which gives it the rest of the nation. There's no longer a scramble over territories.

As a program Quiz of Two Cities is no masterpiece of entertainment, but properly promoted it can be and is "the talk

All is not necessarily serious at a two-city quiz. On WTIC announcer George Bowe dusts off one contestant's card trick for a laugh







of the town." Its basis is the establish- being done locally by the toothpaste. ing of a rivalry between two cities and then the broadcasting of the quiz by a station in each town, with a quiz team in each city vying with one in the other city. The same set of questions is asked each team but only the air audience hears both teams' answers, each group of contestants hearing their own answers only. There are silver dollars for each winner, points for each correct answer, and a winning city each week. Up to that point it's just a good quiz formula. Actually the formula is just the beginning of the program as a sales vehicle. It's what's been done with it that makes company like Listerine. Weeks before each broadcast the teams are chosen from great local or national business, philanthropic, or civic organizations. Then these organizations promote their one-time broadcasts just as though they were their own commercial shows. If there's a house organ for the company that a team represents it gives the event a spread. When the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad competed there were posters (see right) in each station and many other spots. The Sweets Company of America spread themselves all over candy stores when teams of Tootsie Roll employees in New York and Chicago tilted their quiz-ical lances. When the Sealtest milk companies in Hartford, Conn., Bryant and Chapman and R. G. Miller & Sons, competed with the Sealtest group in Springfield, Mass., General Ice Cream Corporation, the milk bottles all had notices of the broadcast, the milk wagons carried signs, and throwaways were used generously. In most cases there's no mention of Listerine on posters of competing teams, but that doesn't disturb the advertising vanity of Lambert—as long as the posters get more listeners for the program that's all that's desired. Not only isn't Lambert disturbed about the absence of Listerine mention in team promotion but there are four air plugs for the name of each team's sponsoring organization.

That the "free ride" given the organizations which have teams on the shows pays off can be seen in the programs' local Hoopers. These ratings, unlike national Hooperatings, represent threemonth averages (national Hoopers are for single broadcasts). WTIC (Hartford) has a 19.9, KMOX (St. Louis) 17.7, WHAM (Rochester) 14.6, WBEN (Buffalo) 10.4, WWL (New Orleans) 12.5, and KTRH (Houston) 9.0. Ratings are latest available.

and Feasley, is indicative of the business bert's decision on the program (to extend

APRIL 1947

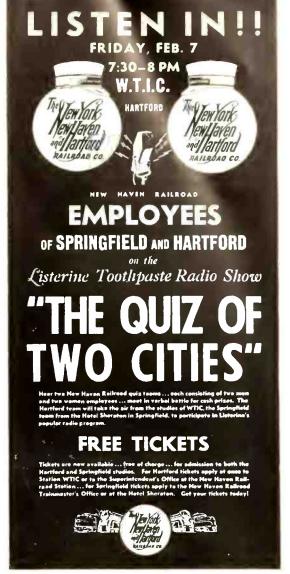
The higher the Hooper the better the sales in the area covered, although it has as yet been impossible to correlate ratings and sales. One thing is clear both Listerine Tooth Paste and The Quiz of Two Cities do better in smaller cities than they do in great metropolitan centers. However, the sales trend of Listerine dentrifice has always been lower in big cities than in smaller towns and according to the agency the spotting of the program has had nothing to do with this factor.

Nevertheless the present trend toward placing the program in larger local markets is on the same basis that the first stations were selected, i. e., using stations with a lot of power in cities where there is logical rivalry with other cities. The first pairs of cities selected were:

Los Angeles and San Francisco Hartford (Conn.) and Springfield (Mass.) Boston and Providence Buffalo and Rochester (N. Y.) Des Moines and Omaha St. Louis and its suburbs Dallas and Ft. Worth Houston and New Orleans

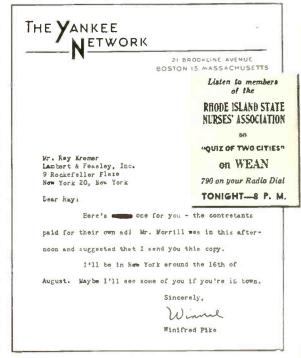
They all went on the air the first week of March, 1944. In August of the same year Seattle and Portland, Detroit and Cleveland, were added, and the following month Chicago and New York started two-city quizzing. In June of 1945 Atlanta and Birmingham (Alabama) found the kind of time Lambert wanted and the cities started cleaning their teeth with Listerine. More than a year went by before two other "natural rivals" with powerful transmitters had prime availabilities (good time) and Oklahoma City (WKY) is now competing with Tulsa (KVOO). Last pair of stations added to the list are WRVA (Richmond, Va.) and WBT (Charlotte, N. C.). The agency is buying as many 50,000-watt stations as they can, the eventual expectation being to cover the nation with highspot local programing.

Just how far spot thinking has gone is indicated in the fact that in its Canadian operation Lambert is placing electric transcriptions of The Green Hornet on 30 stations. Besides this they are testing Treasure Trails on four north-ofthe-border outlets. TT is a quiz program that had been sponsored by William Wrigley, Jr., Company for a new gum. Wrigley dropped it because they decided it was essential to use billboards and other visual media to familiarize the public with the appearance of a new package. Wrigley's budget in Canada being limited it wasn't possible to carry And the Hooper, according to Lambert both radio and outdoor advertising. Lam-



Free tickets were a special appeal on a poster by New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R.

Turn about is the order of the day when contestants who get free air plugs buy advertising for the program



or drop it) will be made some time this height in 1945 with 160 stations carry- cities Listerine really began to slide. In month (April). Lambert also has one ing the story of Listerine Tooth Paste musical program in Canada on a Frenchlanguage station in Montreal.

Lambert's switch to spot broadcasting as the answer to its advertising problems was not the decision of a tyro in radio. The organization will celebrate its 20th anniversary of broadcasting on December 20 next. It started with Intimate Hour of Music on that date in 1927. The Lambert network history includes

> Bobby Jones-NBC Phillips Lord, "Country Doctor"-Blue Metropolitan Opera-NBC-Blue Grand Central Station-Blue-CBS True Detective Mysterles-MBS Bulle Burke-CBS

which is something of everything but a quiz show. Before trying Billie Burke, Lambert had a spot campaign of oneminute transcriptions which reached its

> Holland Engle portrays feelings of losing mcs

and Tooth Powder. It couldn't continue the minute spots, the Quiz of Two Cities, and a network operation, so the spot announcement campaign was dropped in April 1945. Billie Burke on CBS cost, says the agency, nearly \$600,000 a year, and although the program was on for a year and a half Miss Burke didn't sell much toothpaste.

The Quiz sells only toothpaste, although during the early days of the program toothpowder advertising copy was used on the show. The latter was dropped because facts began to indicate that one-product advertising was more productive. There has been some question raised as to why the parent product, Listerine Mouth Wash, isn't airadvertised. The reason given by the sponsor and the agency is that Listerine Mouth Wash has 50 per cent of the market but the toothpaste shares 50 per cent of the market with all other pastes, but the leading three brands which account among them for the other half of the nation's dentifrice sales. Thus the product that needs the push is being given it. The mouthwash receives some of the flow of good-will that the Quiz of Two Cities engenders as a result of the trade name's being common to both products.

Emphasis on Quiz of Two Cities has enabled Lambert to hold on to more of their war-time sales increase of Listerine Tooth Paste than they had hoped to. As the three top brands became available in normal quantities in non-quiz

Quiz cities the sales also went down, as expected, but not nearly to the extent that they tobogganed in the other territories.

When Quiz of Two Cities covers the nation for Lambert, both agency and client feel that sales will climb consistently, and that coverage is the aim at present. Present 25-station campaign is costing \$500,000 a year, or less than Lambert spent for Billy Burke on network. Included in this figure is the \$65,000 in prizes and gifts that are given away on the program. Announcers, mcs, and producers are paid over the AFRA scale because the agency knows that the difference between top results and justrun-of-the-mill promotion depends upon announcer, mc, and producer. Top producers for the Quiz at present are:

> Stu Wilson, KllJ, Los Angeles Jim Crocker, KRLD, Dallas Ted Nabors, KTRII, Houston Ed Wegman, WBEN, Buffalo Winlfred Pike, WNAC, Boston Leonard Patricelli, WTIC, Hartford

Their job is three-fold: rounding up top contestants, building interesting shows, getting publicity and promotion on each show. When a single broadcast doesn't meet the usual high standards it takes as long as four weeks to regain the lost audience. A consistently high standard of broadcasting has to be adhered to if Quiz is to do its job.

The Quiz is doing its job-in all cities but New York and Chicago, where it competes with too many "name" studio (Please turn to page 38)

Some of the outstanding Quiz sessions on the New York-Chicago Broadcasts

GENERAL DIAPER SERVICE VS. GENERAL DIAPER SERVICE SAVINGS BANK ASS'N #1. SAVINGS BANK ASS'N ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITIANNICA +++ BRITANNICA NEW YORK FUND VS. CHICAGO FUND MUTUAL BENEFIT #8. MUTUA BENEFIT EASTERN AIRLINES VI. EASTERN AIRLINES BUTLER BROTHERS VI. BUTLER BROTHERS OTIS ELEVATOR +s. OTIS ELEVATOR CAMP FIRE GIRLS VS. CAMP FIRE GIRLS N.Y. POST OFFICE VI. CHICAGO POST OFFICE N.Y. STATE GURAD VS. ILLINDIS STATE GUARD MARCH OF DIMES VS. MARCH OF DIMES ZURICH INSURANCE CO. VI. ZURICH INSURANCE CO. SOC. OF AMERICAN ENGINEERS VS ENGINEERS GREETING CARD INDUSTRY VE. GREETING CARD INDUSTRY FEDERAL GRAND JURORS VI. FEDERAL GRAND JURORS METROPOLITAN MUSEUM VS. CHICAGO INSTITUTE FARM ASSOCIATION VE. FARMERS N.Y.FIRE DEPARTMENT VS. CHICAGO FIRE DEPARTMENT LOOK MAGAZINE VS. LOOK MAGAZINE PAN AMERICAN ALEWAYS VS. PAN AMERICAN ALEWAYS GOOD NEIGHBOR FOUNDATION VI. COVERNMENT OFFICIALS TWINS VS. TWINS PHARMACEUTICAL ASSIN VI. PHARMACEUTICAL ASSIN

LANE BRYANT VS. LANE BRYANT PARENT TEACHERS VS. PARENT TEACHERS BARBIZON MODELS #8. BARBIZON MODELS CONTINENTAL CAN #8. CONTINENTAL CAN HOTEL NEW YORKER VS. STEVENS HOTEL WALGREEN VS. WALGREEN NORTHWEST AIRLINES VI. NORTHWEST AIRLINES SPOOL COTTON COMPANY VS. SPOOL COTTON COMPANY SPERRY'S VS. SPERRY'S ASBESTOS INDUSTRY VI. ASBESTOS INDUSTRY UNITED ARTISTS 44. UNITED ARTISTS TOOTSIE ROLL VS. TOOTSIE ROLL RAILWAY EXPRESS VS. RAILWAY EXPRESS JUKE BOX MANUFACTURER #8. JUKE BOX MANUFACTURER COMMUNITY CHEST #8. COMMUNITY CHEST PLAYING CARD ASSOCIATION VS. BRIDGE CHAMPS "BILLION DOLLAR BABY" vs. LUP IN CENTRAL PARK" PARAMOUNT PICTURES VS. PARAMOUNT PICTURES SONG HITS MAGAZINE #8. SONG HITS MAGAZINE AMERICAN LEGION VS. AMERICAN LEGION N.Y. ADVERTISING CLUB VS. CHICAGO AD CLUB GIRL SCOUTS +=. BOY SCOUTS PIN-UP GIRLS VS. PIN-UP GIRLS N.Y. SAVINGS BANK ASSIN VS. CHICAGO ASSOCIATION F.Y. DAILY NEWS VA. CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE ILLINOIS CENTRAL VS. NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD R.R. TRUE MAGAZINE #8. TRUE MAGAZINE N.Y. POLICE DEPTT VI. CHICAGO POLICE DEPTT "ANNA LUCASTA" IN.Y. J VS. "ANNA LUCASTA 1000 CACOL UNITED HOSPITAL FUND VS. UNITED HOSPITAL FUND BORDEN'S VI. BORDEN'S TWA VS. TWA NATIONAL REALTORS VI. NATIONAL REALTORS STAR DUST, INC. VS. BEAUTY WINNERS TRIPLETS vs. TRIPLETS CEDAR CHEST MIFTETS VI. CEDAR CHEST MIFTETS "DEAR RUTH" IN. Y. I VI. "DEAR RUTH" ICH CAGOI UNIVERSAL PICTURES VI. UNIVERSAL PICTURES REYNOLDS METALS VS. REYNOLDS METALS NAME BAND VS. NAME BAND PROPELLER CLUB vs. PROPELLER CLUB BELLEVUE HOSPITAL VI. GRANT HOSPITAL N.Y. COLLEGE BRIDGE CHAMPS VS. CHICAGO CHAMPS WOOD SECRETARIAL VI. GREGG SECRETARIAL SO-001 AMERICAN CANCER SOCIETY VI. AMERICAN CANCER SOCIETT

AMERICAN RED CROSS VIL AMERICAN RED CROSS BOTTLE CAS INDUSTRY VI. BOTTLE CAS INDUSTRY

# SELING an INDUSTRY the Transit way

rade associations, generally, haven't been too successful on the air. The Electric Companies' Advertising Program\* missed with Nelson Eddy and now have The Hour of Charm (CBS). The latter program, rated (February 15) 6.4, competes with True Detective Mysteries which has an 8.6. The American Meat Institute bought Fred Waring at a time when the meat business hadn't a great deal of public acceptance and neither did the Waring program. The latter is NBC's major contribution to better daytime programing but hasn't done too well in building an audience thus far. Its February 15 rating gives it a 5.2 against ABC's Breakfast in Hollywood's 7.9 which is its chief competition. The National Board of Underwriters hits 5.7 with Crimes of Carelessness against the New York Philharmonic's 4 and One Man's Family's 10.8.

The association job (selling an industry to the public) is tremendous and the temptation is to do it with a production

\*The name under which 125 electric companies have

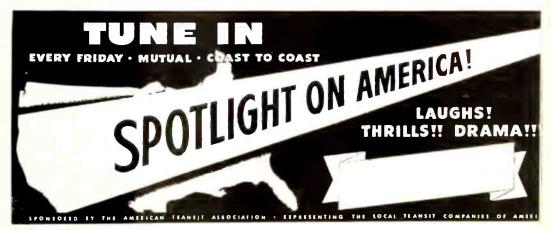
combined to do an industry broadcasting campaign.

that lends prestige to the industry represented by the group. So such a program is planned or bought—and radio has another package to which dialers refuse to listen in worth-while numbers.

The public-service type of program

can and does do a specific job. Revere's *Exploring the Unknown* does almost as well as Hildegarde against Walter Winchell, top rater of all commentators.

Even *The Doctors Talk It Over*, low show on the rating totem pole, does what American Cyanamid is trying to do with



American Transit Association members used "Spotlight" cards but riders didn't listen

Car cards now stress a mass audience show, ''Bulldog Drummond,''which has general appeal



it (see page 41). But they're not seeking to influence mass thinking, which is what the average trade association must do if it's to justify spending an industry's money.

Executives usually favor "prestige" instead of mass audience. It was this trend that caused the American Transit Association to buy Spotlight on America, a March of Time type of program on the Mutual Broadcasting System. It sounded good. It had the right red-carpet-andcanopy feel. It was the kind of program which would seem, to the presidents of local transit organizations, to lend stature to their public utility. It had everything but an audience pull. The rating,



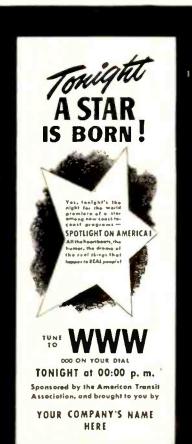
Two full-size trolley cars were given away in a resultless "Who Was Kilroy?" contest

Although tie-in advertising was bought by ATA members, "Spotlight" gained no listeners

after it had been on the air a month, was .8—or less than one—and after six months, on February 21 (1947), mid-season as far as broadcasting goes, the rating was 1.4.

The program was given a lot of promotion. Car cards were used by nearly all the cooperating transit lines. Since they were paying the bills, in many cases directly, the member transit corporations did everything within their power to sell the program to the people. Mutual also urged its stations to cooperate and since the sale was station-by-station, the outlets naturally worked with their local cut-in sponsors. Some of the transit organizations were owned by electric light and power companies and envelope stuffers on the program were used by these organizations.

Handling the program for the Ameri-



can Transit Association from the beginning has been David Hale Halpern of Owen and Chappell, ad agency, although he didn't sell the program to ATA-he came into the picture after Richard H. Amberg, director of public relations for ATA, had signed with Mutual. Halpern is well trained in the prestige-program school, having been general manager for Henry Souvaine, program packager, for years. Souvaine has the Metropolitan Opera for Texaco, a prestige item if there ever was one. Halpem worked hard on Spotlight even though he knew that prestige shows have a hex on them as far as the general public is concerned, and ATA and its members wanted to reach the men and women who travel on the street cars, buses, subways, and elevateds. He even worked with Mutual on a "Who Was Kilroy?" mass appeal stunt that landed a good deal of space in the press and created more than a ripple of interest among contest fans. The awards were two honest-to-goodness fullsized street cars. One of them went to a James J. Kilroy, who had a family of nine little Kilroys and was made to order for human interest publicity. But nothing did the program any good as far as adding listeners was concerned. Last month, February 7, for instance, Spotlight hit 2.4 (a high for the show) while at the same hour the boxing bouts on ABC for Gillette had a 4.9, Philip Morris' It Pays To Be Ignorant on CBS had a 12, and Molle's Mystery Theatre on NBC had a 12.9.

Best indication of what even ATA members thought of the program was that, although at one time it reached a high of 55 stations, when it signed off it had just 44. In other words, 20 per cent of the transit companies who sponsored the show locally dropped out during the run of the feature.

Yet the program wasn't bad. The State Department beamed it overseas, they liked it so much. Northwestern University asked for the scripts to use in its radio course as examples of good scripting. Two experienced March of Time writers pulled out all stops to make the show a success. But the audience didn't listen.

So Spotlight on America went the way of so many other "prestige" programs

Replacing it is a Hi Brown package, Bulldog Drummond—the American Transit Association has decided to go after the five-and-ten-cent audience. Drummond had an average rating of 5.8 in 1946 and part of that time the show was

(Please turn to page 49)

# **AD**ventures in the radio business ... that really pay off!

## CHARLIE GEHRINGER TALKS!\_



Charlie Gehringer with Interviewer Joe Gentile

Month after month, we've been telling you how the smart folks at this station keep dreaming up, building up, and producing local shows that make people in the Detroit Area listen . . . and buy!

Now look what we've done.

Charlie Gehringer . . . the all-time best second sacker in baseball . . . one of the big sport names anywhere, (and for sure, in Tigertown) TALKS about baseball in his own chatty, informal way. On the air only 2 weeks as this goes to press, it's a sport show that clicks like a sharp single with the score tied!

-another reason why more advertisers look to us regarding radio . . . and save time and money doing it!

in the Detroit Area it's ....

5,000 Watts at 800 kc. Day and Night

Union Guardian Bldg., Detroit 26

J. E. Campeau, Managing Director—Mutual System Adam J. Young, Jr., Inc., Natl. Rep. • Canadian Rep., H. N. Stovin & Co.

"supersalesmen" to "order takers" for the industry and their stations. Being middlemen they fall heir to all the abuse that stations, advertisers, and their agencies heap upon them despite the fact that the reason for the reps' insufficiency may be station and agency lack of cooperation. They have never received the respect that's due the segment of the broadcasting business that has set standards for the fastest-growing commercial end of radio, national spot broadcasting. Back 15 years ago when station representation as a business was an idea in the minds of a few men like Scott Howe Bowen and Ed Petry, buying time on local outlets was beset with trials and tribulations. Handling a regional campaign for a product that had spotty distribution was well-nigh impossible.

For some years now station representation has been an established field, one in which both individuals and networks are engaged. Having grown into a multiplemillion-dollar business, it has both aggressive and lazy organizations. Like all of radio during the past five years, it has traveled on the gravy train. It includes a number of firms that have drifted along with the tide and a number that, despite the gravy train, have done and are doing a solid job. Some of the small firms are rated by agencies as doing a fine job and some of the bigger groups aren't rated at all. Just as size seems to be no factor in service rendered just so does the age of rep firms seem to have no bearing upon the respect in which they are held. A firm that isn't out of three-quarter pants is rated on the exact same high level as one of the pioneers.

What is thought of the field and the firms that make it up by the organizations that station representatives serve is the basis of a survey being conducted

STONSOR for the broadcast advertising a "maybe" or "indirectly." business.

First segment surveyed was the advertising agencies, the section of the business able when they came forth with needed with which station representatives work most. They voted 100 per cent (of the In answering the second question in the returned questionnaires) that station representatives "as a group perform a useful function for advertising agencies." Their usefulness to the stations they represent was okayed by 84.2 per cent of the questionnaires and 73.7 per cent of the agencies stated that they believed that the station representatives do an industry job. The one division of direct usefulness which was questioned by the agencies was the station representatives' work with sponsors.\* Only 42 per cent agreed that reps could perform effectively in this

\*This is natural since the respondents were ad-agency executives and want information channeled through them

#### What Agencies Want (in order of rated importance)

Time availabilities **Program availabilities** Market information Station merchandising data **Coverage** information **Product competition** (in marketing area) Prompt servicing Kept promises Trend reports **Complete follow-through** 

tation representatives range from currently throughout the nation by field and even some of these hedged with

Almost universally the agencies agreed that station representatives were invalustation time and program availabilities. survey, "What is a station representative's most useful function to you?", the agencies stated---"availabilities---and quickly." Speed is a timebuyer's fetish. When he needs station availabilities, as Lillian Selb of Foote, Cone and Belding did recently for a six-week intensive spot campaign for Lucky Strike, the facts must be delivered at once. Miss Selb had to buy choice spots on a short-time basis on 950 stations, an almost impossible undertaking without well-organized station representation. The campaign required 10 nighttime and six daytime 15second station breaks. While in many cases Miss Selb had to go direct to stations for information, because the total number of stations with representation in the U.S.A. does not total 950, the representatives were able to deliver a good part of the information even before the agency request reached them (due to the industry grapevine).

Agencies were asked if they had specific criticisms of station representation. Seventy-four per cent had, 16 per cent had none, and 10 per cent were undecided on the subject. However, most of the respondents stated definitely that their criticisms were not of the entire profession, but of that part of it which to their way of thinking just didn't do their iob.

Most criticism fell into patterns familiar to every field of salesmanship:

- "too many order-takers"
- "not fully informed"
- "put selling before service" "too much selling of stations and not enough of radio"

## What Advertising Agencies and Radio Advertisers THINK ABOUT

ONE PART

# STATION REPRESENTATIVES

"insufficient background" "phone-cali salesmanship" "Inadequately informed about coverage" "too much 'verbai' information"

Agency men testified that there was plenty of difference between station representatives. Sixty-three per cent checked the fact that all reps definitely were not the same. Sixteen per cent stated that they were the same, but two-thirds of this 16 per cent qualified this by adding: "except for three or four reps." One excluded "representatives who have the same men sell both newspaper space and radio time."

Comments made in this section of the survey included:

- "some are alert while some have telephon" itis"
- "some have the nerve to question why we buy their competition"
- "some service us, some are just too lazy" "some are back quickly with the information requested"

Fourteen of the firms in the field were rated among the top service organizations in one section of the questionnaire answers. Several replies indicated that while they were naming the "best," they did not want it to mean that these were the only good representatives.

Accepting the role of business advisers to the station representative industry, the agencies asked them to:

"give complete information" "educate stations on merchandising" "stop handling too many stations" "give more specific information" "do a comprehensive seiling job in person" "improve methods of presenting data" "become a student of the business" "publish a book showing vital station data" "give new agency men a lift with client and atation information"

Several timebuyers admitted that part of the station representative job is educating account executives at agencies since "many of our account men do not take 'education' gracefully from us." Here again the timebuyers stressed the fact that the station representatives who do this part of their job "satisfactorily, keep us advised about what they tell our account men. If they don't we find ourselves at cross purposes in serving clients."

General impression gained from the reports made by agencies was that station representatives are doing a job, a darned good and essential job in the broadcasting industry. They want sponsor servicing done through the agencies because they feel that the advertiser himself is illequipped to evaluate the station information presented by representatives. Agencies want and need speed in obtaining requested information about outlets but they don't want the speed to interfere with the facts delivered. They want station representatives to be able to "guarantee availabilities," feeling that some representatives offer "prime spots" despite the fact that they know they won't be able to deliver them when contract-signing time arrives.

Even as agencies gripe they realize that in many cases the station representative's inability to deliver requested information on time can be traced to lack of cooperation at the station itself. There are two sides to this story. The stations contend that a great many agencies request availabilities before they are certain that the sponsor is really interested in a spot campaign. "They request every station availability within a split second," stated one station manager, "when they simply want the information in order to present a campaign to a sponsor who hasn't the slightest idea of going into radio. They scream for split-second service so often that when they really need it we don't believe them."

The feeling at sponsors' offices varies on the subject of station representatives' contacting them directly. The bigger advertisers, who have men assigned to radio advertising, feel that direct contact with station reps keeps their men in-(*Please turn to page 46*)

### Advertising Agency Station Representative Gripes

(in order of advertising agency rating)

Questioning of agency's judgment in station selection

Non-delivery of promised availabilities

Incomplete information

Passing the buck to stations

Lack of information about client problems

**Telephonitis** 

### Time wasting

Lack of information once account is placed

Holes in presentations

"I have the client in my pocket" selling

# open letter to FREE & PETERS

31 March 1947

Dear Colonel:

It's generally the outfit that comes out on top of a survey that hastens to publicize the findings. We're the exception to the rule.

Your January 1947 survey of the trade paper reading preferences of advertisers and agency executives deserves a hand. The fact that over 1000 replies were tabulated speaks well for the simplicity of the questionnaire and importance of the sample.

SPONSOR didn't show up first, or second, or even third. But here's the fact that stopped us. Of the first 10 trade magazines listed some were 50 years or older. None was less than 11 years old...except one. The single exception was SPONSOR. And SPONSOR was exactly two issues old.

We caught wind of the results when we called on KFAB, Omaha. Promotion chief Harold Roll said, "Quite a coincidence that you dropped in now. I've got two surveys on my desk bearing on SPONSOR. We've just finished one of our own and you didn't do badly at all. But it's this early-January F&P job that flabbergasts us. Here you fellows were just starting publication and you register 1198 points."\*

(Note: We didn't realize it at the time, Colonel, but when we checked your breakdown later we discovered SPONSOR ahead of four of the long-time favorites in one or more categories.)

Then Roll asked, "If SPONSOR showed so well among advertisers and agencies when it was still in diapers, what's the score now that you're veritable greybeards?"

That's our problem, Colonel F&P. Here we're crowding our seventh issue and we don't know. Please, Sir, would you mind making another survey?

Sincerely,

SPONSOR PUBLICATIONS Inc.

Hummen R. Glenn

Norman R. Glenn/ac

Publisher

 Besides SPONSOR, two other 100 per cent broadcast publications appeared in the first 10. SPONSOR (then two issues old) garnered 34 per cent as many points as A, 63 per cent as many as B.

### Metal company tries selling through education

E ducational programs usually have enough trouble trying to sell an expanding mental horizon without carrying a commercial advertising burden as well. Public service programs often wind up with no listeners and so very little public service in the true sense of the word. Revere Copper and Brass, in buying what had been rated as the outstanding educational program of its time, *The Human Adventure*, stepped into the never-never land of radio, sponsorship of an out-and-out educational program, created by a university (University of Chicago).

Actually Revere wasn't taking so big a chance as it appeared on the surface. *The Human Adventure*, as a sustaining program, had been hailed as a new approach to the informational broadcast. The program was being produced by Sherman H. Dryer who was responsible for the University of Chicago's *Round Table* on NBC, another educational-but-not-stuffy program. If any educational show could produce for a sponsor, *Adventure* seemed to be that vehicle, as Revere took over.

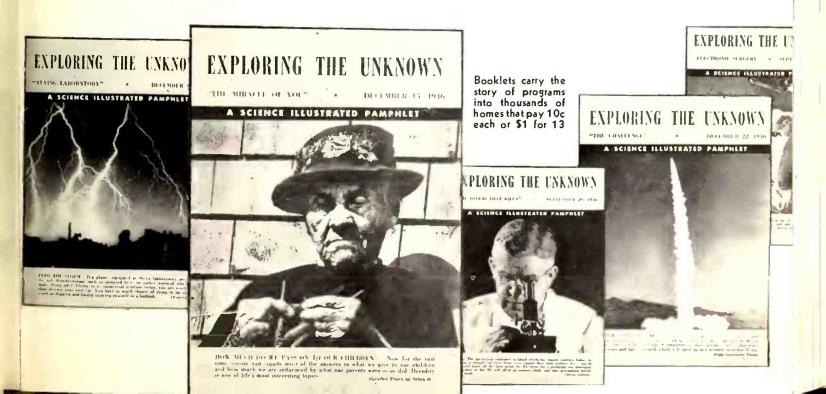
It started off with a blare of publicity trumpets on the fourth of July, 1945. The advertising and educational worlds paid tribute to Revere and its agency, St. Georges & Keyes, for this venture into advertising via education. For a while everything went well. But then there came a pull toward further popularization of the program against



COPPER AND BRASS INCORPORATED

All Revere Saturday Evening Post full page advertising invites listening

# Revere Explores the Unknown





**MIRIAM HOPKINS** "SANDHOG" STARRING IN The Story of Tunnel Building STARRING HEREDITY **BRIAN DONLEVY** The Miracle of You TONIGHT TONIGHT 9:00 to 9:30 p.m. 9:00 to 9:30 p.m. WOR WOR "EXPLORING THE UNKNOWN" "EXPLORING THE UNKNOWN" Revere Copper and Brass Incorporated Revere Copper and Brass Incorporated 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

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One-column "Exploring the Unknown" ads give stars top billing despite fact that the program is not a vehicle for names but education

resistance by the university staff. Sherman Dryer is said to have sided with the sponsor and his agency in making the programs more and more entertaining for the mass audience. Finally the diverse pulls came to a breaking point. Officially the reason for the break was that the agency desired that the program be produced in New York where they could have closer supervision of the show. The University executives felt that they couldn't properly supervise the program if it were produced in New York. And so Revere ceased to sponsor The Human Adventure. In its place the agency and Sherman Dryer built a program with the basic appeal of Adventure and called it Exploring the Unknown. Dryer parted from the University of Chicago and came to New York to become an independent program producer-what is called within the profession a package producer. He explains his going with the new program to New York as being motivated not entirely by the agency's wish to have the program produced in the East but also by a desire to go into the producing business on his own. It was his feeling that if a package producer was to be successful, New York was a market he should cultivate. He now functions as Sherman H. Dryer Productions.

When Revere ceases to sponsor Exploring in June of this year it won't be because the show hasn't done its job, it'll be because the new market that Revere was shooting at when they undertook the sponsorship of The Human Adventure just doesn't exist. The great "new housing" expansion hasn't happened. Industrial growth which was counted upon to use up millions of tons of Revere Copper and Brass products just isn't. Instead, Revere's business development has been more in the line of their Rome Manufacturing Company division which manufactures Revere copper-clad stainless steel ware. That is far oversold at present. Since Revere Ware is sold 100 per cent to the housewives of the nation, the company is going to shift to a daytime program addressed to the American housewife.

Revere did reach both a cross-section and an upperbracket audience with Exploring the Unknown. When they first offered Exploring the Unknown pamphlets they pulled

\$6,000 for the first series of 13 paniphlets and 5,000 dimes for the specific booklet offered on the broadcast. Since that time 250,000 booklets have been sold. They are published by Science Illustrated on a deal in which that McGraw-Hill publication assumes the printing costs and collects the profits, if any, from their sale. Revere wanted a give-away on the program yet didn't want to invest any additional money, so when Science Illustrated came up with the proposition they okayed it. One broadcast a month is a Science Illustrated lead or cover story and Exploring the Unknown receives credit usually in a box in the story. McGraw-Hill features the programs in which its cover story is used in ads on the radio pages of newspapers throughout the nation. Its field men also play up the program in their promotion work. Fact is that McGraw-Hill treats the program as though it were its own. Their public relations organization (the publicity division of Newell-Emmett advertising agency) works closely with the sponsor's agency. Both are now striving to find that new sponsor for the series.

Director Dryer has built, in Exploring, what he believes to be the ideal informative program. It's comparatively inexpensive, costing less than \$1,000 a point (the program costs \$4,500; the February 15 rating was 4.8). The program isn't aimed at the head alone, as, according to Dryer, most documentaries are. His tests of results from ordinary documentaries prove that the heads of the mass of listeners can be reached only via their hearts. So Exploring the Unknown is always entertainment-always appeals to the emotions. At the same time the factual side is never slighted. Never is a truth shaded in order to make a dramatic point. The play exists for the sake of its subject. No fact is glamorized at the expense of scientific truth. All the tricks of radio and the theater are used to give the program more attention value but no dramatic or literary license is taken for entertainment purposes. No story, no matter how good, is permitted to interfere with the program's dedication to the cause of science.

In handling an educational program Dryer feels that it's essential that fan mail be watched most carefully. Since reaching the average listener rather than the seeker after education is the objective of the program, mail reaction is an audience thermometer of importance. Dryer also uses a (Please turn to page 40)

. 83 63 . 0 ۲ ø ø **ADOLPHE MENJOU BILL STERN** STARRING IN STARRING IN **"SHALL I MARRY** "THE LAST GOAL" **THE GIRL?"** TONIGHT TONIGHT 9:00 to 9:30 p.m. 9:00 to 9:30 p.m. WOR WOR "EXPLORING THE UNKNOWN" "EXPLORING THE UNKNOWN" Revere Copper and Brass Incorporated Revere Copper and Brass Incorporated ......

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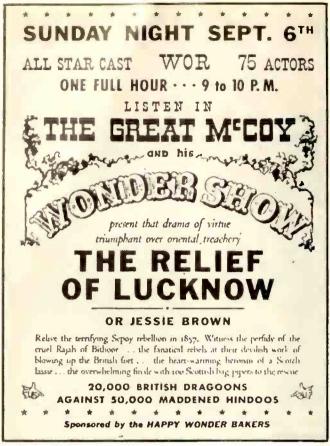


When a listener makes a grand slam and wins the works she usually permits exhibition of all her awards at her local grocer's-and poses too

# **Bread** and Cake Story

from Happy Wonder Bakers to GRAND SLAM two decades of air selling Two decades of network broadcasting and literally over a million spot announcements and spot programs, yet Continental Baking Company is still (it feels) without an ideal vehicle to sell Wonder Bread and Hostess Cakes.

That doesn't mean that Continental feels that its 20 years of broadcasting have been wasted. Far from it, what started as an offshoot of the Ward Baking Company in 1925 with a gross of \$62,500,000 is now the greatest independent baking corporation in the nation with a gross of well over \$100,000,000, and is completely divorced of Ward. (M. Lee Marshall, now chairman of the board of Continental, headed a group that bought out Ward's interest in 1927.) Radio has delivered dollar for dollar along with newspapers and the air's percentage of the advertising dollar has con-



Theatrical melodramas were revived for a WOR (New York)-WGN (Chica) Wonder Bread series. Orson Welles appeared as show's impresario, The Great Mc(





Little Jack Little sold bread for only 12 weeks

of each ad-dollar goes for broadcasting. That means in 1947, \$1,260,000 will be spent by Continental for daytime spots on 125 stations and Grand Slamon a 47-station CBS chain.

The \$1,260,000 represents a cent and a quarter of each dollar's worth of Continental bread and cake sales. Of the rest of the \$3,000,000 advertising budget, which in all is 3 per cent of sales, 40 per cent goes for newspaper and 18 per cent for outdoor advertising.

With all this money to spend it would seem that the agenices handling the ac-

sistently increased until now 42 per cent count would have come up with the "perfect" program. From 1926 to 1937 Batten, Barton, Durstine and Osborn had the account. Then it moved to Benton and Bowles, where it stayed until 1940, when it shifted to Ted Bates. (Actually the number of shifts the account has made is misleading. Ted Bates broke into the business writing copy for Continental at B.B.D.&O., and became account executive while at that agency. He took the account with him to B. & B. and moved it again when he set up his own agency.)

Thinking about how to sell bread via

Sylvia Sidney, then a stage star, was an added attraction on "Pretty Kitty Kelly" Roscoe Turner starred in "Sky Blazers" until he crashed







the air was continuing all during this period (from 1926 on). After some hit-ormiss testing, B.B.D. & O. finally came up with a quartet, Happy Wonder Bakers. Back in 1928 every sponsor wanted a quartet and an orchestra. Happy Wonder Bakers sold bread. The boys (Phil Dewey, Frank Luther, Jack Parker, Will Donaldson) quarteted from April 27, 1928, until May 5, 1934, the first three years on NBC, the rest on CBS. With their white hats and aprons they were as much a part of the Continental Baking Company as Wonder Bread itself.

Then came the first change-Little Jack Little, a piano player with a whispering voice who had developed a real following out in St. Louis for DX fans (DX stood for distant stations and dialers loved to pick up distant stations in those days). He started on February 13, 1934, and checked out May 4, 1934. Following Little Jack Little Continental tried for something different. They were sold on reaching bread sales through the youngsters and bought Renfrew of the Mounted, an adventure strip which although addressed to juveniles was scripted so that mom and dad would not chase sister and brother away from the dials. They rode with Renfrew for a year and then discovered the CBS daytime study Daytime Activities, a four-volume research project which proved to advertisers for the first time that women weren't down in the cellar or in the kitchen all day long but did plenty of dialing. The study-Continental refers to it as a Procter and Gamble



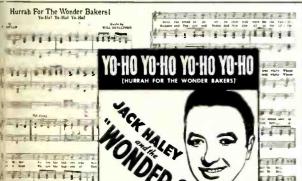
"Renfrew" had a high juvenile audience but Continental found youngsters don't buy bread

Robert Walker and Mary Mason plus displays couldn't save "Maudie's Diary" from failure





WABC 6:45 TLTS TH





Ja Haley with Virginia Verrill wasn't a wonder salesman tho he huned "Yo-Ho Yo-Ho Yo-Ho, Hurrah for the Wonder Bakers" "Bhelor's Children" reached housewives and celebrated their 10

year Wonder Breading (Ten year booklet above right)









Window cards a-plenty were used to introduce Continental's audience-participation program

survey but actually it was used by CBS on a number of prospects- bought Pretty Kitty Kelly and kept it going for three and a half years. Results really amazed them, for daytime radio was new commercially. During the PKK period they also sponsored (at night) a variety show with Jack Haley, and Sky Blazers, an adventure series slanted at youngsters. Continental business was increasing solidly all the while. Sky Blazers would have been a top-selling show, points out Cedric Seaman, vp in charge of sales, if Colonel Roscoe Turner, the flying star of the program, hadn't crashed an airplane and landed in the hospital. The promotion was all set to go into high gear when Turner missed that three-point landing so the program never actually had a chance.

However, later research uncovered for Continental that juvenile shows are okay to sell things that youngsters use personally but for general products they create an erratic sales curve. When a premium offer is current-up shoot the sales. When the offer is over sales may continue high until someone comes up with another premium, then the young fry run right off after the new premium. And they found from experience that juvenile shows are invitations to premium wars, and that was costly not only to Continental but to the entire baking industry. Industry-wide agreement within the last few years has eliminated premium wars but at one time Continental found itself giving away Ford cars (seven of them) in a Los Angeles contest war.

They tried nighttime radio once more with Marriage Club (September 7, 1940– August 31, 1941) following Kitty Kelly and then exited from and stayed out of the after-6 p.m. field. It was during this latter period (after 1941) that Continental began to discover spot radio. They had



previously used some spots to bolster their network shows but it was around this time that spot began to be an important part of their merchandising. Spot usage had been difficult to control in the past, proof of broadcast and other related information being tough to obtain, but station representation was becoming general and men like Ed Petry (who last month celebrated his 15th year in business) were setting standards which made spot an integral part of a broadcasting campaign.

Continental's first real taste of spot however was in 1936. It had a special sales problem in New York and Chicago and wanted to "bowl them over" in these two great markets. Arthur Pryor (now B.B.D. & O. vp) came up with an idea of doing a series of old-fashioned melodramas in full costume at Carnegie Hall. They did 14 of them (a few from Chicago also) and piped the program to WOR, New York, and WGN, Chicago.

The gamut ran from *East Lynne* to Uncle Tom's Cabin and the entire series was titled The Great McCoy and His Wonder Show. For most of the run McCoy was none other than Orson Welles in his first (despite all other claims) starring broadcast series. The program cost a lot of money for a two-station operation. Besides Welles it had Rita Johnson (now MGM star), Jack Smart (now The Fat Man), Clayton Collyer (now Superman), Frank Readick (The Shadow), and a

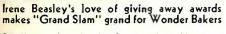


Continental executives have never forgotten what the availability of a Carnegie Hall load of tickets did in good will for Wonder Bread and one of their requirements for an "ideal" show is that it must be able to travel so that plenty of territories can see it and plenty of tickets be given away. *The Great McCoy* also proved what spot broadcasts could do for Continental and one of their pet shows today is *Janice Grey*, the daytime serial that has won so much notice and so many awards over WTOP, Washington, D. C.

Following Marriage Club, Continental started its continuous series of daytime shows. The first was Maudie's Diary (August 14, 1941–September 24, 1942), the first program produced for Continental by the new Ted Bates advertising agency. It hit a low for Wonder Bread

(Please turn to page 33)





Small (1-column) ads play up the "You can win prizes" appeal with a light humorous touch

number of other "costly" actors of the day—Adelaide Klein, Georgia Backus, Ned Wever, John McIntyre, Lee Patrick, Jeanette Nolan, and Effie Palmer.

The show was broadcast for an hour and Continental Baking retailers filled Carnegie Hall to the rafters. The program played Bridgeport, Conn., for one night and jammed the Lyric Theater there also. It tied the bread outlets right into the promotion through ticket give-aways and the audiences cheered the burlesque commercials that for example had a baby crying in the audience soothed with a piece of that fine Wonder Bread. This was one of the few early broadcasts where the commercial had to be learned verbatim (it was impossible to pick up a baby doll and give it a piece of bread and follow a script at the same time).





new kind of

**PRIZES FOR LISTENERS!** 

Tune in CBS Network at 11:30 A. M., Monday through Friday





MR. SPONSOR ASKS :

"Lccal and national spot business increased \$22,000,000 in 1946. Network business increased \$3,000,000. Is this an indication that network billing is approaching a saturation point?"

> Charles E. Hires, Jr. President Charles E. Hires Co.

### The Picked Panel answers:



Network billing has not approached the saturation point for a very good reason. There's no national advertising medium that can approach the low cost or the effec-

tiveness of a network program, if it is done properly with the problems involved carefully analyzed and worked out in advance.

I think that the four networks will eventually get together and sell their medium with the above facts in mind. There has been a tendency in the past to compete with one another for the same business. Yet there are many, many advertisers who could make profitable use of network advertising that are not in this medium. When they realize the values that are inherent in broadcasting there will be more than enough business to fill the option time available on the four networks.

Programing and ideas are important factors in the use of our medium, and as long as there are as many people who are as bright as I know them to be in this industry, there will never be a dearth of these two necessities. It is a matter of reaching the right people with the right use of the medium, and, as our selling develops to the stage where we become more factual and where we plan properly for correct use of our medium, more and more advertisers are going to discover radio and how effective it can be. With this knowledge the use of national network radio can only do one thingincrease to limits that have not yet been approached.

There is another reason why network appropriations should increase. Every day that goes by without a major strike of any importance means that we are that much nearer to competitive selling of all kinds of products. This situation must be met with advertising that will do a selling job, and the national advertiser right now is thinking in these terms and is making his plans accordingly.

You can gather from these remarks, I am sure, the faith and belief that I have in this medium. My experience goes back over a number of years in all forms of advertising, and I can truthfully say that I have never been associated with a more vital form of advertising. With the development of television and FM broadcasting a matter of time only, the future is certainly bright for the radio industry.

> Z. C. BARNES Vp in charge of sales Mutual Broadcasting System, Inc.



Your question implies a corollary between the increase in national and spot business and the increase in network business which might well tend to be misleading. For

instance, there are several reasons behind the seemingly-large spot business figures. Today, many more national and local advertisers are becoming increasingly conscious of the use of radio. Where some of them once sent out material only for the presses, they now send out transcriptions as well.

The increase in the spot business is also due in large part to the increasing number of new stations on the air. This increase in the actual number of stations broadcasting would not be reflected for some time in the network sales picture in any case. Furthermore, spot rates on local stations have increased percentage-wise more than network rates.

There's no doubt that local and national spots do a good selling job if properly handled. But I don't think that network billing has hit the saturation point yet. Network business will probably again pick up whatever impetus it has lost as soon as there is a readjustment of talent costs and manufacturing problems. There are still whole classifications of network time which haven't been tapped on all four networks. And not until full use of the time available on all networks is made could one really begin to think about billing being saturated.

HARRY TRENNER

Vp in charge of radio

William H. Weintraub & Company



With approximately sixty-eight hours of network time available for sale on the four major networks, the saturation point in network billing is still far from being ap-

proached.

On NBC, a network too often characterized as being "sold out," there are at present eight hours of network time for sale. Some of these open time periods are on Saturday morning and afternoon, but then it wasn't so long ago that Saturday evening and Sunday afternoon just "couldn't be sold." There is no open time period on any network during which there isn't at least one person available for listening in two-thirds of the radio homes surveyed by C. E. Hooper.

All four networks have been adding new stations in order to give advertisers more intensive coverage of important markets. Until most advertisers are using full networks and present available time periods are occupied, the saturation

30

point in network billing will not have been reached.

When compared to local and national spot, the increase in network business has not been as great. From a network standpoint, there just hasn't been as much time to sell. With the addition of over 120 new stations throughout the country in the past year, there has been a large amount of prime time available on a local and spot basis.

Taking everything into consideration, it seems reasonable to assume that the growth in local, spot, and network business will continue for some time to come.

HARRY C. KOPF

Vþ

National Broadcasting Company



When a medium is confined by such arbitrary boundaries as the hours in the day there must eventually, of course, be a limit to the amount of business it can carry. However,

the fact that network billing in 1946 increased only \$3,000,000, when local and national spot revenues spiralled, does not mean that network radio has yet approached its ceiling.

The facts are these: The four major networks have roughly, during each week, a total of 240 hours of "network optional" time, i. e., time relinquished by local affiliated stations for network programs. Only about 60 per cent of this time is sold, as of the first week in February 1947. Should *all* of the remaining sustaining hours be sold at some time in the future, network revenue could conceivably increase 50-60 million dollars without any increase in advertising rates.

Network radio stands practically alone among all media as the one which has not appreciably increased rates during the past year. The weekly magazines, for example, although they suffered a decline in number of advertising pages during 1946, broke through at the finish with a 23 per cent increase in revenue. Had the networks raised rates in the same proportion, revenue in 1946 would have increased not \$3,000,000 but \$44,000,000!

How soon network radio billing even approaches the saturation point depends on many factors, not the least of which are the continued full production of consumer goods and the emergence of a fullfledged buyer's market.

> Fred Thrower Vp in charge of sales American Broadcasting Company

in Indianapolis

A Tire Dealer	increased service sales 250% with programs and announcements on WFBM!
A Restaurant	set an all-time high weekly gross using pro- grams and announcements on WFBM!
A Pet Shop Owner	increased his gross business 25% with programs and announcements on WFBM!
A Piano Retailer	using announcements, secured enough piano re- building orders to keep his factory busy for three years! with a six-week campaign on WFBM!
*	Local WFBM radio advertisers, checking results at the cash register, find TINTINNABULATION

at the cash register, find TINTINNABULATION ... RINGING BELLS!

December-January Hooper Index shows WFBM again FIRST IN INDIANAPOLIS in over-all listening!

Reach this responsive audience . . . Get in on the **bell ringing** in Indianapolis . . . Contact a Katz representative about WFBM availabilities!

BASIC AFFILIATE: Columbia Broadcasting System

**Represented Nationally by The Katz Agency** 

WFBM

### Monthly Tabulation of Advertising by Categories

## MARCH: INSURANCE

The Tower Health Exercises (January 27, 1925) from the Metropolitan Life Insurance Tower in New York are the first programs of record sponsored by an insurance company, and when the program went network two months later the chimes of the tower and physical health director Arthur Bagley's smiling early morning banter (6:45–7:45 a.m.) became part of living throughout a great part of America.

For 10 years ('til April 20, 1935) Bagley and his get-up-with-a-smile-andexercise routine were part of radio. During ing this period a number of other insurance companies took a fling at broadcasting, but the Metropolitan was the most consistent user of time. Program ideas for insurance companies changed during the years. Early morning exercises were found by doctors not to be healthful for everyone and spot announcements and entertainment programs took the place of exercises.

During the war, insurance advertising in all forms was reduced to a minimum due to the government insurance campaign for the boys in service. At the conclusion of the war insurance companies began to take stock and nearly all the great organizations in the field either came to the air or have plans for broadcast advertising. Prudential, which carried its *Family Hour* (CBS) right through the war, added a second show, Jack Berch (NBC), to its schedule. Equitable Life Assurance continued sponsoring *This* 

Is Your FBI, although it was carrying its maximum number of policies in a number of states. John Hancock bought a prestige program, Boston Symphony, although it also was not seeking new policy holders to any great extent. Hospital plans began to consider radio as the ideal way of making people conscious of the need for group hospital insurance, and accident and fire insurance companies began to filter into the field. With the growth of savings bank insurance plans in many states, the regular insurance organizations are finding it more and more important to tell their story to the people. As many as five mutual life insurance companies are considering the medium as this report goes to press.

SPONSOR	AGENCY	PRODUCT	PROGRAMS	SPOTS
Blue Cross Hospital Plan, Inc., Utica, N. Y.	Moser & Cotins, Utica	Group hospital plan insurance		Live spots, 3 stations
Equitable Life As- surance Society of the United States, New York	Warwick & Legler, New York	Insurance	This Is Your FBI (ABC), Fri 8:30-9 pm	_
John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co., Boston	BBD&O, Boston	Insurance	Boston Symphony (ABC), Fii 8:30- 9 pm	-
Illinois Commercial Men's Assn., Chicago	L. W. Ramsey, Chicago	Insurance	Live 15-min talks, Sun 10:15-10:30, pm, WBBM (Chicago)	
Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., New York	Young & Rubicam, New York	Insurance	Eric Sevareid-News (CBS), MTWTF 6-6:15 pm, 48 stations Fact Finder (CBS), MTWTF 7:45-8 am pst, Pacific Coast network Morning News Roundup, TTS 8-8:15 am, WCBS (N. Y.) Live newscasts, 16 stations; live 15- min talks, 9 Pacific stations; recorded musical clock shows, 3 stations; live music shows, 2 stations	Live spots, breaks, 20 stations
Mutual Benefit Health & Accident Assn., Omaha	Arthur Meyerhoff, Chicago	Health, accident in- surance	Gabriel Heatter Show (MBS), Sun 10- 10:30 pm Newsreel Theatre, MTWTFS 6-7 am, daily 11-12 pm, Sun 7-8 am, WHN (N. Y.)	_
National Board of Fire Underwriters, New York	MacFarland, Ave- yard, New York	Capital stock fire in- surance	Crimes of Carelessness (MBS), Sun 3:30-4 pm	
Prudential Insurance Co. of America, Newark	Benton & Bowles, New York	Insurance	Jack Berch Show (NBC), MTWTF 11:30-11:45 am Prudential Family Hour (CBS), Sun 5-5:30 pm	-
Superior Agencies, New York	A. Lewis King, New York	Columbian Insurance	Prairie Stars, MTWTFS, 10:30-10:45 pm, WOV (N. Y.) 4 recorded music shows, WMCA (N. Y.)	Live spots, WMCA (N. Y.)

### BREAD AND CAKE STORY

(Continued from page 29)

and Continental's belief in daylight hours almost wavered. But right when they were feeling lowest, Stewart, Dougall and Associates delivered a survey for the baking industry which indicated that 86 per cent of al bread was bought by women. Continental then realized that it wasn't the daytime broadcasting that was wrong but Maudie's Diary. Maudie just wasn't geared to housewives so they bought a show with a proved record, Bachelor's Children. The program delivered the audience that Continental wanted and, with copy properly slanted to women, it sold. The show hadn't been on for Wonder Bread and Hostess Cakes very long before the Ted Bates agency made a survey (1943) which showed 19 per cent more users of Wonder Bread among frequent listeners to the program than among non-listeners.

The percentage doubtless went up later, for the program had the loyal following which means sales if the product is one that is bought by listeners, and women, as indicated before, buy the bread. A recent survey (1947) indicated that not only do women buy bread but 55 per cent is bought by women over 16 years of age the daytime serial listeners.

Continental stuck by Bachelor's Children for four years ('til September 17, 1946) when once again they changed their minds. This time they were sold a package by Irene Beasley, who has been in radio almost as long as Continental (she started on a local Memphis station in 1928). Bease, as she's called, has been peddling ideas for years. Her present package she calls Grand Slam. The program is audience participation plus—the plus being that the home audience can participate to the same extent—and win as much-as the studio audience. Such home participation is missing from most quiz shows. The home audience sends in five-part questions. Each question is likened to a trick in bridge from which the program title, Grand Slam, is lifted. The correct answer for each trick wins a prize but the correct answers for all five mean a grand slam and the works as far as prizes go. If on the other hand all five questions are missed the listener who sent in the five-part question gets a grand slam and the awards. Grand slams occur in the program about twice a week, and they're shots in the arm for it. When a listener wins there's usually a tie-up with her local bread source (grocer generally) and

(Please turn to page 39)



With pride and gratitude, WAVE acknowledges its citation in Variety's 1946 Showmanagement Review....

emerged from 1946 with a broadened viewpoint and a better radio station. Commercial hotshot WAVE diverted some energy to local enlightenment, came up with some winners. At the height of the railway walkout last spring, WAVE took cream time (9:30 p.m.), got labor, WAVE repeated with a well-balanced panel on the President's drastic proposals for labor regulation. Teen-agers meantime said their say in a continuing series called "Juvenile Round Table," tackling hot ones like "Socialized Medicine," "The Acar Death," and "Langelle Lable, tacking hot ones like "Socialized Medicine," "The Atom Bomb," and "Juvenile Deliquency." Topping these and other good deeds, WAVE took a deep breath, celebrated United Nutions Work burgers, and the second United Nations Week by importing from the Mnseum of Modern Art in New York an exhibit of paintings by Soviet schoolkids. Hundreds saw the pictures, went away with a warm onesaw the pictures, went away with a warm one-worldly feeling that Russian kids were not much different from our own. For cou-rageous showmanagement in the Bourbon pelt, salutations to WAVE from Variety.??

belt, salutations to management...with 1946 set as our minimum

standard.

NBC AFFILIATE

FREE & PETERS, INC.,

5000 WATTS . 970 KC NATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES

# HACKETT

recognized sports airthority where the tall competition grows. The McCoy to the Experts, "Our Boy" to Iowa Fandom, Idol of Iowa's Youngsters. Thirteen years reporting Sports of All Sorts. Two daily sportscasts (one presently available). First sportscaster (nationally and locally) to ban betting odds quotes on his programs. Just completed great basketball season for New Utica, Jon Hackett Des Moines. now at his merchandisable best. Next play-by-play commercial availability: Saturday baseball. Will provide platter, talk or presentation. Name it.

KRNT has the personalities in Des Moines!

A Cowles Station DES MOINES, IOWA Represented by the Katz Agency



#### YANDT'S SPORT SLANTS

Radio Station KGVO, Missoula, Montana, Monday through Saturday, 6:30–6:35 p.m. mst

**PROGRAM:** This is a simple commentary by the owner of a men's clothing store who has built himself the reputation of being an outstanding sports authority in Montana. He has a typical sports voice with just the right dem, dose, and dese quality. He balances national news with local features so that everyone in Missoula and around that city is kept abreast of what's what in sports just by following Max Yandt.

**COMMERCIAL**: It'd be better if Yandt didn't handle his own commercial, but since he does it in the same patois as the rest of the broadcast it doesn't seem too out-of-place. He sells a number of specific items and talks as though he knows his products. Program is 13 years old and Yandt spends 95 per cent of his advertising budget on it.

TIME: Six-thirty is an hour at which most men in the area are home—and they listen to Yandt. A local news show precedes the five minutes and that's okay too.

PROMOTION: Yandt personally contacts all sports organizations and schools and that's enough to make his emporium known throughout the area he serves. During the war he sent a regular printed letter to all the Missoula boys in service to keep them up-to-the-minute on what was going on back home in local sports. It carried the exact flavor of his broadcast.

**CREDITS:** Don Weston who produces the program also writes the script which means that he knows local and national sports. The commercials by Charles Vick are clothes-wise.

#### THE BARRY WOOD SHOW

(a Ziv transcribed production)

Radio Station WNBC, New York, Monday-Wednesday-Friday, 7:45-8 p.m. est

**PROGRAM:** Barry Wood has seldom sounded better than he does on this series. He's smooth both as mc and as singing star of the production. The young lady on the show, Margaret Whiting, is just as easy on the ears as Wood, and Hank Sylvern's orchestra with the Melody Maids make up a musical session that is as good as any program of its kind on the air. Nobody pushes for effects on the presentation and the result is 15 minutes of real entertainment. Production is top drawer and the selection of the musical numbers has just the correct nostalgic touch for the girls and the over-forties.

COMMERCIAL: On most syndicated programs the platters make it necessary to get in the advertising at the sign-on and sign-off. Ziv has handled this so that the commercials are spotted after Barry Wood's first number and before his last, which is good program building. On the WNBC airing, Elgin-American Compacts are the sponsors and they handle their copy in such a way that it seems as though Barry Wood himself were endorsing the Elgin-American line. It's productive.

TIME: Since gift compacts are sold to men as well as women the 7:45-8 p.m. time is well selected. It's the last quarterhour of station time and right before the usual NBC top-rating block of shows. It's an ideal slot for anyone's money.

**PROMOTION:** Jewelers and other compact outlets in metropolitan New York have played up the Barry Wood-Margaret Whiting combination in window displays, but since Elgin-American has different programs in different areas no great promotional push has been put behind any individual market.

CREDITS: Jeanne Harrison does an easy job of directing this singing 15 minutes, with Hank Sylvern worrying about the musical arrangements. Wordage is put together by Ziv staff writers. All work together to build a solid package.

#### JOANNE TAYLOR

Radio Station KMBC, Kansas City, Missouri, Monday through Saturday, 9-9:15 a. m. cst

PROGRAM: John Taylor's Department Store has developed a formula in this fashion broadcast which is the closest to painless that any direct selling show has yet come up with. The program is the story of Joanne Taylor, fashion counselor at the store, and how she helps customers over shopping jams. Product selling is worked into the continuity naturally, without obvious selling. Miss Taylor and two helpers do a pleasant easy-to-listento job. The only direct store credits are the opening and closing. Since everything in the program happens at the store, it's not necessary to shout JOHN TAY-LOR'S.

COMMERCIAL: The entire 15 minutes are commercial and yet none of it seems commercial. Special sales features are

worked into the continuity. The listener being, in theory, backstage at the department store doesn't resent price tags and detailing of special offerings, she expects it. The program is approaching its 14th year, which is a record of some kind for continuous sponsorship by a department store.

TIME: Nine a.m. would seem a little early in the East for a department store broadcast since the stores that have tried it in New York have found that that time didn't pull. In Kansas City it's okay. Apparently they listen earlier in the Middle West.

**PROMOTION:** Building the program around Joanne Taylor permits store-wide promotion of the program. Program also is featured in store black-and-white advertising and is so integrated into operations that it's as much a part of store promotion as its show windows.

CREDITS: Both the store's advertising department and the station's program department work on this daily broadcast. Both rate deep bows for a smooth handling of a difficult job, direct selling for a department store.

#### **SCHOOLEBRITIES**

Radio Station WING, Dayton, Ohio, Saturday, 10:30-11 a.m. est

PROGRAM: Most teen-age shows are obviously produced by adults and even the best of the jive talkers are no more part of the sloppy sox brigade than Walter Winchell. Schoolebrities is refreshingly different. Obviously it's a kid-run variety show. They don't use double-talk (most juveniles don't) and while they're not great performers, they're real. The orchestra gets off-tune every so often and the singers miss a beat now and again, but it's all spontaneous. They're as serious as a network sponsor speaking on his opening-night broadcast. Schoolebrities has a little of everything and most of it's fun. It even has its own keyhole snooper, who forgoes the bedroom details. There's an interview spot, and a number of big name performers have been interviewed on the show. It's been an experience for the interviewees as well as the young question-thrower. The show is definitely not for carping adults who want perfection. It's for the juniors who want to be themselves while listening.

COMMERCIAL: When the youngsters handle the sales talks themselves they're okay. The only part of the show that tends to talk down is the adult announcer's selling for Baynham Shoe Store. The line of shoes, however, is what the gang wants so that offsets, in a way, any negative effect of the down-talking spieler. The Baynham catch line, "the store where you're a guest before you're a customer," is good but it's definitely not teen-age.

TIME: The segment of the audience to

whom this show is addressed is at home and WING has used billboards, newswhen the show is broadcast. There's another teen-age show right before it, Soda-Set Time, which is good block programing. It also comes right before the NBC Teentimers' Club (11 a.m. est) on another station which is also good timing.

**PROMOTION:** Wingsters, a Junior Achievement Company, sponsored by station WING, run the show and make certain that everyone at school and in Dayton knows about the operation. They sold 200 shares of stock (out of 400) in 24 hours when they (55 of them) got together for the enterprise. Stock cost 50c a share. School papers run regular stories No one is given a big build-up.

papers, and window displays to sell the program. Actual sale of time to Baynham Shoe was made by a Wingster and the commission on the time sale is paid to the organization. It's a big job for all concerned and Wingsters have won scholarships and plenty of attention for themselves and the show through their air jobs.

CREDITS: Wingster staff members, who are paid at the rate of 35c a week, and department heads of the group (sound, musical director, etc.) who are paid 70c, write, produce, and act on the program.



and HOW they listen!

Ask FORJOE why 51 advertisers have already scheduled 52 week campaigns on the unique Anthracite area 1000 Watts(D) 730 KC. outlet. There's a good reason!

# Making the best even better!



Now-along with "The Texas Rangers" A sure-fire give-away or selfhiquidating offer! Attractive 48pages of Original Songs The Texas Rangers Sing and scrapbook album. Provided sponsors of "The Texas Rangers" at cost! Write for full details. The Texas Rangers

AN ARTHUR B. CHURCH PRODUCTION PICKWICK HOTEL • KANSAS CITY 6, MO.

MR. SPONSOR! How is <u>your show</u> doing at the cash register?

FEATURED RADIO PROGRAMS INC. 247 Park Ave., New York 17 WICKERSHAM 2-2700

#### BROADCAST MERCHANDISING

(Continued from page 8)

"Superman" has received 22 awards, most of them for juvenile daytime strip's campaign against racial discrimination and prejudice.

Although New York is not a suburb of Charlotte, North Carolina, news of the fact that WBT's Kurt Webster was responsible for turning an old tune, *Heartaches*, into the number one song in America was hot enough to rate a three-column spread on page one of the *New York World-Tele*gram. Webster, who is yeelpt "Night Mayor" on the Charlotte station, has been receiving more publicity than Ted Weems, who made the record on which Webster re-discovered *Heartaches*.

The New York Congressman Sol Bloom recently celebrated his 77th birthday with Bill Herson on WRC's *Coffee with Con*gress, which NBC pipes to the nation. During the coffee chat Bloom offered to send free copies of George Washington's 110 Rules of Civility to listeners. In two days he received 5,000 requests and actually ordered 50,000 to satisfy the flood of requests. Bloom hadn't thought that anyone cared about civility any more.

Chiquita Banana still doesn't mention its sponsor. New series, with new lyrics, on 117 stations tells all about spotted bananas but not a word about United Fruit Company. UFC only pays the bills.

The national spotlight was turned on station WMBD, Peoria, Ill., when the station consented to act as receiving agent for information on the murder of George P. McNear, Jr. McNear's death brought reward offers headed by the \$25,000 of the Toledo, Peoria and Western Railroad (his company). The station took a firm editorial stand on the murder and became the focal point in the search for McNear's killer. As such, it was included in all newspaper reports on the rewards and the progress toward finding the guilty man.

Television Institute is industry's first post-color decision convention. Second annual seminar devoted to a check-up of where TV is going will be held at the Commodore Hotel in New York, April 14 and 15. All factors of television are cooperating to use this meeting to speed action on black and white development.

#### Paul Lavalle establishes music award

While normally it's the network or sponsor who donates the cash for a scholarship, this time the conductor of the show, *Highways in Melody*, has put his own money on the line. The scholarship carries with it a cash payment of \$1,500 (in three equal annual payments) and the opportunity of appearing as soloist in a program under the Lavalle baton. The National Federation of Music Clubs will administer the scholarship.

Amateur sports are high in planning of Station KNOE (Monroe, La.). Its program, Sports Page of the Air, is making yearround outstanding-player awards in the field of high school baseball, basketball, and football. Sports Page is also sponsoring an "open amateur golf tournament" for golfers in Northeast Louisiana.

Philadelphia's Little Theater groups are the target of special promotion by KYW. Objective is to increase the local radio talent roster and at the same time sell the members of the groups, who actually run into thousands, on the Westinghouse outlet's being "their" station.

Health hints instead of commercials are the promotional basis of all of the Metropolitan Life Insurance national spot broadcasts. They've now added that approach to their selling on *Eric Sevareid and the News* (CBS). Selling insurance by spreading health education has paid off for Metropolitan for years.

ABC Morgan promotion backfires in some states. The clever miniature streamer headed "WARNING—THIS MAN IS AFTER CROSBY" and illustrated with a typical "wanted" photograph of Henry Morgan created a lot of comment but in a number of states the police authorities apparently felt it was too convincing and prohibited further distribution.

Chicago's Family Almanac is now WGN's. The book of facts formerly published by the Chicago Daily News will from now on be published by the Colonel Robert R. McCormick station under the title WGN Family Almanac and Yearbook and sold at \$1.

Five-room house and \$1,000 are the first prize in a Terry and the Pirates (ABC) contest.

KFAB "blank panel" car cards have enabled it to revolve promotion of its programs at a minimum of cost and a maximum of effectiveness. Station has all its cards printed with a blank panel and then imprints the panel. Idea keeps the station identification high and enables them to obtain the maximum flexibility in program promotion.

The birds, bees and flowers are embossed on the cover of WEE1's latest promotion piece. There's not a word on the pure white cover of the folder but the trade catches on quickly that the bbf trio refers to sex and the Boston station's iconoclastic broadcast series of youth sex education. Program won a CCNY award and a Variety plaque. Sex on the air in Boston is news.

#### 40 WEST 52nd

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of Se

(Continued from page 52)

new enterprise (television, radio, and motion picture consultants). Your new magazine looks terrific to me, and in my travels about the countryside I see it in every radio station and agency, or at least it seems that way.

RICHARD W. HUBBELL Richard W. Hubbell and Associates

In your March issue, on page 32, under your monthly tabulation of advertising by categories, Cosmetic and Beauty Products, you have made an error in your reference to the Campana Sales Company's radio program entitled Solitair Time on the NBC Network. In your reference to this program you state that the agency is Hanley, Hicks & Montgomery of Chicago.

The Campana Sales Company of Batavia, Illinois, has several advertising agencies, and it just happens that we are the advertising agency for the Solitair Time program on NBC which is mentioned in your listing.

> I. W. CLEMENTS President The Clements Company, Inc.

So far we have had eight inquiries about our news program (Journal of the Air) which SPONSOR reviewed in its March issue. The Board of Directors of the Rochester Savings Bank were more than delighted with their program.

Their Advertising Director told me that in one week the program gets more favorable comment than their previous series did in the two and a half years it was on the air. WILLIAM J. ADAMS

**Program Director** Station WHEC

As a young and expanding advertising agency, we feel the consultation of trade publications, particularly such a vehicle as sponsor, is of primary importance.

VAL COLE

Val Cole Advertising Agency

We thought it (SPONSOR's article on the Schwerin testing of the RCA Show) by far the clearest exposition given to this type of research and I wanted you to know how I felt about it.

Incidentally, although we still are not certain that we can claim any real significance for the fact, it is never-the-less interesting to note that the latest RCA Hooper rating is 8.5, the highest this Sunday afternoon show has ever hit.

H. M. BEVILLE, JR. Director of Research National Broadcasting Company BMI Pin-up Sheet

#### Hit Tunes for April (On Records)

ANOTHER NIGHT LIKE THIS Marks) Dick Haymes—Dec. 23731 . Desi Arnaz—Vic. 20.2052 . Hal Derwin—Cap. 336 Herb Kern-Lloyd Sloop—Tempo 984 . Hal Winters-Jose Morand—Apollo 1034 Don Alfredo—Pan-Amer. 076 . Larry Douglas—Sig. 15085 Tommy Tucker—Col. 37339

BEST MAN, THE (Vanguard) Les Brown-Col. 37086 · King Cole Trio-Cap. 304 · Romo Vincent-Dec. 23749 Sunny Skylar-Mercury 5004

## FOR SENTIMENTAL REASONS (Duchess)

Eddy Howard—Maj. 1071 . Charlie Spivak—Vic. 20-1981 Ella Fitzgerald—Dec. 23670. Dinah Shore—Col. 37188. King Cole Trio—Cap. 304 Art Kassel—Vogue 781. Fran Warren—Cosmo 514. Bown Dots—Manor 1041 SkipStrahl—Emerald 106

#### ILLUSION (Pemora)

Hal Winters-Jose Morand—Apollo 1034 • Don Jose—Gotham 3003 Xavier Cugat—Col. 37319 • Bobby Doyle—Sig.\*

### IT MIGHT HAVE BEEN A DIFFERENT STORY

(Campbell-Porgie) Tex Beneke-Vic. 20-21<sup>2</sup>3 . Hal Derwin-Cap. 377 . Buddy Clark-Col. 37302

IT TAKES TIME (London) Benny Goodman—Cap. 376 . Louis Armstrong—Vic. 20-2228 . Doris Day—Col.\* Guy Lombardo—Dec.\*

### MANAGUA, NICARAGUA (Encore)

Freddy Martin—Vic. 20-2026 • Guy Lombardo—Dec. 23782 Kay Kyser—Col. 37214 • Gorden Trio—Sonora 3032 • Julie Conway—Sig. 15086 Two Ton Baker—Mercury 5016 • Dick Peterson—Enterprise 251 Jose Curbelo—Vic. 20-9015

#### MISIRLOU (Colonial)

Jan August—Diamond 2009 . Herbie Fields—Vic. 20-2138 Skitch Henderson—Cap. 351 . Nicholas Matthey—Dec. 25045 Frank Knight—Standard 5010 . Jose Morand — Dec. 50005 David Rose — MGM 30007

#### MY ADOBE HACIENDA (Peer)

Billy Williams—Vic. 20-2150 . Jack McLean—Coast 8001 CoffmanSisters—Ent. 147 . Esquire Trio—Rhapsody 102 . Hammondairs—Mars 1037 Eddy Howard—Maj. 1117 . Russ Morgan-Kenny Baker—Dec. 23846 Bobby Trux Trio—Mercury 305

#### OPEN THE DOOR, RICHARD (Duchess)

Three Flames—Col. 37268. Count Basie—Vic. 20-2127. Jack McVea—B & W 792 Pied Pipers—Cap. 369. Bill Samuels—Mercury 8029. Dusty Fletcher—Nat. 4012 Merry Macs—Maj. 1112. Sid Catlett—Manor 1058. Hot Lips Page—Apollo 1041 Brown-Grimes—Sig. 1006. Louis Jordan—Dec. 23841. Dick Peterson—Ent. 253 Charioteers—Col. 37240

### THAT'S HOW MUCH I LOVE YOU (Vogue)

Bing Crosby—Dec. 23840 . Frank Sinatra—Col. 37231 . Louis Prima—Maj. 2107 Eddy Arnold—Vic. 20-1948 . Alvino Rey—Cap. 363 . Wally Fowler—Merc. 6031 Fred Kirby—Sonora 7023 . Red Foley—Dec. 46028

# UNLESS IT CAN HAPPEN WITH YOU (Stevens)

Three Suns—Vic. 20-2197, Frankie Carle—Col. 37311. Lawrence Welk—Dec.\* Blue Barron—MGM\*, Johnny Long—Sig.\*, Mr. & Mrs. Andy Russell—Cap.\* The Starlighters—Mercury\*

# WE COULD MAKE SUCH BEAUTIFUL MUSIC (BMD)

Vaughn Monroe—Vic. 20-2095 • Frankie Carle—Col. 37222 Monica Lewis—Sig. 15068 • George Towne—Sonora 2002 Billy Butterfield—Cop. 371 • Blue Barron—M-G-M 10005

YES, YES, HONEY (Chelsed) Danny Ryan-Diamond 2062 • Stardusters-Swan 8002 • Gene Krupa-Col.\*

\*Soon to be released

HOLLYWOOD

#### BROADCAST MUSIC INC. 580 FIFTH AVENUE . NEW YORK 19, N. Y. NEW YORK CHICAGO

APRIL 1947

# BCing you"... in INDIANAPOLIS

# **They're Storming the Door** for "The Dixie Four"

Four palefaces from the land of corn pone are taking Hoosierland by storm. They're "The Divie Four" and their close harmony is keeping Hoosiers close to "1070 on the dial" twice daily, Monday through Friday, 6:45 to 7 A.M. and 12:30 to 12:45 P.M. In addition, their "solid sending" has them booked solid for personal appearances every night in the week. Check your John Blair Man on "The Dixie Four." Ask him, too, about the wealth of sure-selling, live talent shows offered by WIBC. HE knows.

JOHN BLAIR & COMPANY . NATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES

WIBC

1070 KC

5000 WATTS

BASIC MUTUAL

The INDIANAPOLIS NEWS Station Get More, for Your Money in Eastern lowa



Member Mid-States Group

#### LISTERINE LOVES COMPANY

(Continued from page 16)

broadcasts to draw a top audience. Then, too, the rivalry between New York and Chicago has to be synthetic, there being very little real competition between the two populations. Time availabilities on both WOR (New York) and WCN (Chicago) are generally not good, the present time slot being 3-3:30 p.m. est, a period during which no broadcast attains much of an audience. There has, however, been a tremendous amount of promotion in these cities (more in Chicago than New York) with the promotion making up for the less than-satisfactory show rating. What can be done to hypo the WOR-WGN program is a major Lambert project at present.

But in spite of low rating for this particular Quiz of Two Cities, when the Good Neighbor Foundation took over the show for a broadcast and offered (in New York alone) a free "Golden Rule" ruler, with a Good Neighbor motto on it, they pulled mail from 10 states and distributed over 500,000 rulers.

Although Lambert is an A. C. Nielsen Drug Index subscriber the company doesn't feel that the figures which Nielsen delivers are as accurate city-by-city as they are nationally, because in many areas Listerine is sold in greater quantities in groceries than it is in regular drug outlets. Therefore they aren't able to pin down, dollar by dollar, the sales productiveness of each broadcast. They do not expect the sales in any individual city in which a Quiz originates to carry the cost of the show in that city. They view each originating city as the focal point of a merchandising wheel, not the total, or even the dominant portion, of the market to which the cost of the show should be charged. They always keep in mind that although Quiz of Two Cities is a local program the combination of all the Quiz airings is aimed at selling Listerine Tooth Paste to America.

The Quiz doesn't entirely run itself. Ray Kremer, radio director of the agency, takes a turn around the country every so often to check up on the program and to work with local producers.

While most other sponsors, networks, and agencies are worrying about even giving credits in return for give-aways on their programs, Listerine gives away the program. Yet it sells Listerine Tooth Paste, which is what the air is supposed to be doing for Lambert Pharmacal Company. The more air time they give away the more toothpaste they sell.

#### BREAD AND CAKE PARTY

(Continued from page 33)

the awards are on exhibit at the store. The listener-winner usually has her picture taken at the store (page 25) and business for the storekceper goes up for a week (longer if the prizes are on exhibit for any length of time). Bread sales go up for about three days and some of the increase is held for a considerable length of time. The retailer good-will continues almost indefinitely, for the merchant naturally feels that after that he's something more than a stop on a baker's route.

Bease has developed a good mc manner and the show zips along. Mail entries average about 28,000 a week—have hit as high as 58,000. Store tie-ins, truck posters, newspaper advertisements (page 29), and spot announcements are used to merchandise the program. The spots sell the product as well as the program. Idea is that they have to pay their own freight in sales but they can use *Grand Slam* as an attention-getter.

The feeling at Continental is that Grand Slam is their best use of radio in the last two decades but that it still isn't the "perfection" that they're seeking. They know that the copy appeal pulls almost as well on their 125-station one-minute spot campaign. They're getting direct listener reaction to their campaigning through a sales crew project which sends 20 crews of four women each into tough sales areas. These crews not only sell Wonder Bread and Hostess Cakes but they sell the radio program as well. Doorto-dcor selling is expensive but it brings amazing results. Follow-up surveys indicate that in some areas 50 per cent of the women contacted by the crews become regular Wonder Bread users and most of them Grand Slam listeners. It takes 20 weeks for each door-to-door project to "cover" an average town.

At one time Continental thought of a cook book of theia own as an rir promotion but upon checking found that women generally prefer standard cook books like *Boston, Fanny Farmer, Settlement,* or *White House.* Thes'll send in for the recipe collections but after the first touch of curiosito they just don't usd cook books produced by food manufactuers.

Continental's frequent change of programs is explained in two ways by the agency and the executives of the baking organization. First they claim that since bread is a daily purchase on the part of most families all you can do is make them sample the product. If they don't like it they don't like it, and that's that. The job of the program is first to get its listeners to sample the product and then simply to remind them that they liked Wonder Bread, so they'll buy it when bread shopping. That means that after a while all who listen to the program have sampled the product and the program becomes a reminder vehicle, not an actual salesbuilding tool. It's time then, says one faction, to change your program.

Another group doesn't strive to explain away their rapid change of shows by any "using up listeners" explanation. They state that with 86 bakeries and two flour mills and a personnel of over 13,000, half of whom are route men (driver-salesmen), naturally programs are actively criticized by employees. When the complaints reach executives often enough and when the executives grow tired of the program something has to happen—and does—to the program.

All admit that the "perfect" program might overcome these defects by traveling around to all of Continental's markets. Thus it would become identified with each area and there would be less tendency on the part of anyone to think of the program as a home office production—a swivel-chair creation.

The broadcasting of the program from each territory is almost a must, for despite all 86 bakeries' being 100 per cent Continental-owned they are actually a combine of practically autonomous operations. Wonder Bread and Hostess Cakes represent 95 per cent of their dollar sales volume, but each bakery has its own president—and he's boss of all he surveys.

For M. Lee Marshall it's been a long trek since he, in 1915, became vice president of Campbell Baking Company, a Continental predecessor, and its 10 bakeries.

He knows that in the bread business there's no sitting back and waiting unless you want some other bread name to take over. There's too little difference in good breads to take chances.

That's why the Continental advertising campaign is always in a state of flux—and why they'll always be looking for the "refect" program. There's a \$100,000,-000 business to protect.



# MR. SPONSOR! How is <u>your show</u> doing at the cash register?

FEATURED RADIO PROGRAMS INC. 247 Park Ave., New York 17 Wickersham 2-2700

#### REVERE EXPLORES

(Continued from page 24)

variation of the Schwerin and Lazarsfeld-Stanton program-analyzing techniques. He plays recordings of his shows for studio audiences and without gadgets gets their reactions.

He's his own competition in producing educational shows. That's because he feels that the present lack of competition in the field makes for lower standards than are present with commercial entertainment offerings. Continuity is such a vital factor in building an audience that it must be present in all programing. Since most educational presentations are documentary in approach, the link between their broadcasts is tenuous, not nearly strong enough to hold and build Exploring the Unknown audiences. started with a 1.6 and built to a 6 at its height in the 32 nationally rated Hooper cities. Outside the urban centers, it has hit as high as 15 in a city Hooperating. Week-by-week broadcast of a science story framed in the same format, with plenty of emotional appeal and name stars, is what is responsible for its gradual steady growth. The network (Mutual) kept the program on the air during last summer's hiatus in sponsorship (9 weeks) so as not to break listener loyalty.

Revere has obtained, dollar for dollar, value from its sponsorship. It has gathered an audience ready and actually anxious to hear advertising tales of advances in the field of metallurgy. There have been schools that have given credits to students who followed the broadcasts and passed examinations on the subjects covered. Disks of the show are often played by industrial and financial organizations for sales conferences and executive meetings. Science clubs frequently hold meetings based upon a single broadcast of Exploring the Unknown. Individual broadcasts have had favorable reactions for Revere sometimes as long as six months after they were aired, because major expenditures for housing, either new or remodeling, aren't made at the spur of the listening moment.

The program started on 123 stations and is now heard over 328, the present "full" Mutual network. It's gathering an audience for itself that is interested in science and information. Proof of this is that the subscription coupon on the back of the pamphlets sent out by *Science Illustrated* for the program brings in 6 per cent returns in subscriptions to the magazine. Subscription efforts are

(Please turn to page 47)

# WNAX Offers a Sure-Fire Way TO SELL!

FOR example, let's take a gander at a recent experience of home furnishers, Ginsberg's Inc., of Sioux City, Iowa. On Tuesday, January 21, this firm ran a 1-minute announcement on WNAX relative to receiving a new shipment of washing machines. And here's what Ginsberg manager, Bernard T. Kalis, reports:

"Imagine my surprise upon returning from lunch the day following this announcement to have our stock control clerk frantically begging us to stop whatever advertising we were using for these With this one washers. Tuesday morning announcement. at a cost of only \$10.20, and through no other media than WNAX, we had sold the amazing number of 37 washing machines at \$119.95 a piece.'

Thank you, Mr. Kalis. We wish we could promise every WNAX advertiser a \$4,438.15 sale from each \$10.20 announcement he used . . . but we can promise that WNAX has the knack of giving its listeners the kind of programs they want . . . and that means sales for WNAX advertisers.

WNAX is available with KRNT and WMT as the Mid-States Group. Ask the Katz Agency for rates.



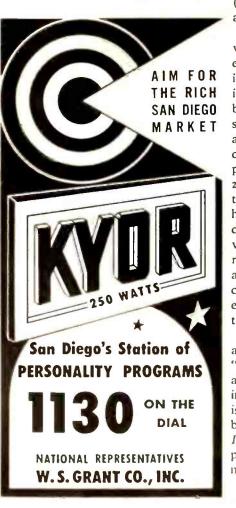
A Coules Station SIOUX CITY • YANKTON

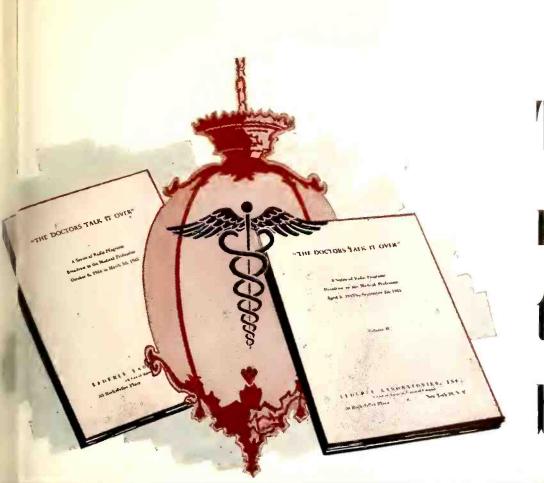
SPONSOR

MR. SPONSOR! How is your show

# doing at the cash register?

FEATURED RADIO PROGRAMS INC. 247 Park Ave., New York 17 WICKERSHAM 2-2700





# The rating touches bottom

# "The Doctors Talk It Over" delivers

They laughed when the afterdinner speaker, talking about shows and ratings, referred to Lederle Laboratories' *The Doctors Talk It Over.* When the snickers died down, an advertising agency executive remarked, "The program must have something. It's in its third year on the air and the American Cyanamid Company (Lederle's parent company) doesn't throw away a quarter of a million dollars a year for anything, not even a broadcast program."

Lederle spends more on its air program than the entire advertising budget of all the rest of Cyanamid's units. It spends it to reach a tiny segment of the dialing audience, the medical profession. It has nothing to sell the public. It sells only ethical pharmaceuticals and biologicals, products used by hospitals and dispensed by druggists upon doctors' prescriptions. It sells nothing on the air, the program having none of the aspects of commercialization expected on a sponsored program. Sole identification of the billpayer is the opening, which states:

Lederle Laboratories, Incorporated ... a unit of American Cyanamid Company and manufacturers of pharmaceutical and biological products, present transcribed: "The Doctors Talk It Over,"

That's all that directly or indirectly ties into the business of the sponsor until the sign-off, when once again the announcer states:

"The Doctors Talk It Over" has been a transcribed presentation of Lederle Laboratories. Incorporated, a unit of American Cyanamid Company, and manufacturers of pharmaceutical and biological products.

There is generally also an offer of a free copy of the talk to professional listeners "by writing to Lederle Laboratories, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York 20, New York."

Just three mentions of the corporate title, that's all, weekly at 10 to 10:15 p.m. est, for well over \$300,000 a year.

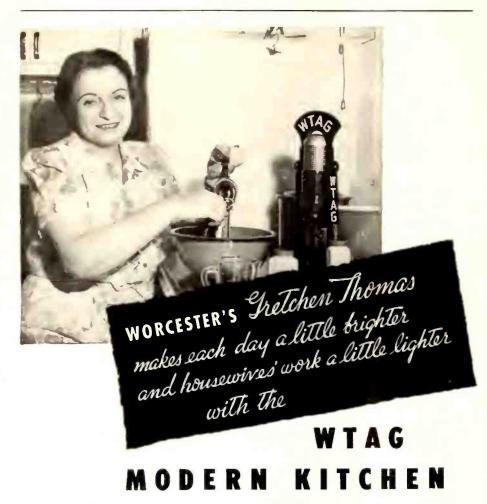
And the program rating is usually between 1 and 2 (March 2 broadcast reached a 2.2), ranking, report after report, at the bottom of all sponsored shows on the air.

Lederle wants to reach just one audience—M.D.'s. Its rating is so low that there are no audience composition figures available from normal rating sources, nor are these same sources able to produce sponsor identification figures. That necessitated a special study, for it couldn't be taken for granted that *The Doctors Talk It Over* was reaching the correct audience. These special studies have been made three times. The returns indicate that doctors are listening and mercial, they know who is sponsoring the ence, since medical men are for obvious show.

	June 1946	Aug. 1945	March 1945	
Doctors Answering				
Survey	1128	937	1055	
Knew Program	78 %	75 74:	63 9%	
Knew Sponsor	69 %	65 8%	54 4%	
Heard Program	57 8%	65 8%	54 412	
Liked Program	54 3%	50 3%	35 912	
Regular Listeners	12.4%	14 4 %	9 9 %	

The apparently small percentage of those who have heard the program who gram has to fight for medical ears against

that regardless of the restricted air com- medical segment of the listening audireasons in no position to listen regularly to a radio at any time of any day, although 10-10:15 p.m. is a period when the greatest percentage of medicos is likely to be available to listen. It is also impossible to choose medical subjects that are of interest to all doctors, since of necessity some of the programs are addressed to specialists and others to general practitioners. Finally, the prolisten regularly is not unusual in the purely entertainment programs. For the



Housewives of Worcester and Central New England go all out for the WTAG Modern Kitchen—and for good reasons, too. So do advertisers for equally good reasons. Gretchen Thomas speaks with friendly authority five days a week on everything connected with the kitchenpreparation of food, shortcuts to economy, the art of home making. Housewives abide by and are grateful for her recommendations. Just as Gretchen Thomas is a big favorite with thousands of Central New England housewives, so do advertisers find this popular program a peak spot to keep brand names alive in this prosperous \$300,000,000 market.

Available for food account participation.



latter reason the program has switched from Friday to Tuesday to Monday seeking a per od when it wouldn't have to fight Bob Hope, Fibber McGee, or Bing Crosby. That it does reach and influence as large a segment of the medical profession as it does is a tribute to the thinking behind the program.

It is not a pseudo-medical broadcast. The doctors who talk it over are leading men in the medical field. At first they looked with a suspicious eye upon broadcasting under the sponsorship of a commercial firm. Most of that looking askance is no longer evident. Even the medical associations, both county and national, now feel that The Doctors Talk It Over is the nearest thing possible to a closedcircuit meeting with the men who mean the most to the profession. It is "ethical publicity" for the men who talk and a professional brush-up for listeners.

Like all successful broadcasting, and The Doctors Talk It Over is successful despite its bottom rating, the program is not required to travel under its own steam alone. Promotion of the program differs from that for a general-appeal air show. The direct mail and give-aways are sent 100 per cent to the medical profession. One hundred and twentythree thousand announcement cards are sent out monthly to the medical and allied professions. They are as decorative as a railroad timetable, but they do list the subjects, the authorities, and the Each week an average of stations. 1,800 reprints of the broadcast is requested and sent out. An offer of two bound volumes containing the actual scripts of the first 52 broadcasts brought in 85,000 requests. That meant 85,000 doctors impressed with Lederle Laboratories. Disks of each broadcast are made part of a circulating library and are drawn upon regularly by schools, medical societies, hospitals, nurses' schools, and allied professional groups. This service, supplied without charge, has built extra respect among these groups for the ethical character of the program and its sponsor.

Not only has the program given Lederle the medical personality it desired but its medical representatives, numbering about 250, find it has made their job of contacting the profession and hospitals far easier and much more The 50 branch offices also productive. note that direct calls from pharmacists have increased progressively as the program has been on the air.

Nurses and attendants also feel a glow when Lederle is mentioned, for several broadcasts have placed the

(Please turn to page 47)

# signed and unsigned

## Sponsor Personnel Changes

#### FORMER AFFILIATION

#### Michael J. Batenburg Albert M. Behrens V. R. Burtch

Louis E. Dixon

Jerry J. Godell

Raiph Heaton Leonard J. Kraft

C. Russell Noyes

Warren Smith

Jacques A. Wiese

Richard H. Schellschmidt

NAME

Eilzabeth Arden, New York, advertising director Grove Laboratories, Inc., St. Louis, general sales manager R. J. Strassenburgh Co., Rochester. N. Y.

Cali-Wear, Los Angeles, vp

Alien, Heaton & McDonaid, Cincinnati, partner Campbell-Sanford, New York, account executive

Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn., assistant advertising manager John Meck Industries, Plymouth, Ind., personnel

director

relations director Iceberg Refrigerated Locker Systems, Inc., New York, advertising manager

Leonard M. Zimmerman

National Retail Furniture Assn., Chicago, public

NEW AFFILIATION

Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co., Pittsburgh, paint advertising

manager Lentheric, Inc., New York, advertising manager Vess Beverage Co., St. Louis, general sales, advertising man-ager in charge advertising, sales of Vess Cola Hooster Pharmacal Co., Indianapolis, sales, advertising

manager . A. Sportogs. Los Angeies, merchandising, sales, adver-

L. A. Sportogs, Los Angeles, mercanerelising director tlsing director Bowman Gum, Inc., Philadelphia, advertising director Borden Co. (Special Products Div. of Sales Div.), New York. advertising, sales promotion manager Same, advertising manager

Georgia Hardwood Lumber Co., Augusta, advertising. Georgia Hardwood Lumber Co., Augusta, autoritan public relations director Allied Home Products Corp., New York-Beloit, Wisc., ad-vertising, merchandising director Marilyn Belts, Dallas, vp in charge advertising, promotion

### Advertising Agency Personnel Changes

NAME	FORMER AFFILIATION	NEW AFFILIATION
Bernita Arnoid		Manning, New York, account executive
Glenn A. Babcock	Talon, Inc., Meadville, Pa., advertising manager	Owen & Chappell, New York, account executive
Harry Neal Baum	Fairbanks, Morse & Co., Chicago, advertising	Gebhardt & Brockson, Chicago, account executive
Robert S. Beatty	McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., executive assistant to president	Beatty & Oliver, New York (new), partner
Herb R. Beaven	Davis & Beaven, Los Angeles, partner	C. B. Juneau, Los Angeles
Saul Betens	West Coast advertising consultant	The Betens Co., New York (new), head
Roberta Black Elliott V. Bogert	KIEV, Glendaie, Calif, Davis & Co. (formeriy Davis & Beaven), Los	Lyman Peters Inc., Los Angeles (new), account executive
Emott v. Bogert	Angeles, account executive	Same, partner
Howard Booker	Culp & Booker, Los Angeles, co-owner, radio director	Own agency, Los Angeles
Randell E. Brooks	Gulf Publishing Co., Houston	Rogers & Smith, Dallas, account executive
J. G. Bumberg	Vanderbilt-Fordham	Jules Lipplt, New York, account executive
Taylor S. Canteli	Kenyon & Eckhardt (Kenyon Research Corp. div.), New York, vp	Retailers' Advertising Service, Inc., New York (new), president
Leroy W. Carison	Household Finance Corp., Chicago. advertising manager	W. B. Geissinger & Co., Los Angeles (new), account execu- tive
Raiph Carson	Raiph Carson, Los Angeles, head	Murray-Dymock Inc., Los Angeles (new), vp. general man-
		ager. in merger of Carson and Murray-Dymock
George I, Clark Eugene W, Cooper	RCA, Camden, N. J.	Robert E. Clarke, Charlotte, N. C. (new branch), head
Harry Cooper	Grant, Chicago, vp. account executive KIEV, Glendaie, Caiif., account executive	Foote, Cone & Beiding, Chicago, similar capacity Lyman Peters Inc., Los Angeles (new), account executive
Sharon Dailey	Cant, account excentive	Ryan, New York, account executive
Jack E. Early	Reno Chamber of Commerce, Reno, assistant	Beaumont & Hohman, San Francisco. account executive
Nathan W. Edson	Navy	Doremus, Boston, account executive, research director
Alexander Ewing	California & Walders Oblands and an address	Manning, New York, account executive
John Farreli Sidney Finger Jr.	Calkins & Holden, Chicago, account executive Klesewetter, Wetterau & Baker, New York	Wade, Los Angeles, account executive Federal, New York, account executive
Russell L. Fradkin	Trade papers space representative, New York	Seidei, New York, account executive
William Futterman	Ward & Futterman, Chicago, partner	Maher & Futterman Advertising, New York (new), partner
W. B. Geissinger	BBD&O, Los Angeles, vp in charge Pacific Coast operations	W. B. Geissinger & Co., Los Angeles (new), head
Joyce Glaser	George Innes & Co., Wichita, fashion coordinator	Jere Bayard, Los Angeles, account executive
William G. Gray	Glasser-Gailey, Los Angeles, manager produc- tion, traffic	Same, account executive
Ben J. Green	H. W. Kastor, Chicago, radio director	Arthur Meyerhoff, Chicago, radio director
John F. Gries J. J. Hanseiman	Army	Richard A. Foley, Philadelphia, account executive
George L. Herpel	Psychologist	Short & Baum. Portland, Ore., account executive Oliver, St. Louis, account executive. consumer psychology research
Milton M. Heymann	Small & Selffer, New York, assistant general	Same, partner, vp, secretary
Robert W. High	Kight, Columbus, O,	Wheeler-Kight & Gainey, Columbus, account executive?
Robert W, Honer		Honer Advertising Agency, West Hartford, Conn. (new),
William F. Honor	Fuller Druck Co. Hastford Comp.	partner
winam r. noner		
Gordon Horney		
Robert L. Howard	Robert J. Enders, Washington, D. C., radio	I. T. Cohen, Washington, D. C., radio director, account executive
Robert W. Honer William F. Honer Gordon Horney	Fuller Brush Co., Hartford, Conn., advertising manager Robert J. Enders, Washington, D. C., radio	partner Honer Advertising Agency, West Hartfor Conn. (ne partner Advertising Associates, Los Angeles (new), partner I. T. Cohen, Washington, D. C., radio director, acco



#### NAME

# Mrs. Wanda Jarrott Kirby Katz James Kelley Edward S. Kellogg Andy Kelly Bill Kelso Ed Kerze Harold Kirsch

Albert A. Kohler

**Clayton Norval LaVene** Jean Lawtor Lewis Lederer

William H. Lewis Jr.

#### Joseph G. Lleb O. O. Lleifers

George Maher William E. Maione Jr.

Robert McAnulty James C. McDonough Paul E. McElroy Harold Metzendorf

Norton W. Moggee Laurence W. Morgan Carvel Nelson Dean Nelson Frank Newton

Anton M. Ollver John J. O'Rourke Lyman Peters Robert I. Prels

Robert Reinhart Jr.

Jane Richter

#### William E. Riegel

Laurence R. Rosenbaum Erwin Rosners Stanley Rowen Irwin Saizman Charles R. Schumacher William L. Shinnick

Fom Smith Martin M. C. Spitz W. Paul Stewart Herbert I). Strauss Fellx Sutton

Leonard Thornton Ray Tibbirts

Louris K. Tischler

Jerry Toland

Lawrence S. Tone Jr. Edward L. Van Riper

**Kussell V. Vernet** 

George J. Walsh John F. Whitehead Lienry O. Whiteside

George Whitney

Jue G. Wick

Carl C. Wickstrom

Murtel Williams Willard S. Wood Dudley Woodman

Bobby Woodworth Harry Zee

### FORMER AFFILIATION

J. Walter Thompson, research staff Marines Earle Ludgin, Chicago, account executive West-Marquis, Los Angeles, account executive Al Jarvis (Make Belleve Ballroom mc), manager

KIEV, Glendale, Calif. Well Clothing Co., St. Louis, advertising, promo-

tion manager Sports Magazine, New York, space salesman

Illixon-O'Donnell, Los Angeles Compton, New York Thirlity Drug Co. (Southern California chain), advertising dept. Dancer-Fitzgerald-Sample, New York, account executive

Army

Army BBD&O, Los Angeles, marketing research direc-tor, account executive NBC production div., New York Sherman & Marquette, New York

Kuttner & Kuttner, Chicago, copy chief Ethyl Corp., New York, advertising director Lawrence C. Gumbinner, New York, assistant

account executive J. Walter Thompson, Los Angeles, vp in charge B. B. Chemical Company, Cambridge, Mass. Adolph Bloch, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Advertising, San Francisco, account

executive Newell-Emmetr, New York Parrar & O'Rourke, San Francisco (dissolved) KIEV, Glendale, Calif., general manager Dancer-Fitzgerald-Sample, Chicago, assistant

account executive

account executive Jules Chain Stores Corp., New York, advertising, sales director Lit Brothers, Philadelphia, new business dept, manager in charge radio programs, direct mail, credit promotion Blow, New York

Fur Age, New York, editorial staff

Fur Age, New York, editorial stat Army Bialine-Thompson, New York, production dept. David Olen, Los Angeles, account executive House & Garden Magazine, New York Hillis Bros. Coffee Co., San Francisco, advertising manager Philadelphia Record, retail advertising manager Grant, Miami, account executive Grey, New York, account executive Grey, New York, account executive Kastor, Farreli, Chesley & Clifford, New York, copy supervisor McCann-Erickson, Chicago, spacebuyer Davis & Co. (formerly Davis & Beaven), Los Angeles, art director Showaiter, Singer & Tischler, Hollywood, partner

Douglas Oll Co., Clearwater, Calif., sports an-

nouncer Frank Wellman, Philadelphia Sidener & Van Riper, Indianapolis, assistant to

president Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York, adver-tising assistant John A. Finneran, New York, account executive Fritzen, Los Angeles, account executive Gardner, St. Louis, assistant to president, re-search director

KF1, Los Angeles, sales, business manager

David G. Evans Coffee Co., St. Louis, general sales, advertising manager Western, Los Angeles, account executive

John A. Calrns, New York, account executive Campbeli-Ewald, Los Angeles American Marletta Co., Chfcago, advertising manager KIEV, Clendale, Calif. Williams, New York, general manager

#### NEW AFFILIATION

Rogers & Smith, Dallas, account executive Hutchins, Philadelphia, account executive, creative staff Wendel C. Muench, Chicago, account executive Edward S. Kellogg Co., Los Angeles (new), head Advertising Associates, Los Angeles (new), partner Own agency, Hollywood Lyman Peters Inc., Los Angeles (new), account executive Westhelmer, St. Louis, account executive

Klesewetter, Wetterau & Baker, New York, account execu-

tive West-Marquis, Los Angeles, account executive Sullivan, Stauffer, Colwell & Bayles, New York, timebuyer Robert F. Dennis, Los Angeles, account executive

Kastor, Farrell, Chesley & Clifford, New York, executive capacity BBD&O, New York, account executive W. B. Gelssinger & Co., Los Angeles (new), partner

Maher & Futterman Advertising, New York (new), partner Deglin, Wood & Malone, Inc. (formerly Deglin-Wood, Inc.), New York, vp W. A. Sawyer, Portland, Ore., account executive Same, account executive Fuller & Smith & Ross, Chicago, account executive Corbin Advertising Agency, New York (new), head

Own agency, Los Angeles James A. Silin, Boston, account executive Nelson Advertising Agency, Portland (new), head Advertising Associates, Los Angeles (new), radio director Own agency, San Francisco

Beatty & Oliver, New York (new), partner John O'Rourke & Associates, San Francisco (new) Lyman Peters Inc., Los Angeles (new), head Potts-Turnbull, Kansas City, account executive

Lew Kashuk, New York, account executive

Jane Richter, Philadelphia (new)

Foltz-Wessinger, Lancaster, Pa., account executive, head new business dept. Laurence R, Rosenbaum Co., New York (new), head Harry Feigenbaum, Philadelphia, radio director Stuart Bart, New York, account executive Hugo Scheibner, Los Angeles, account executive Picard, New York, account executive Young & Rubicam, New York, account executive

Aitkin-Kynett, Philadelphia Same, Me ico City, account executive Same, vp Same, vp Same, vp

Swaney, Drake and Bement, Chicago, media director Same, partner

Jeanette Cain, Los Angeles, office manager, account execu-

Ernest N. George, Los Angeles, account executive

Ecoff & James, Philadelphia, account executive Same, vp. general manager

Same, advertising director

Same, vp John F. Whitehead & Associates, Los Angeles (new) Same, vp

Harrington & Buckley, Los Angeles (new office), vp, resident partner Same, vp

J. W. Eccleston, Jr., Los Angeles, media director, produc-tion manager Kay Kamen, New York

Neale, Los Angeles, account executive Swaney, Drake and Bement, Chicago, account executive

deles

Lyman Peters Inc., Los Angeles (new), timebuyer Ray Austrian, New York, treasurer

### New Agency Appointments

Sealy Mattress Company, Passaic, N. J., Security Manufacturing Co., New York.

(Continued from page 10)

Sealy Mattress Company, Passalc, N. J.	Mattresses, bedding.	Leon S. Golnick, New York
Security Manufacturing Co., New York	Medicines for farm use	Deutsch & Shea, New York
Sherwood Bulb Gardens, Portland, Ore	Rulha	Adolph L. Bloch, Portland
Sherwood Bulb Gardens, Fortland, Ore	Coffee multiple	McCann-Reickson New York
Silex Co., Hartford, Conn.	Conee makers	Vana Disemination III
A. E. Staley Manufacturing Go., Decatur, Ill	Feed	Kane, bloomington, III.
Pages Ing Now York	Denfure accessories.	RODERIS & Reiners, New LOIL
J. R. Fownsend, Inc., San Diego	Automobile radio distributor	Tullis, Los Angeles
Traveltime, New York.	Matarino	Phillo Ritter New York
Traveltime, New York.	Magazino	Coorde Fillott New York
Valjean Watch Co., New York	watches	Course Linolt, New York
112 Unenne Doolmd Arem Loo Andolos		Dull of McGreery, Los Aureres
Devil Washinghal Inc. Now York	Half fonic.	II. G. MUHIS, NCH LUIK
Louis Ziegler Browing Co., Milwaukee	Dees	Dozler-Graham-Eastman Los Ar
Louis Liegier Browing Co., Milwaukee	.Deet	



If you want to know about Frequency Modulation, there's no sense getting part of the picture one place. another part somewhere else.

Not when you can have it all—presented concisely, accurately, intelligently—in FREQUENCY MODULATION BUSINESS, the only magazine that is 100% for and about FM.

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	Firm Address City	Zone No. State

### KNOW THE WRITER



# Garth Montgomery Chiquita Banana Co-Author

Like most writers of the air's commercial copy, Montgomery is often without honor in his own advertising back yard—Kenyon and Eckhardt. The lack of respect accorded these writers is in spite of the fact that advertising men admit, in all other facets of the business, that it's the well-turned phrase that moves the product off retailers' shelves.

Montgomery is versatile, having written everything from the stately U. S. Steel institutionals, intoned by George Hicks, to the drag-'em-in come-ons for Barney's 7th Avenue bargains. From the lessons learned on these commercials, which have included *Chiquita Banana* (he's co-author of that spot classic), National Shoe's singing jingles, Royal Crown Cola's crazy invention series, and a host of other commercial copy, he's developed a three-rule formula for advertising on the air.

Rule one is to start thinking of the commercial copy as soon as a program is in the works. That, he says, is the time to decide upon approach, the type and treatment of the selling. Rule two is to have the commercial-copy man sit in with the show's writer and director so that he can integrate the commercial into the presentation. Rule three is never to present the writer of the commercials with hardand-fast copy regulations—Montgomery believes that the reverse approach leads all too often to missing the boat on product selling. Air commercials are best when their writers have a maximum of freedom.

He's now working on visual advertising—writing the copy for Borden's new WNBT television programs. For the video commercial he also has a three-way formula: Keep it brief. Keep it clean-cut. Keep it simple.

### STATION REPRESENTATIVES

(Continued from page 21)

formed on what's going on "as long as the information is given to our agency as well as to our advertising department. When 'specials' are suggested to us about which our agency has not been informed, we find our agency and our own ad department at cross purposes. That's an excellent way for a station representative not to serve his field."

Smaller sponsors who have just one advertising manager feel that direct contact between station representatives and their advertising executive is good since it keeps them informed on what's going on in radio. "Too many advertising men become insulated against broadcasting information and buy their radio secondhand," stated one sales manager of a regional canning company. "Our agency has a top radio billing, but that can't replace home office indoctrination in any medium. Magazine and newspaper salesmen always contact our advertising department and I can't see why network and station representatives shouldn't do it as well."

The vice-president of one of the two greatest users of air time in the home medical field stated, "We have a staff that is supposed to know all media. We employ a number of advertising agencies. The only way our men who have radio advertising responsibilities can keep informed is through contact with typical radio merchandising men like station representatives. Second-hand information is not the answer."

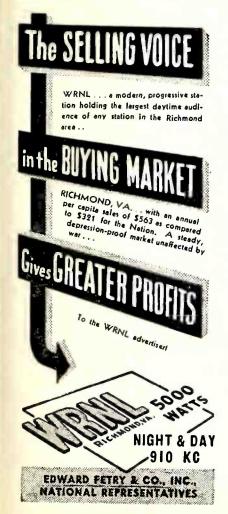
Still another executive, of a great food organization, stated that while he hoped that station representatives would contact him and his associates, he thought they might feel that it was too much a labor of love. "We enjoy the contacts, but we don't talk about actually buying the stations they represent."

Some station representatives feel that expanding the horizon of commercial broadcasting is their job. Others feel that financially it's beyond them to carry the industry's burden. Sponsor's report on how station representatives feel about their own job, and how the stations who employ them feel, will be in the May issue. Stations and the representatives themselves have been polled on the vital contributions that the field makes and should make if they're not delivering now. The services that station representatives perform and what the stations expect of them are vital information for everyone who sells through broadcast advertising.

MR. SPONSOR!

How is <u>your show</u> doing at the cash register?

FEATURED RADIO PROGRAMS INC. 247 Park Ave., New York 17 WICKERSHAM 2-2700



#### RATING TOUCHES BOTTOM (Continued from page 42)

nursing problem before the medical profession. A recent program was devoted 100 per cent to "the Massachusetts plan," which establishes regular increments for not only the nurses in hospitals but attendants as well. Since the plan also regards the nurse as a professional person and looks forward to the day that nursing will not include maid and porter duties, it's natural that Lederle, who brought information about the plan to the profession and the public eavesdroppers who listened in on the program (March 17), won more friends through the broadcast.

The presentation was one of the first network transcribed programs. The reason it is transcribed is that it would be impossible to guarantee that any practicing physician could be available for broadcast at any specific time. Then too a doctor is not a professional broadcaster and plenty of work with each guest authority is essential if he is to sound as his co-workers in the field of medicine expect. Milton Cross is the reporter on the show, and with Joseph L. Boland, Jr., of the agency travels to each recording date. Scripts are worked upon as far as 13 weeks in advance of broadcast date, with the authority outlining the scope and factual context of the show for the writer.

The Doctors Talk It Over may not rate among popular broadcast vehicles but it's right for the profession to which it's addressed and has justified its cost of a quarter of a million a year to a firm that had spent practically nothing before for advertising.

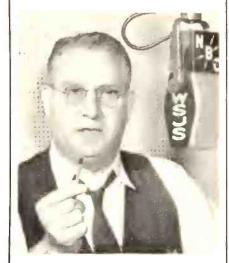
Today the outstanding ethical pharmaceutical house—to the medical profession —is Lederle. They have arrived at that pinnacle through not selling on the air.

# **REVERE EXPLORES** (*Continued from page 40*)

usually considered successful if they bring in 2 3 per cent in new readers.

There's no dearth of *Exploring the* Unknown guest authorities—or subjects in which listeners are interested. Revere's only regret is that business conditions generally don't justify their continuing sponsorship. They explored the unknown—and would have found it profitable, if only the market had developed for the things they want to sell. It didn't. The Revere new business today is in pots and pans—and that doesn't require *Exploring the Unknown*.





# HARVEY DINKINS

Who was recently awarded the Distinguished Service Citation for 1946 by the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation for his outstanding contribution to farmers in North Carolina.

Harvey Dinkins' hayfield flavored comments in his''News and Views'' on the Piedmont Farm Program, broadcast daily over WSJS, exerts a powerful influence on thousands of farm families throughout the rich Piedmont area of North Carolina and Southwest Virginia another reason why WSJS sells the Piedmont!



N B C Attiliate Represented by : HEADLEY-REED COMPANY

#### There will be over 60,000 receivers in Windy City homes by the end of 1947, Chicago thus joining New York as an actual market for TV advertising. Figure is based upon commitment of set manufacturers to deliver 20 per cent of production to that market. RMA (Radio Manufacturers' Association) sees at least 300,000 television receivers coming off the lines in 1947. Confidential American Telephone and

he District of Columbia is the number one FM market in the United States at the present time. Due to its political importance and the fact that all the station licensees in the area seem to be pushing, manufacturers are allotting more of their output to Washington than they are to any other one section of the country. Two broadcasters. WASH, and WINX-FM are on regular schedules. WWDC-FM

hile both major factors in the

facsimile field, John<sup>\*</sup> V. L.

Hogan and W. G. H. Finch,

are continuing program experimentation,

commercial use of the equipment is ex-

panding rapidly. The idea is that business

firms will use the equipment, which is

adaptable for commercial use without

modification, and this acceptance will

ease the introduction of FAX into the

labor trouble coaxial cable from New York will be through to Chicago by March 1948 and thus permit network TV in that area.

license to the Columbia Broadcasting System does not mean that CBS can't continue to telecast full color pictures but just that they can't go ahead on a commercial basis nor can a manufacturer of a color receiver assure a purchaser that the set he buys will be good for any specific length of time, since universal standards justified. have not been established. Establishment of standards would have been part and parcel of permitting commercial color TV. Result of the FCC (Federal Communications Commission) refusal to establish (at this time) commercial standards means sponsor action in television.

is due to open early in April with a 3,000-

tower up and plans to start transmitting

shortly, and stations in Silver Spring,

Maryland (WGAY), and Winchester,

Virginia (WINC), are heard regularly in

the area. Thirty days ago dealers had

at most one FM-AM set on the floor,

today deliver and install console receivers

(at \$300 and over) within 48 hours. Al-

though table models are promised in 30

days by Emerson and other manufac-

turers, hopes are highest for quick

delivery of a Pilot set to retail at \$107.50.

began, downtown Washington will have

an opportunity of hearing the broadcasts

of the Senators' baseball games. In the

past static has made listening nearly im-

possible in much of this area but WWDC,

For the first time since broadcasting

WRC-FM has its

watt transmitter.

Telegraph sources indicate that without While some of the early sponsor-experimenters in the medium have tightened their purse strings new sponsors more than make up for withdrawals.

Twenty per cent tax which might have The refusal of a television commercial been added to the burden being carried by bars and grills which had television receivers was squashed with the help of Jack Poppele, president of the Television Broadcasters' Association. Poppele went to Washington to speak to the Treasury Department about the proposed levy and apparently convinced them it wasn't

> RCA dealers in Los Angeles sold 1,000 television receivers on the West Coast's T Day (March 10) in eight hours. Signals from Los Angeles stations located atop Mount Wilson are said to have been picked up and enjoyed in San Diego 116 miles away.

> which broadcasts the games, will air them all on its FM affiliate as well and that will mean the games sans interference.

> Sponsors using WASH, the only FM station that's selling time at present, include a real estate firm (Worthington), a men's custom clothing store (Caswell), a number of radio and music merchants (Ballard's, Kitt's, and George's), a women's apparel store (Haber and Company), and a furrier (Cavalier). Based upon serving 8,000 FM receivers, the WASH rates are \$25 an hour one time or \$15 on a 156-time basis (three times a week for a year).

> The nation's capital is getting the FM works at present even if national advertisers have thus far not used it as a testing ground, as they did with Leonard Asch (WBCA) in Schenectady.

home. Unlike TV and FM, the transmittal of printed material via wire or airwaves has many practical business applications, which already have saved thousands for organizations which profit by printed instructions transmitted instantaneously to a number of offices without manual sending.

Multiplexing (transmitting FAX on a waveband being used at the same time for transmitting sound) is also reaching the stage where application will soon be made to the Federal Communications Commission for permission to transmit both FAX and sound on the same FM channel, thus making FAX operation possible wherever an FM station is in operation. Multiplexing has actually been possible for some time but the Commission has frowned upon its use because medium, but every test reveals that it

station multiplexing would have had to install special equipment in order to guard its own signal from distortion. FCC felt that this was putting an unfair burden on the stations which were not making dual use of their facilities. The new developments should eliminate this handicap.

Sneak tests in one city where 20 receivers have been installed in homes indicate that department stores will find FAX's impact even greater than TV's. FAX guinea pigs have brought FAX printed department store ads right into the stores to buy things pictured in the ads, which for the tests are simply taken from current newspaper advertising.

Lack of promotion has resulted in FAX's being the slowest-growing air every station in the service area of the can be the most effective for sight selling.



#### THE TRANSIT WAY

(Continued from page 18)

MR. SPONSOR!

cash register?

RADIO PROGRAMS INC.

247 Park Ave., New York 17

WICKERSHAM 2-2700

CIRCULATION .

in the Washin Metropolitan District.

fot

CIRCULATION to an enthusiastic and discriminating audience Weighington, D. C.

CLASS MARKET

for the discreet advertiser.

building goodwill, stige, and sales in Nation's Capital City.

Write for

RATES AND CHOICE TIME AVAILABILITIES

International Building

WASH-ington 4, D. C. Telephone District 1356

A 6-MONTH TEMPORARY RATE .

that makes sense.

NATURAL .

FEATURED

How is

doing

at the

your show

sustaining and had to run on its own steam. (Promotion for a show owned by an independent producer receives very little build-up by a network during its sustaining days, especially when it's a whodunit with no particular prestige.) Bulldog Drummond started out for ATA with 42 stations and a real audience. It has the backing of four motion pictures a year, countless detective novels, and a long history on Mutual. And it has something else besides, Halpern points out, a week-to-week continuity of interest. Hi Brown, its producer, has The Thin Man and Inner Sanctum 'as well as Drummond on the air and knows what it takes to reach the mass audience.

Halpern's theory is that even if Spotlight could ever have developed a big audience it would have required years of listener education, and in the meantime the transit institutional story would be heard by too few ears to justify its being on the air for ATA. Drummond, on the other hand, delivers an audience from the start, an audience that likes thrillers-the mass audience that buys pulp and pocket book mysteries and that makes such shows as The Shadow (January SPONSOR), Inner Sanctum, Sam Spade (11.9 in competition with Charlie McCarthy), Mr. District Attorney, and FBI in Peace and War snag better than 25 per cent of the sets-in-use while they're on the air.

The ATA commercial copy continues institutional in character. It puts across the idea of "public transportation." It stresses the fact that a highway which can carry the flow of a thousand people in private cars can carry seven thousand in public vehicles. It uses a five-part appeal-convenience, speed, reliability, safety, economy.

The American Transit Association is back, it believes, to fundamentalsreaching the mass audience with a mass appeal program. Culture and prestige are grand, admits Halpern, but they belong to products that are sold listeners with upper bracket incomes. "If you want mass audiences quickly from radio," says Halpern, "you give dialers what they want-entertainment, not education."





# FORJOE METROPOLITAN MARKET STATIONS

WLOW	Norfolk
WHHW	Memphis
<mark>KWKW</mark>	Los <mark>Angel</mark> es
WWDC	Wash., D. C.
**WJBK	Detroit
KXLW	St. Louis
KONO	San Antonio
WBNX	New York
<b>WSBC</b>	Chicago
WMIN	MinnSt. Paul
WWSW	Pittsburgh
WDAS	Philadelphia
WHWL	Wilkes-Barre
WNEX	Macon
KVET	Austin
* WORI	Boston

\* except in New York \*\* except in Chicago

#### Forjoe Offices

New York • Chicago • Philadelphia Pittsburgh • Washington • Baltimore Los Angeles • San Francisco

## status report 1947 LISTENING

hile most magazines and newspapers are turning the spotlight on increased circulation, broadcasting has been crying the blues about lower (fractionally lower) Hooperatings and NR1. Actually listening has increased due to the fact that rad o homes and multiple-radio homes have jumped substantially during the past year.

Radio today is at its all time peak, with 93 per cent of all the homes in America having broadcast receivers, three per cent more than ever had them before. There are, as of January-February 1947, 35,900,000 radio homes with sets in good working order, a 1,902,000 increase over a year ago when BMB (Broadcast Measurement Bureau) was making its first survey.

These facts are part of today's picture of broadcast reception as developed by the Market Research Company of America under commission for the Columbia Broadcasting System. Special studies were also made by A. C. Nielsen for the project which was aimed at putting present day listening into focus.

Vitally important in listening is the fact that one out of every three homes has more than one radio set and that two-set homes listen 62 minutes more a day than homes with a single receiver. This increased listening contributes to the all over increase of listening which is 4,600,000 hours per day. This has been made possible, in part, due to the fact that radio equipment in bad repair has been to a large degree replaced during 1946. Half of the receivers manufactured in 1946, some 8,500,000 sets, found their way into American homes. They were bought as follows:

Prosperous families30%Average families40%Poor families30%

No economic segment acquired more than its share of the new equipment.

The total hours of listening not only increased 4,600,000 hours per day in 1946 but today's total listening is 25 per cent higher than it was in 1944, actual total number of listening hours per day havingreached the staggering total of 150,800,-000.

Radio's circulation (the hours that Mr. and Mrs. America and all the little Americans listen) has grown faster than the circulation of any other media, and since multiple-set homes are daily on the increase, the saturation point is far ahead.

# How is <u>your show</u> doing at the cash register?

FEATURED RADIO PROGRAMS INC. 247 Park Ave., New York 17 WICKERSHAM 2-2700



NATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES

### a SPONSOR monthly tabluation

# **Contests and Offers**

Sponsor	Product	Program	Time	Offer	Terms	Outlet
AMERICAN DIL CO.	Gas, tires	Professor Quiz	Saturday 10-10:30 pm	\$50 cash	Complete in up to 25 words "I like Amoco gas because" and send with 5 questions to pro- gram, New York	ABC
ARMOUR	Chiffon Soap Flakes	Hint Hunt	MTWTF 3:45-4 pm	Washing machine	Send household hint with boxtop to Chiffon, Chicago	CBS
B. T. BABBITT	Bab-O Cleanser	David Harum	MTWTF 10:45-11 am	9 assorted greeting cards; birthday memo book	Send 25c and label to program, New York	CBS
G. BARR	Balın Barr Lotion	The Shadow	Sunday 5-5:30 pm	Purse-size jar Balm Barr Lotion	Send 10c to sponsor, Chicago	MBS
CAPITOL DAIRY	Dairy products	Sunrise Salute		Multi-player game, Know Your Capi- tals	Ask Capitol dealer how to obtain game	WBBM, Chicago
CAREY SALT	Carey's Salt	The Shadow	Sunday 5-5:30 pm	(1) \$100 gold wrist watch each for man & woman; (2) booklet, "Minerals and Your Livestock"	<ol> <li>Write letter-entry up to 100 words on new uses of Carey's Salt to sponsor at stations; (2) free from dealers, or 10c from sponsor</li> </ol>	MBS
CHESEBROUGH MANUFAC. TURING CO.	Vaseline Hair Tonic	Dr. Christian	Wednesday S:30-8:55 pm	\$2,000, winning script; \$150-\$300, others chosen	Write program, New York, for rules; submit script for program	CBS
CONTI PRODUCTS	Castile soap	Treasure Hour of Song	Thursday 9:30-10 pm	3 days in New York for two as spon- sor's guests	Name the 2 selections played, popular and clas- sical; tell in 50 words or less why they're favorites	MBS
FAMOUS FURNITURE CO.	Furniture	I've Got Your Number	MWF 12:45-1 pm	Pyramid jackpot; \$1 consolation if question missed	Answer telephoned question; jackpot increases \$5 per call if missed	WXYZ, Detroit
FINTEX CORP	Men, women's	Fintex Treasure Hunt	MTWTF 6:30-6:40 pm	Pyramid jackpot; consolation prizes of men's hats, women's blouses	Answer telephoned question; jackpot increases	WXYZ,
	Post Bran	Kate Smith	MTWTF	Gold-plated sword and heart pin	\$10 per call if missed Send 25c and boxtop to product, Battle Creek,	Detroit CBS
	Flakes	Speaks When a Girl	12-12:15 pm MTWTF	Gold-plated sunburst brooch	Mich. Send 25e and spout seal from package to Box	
GENERAL FOOOS	Crystal Salt Grape-Nuts Wheat-Meal	Marries Portia Faces Life	5-5:15 pm MTWTF 5:15-5:30 pm	Silver-plated knife and fork	40, Battle Creek, Mich. Send 75c and Grape-Nuts Wheat-Meal boxtop to product, Wallingford, Conn.	NBC
GENERAL MILLS	(and others) Kix	Lone Ranger	MWF	Atomic bomb ring	Send 15c and boxtop to program, New York	ABC
JOHN HANCOCK MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.	Insurance	Boston Symphony	7:30-8 pm Tuesday 8:30-9:30 pm	10 scholarships for Tanglewood	Write sponsor, Boston, for details. Applicant must be 18 years old; technically proficient on instrument, composition, singing, conducting	ABC
HERSHEL CALIFORNIA	Contadina	Easy Docs It	MWF 11:30-11:45 am	"Surprise a ward" of household devices (electric irons, etc.); \$5 cash	Send suggestions for lightening household tasks	MBS
FRUIT PRODUCTS HUNT FOODS	Tomato Paste Tomato	What's Doin',	MTWTF	Gas range to outstanding mother of	to program, New York, with label Write letter-entry about outstanding mother	ABC
LAFER BROS.	Sauce Coffee,	Ladies? Coffee	2-2:25 pm	week." Gift to winning letter writer Pyramid jackpot; \$1 consolation if	to me Answer telephoned question; jackpot increases	WXYZ,
	tea	Quiz	12:45-1 pm	question missed	\$5 per call if missed Write 2-line jingle starting with "My favorite	Detroit
LEVER BROS. (PEPSODENT DIV.)	Toothpaste, toothbrushes	Bob Hope	Tuesday 10-10:30 pm	(1) 4 Chevrolets; (2) 8 Frigidaire Coldwalls; (3) 10 \$100 bills	brunette" and send with top and bottom of toothpaste or powder box or antiseptic or tooth- brush label to Pepsodent, Chicago	NBC
THOMAS J. LIPTON	Noodle soup	Vox Pop	Tuesday 9-9:30 pm	3 gold-star pins	Send 25c with product envelope to sponsor	CBS
MAIL POUCH TOBACCO	Kentucky Club tobacco	Fishing & Hunting Club	Monday 10-10:30 pm	Several fine pieces of hard-to-get hunt- ing and fishing equipment	Send unusual story, tip, or question to program. Gift for each item used	MBS
MARS, INC.	Candy	Dr. I. Q.	Monday 10:30-11 pm	Sums up to \$250 cash plus bonuses	Send program 6 yes-or-no questions; 9 clues to famous personality. Judge selects winners	NBC
	Alka-Seltzer; One-A-Day Vitamins	Quiz Kids	Sunday 4-4:30 pm	Zenith portable radio; Zenith console radio-phonograph	Question sent to program wins portable if used; if Quiz Kids are stumped, radio-phono- graph	NBC
MILES LABORATORIES	Alka-Seltzer	Queen for a Day	MWF 2:30-2:45 pm TTh 2:45-3 pm	Various household appliances	Send name, address on postcard to program, Hollywood; name selected cach day in April for award	MBS
MILTON OIL CO.	Gas	Junior Fone-Quiz	Saturday 12:15-12:45 pm	Games, sports equipment, etc.	Answer telephoned question; award increases each time missed	KXOK, St. Loui
PARKER PEN	Pens, pencils	Information Please	Wednesday 10:30–11 pm	(1) Parker "51" set; (2) "51" Magic Wand desk set; (3) \$500 bond	Send 3-part question for use on show to pro- gram, New York	CBS
PETER PAN BAKERY	Bread	Breakfast Table Quiz	MTWTF 8:45-8:55 am	Pyramid jackpot; \$1 consolation if question missed	Answer telephoned question; jackpot increases \$5 per call if missed	WXYZ, Detroit
QUAKER DATS	Aunt Jemima Mixes	Ladies Be Seated	MTWTF 3-3:15 pm	Electrical household appliances	Send question to program. Judge selects winner daily	ABC
RONSON ART METAL WORKS	Ronson Lighters	Twenty Questions	Saturday 8-8:30 pm	Lighter to sender of subject used. Two table lighters if studio contestants are stumped. Grand prize, table lighter	Send to program subject about which 20 ques- tions may be asked. Wins premium if used	MBS
WILLIAM SCULL CO.	Tea	Present from Hollywood	Sunday 3:30-3:45 pm	(1) \$500 bond, (2) electric stove, (3) radio-phonograph, (4) Easter outfit	Complete in up to 25 words, "I like Boscul Tea because" and send with boxtop to sponsor. Most interesting statement wins	ABC
STANOARO BRANOS	Tender Leaf Tea	Fred Allen Show	Sunday 8:30-9 pm	8 envelopes of 88 different kinds of flower seeds; booklet of garden tips, cut-flower care, arrangements	Send 25c and boxtop to Tender Leaf Tea, New York	NBC
TEEN-TIMERS, JNC.	Dresses	Teentimers' Club	Saturday 11-11:30 am	First prize 12 Teentimer dresses (one for each month of year); 9 prizes, one dress each	Look at week's Tecntimer styles in local shop. Send sponsor letter up to 75 words on style favored and why	NBC
TEXAS CO.	Petroleum products	Metropolitan Opera	Saturday 2-5 pm	Album of operatic records to listeners whose questions are used on program	Send questions on opera to Opera Forum Quiz, c/o sponsor, New York	ABC
WILLIAMSON CANOY	Oh Henry	Detective Mysteries	Sunday 4:30-5 pm	\$100 reward from "True Detective Mysteries" Magazine	Notify FBI and Magazine of information lead- ing to arrest of criminal named on broadcast	MBS

# SPONSOR



SPEAKS

### No Czar, Thank You

ewspaper talk of a "czar" and a super-control board for the industry which grew out of the plans for a Broadcast Advisory Committee didn't panic any segment of radio into regulatory agreements. Usual reaction to a first-page New York Times story that hasn't yet happened is to make the story come true. This time sponsors, agencies, and the networks went about their business and ignored the scare-heading. Co- with many program and promotion ideas. sults, not in Hooper or Nielsen points.

operative action, not super-regulation, is what broadcasting needs. Broadcasting, operating as it does under direct license from the Federal Communications Commission, cannot delegate its responsibility to a czar even if it wanted to. The Broadcasting Advisory Committee, with Edgar Kobak as chairman, is making progress toward radio as an industry with a responsibility to business and the public .... not to a czar.

### The Flair Is Missing

ut of the more than 200 entries in the College of the City of New York's annual radio competition, the networks came up with nothing un-Neither of the senior chains usual. showed anything worthy of an award, all three in the national network field going to the American Broadcasting Company. These were for public service programing, for promotion, and for "creation" of a commercial program. There can be little doubt but that ABC's Hiroshima, Bingsday, and the Henry Morgan program rated what they received but that they had so little competition is a reflection upon networks' program building and promotion, the very keystones of broadcasting. Station activity rated far better in programing and promotion than did the chains. They at least came up during 1946 (the year covered by the CCNY awards)

### 10 WEST 52nd

called Applause offered quite a compli-BMB figures and maps.

The Lee Stations, KGLO, Mason City, Iowa, and WTAD, Quincy, Illinois, believe the Katz people have done a fine job but do not go far enough in making valuable use of the data which BMB has supplied.

Since January 1, 1947, our National Sales Manager Walter Rothschild has been presenting basic factual data regarding the true market information about the audiences of the two stations. There is no glossing of our market data by stations' gross totals. In every case, market figures have been reduced to the level of radio ownership and the BMB audience percentage of the station for each county. In this way, we eliminate false market data totals, the share resulting from purchases by people not owning radios and those as the appointed agent for The Chatta-

Your issue of March 1947 in the column either station. We do, however, include one page showing potential totals which ment to the Katz stations in the use of points up our conservative and valued approach in giving basic facts.

> F. C. EIGHMEY General Manager WTAD, Quincy

We feel that your article Esso News Reporter was well done. The layout was excellent and the whole story was both interesting and informative. The article should prove of great interest to those either using, or who contemplate using, spot radio.

#### R. H. CRUM Advertising-Sales Promotion Dept. Colonial Beacon Oil Company

On page 10 in the March issue of STONSOR we find Charles W. Hoyt listed who do not listen at least once a week to nooga Medicine Company. As a conse-

The over-all job done by stations far surpassed that of the chains.

Perhaps one reason why the networks collectively look so bad is that so much of what they do is on a one-time basis. Elsewhere in this issue (page 8) is a list of the CCNY awards. It speaks for itself. It's time for the networks to program themselves so that their critics and their public will find listening worth the dialing all 365 days in the year. It's time for network nomotion to recapture the flair that once made NBC and CBS the envy of newspapers and magazines, in fact of all other advertising media. Money doesn't replace thinking.

### Sales Are the True Index

hile nearly every advertiser looks to his Hooper or Nielsen (listener) rating to discover whether or not his program or air advertising campaign is a success, Barbasol has returned to fundamentals. Because all of its advertising is on the air after midnight, when no surveys are conducted, it has had no listening index to guide it; so Barbasol depends (through its agency Erwin, Wasey) on sales response as its yardstick. The Lederle Laboratories, too, has found that the rating may be only a small part of the story (see page 41). After all, broadcasting as an advertising medium must pay its way in re-

quence of this we have received some letters and several telephone calls inquiring if there has been a change in the agency for The Chattanooga Medicine Company.

This listing would make it appear that The Chattanooga Medicine Company has changed agencies when as a matter of fact they have not. This agency has been responsible for The Chattanooga Medicine Company's principal advertising for over 40 years and is still responsible for all but a very small amount of that client's advertising of all kinds and practically all of their radio advertising.

Charles W. Hoyt has been appointed to handle a trial campaign for a new product, Soltice, in a very limited area.

> JOHN E. FONTAINE Nelson Chesman Company

Like you, I am getting launched in a (Please turn to page 37)



# the one-armed paper hanger is Strictly a Cafer

The proverbially busy one-armed paper hanger is a gentleman of leisure compared to Roy Battles. This lanky, 6-foot-2-inch Midwesterner is WLW's Farm Program Director . . . and one of the hardest-working, most conscientious men in radio circles.

An experienced farmer and former county agent, Battles took over his present duties in 1944 . . . and we still don't know how he does it. For example: besides directing and appearing on the daily broadcasts of "Everybody's Chore Time" and "Everybody's Farm Hour," Roy conducts two highly popular Sunday morning farm shows, "From the Ground Up" and "Farm Front" . . . is responsible largely for the format and content of all 21 programs of rural appeal originated by WLW each week.

Roy supervises the activities of assistants Bob Miller and Betty Brady who—along with Farmer Earl Neal and Outdoorsman Boss Johnson—help him tailor all farm programs to the interests of agriculture in the WLW area. He also supervises the operation of WLW's practical, non-subsidized farm, answers countless letters from listeners, and greets scores of daily visitors to Everybody's Farm.

Battles is in constant demand as a speaker before farm groups, schools, clubs, and meetings of all types—even more so since he accompanied WLW's famine investigating party on a six weeks' tour of Europe's worst famine areas last year. He spoke before thousands of people last year—was forced to turn down more speaking invitations than he was able to accept.

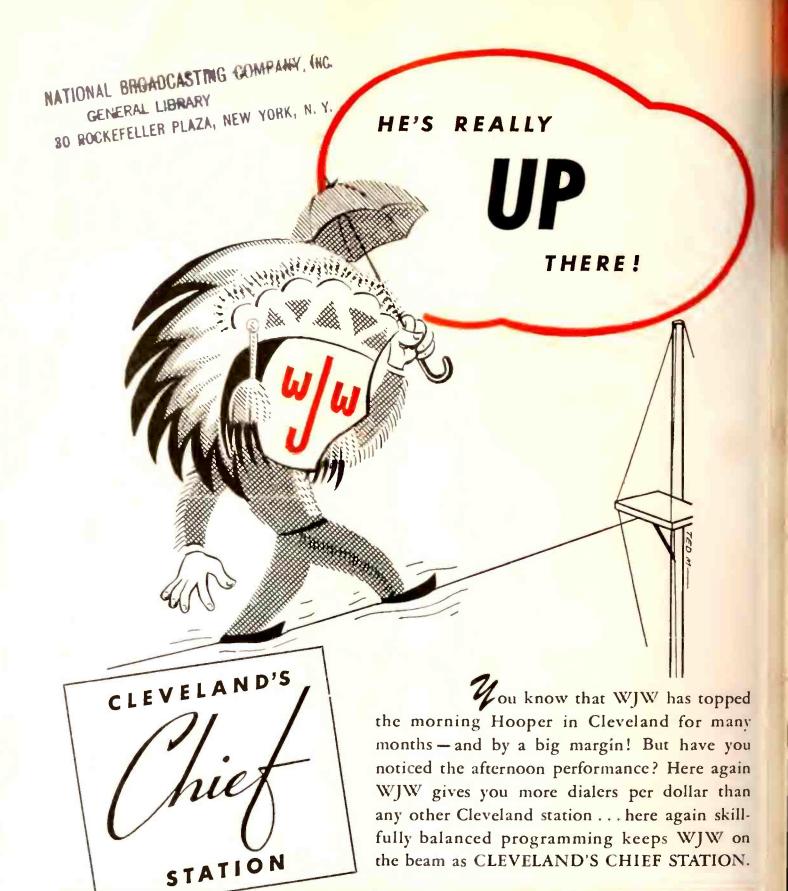
How does he do it? When does he get to see his family? We asked him and his answer, as he pulled away in the mobile unit, sounded like, "I don't know, but I love it!"

Which is probably why WLW's farm programming won VARIETY'S award for "contributing to the world's breadbasket" ... was cited as "outstanding" in BILL-BOARD'S poll of radio editors. It's also the reason why Battles is the favorite farm broadcaster (and WLW

the overwhelmingly dominant station) among rural listeners of Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, and W'est Virginia.







BASIC BASIC BABC Network CLEVELAND, O. REPRESENTED NATIONALLY BY HEADLEY-REED COMPANY