PARTS LIST


## COILS AND TRANSFORMERS

| REF. NO. | PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ | A-1493-10 | Loop Antenna |
| $\mathrm{L}_{2}$ | A-1492-10 | Oscillator Coil |
| $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ | A-1490-10 | Input IF Transformer |
| $\mathrm{T}_{2}^{2}$ | A-1491-10 | Output IF Transformer |
| $\mathrm{T}_{3}$ | A-1656-13 | Audio Output Transformer 2500_ to 3.2 |

MISCELLANEOUS

| C-2500-14 | Record changer - VM |
| :--- | :--- |
| A-1059-4 | Control knob |
| A-1060-4 | Pointer knob |
| $100-84$ | Record Changer - Webstor |

CAPACITORS

| REF. NO. | PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $C_{1}$ | A-1200-6 | TUNING CAPACITOR |
| $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ | CWZ 04203 M | . 02 Mfd 400 volts |
| $\mathrm{C}_{3}$ | CWZ 04503M | . 05 Mfd 400 volts |
| $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ | CWZ 06502M | . 005 Mfd 600 volts |
| ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | CWZ 04203M |  |
| ${ }^{6}$ | CWR-04503 M | . 05 Mfd resonant ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{8}$ | CCC, 05050 M | 5 Mmf ceramic or mica |

RESISTORS

| REF. NO. | PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ | RCC 224 M | 220,000 ohms | $\pm 20 \%$ y/ watt | Resistor |
| $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ | RCC 105 M | 1.0 megohms | $\pm 20 \% 1 / 2$ watt | Resistor |
| $\mathrm{R}_{3}$ | RCC 223 M | 22,000 ohms | $\pm 20 \% 1 / 2$ watt | Resistor |
| $\mathrm{R}_{4}$ | RCC 106 M | 10 megohms | $\pm 20 \%$ \% wott | Resistor |
| $\mathrm{R}_{5}$ | RVC. 301 S | 500,000 ohms | ume control aud | dio taper with switch |
| $\mathrm{R}_{6}$ | RCC 151 M | 150 ohms | $\pm 20 \%$ \% watt |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{7}$ | RCC 154 M | 150,000 ohms | $\pm 20 \%$ \%/2 wath |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{8}$ | RCC 154 M | 150,000 ohms | $\pm 20 \%$ \% watt |  |
| R 9 | RCF 222 M | 2,200 ohms | $\pm 20 \% 1$ watt |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{10}$ | RCC 150 M | 15 ohms | $\pm 20 \%$ \% watt |  |

## VOLTAGE CHART

| PIN | $\# 1$ | $\# 2$ | $\# 3$ | $\# 4$ | $\# 5$ | $\# 6$ | $\# 7$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12BE6 | -7.5 | 0 | $12 A C$ | $23 A C$ | 90 | 90 | 0 |
| 12BA6 | -0.8 | 0 | $23 A C$ | $35 A C$ | 90 | 90 | 0 |
| 12AT6 | -0.8 | 0 | 0 | $12 A C$ | -0.8 | -0.5 | 45 |
| 50C5 | 6 | 0 | $35 A C$ | $83 A C$ | 0 | 90 | 120 |
| 35W4 | 0 | 0 | $83 A C$ | 117 AC | 115 AC | 0 | 130 |

NOTES:

1. Moasured with VTVM from indicated pin to B - line.
2. Phono-radio switch in radio position.
3. Line voltage sot at $117 \mathrm{~V} 60 \sim \mathrm{AC}$.
4. Voltages may vary considerably due to variations in line voltage and components.


MODEL 153

## HOW TO OPERATE THE RADIO:

This radio is equipped with four controls, the left hand control is the combined off-on switch and volume control. The second knob from the left is the phono-radio switch, the third knob is the tone control, the fourth control is used for tuning the desired station. To place the set in operation, rotate on-off volume control knob to right and allow 30 seconds for set to warm up. Rotate tuning control to desired station. Adjust volume control to desired volume, set tone control to treble or base response. To use phonograph follow above steps, except furn phono-radio switch, to phono position. Place records on changer in sequence desired, push rejest button, and allow changer to cycle.

VOLTAGE CHART

| PIN | \#1 | \#2 | \#3 | \#4 | \#5 | \#6 | \#7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12BE6 | -7.3 | 0 | 24* | 24* | 78 | 78 | 0 |
| 12BA6 | -8. | 0 | 24* | 12* | 89 | 89 | 0 |
| 12AT6 | -1.8 | 0 | 0 | -8. * | -8. | -2.3 | 34 |
| 12AT6 | -. 45 | 0 | 0 | 12* | 0 | 0 | 45 |
| 50C5 | -7.2 | 0 | 60* | 12* | 0 | 89 | 120 |
| 50C5 | -7.2 | 0 | 80* | 36* | 0 | 89 | 120 |
| 35W4 | $-0$ | 0 | 86* | 120* | 115* | 115* | 120 |

Measured with V.TVM from
Pin to $B$ - line.

Set in radio position.

* A.C. Volts.


## ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Feed a 455 K.C. modulated signal from grid to ground (pin No. 7 12BE6). Connect $A$ output meter across the voice coil. Tune slugs on first and second I.F. transformers for maximum indication on meter. Set signal generator to 1600 K.C. Modulated signal and couple loosely to loop antenna. Set dial to 1600 K.C. and tune oscillator trimmer for maximum indication on meter.

Set signal generator and dial to 1400 K.C. and tune R.F. trimmer, for maximum indication on meter. Check tracking at 600 K.C., knife gang if necessary. Repeat these adjustments until the receiver tracks correctly.



Power Supply 105-125 volts 60 gycle AC only. Power Consumption $\qquad$ 65 Watts.

Frequency Range FM........................... 88 to 108 MC.
Frequency Range AM...................... 540 to 1600 KC.
I.F. Frequency FM $\qquad$ 10.7 MC .
I.F. Frequency AM . 455 KC.
Band width, FM, Ratio Detector..................... 330 KC.
Bend width, FM, 1st I.F. 280 KC.

Band width, FM, Converter. $\qquad$
All voltage readings are taken from tube pin to chassis. ALIGNMENT NOTES

All measurements are made with no signal, using a 20,000 ohm per volt meter.

AC input voltage must be maintained at 117 volts for eccurate readings.

AC voltages shown are at 1000 ohms per volt.

All voltages shown are approximato.
VOLTAGE CHART

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PIN } \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PIN } \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PIN } \\ 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PIN } \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PIN } \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PIN } \\ 6 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { PIN } \\ 7 \end{array}$ | PIN | PIN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 6es <br> FM A AM OSC AM COMV | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{\mathrm{AC}}^{\mathrm{AC}}$ | 135 | 125 | 0 |  |  |
| 12AT7 <br> FM RF AMP <br> 1 CONY | 170 | 0 | 1.8 | 0 | 0 | 153 | 0 | 1 | $\xrightarrow{4}$ |
| 6BA6 <br> Int if <br> AMan Fin | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{\mathrm{AC}}^{6}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 180 | 109 | 0 |  |  |
| $6 \times 46$ 2nd IF FM | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{\mathrm{AC}}^{6}$ | $\stackrel{0}{\mathrm{AC}}$ | 155 | 110 | 1 |  |  |
| 6 ALS FM DETECTOR | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{6}$ | $\frac{0}{A C}$ |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| GAT6 <br> AM DETECTOR, ave, aupio | -. 5 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ A C \\ \hline \end{array}$ | ${ }_{\mathrm{AC}}^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 60 |  |  |
| GAOS <br> POWER OUTPUT | 0 | 7.5 | ${ }^{6}$ | $\stackrel{0}{0}_{\mathrm{Ac}}$ | 213 | 170 | - |  |  |
| $6 \times 4$ POWER RECTIFLER | $\begin{aligned} & 280 \\ & \mathrm{AC} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{6} \\ & A C \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & A C \end{aligned}$ | 235 | $\begin{aligned} & 230 \\ & \mathrm{AC} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 235 |  |  |

Snnd 5wheh on AM pestition. Dial 1600 KC. No stignol

220 KC . to the same length.

## SERVICE NOTES

## GENERAL

CAUTION: If realignment is necessary be sure the proper test equipment is available, as listed below, before proceeding with the alignment procedure ats given on page 5.

Due to the high frequencies at which FM signals are received the service man must use great care when sarvicing these sets. Extreme caution must be used regarding the moving of component parts in the R.F. and oscillator circuits of the recoiver as those circuits can be detuned in this manner.

If it becomes necessary to replace components such as resistors and condensers they must be replaced with parts of the same size, type, voltage rating and tolerance as callod for in the parts list.

When installing new parts they should be placed in the same position as the original, and the leads should be cut

This recaiver has been thoroughly inspected and tested at the factory, using the most modern test equipment available, such as FM swoep generators and oscilloscopes. All R.F. and I.F. circuits have been accurately adjusted at the factory and no attempt should be made to realign these circuit uniess it is absoletaly necessary.

## EQUIPMENT USED FOR ALIGNMENT

Vacuum tube voltmoter.
AM Signal generator
FM Sweep generator.
Oscilloscope.
Insulated screw driver.
Dummy antenna:
.I MFD condenser
. 00025 MFD mica condenser
t 50 ohm resistor (2)
Output mefor.
The tubes used are as follows:

| 12AT7 | FM EF Amplifier, Cenverter |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6BE6 | FM Ose, Am Ose, Converter |
| 6BA6 | FM-AM, Ist I.F. Amplifier |
| 6BA6 | FM, 2nd I.F. Amplifer |
| 6AL5 | FM Detector |
| 6AT6 | AM Detector, AVC, Audio |
| 6AQ5 | Power Output |
| 6X4 | Power Rectifier |
| No. 44 | Pilot Lights (2) |



## JACKSON INDUSTRIES PAGE 22.



MODELS 350,
5120, Ch. FA8A


FIG. 4 DIAL CORD STRINEINE

| Schematic Diagram Reference | Description R10, R23, R24 <br> R11, R22  | 470K ohm Resistor. <br> 2.2M ohm Resistor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1 | Loop Trimmer..................................... R16 | .5M Vol. Cont. - SPST....-- |
| C2 | Variable Cond...................................-.-. R17, R18 | 12K Resistor...................- |
| C8, c9 | R20 | 220 ohm Resistor............. |
| C11, C37 | R25 | 2.2K ohm.-.............----...... |
| C38 | .05-200V Condenser --.-..................-.-.-- R27 | 3.3M ohm ...............------- |
| C4 | 2.2 MMF Gimmick Cond...................... R30 | 270 ohm - 1 Watt |
| C5 | 33 MMF (Erie Style A N14004).............. R31 | 100 ohm - 1 Watt |
| C6, 18 | R32 | 1000 ohm - 5 Watt. |
| C19, 27 | R33 | 560 ohm ............... |
| C26 | 5000 MMFD GMV.............................. K1 | CRL Triode couplate.......... |
| $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { C42, C45, } 51 \\ & \text { C50, C52 } \end{aligned}\right.$ | 11 | AM Grid Choke on R1...... |
| C10 | 15 MMFD + or - $10 \% 0^{\circ}$ T.C. (Erie) $\ldots$.. ${ }^{\text {L3 }}$ (2, B | AM Osc. Coil |
| C12 | FM Ose Trimmer..-............................ 14 | FM Cathode choke on R21 |
| C13 | 1.5 MMFD (Eric Style "A")..................... 15 | FM plate choke. |
| $C 14,15,16,17$ | Integral part of respective IF-XFMRS ${ }^{\text {L6 }}$ | FM RF Coil |
| $21,22,23,24,28$ | \} integral part of respective if-XFMRS D. 1 | Dial Scale |
| $\begin{gathered} C 31,32,53, \\ 7 \end{gathered}$ | 10,000 MMFD GMV .-...................... 17, 8 | Filament choke |
| C25 | 100 MMF ceramic cond....................... T2 | 1st AM IF. |
| 36, 39, | 4.50V Lytic condenser T3 | 2nd FM IF |
| C29 | 4-50V Lytic condenser ....................... T4 | 2nd AM IF... |
| C30 | 2000 MMFD Condenser........................ 75 | Ratio Detector |
| C33 | 470 MMFD Condenser......................... ${ }^{\text {T6 }}$ | Out Put XfMr. |
| $40,44,53$ | 1000 MMFD GMV condenser................ 77 | Power XFMR |
| C41 | . 1 -400V condenser.... | Loop Ant. ...................... |
| C43 | . 01 - 200V condonser ___-_ B | No. 44 Piot Light. |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { C46, } 47 \\ 48,49 \end{array}$ | 40-350V, 30-300V FP Lytic Condenser. 30-300V, 10-25V | line cord $\qquad$ 300 ohm Line Di-Pole Ant |
| R2 | 4.7K ohm Resistor....................-K=1000 |  |
| R3, R15 | 22K ohm Resistor......................... $\mathbf{M}=1,000,000$ |  |
| R4, R8, R14 | 1K ohm Resistor........................ All Resistors $1 / 2$ Watt | otherwise noted. |
| R5, R19 | 100K ohm Resistor:.................... Values of Capacitor | unless otherwise stated. |
| R6, R12 | 68 ohm Resistor........................ Values of Capacitors | Resistors + or - 20\% |
| R7, R13 | 10K ohm Resistor.......................-.-.-......... Uniess othor |  |
| R9, R26 | 47K ohm Resistor............................................ess ornor |  |

JEWEL PAGE 22-


PAGE 22-2 JEWEL



PAGE 22-4 JEWEL



PAGE 22-6 JEWEL




JEWEL PAGE 22.


PAGE 22-10 JEWEL



## 

| 2peor mos | Rene |
| :---: | :---: |
| c2 | 30-2 |
| ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{31}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 30-13 |
| cs | $3{ }^{2}$ |
| c6,7 | 51 |
| C9,10 | 33-19 |


|  |  | ( 73.4 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | recrinye |  | ${ }_{20-89}^{20-81}$ |
| C9, |  | 17 | 0-\% |
|  |  | ${ }_{89}$ | ${ }^{20089}$ |
|  | Krmminicher | ${ }_{82}$ | 90-97 |
|  | , | $\underline{11}$ | 20 |
|  | - .medzog |  |  |
|  |  | T1,2 | 62-11 |
|  |  |  | $4-125-3 \mathrm{k}-\mathrm{b}$ |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{80-21}^{6-11}$ |
|  |  |  | 120-3 |
|  |  |  | 120-48 |
|  |  |  | 122-31 |
|  |  |  | 240.7 |



1. General

The new LEARAVIAN Model $P-10 B$ is a compact portable radio receiver employing six tubes in a highly sensitive superheterodyne circuit designed for reception in three bands - Marine Band - 2.0 to 5.5 MC - ship-to-shore communications, Cosst Guard weather reports, universal radio service for aircraft, U.S. Standard Time Signals, 2.5 to 5.0 MC shortwave broadcasts; Standard Broadcast Band - 550 to 1600 KC - entertainment, newcasts and weather information; Airways Band - 200 to 400 KC - airport communicatior weather reports via range stations and airways 4 -course beacon signals ( $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{N}$ ).

A built-in loop antenna provides adequate reception on all bands. As an added feature a panel mounted jack offers a convenient connection for an external antenna which is useful under adverse receiving conditions or where the set is used as a direction finder.

The new LEARAJIAN is designed for operation on $105-125$ volts, 50-60 cycles ac (alternating current) or $105-125$ volts de (direct current) or battery pack. Special "refresher battery charging" circuits are incorporated for appreciably extending the life of the battery pack.

A panel mounted jack is also provided for plugging in headphones. When th headphones are plugged in the loud speaker is automatically made inoperaty
2. Power Supplies (AC, DC and Battery Pack).

## CAUTION

DO not plug in this radio receiver to any other power supply outlet than specified below or severe damage to the equipment may result.
If you are in doubt as to the voltage reting of the power supply, consult the building electrician or your local power company before inserting plug of electric attachment cord.

Any of the following sources of electrical power are suitable for operatic of the LEARAVIAN Model P-lOB:
a) Ac (alternating current) - 105 to 125 volts 50 to 60 cycle.
b) Dc (direct current) - 105 to 125 volts.
c) Battery packs (any one of the following types.)

General - No. 60A6F6.
Eveready - No. 753.
Burgess - No. F6A60.
Ray-0-Vac - No. 60A-6F.
3. Tube Complement

The LEARAVIAN Model P-IOE is shipped from the factory with a complete set of fully tested tubes installed in their proper sockets. The tube comple. m nt is as follows:
1 Type 1U4 Radio-frequency amplifier
1 Type lRS Converter (r-f).
1 Type lU4 Intermediate-frequency amplifier.
1 Type 1U5 Detector-AVC-Ist Audio amplifier.
1 Type $3 V 4$ Power Amplifier.
1 Type 11723 Rectifier
4. Frequency Bands.

The frequency bands are as follows:

Dial Identification
Marine (Blue)
$B C$ (Red)
Range (Green)

Frequency
1960 to 5750 KC
550 to 1650 KC
1.95 to 5.5 MC

The color of each dial scale corresponds with the color of one of the positions on the rim type band switch knob located at the right hand edge of the dial. Changing from one band to another is accomplished simply by rotating the knob up or down so that the desired band is in line with the indicating arrow. The proper dial scale for that band will then be in position also and in line with the indicating arrow. This is the scale that would be observed for tuning stations in the desired band.

## INSTALLATION

## NOTE

Since the LEARAVIAN Model $\mathrm{P}-10 \mathrm{~B}$ is designed primarily as a portable radio receiver, very little consideration need be given the subject of "Installation." However, this set is also highly adaptable for marine and aviation use where a combination entertainnent and utility portable receivor is desired. For these applications, an external antenna (to be used in conjunction with the built-in loop antenna) may be used to advantage as described in the following paragraphs.

1. Connecting to AC or DC ( 105 to 125 volts only).

The electric attachment cord for AC or DC operation is contained inside the cabinet and is arranged so it can be withdrawn after the back of the cabinet is opened. A notch for clearing the cord then permits the cabinet back to be closed. When the receiver is to be used on battery power, the cord can be replaced inside the cabinet.
2. Installing Battery Pack.

Ample space is provided in the bottom of the cabinet for any one of the correct types of battery packs listed. With the cabinet back opened, the battery holding bracket will be found held to the bottom of the cabinet with two screws. Remove the screws end bracket, then place battery pack in position as shom in Fig. 2. The battery socket should be on the right so that the battery connecting plug can be inserted. Replace battery bracket and fasten firmly with the two screws. Insert battery connecting plug and close cabinet back.
3. Installing External Antenna.

An external antenna may be used with the LEARAVIAN P-IOB to improve recreception under adverse conditions. The effectiveness of an outside (external) antenna depends largely on its location and length and no specific instructions can be given which will be found ideal under all circumstances.

In general the antenna should be about 20 to 40 ft . long. Small size insulated wire is usually most convenient. DO NOT USE SHIELDED WIRE. The insulation must be removed from the end of the Iead-in to make connection t.o the INNER connector of a standard phone plug (PL-55) which is then plugged into the jack marked "ANT".

Marine or aircraft installations will be governed to a great extent by structural facilities. In all cases, however, the external antenna should be well constructed. Do not shield the lead-in. Be sure that neither the antenna proper nor the leađ̃-in interferes with the existing controls or equipment of the boat or airplane. Secure lead-in at intervals throughout its length to prevent fouling.

In most cases, the LEARAVIAN performs well in a boat or airpiane that does not heve shielded ignition circuits. However, shielding of spark plugs, magnetos end gencrator, alone with all ignition wires is very desirable. Complete shielding, will remove all trace of background ignitionnoises which tend to reduce the effective receiving range of the radio.

LEAR PAGE 22.

1. Warning on Power Source.

Do not connect this receiver to any power supply other than $105-125$ volts $50-60$ cycles ac (alternating current) or $105-125$ volts dc (direct current) or battery packs as specified previously.
2. Selecting Power Source.

Move Power Selector Switch Knob (at left end of dial) so that marking on knob ("BATT" of "AC") is opposite the indicating arrow, depending on whethe battery operation or AG-DC operation is desired. DO NOT MOVE KNOB TO "CHARGE " UNTIL DIRECTIONS IN PARAGRAPH 10 HAVE BEEN NOTED CAREFULLY.
3. Applying Power.

With the Power Selector Switch knob in the correct position, turn the ONOFF switch and Volume Control knob (at left of handle) clockwise until a click is heard. Further rotation increases volume. Power is now being applied to the radio. On "BATT" (Battery) operation, stations can be tuned in immediately, but on "AC" (AC or DC) operation allow a few moments for the tubes to heat up. Where the set is plugged in to dc (direct current) and no response is obtained after one minute, reverse the electric attachment plug in the socket.
4. Selecting Frequency Band.

Move Band Selector switch knob (at right end of dial) up or down so that marking on knob ("RANGE", "BC", or "MARINE") is opposite the indicating arrow, depending on which band is desired. The dial scales are so arranged that as the knob is moved to any of the three positions, the corresponding scale will move simultaneously and be in line with the indicating arrow.
5. Tuning in a Desired Station.

Turn Station Selector knob (at right end of handle) to right or left until dial pointer is over the approximate frequency reading of the desired station (as read on the dial scale opposite the indicating arrow).

Then advance (turn clockwise) the volume contral knob until reception is audible. Turn station selector knob right or left slowly until desired station is perfectiy tuned in (on the "center" of the station) and adjust volume as required. Never reduce the volume by tuning "off" the station since this will cause distorted reception.
6. Loop Antenna Directional Effects.

The built-in loop antenna provides a directional receiving effect which is noticeable when the LEARAVIAN is lifted by the handle and turned slowly first in one direction and then the other. The station will come in strong est when either end of the set faces the direction of the station, and the station will be weakest or fade out (null) when either the front(speaker) or back faces that same station.

This directional effect serves a three-fold purpose:
a) Weak or distant stations can be received better by rotating the set until they are best received.
b) Local noise interference can be minimized on a particular station by rotating the set until the signal-to-noise ratio is best.
c) Nirection finding is possible since the fade out or null is comparativel: "sharp" when the front or back of the set faces the station.

NOTE
For direction finding applications of the LEARAVIAN, an external antenna plugged in and used as described in par. 7 is recommended.
7. Direction Finding.

To determine the direction of a received station, slide the REGEIVING DIREGTION FINDING switch to the DIRECTION-FINDING positions and plug in the external antenna. Rotate set until station fades out, then unplug external antenna and slowly rotate set first in one direction and then the other so that the exact aural-null point is determined. At this point the speaker of the set is pointing to the station.
8. Headphone Reception.

To connect headphones to the LEARAVIAN, attach a Type PL-55 (or equivalent size) phone plug to the cord and plug in to the "PHONES" jack (to the left of the "RECEIVING-DIRECTION FINDING" switch).

When phones are plugged in, the loudspeaker is automatically cut out of the circuit and therefore silenced.

NOTE Headphones having 200 ohms resistance are recommended for use with the LEARAVIAN.
9. Shutting OFF Power.

Turn ON-OFF switch and Volume Control Knob counter-clockwise until a click is heard. This shuts off power, either from AC-DC or battery.

Be sure to shut off power when through using the set, especially, if the set is being operated on battery.
10. "Charging Battery"

The useful life of the battery pack may be extended appreciably by periodic "charging". This is conveniently done by plugging the attachment cord in to 105 to 125 volt, 50 to 60 cycle ac or 105 to 125 volt dc electric outlet and moving the Power Selector Switch Knob to "charge". Then apply power by turning ON-OFF switch to "ON" position.

For bestresults it is recommended that the battery be charged twice as lorg as it was discharged. For example, if the set has been battery operated for a period of four hours, the battery should be charged for approximately eight hours. It is desirable to charge the battery after each period of battery operation, rather than charging for a long time to cover several operative periods.

NOTE During the charge cycle, the radio is inoperative.
On completion of the charge cycle always return the Power Selector Switch to elther "AC" or "BATT" positions, even if the ON-OFF switch is turned "OFF".

## CARE AND MAINTENANCE

NOTE There are no adjustments of any king to be made on the chassis or speaker.

1. Battery Replacement.

After extended use of the pattery pack its reserve power may be weakend sufficiently so that the "CHARGE" operation will no longer be effective and the performance of the set on "BATT" may not be satisfactory. The battery pack should then be replaced. Replacement battery packs may be obtained from your local Lear dealer or from radio supply houses. Be sure the number of the battery corresponds with one of the listed previously.

To replace battery, refer to par. "Installing Battery Pack". Carefully dis connect battery cable attachment plug from old battery and remove battery bracket permitting removal of battery,

## 2. Tube Replacement.

The Tubes in the set should be checked occassionally either by taking them out and having them tested or by obtaining a new set of tubes and inserting them in the sockets, one at a time, noting any difference in performance.

The type of tubes required and the position of these tubes are clearly shown in Fig. 2. The type number is etched or stamped on each tube. Should it be necessary to replace any tubes, gently rotate the tube until the pins drop into the socket. Then push down until tube is seated firmly in socket.
(See diagram Fig. 2)

| Step | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Alignment } \\ & \text { of } \end{aligned}$ | Generator Connected | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dummy } \\ & \text { Ant ennia } \end{aligned}$ | Generator Frequency | Receiver Dial Setting | Adjustment $* * *$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Set dial pointer to thin line at end of dial with tuning gang fully closed. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. | I.F. | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { r-f sectior } \\ \text { of gang } \\ \text { and ground } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | .01 mf | 455 kc | 1000 kc | T5 Bottom and top |
| 3. |  |  |  |  |  | T4 Bottom and top |
| 4. | Range <br> Bend | Ant.Jackandground | 30 mmf |  | $\frac{400 \mathrm{kc}}{220 \mathrm{kc}}$ | ${ }^{022}$ (osc. trimmer |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | C16 (r-f trimmer) |
| 6. |  |  |  | 400 kc |  | C7 (Ant. trimmer) |
| 7. |  |  |  | 220 kc |  | C20 (osc. padder) |
| 8. | Repeat ste | s 1,5,5 an | 7 until | no further | improveme | nt is obtained. |
| 9. | Broadcast <br> Band | Ant. jack and ground | 30 mmf | 1500 kc 600 kc | 1500 kc <br> $600 \mathrm{kc} *$ | c21 (osc. trimmer |
| 10. |  |  |  |  |  | Cl5 (r-f trimmer) |
| 11. |  |  |  |  |  | C6. (ant. trimmer) |
| 12. |  |  |  |  |  | Cl9 (osc. padder) |
| 13. | Marine <br> Band | Ant. <br>  <br> ground | 30 mmf | 5 mc | $5 \mathrm{mc} \%$ | Cl3 (osc. trimmer |
| 14. |  |  |  |  |  | Cl2 (r-f trimmer) |
| 15. |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{Cl}_{4}$ (ant. trimmer) |
| 16. |  |  | P ft.lead | 5 mc | 5 mc | C4 (loop trimmer) |

*Rock tuning gang rotor while adjusting.
He Place 1 ft . antenna lead from generator near loop.
The loop and antenna trimmer $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ is reached through hole in back cover of cabinet.
All adjustment are for maximum output.

PAGE 22-6 JEAR
MODEL P-10B

| VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tube |  | Pin 1 | Pin 2 | Pin 3 | Pin 4 | $\operatorname{Pin} 5$ | Pin 6 | Pin 7 |
| 104 | VT1 | 2.6 | 93 | 93 | . 3 | - | - | 4 |
| 1R5 | VT2 | 0 | 93 | 55 | -8 | 0 | - | 1.3 |
| $1 \mathrm{U}_{4}$ | VT3 | 4 | 93 | 93 | - | 3.9 | - 2.4 | 5.4 |
| 105 | VT4 | 1.3 | 40 | 25 | - | - | - | 2.6 |
| $3 \mathrm{VL}_{4}$ | VT5 | 5.4 | 90 | 93 | 93 | 6.5 | - | 7.8 |
| 11723 | VT6 | - | 117 AC | 0 | 0 | 115AC | 120 | - |
| RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1 \mathrm{U}_{4}$ | VT1 | 45 | $* 200$ | $\because 0$ | 2M | 45 | 5 M | 60 |
| 1R5 | VT2 | - | *16 | 15 K | 100K | . 2 | 5 M | 28 |
| $1 \mathrm{U}_{4}$ | VT3 | 60 | *24 | 0 | - | 60 | 1.6 | 70 |
| $1 \mathrm{U5}$ | VT4 | 28 | 470 K | 5 M | 1M | 1 M | 10M | 45 |
| 3 V 4 | VT5 | 70 | 650 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 2.2 | 25 |
| 11723 | VT6 | - | - | 700 | 0 | 725 | 2400 | - |

NOTES:
All resistance measurements are to artificial ground (indicated by symbol $\stackrel{1}{\overline{1}}$ on schematic diagram); those marked *are from the 90 volt positive pin on the battery plug (see schematic diagram no. 64165).
All voltage measurements are to artificial ground (indicated by symbol $\frac{1}{=}$ on schematic diagram). All are $D C$ unless otherwise indicated.

Measurements made with 20,000 ohm per volt meter.


FIG.I OPERATING CONTROLS



## HOW TO CONNECT BATTERIESbe sure radio is turned orf-



FIG. 1

## mstalung and connectine the sarteriesBE SURE THE RADIO IS TURNED OFF

 the socket on the " $A$ " battery.1. Remove the back of the cabinet by removing the four screws 4 . Next insert the two three-prong "B" battery plugs into the which hold the back in place. Remove the cardboard spacer. sockets on the "B" batteries, marked "Battery No. 1" and
2. Place the three batteries in the cabinet exactly as shown in the above illustration (Fig. 1). "Battery No. 2" in Fig. 1.
. Replace the back of the cabinet and fasten it in place with the four screws.


WHIP SOCKET

FIG. 2

## HOW TO REMOVE RADIO CHASSIS

 FROM CABINET-To remove chassis from the cabinet proceed as follows:

1. Remove back of cabinet (four screws).
2. Remove 2 chassis mounting screws from top of cabinet and 2 from front of cabinet, also 2 holding dial.

## BATTERY REPLACEMENTS-

The batteries are designed especially for the Lear RM-402 B Portable and will give approximately 200 hours of service.

Use code word APRAB when ORDERING BATTERIES.
rent only when large volume is desired. For this reason you will obtain longer life from your " $B$ " batteries by not operating your set any louder than is necessary.
the set is operated at low volume and to use maximum battery cur. When reception becomes weak new batteries should be installed.
Catukion: Wben the rectiver is operating on A.C. or D.C.-door im rear of cabie ef showld be left oben in order so provide venilation.
MODEL RM-402 B
Series 1
When ordering perts always montion complete factory model number, and series

## LIST OF REPAIR PARTS





## HOW TO CONNECT BATTERIES-Read Carefully

 BE SURE RADIO IS TURNED OFF-

INSTALLING AND CONNECTING THE BATTERIES BE SURE THE RADIO IS TURNED OFF

1. Remove the back and loop of the cabinet by removing the four screws which hold the back in place.
2. Place the battery in the cabinet exactly as shown in the above illustration (Fig. 1).
3. Insert the plug of the battery cable from the radio into the socket on the battery.
4. Replace battery clamp and holding screw.
5. Replace the back of the cabinet and fasten it in place with the four screws.
-Caution when the receiver is operating on A.C. or D.C.-door in rear of cabinet should be left open in order to provide for ventlation.


Most of the newer types of radio sets are designed to use

## CARE AND MAINTENANCE

 BATTERY REPLACEMENTS- less batery current when the set is operated at low volume and to use maximum battery current only when large volume is desired. For this reason you will obtaln longer life from your " $B$ " batteries ky not operating your set any louder than isThe battery is designed especially for the Lear RM 402 C necessary.
Portable and will give approximately 200 hours of service.
Be careful not to leave your radio turned on over night. The

## HOW TO REMOVE RADIO-CRASSIS

 FROM CABINET-To remove chassis from the cabinet proceed as follows:

1. Remove back of cabinet, (four screws).
2. Disconnect the loop antenna.
3. Remove 2 chassis mounting screws from top of cabinet and 2 from front of cabinet, also 2 holding dial. periods at a time reduces Specify No. 53766 when ORDERING BATTERIES. reception becomes weak a new battery should be installed.

MODEL RM-402 C
Series I
When ordering paits always mention complete factory model number, and series.
LIST OF REPAIR PARTS

| Code No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Part } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Description |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 18 \\ & \mathrm{C} 19 \end{aligned}$ | 53157 53157 | Shortwave Osc. Trimmer Broadcast Osc. Trimmer | On One Bracket |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | RESISTORS |  | 1/2W. | C20 | 53157 |  |  |
| R1 | 55488 | 1 Megohm |  |  |  |  | Longwave Osc. Trimmer |  |
| R2 | 55485 | 220 K ohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C21 | 53844 | 1600 Mmfd Mica |  |
| R3 | 55482 | 68 K ohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C 22 | 53713 | Broadcast Padder |  |
| R4 | 55477 | 10 K ohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C23 | 53713 | Longwave Padde |  |
| R 5 | 55492 | 3.3 Megohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C24 | 56603 | . 1 Mfd 200 V . |  |
| R6 | 55408 | 1200 ohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C25 | 56603 | . 1 Mfd 200 V . |  |
| R7 | 55408 | 1200 ohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C26 | 56603 | .1 Mfd 200 V . |  |
| R8 | -55489 | 1 Megohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C27 | 56600 | . 05 Mfd 200 V . |  |
| R9 | 55481 | 47 K ohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C28 | 56057 | 100 Mmfd Mica |  |
| R10 | 55493 | 4.7 Megohm |  | $1 / \mathrm{WW}$. | C29 | 56614 | 002 Mfd 400 V . |  |
| R11 | 55492 | 3.3 Megohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C30 | 56057 | 100 Mmfd Mica |  |
| R12 | 56344 | 1 Meg. vol. cont. |  |  | C31 | 56061 | 470 Mmfd Mica |  |
| R13 | 55483 | 100 K ohm |  | 1/2W. | C32 | 56622 | .01 Mfd 400 V . |  |
| R14 | 55487 | 470 K ohm |  | $1 / \mathrm{WW}$. | C33 | 56603 | .1 Mfd 200 V . |  |
| R15 | 2312 | 1900 ohm |  | 10 W. | C34 | 56622 | .01 Mfd 400 V . |  |
| R16 | 55485 | 220 K ohm |  | 1/2W. | C35 | 56618 | . 005 Mfd 400 V . |  |
| R17 | 55483 | 100 K ohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C36 | 56614 | . 002 Mfd 400 V . |  |
| R18 | 55935 | 470 ohm |  | 2 W . | C37 | 60003 | 20 Mfd 25 V . |  |
| R19 | 55492 | 3.3 Megohm |  | 1/2W. | C38 | 56628 | . 05 Mfd 400 V . |  |
| R20 | 55489 | 1 Megohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C39 | 53728 | 50 Mfd 150 WV | In |
| R21 | 55398 | 180 ohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C40 | 53728 | 30 Mfd 150 WV | One |
| R22 | 55388 | 27 ohm |  | $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$. | C41 | 53728 | 200 Mfd 6 WV |  |
| R23 | 55492 | CAPACITORS |  |  | C42 | 54057 | 200 Mfa 10 WV COILS |  |
| C | 54070 | 3 Gang Variable |  |  | T1 | 53711 | Longwave Loop |  |
| C1 | 56622 | . 01 Mfd 400 V . |  |  | T3 | 50160 | S.W. R.F. Coil | hunt Coil |
| C2 | 56059 | 220 Mmfd Mica |  |  | T4 | 53740 | L.W.\&B.C. R.F. C |  |
| C3 | 53734 | Longwave Ant. |  |  | T5 | 50236 | Shortwave Osc. C |  |
|  |  | Trimmer | On One |  | T6 | 53739 | L.W.\&B.C. Osc. C |  |
| C5 | 53734 | Shortwave Ant. Trimmer. | Bracket |  | T7 | 53730 59720 | 1st. I.F. Coil |  |
| C6 | (ON T2) | Shortwave Coup. | Cep. |  | T9 | 53733 | Output Trans. |  |
| C7 | 56059 | 220 Mmfd Mica |  |  |  | 5 | Output Trans. |  |
| C8 | (ON T3) | Shortwave Coup. | Cap. |  |  |  | PARTS |  |
| C9 | (ON T4) | Broadcast Coup. | Cap. |  | S1 |  | On-Off Switch (on | R 12) |
| C10 | (ON T4) | Longwave Coup. | Cap. |  | S2 | 50230 | Power Change-Ov | er Switch |
| $\mathrm{C11}$ | 56057 | 100 Mmfd Mica |  |  | SS | 53764 | Band Switch |  |
| C12 | 56600 | .05 Mfd 200 V . |  |  | J2 | 2628 | Phone Jack |  |
| C13 | 56748 | Shortwave R. F. | Trimmer |  | J1 | 2638 | Microphone Jack |  |
| C14 | (ON T4) | Broadcast R. F. | Trimmer |  |  | 53737 | Sockets |  |
| C15 | (ON T4) | Longwave Trimm |  |  |  | 53742 | Tuning Knob |  |
| C16 | 56057 | 100 Mmfd Mica |  |  |  | 53741 | Volume \& Switch | Knob |
| C17 | 2189 | 20 Mmfd Ceram |  |  | PC1 | 54985 | Powar Cord |  |



PAGE 22-16 LEAR


