# ATWATER KENT RADIO 

## Service Data

## PARTS LIST AND PRICE LIST FOR

TYPE L, F, P, Q AND D CHASSIS RECEIVERS<br>AND<br>TYPE N, N-3, J AND JB SPEAKERS

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CHASSIS DATA

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## ATWATER KENT RADIO

TABLE OF' PRICES, TUBE EQUIPMENT, AND OTHER DATA
FOR MODELS 70, 72, 74, 75 AND 76

|  | Power Source | Price Сом. plete Less Tubes | $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { Chassis } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Part }^{\text {No. }} \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ | Type Spiaker | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Part } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Color Code | Tubrs | Shipping Weight |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\overline{\mathrm{CHAS}^{\prime}}$ sts | Sprr. | Cabs. |
| Model 70 <br> Low boy | 60 cycles I 10 volts A. C. | \$119. | L | 16000 | N | 16400 | Green ${ }^{\prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UY-224 } \\ & \text { 2-UY-227 } \\ & \text { 2-UX-245 } \\ & \text { 1-UX-280 } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{4}^{47} \times$ | $\begin{gathered} 211 / 4 \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \\ & \mathrm{lbs} . \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 25 cycles 110 volts A. C. | 129. | F | 16100 | N | 16400 | Green | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UY-224 } \\ & \text { 2-UY-227 } \\ & \text { 2-UX-245 } \\ & \text { i-UX-280 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51^{1 / 4} \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 21 / 1 / 4 \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | ino volts Direct Current | 129 | D | 16700 | $\mathrm{N}-3$ | 16900 | Blue | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UX-222 } \\ & \text { 2-UX-I.12A } \\ & \text { 2-UX-171A } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 441/2 } \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 22 \mathrm{I} / 2 \\ \mathrm{lbs} . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 243 / 4^{\prime \prime \prime} \text { wide } \\ & 154^{\prime \prime \prime} \text { deep } \\ & 383 / 4^{\prime \prime} \text { high } \end{aligned}$ | Battery | 99. | Q | 16800 | J | 15920 | Orange | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UX-222 } \\ & \text { 2-UX-112A } \\ & \text { 2-UX-171A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3^{66} \\ & \text { lbs. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 103 / 4 \\ & \text { lbs. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Model 72 (SuperHeterodynte) Low High-boy | 60 cycles 110 volts A. C. | 133. | H | 16500 | N | 16400 | Green | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UY-224 } \\ & \text { 3-UY-227 } \\ & \text { 2-UX-245 } \\ & \text { 1-UX-280 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 47 l | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 21 / 4 \\ \text { lbs. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 261 / 2 \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Model 74 Table | 60 cycles 110 volts A. C. | 125. | L | 16000 | N | 16400 | Green | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UY-224 } \\ & \text { 2-UY-227 } \\ & \text { 2-UX-245 } \\ & \text { 1-UX-280 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{4}^{47}$ | $\begin{gathered} 211 / 4 \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \mathrm{I} \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 25 cycles 110 volts A. C. | 135. | F | 16100 | N | 16400 | Green | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UY-224 } \\ & \text { 2-UY-227 } \\ & \text { 2-UX-245 } \\ & \text { 1-UX-280 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51^{1 / 4} \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 211 / 4 \\ \mathrm{lbs} . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 24 $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide 161/2" deep 301/4" high | 110 volts Direct Current | 135. | D | 16700 | N/3 | 16900 | Blue | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UX-222 } \\ & \text { 2-UX-112A } \\ & \text { 2-UX-17IA } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 44^{1 / 2} \\ \text { lhs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 221 / 2 \\ \mathrm{l} \mathrm{bs} . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Model 75 PhonographCombination 263/4" wide $1^{1 \prime}$ deep 401/4" high | 60 cycles 110 volts A. C. | 195. | P | 16600 | N | 16400 | Green | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UY-224 } \\ & \text { 2.UY-227 } \\ & \text { 2-UX-245 } \\ & \text { I-UX } 280 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 453 / 4 \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 211 / 4 \\ & \text { lbs. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & \text { lbs. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Model 76 <br> High-boy | 60 cycles t 10 volts A. C. | 145. | Ł | 16000 | N | 16400 | Green | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UY-224 } \\ & \text { 2-UY-227 } \\ & \text { 2-UX- } 245 \\ & \text { 1-UX-280 } \end{aligned}$ | 47 | $\begin{gathered} 21 / 1 / 4 \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 781 / 2 \\ \mathrm{lbs} . \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 25 cycles 110 volts <br> A. C. | 155. | F | 16100 | N | 16400 | Green | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UY-224 } \\ & \text { 2-UY-227 } \\ & \text { 2-UX } 245 \\ & \text { I-UX }-280 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51^{1 / 4} \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 211 / 4 \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | I Io volts Direct Current | 155. | D | 16700 | $\mathrm{N} \cdot 3$ | 16900 | Blue | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \text { 3-UX-222 } \\ & 2 \text {-UX-112A } \\ & 2 \text {-UX-171A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 44^{1 / 2} \\ \text { lbs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 22^{1 / 2} \\ \mathrm{lbs} . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 26^{\prime \prime} \text { wide } \\ 161 / 4^{\prime \prime} \text { deep } \\ 454^{\prime \prime \prime} \text { high } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Battery | 125. | . Q | 16800 | J | 15920 | Orange | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-UX-222 } \\ & \text { 2-UX-112A } \\ & \text { 2-UX-17IA } \end{aligned}$ | 36 lbs. | $\begin{gathered} 103 / 4 \\ \text { libs. } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Inductor Type Speaker | $\binom{$ Price }{$\$ 28.00}$ | For use as additional speaker or in muitiple-8peak. |  |  | JB | 17010 | Black |  |  | 201/4 lbs. |  |

December, 1930. These prices are subject to change without notice. WEST COAST PRICES SLIGHTLY HIGHER.

## SYNCHRONIZING CONDENSERS



Fig: 218. Position of Rotor Blades FOR 1500 K . C.

When the variable-condenser unit has been replaced or adjusted in any way, it is necessary to check the alignment as follows:-
(1) Loosen the pointer set-screws.
(2) Move the rotor plates to the position shown in Figure 218.
(3) With the rotor in this position, adjust the pointer to the 1500 K . C. position and tighten the pointer set screws.
(4) Note how far down on the 1500 K. C. mark the pointer comes, then turn the condenser knob to the 550 K . C. mark. The pointer should come down on this mark approximately the same as on the 1500 K . C. mark. If it does not, it is an indication that the front panel is not centered
(5) If the front panel is not centered, loosen the screw at each end of the bottom of the front panel and shift the panel one way or another as necessary. Tighten the panel screws and then reset the pointer accurately.

## ADJUSTING TRIMMER CONDENSERS

When adjusting the trimmer condensers, it is necessary to have a four-wave oscillator, providing modulated signals at $1500,1000,800$ and 600 kilocycles. The oscillator signals should come in at exactly these settings on two or more Type L sets THAT HAVE THE ORIGINAL FACTORY SYNCHRONISM.
I. Connect the common pick-up lead from the four R. F. oscillators to one end of a No. 8112 condenser. Connect the other end of this condenser to the Long-Antenna post. Connect the oscillator container to the Ground post.
2. Connect the output measuring circuit shown in Figure 259 to the speaker plug socket on the set. Close $\mathrm{S}_{2}$ and $S_{3}$. Throw Si to the left.
3. Put all tubes in the set; power switch on; volume control at maximum; localdistance switch at distance.

Break away the sealing wax on the trimmer-condenser screws.
4. Turn pointer exactly to the 1500 K. C. mark. Reduce or increase the amount of pick-up from the 1500 K . C. oscillator to secure a reading of about 20 on the output meter.
5. With a screw-driver, turn the pressure screw of the 4th. trimmer condenser (on front variable condenser) one way or the other, as necessary, to the point where the reading on the output meter is greatest. Repeat this process on the 3 rd trimmer, then on the 2nd, and finally on the ist. Reduce the pick-up from the ist ocillator if necessary in order to keep the needle of the galvanometer near the centre of its scale.

This adjustment of the trimmer-condenser screws is termed the CORRECT POSITION.

## IMPORTANT SERVICE NOTES

I. In the Types L, F, P, D and Q chassis receivers, it is very important to arrange the three control-grid leads to the screen-grid tubes exactly parallel to each other. If these leads are not parallel, and two of them come close together, the dial readings will not be accurate, especially at the high-frequency end of the scale.
2. When replacing a flexible resistor, care must be taken to use a resistor having the same value. In the event of any uncertainty, make a continuity meter reading of a good

- resistor of the same type in a stock set, and then use a replacement resistor that gives the same reading on the continuity meter.

3. A number of different code markings may be used to identify by-pass condensers that have the same part number. If the part number is the same, the condensers are interchangeable, even though the code markings are different. (See Page 253.)

## TYPE L-1 CHASSIS, VOLTAGE TABLE AND DIAGRAM

## VOLTAGE TABLE FOR TYPE L-1 CHASSIS

Set in operation. Volume control at maximum.
LD Switch at distance.

Use High Redrance D. C. Voltmeter (about 0-50-250) to Measure Plate and Grid Voltages. Use A. C. Voltmeter to Measure Filament Voltages.

APPROX. VOLTAGES, USING 120 V LINE

| TUBE | filament <br> voltage | PLATE <br> voltage | CONTROL-GRID <br> voltage | SCREEN <br> voltage |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ist-R.F. | 2.4 | I85 | 6 | 85 |
| 2nd-R.F. | 2.35 | 185 | 4.5 | 86 |
| 3rd-R.F. | 2.35 | 185 | 4.5 | 86 |
| Detector | 2.35 | 120 | $12^{* *}$ | - |
| 1st-A.F. | 2.35 | 75 | 3.5 | - |
| 2A | 2.45 | 265 | $55^{*}$ | - |
| 2Aa | 2.45 | 265 | $55^{*}$ | - |
| Rectifier | 5. | - | - | - |

In order to identify modifications of each chassis, where such modifications require new part numbers, a numeral is used after the type letter. Thus the ist style of Type L chassis (below No. $6,234,88 \mathrm{I}$ ) is termed Type L-I, and the and style (above No. 6,234,881) is termed Type L-2. This marking is for use only in Service literature and will not appear on the serial-number plates.

* Use 250-volt scale.
** This is the voltage across the detector bian resiator; when measuring from grid to cathode, the voltage reading is only 2 .

All readinga made from cathode in heater-type tubes, and from -F in plain-filament-type tubea.


Fig. 219. Diagram of L-1 Ceassis.

[^0]
# TYPE L-2 CHASSIS, VOLTAGE TABLE AND DIAGRAM 

## VOLTAGE TABLE FOR TYPE L-2 AND P CHASSIS

The Type L Chassis has three stages of screen grid radio-frequency amplification, plate detection, one stage of resis-tance-coupled audio, and a "doubleaudio" output stage. It is designed for $110-120$ volt, $50-60-\mathrm{cycle}$ alternating-current operation.

Type F Chassis is similar to Type L, but it is designed for operation on 25 -cycle alternating current. The filter circuit is different from the $L$.

Type P Chassis is similar to Type L, but instead of a "local-distance" switch, it has a "radio-phonograph" switch.

Set in operation. Volume control at maximum. LD (or 'phono) switch up.
Use High Resistance D. C. Voltmeter (about (0-50-250) to Measure Plate and Grid Voltages. Use A. C. Voltmeter to Measure Filament Voltages.

| TUBE | FILAMENT Voltage | $\begin{gathered} \text { PLATE } \\ \text { VOLTAGE } \end{gathered}$ | CONTROL-GRID voltage | sCREEN voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ist-R.F. | 2.4 | 180 | 5 | 85 |
| 2nd-R.F. | 2.35 | 180 | 4.5 | 86 |
| 3rd-R.F. | 2.35 | 180 | 4.5 | 86 |
| Detector | 2.35 | 110 | 14** | - |
| 1st-A.F. | 2.35 | 70 | 2 | - |
| 2 A | 2.45 | 250 | 55* | - |
| 2 Aa | 2.45 | 250 | 55* | - |
| Rectifier | 5. | - | - | - |

[^1]

Fig. 220. Diagram of L-2 Chassis.
In the majority of L-2 sets, the filament shunt resistor is connected across the $R$.F. filaments, as shown in Fig. 219 . Also, a 2 -ampere fuse is connected in one side of the 110 -volt line.

## TYPE L-1 CHASSIS RECEIVER

Condensers in R.F. ByPass No. 1
L-Line by-pass.
L-Line by-pass.
C-2nd-A.F. bias by-pass.
E-Ist-R.F. screen by-pass.

Condensers in R.F. By-
Pass No. 2
A-1st-R.F. bias by-pass.
B-R.F. bias by-pass.
U-Ist-A.F. filter condenser.

Condensers in R.F. ByPass No. 3
D-Detector bias" by-pass.
H-R.F. plate-circuit by-pass.
T-Detector grid-circuit by-pass.

Condensers in Detector By-Pass
$\mathrm{F}-2$ nd-3rd R.F. screen by-pass.
M-Detector-ist A.F. coupling condenser.
P -Phone condenser.
P -Phone condenser.

222


Fig. 221. Connection of Units in Type L-1 Chassis, and, at Right, Connections to Terminal Panel of Type N Speaker.
The rectifier filament winding leads come out the left-hand side of the power transformer; these are thin leads covered with black sleeving. The flament winding has thick leade covered with black sleeving.




## TYPE L-2 CHASSIS RECEIVER

## Condensers in R.F. By-

 Pass No. 1L—Line by-pass.
L-Line by-pass
C-2nd-A.F. bias by-pass.
E-ist-R.F. screen by-pass.

Condensers in R.F. By-
Pass No. 2
A-Ist-R.F. bias by-pass.
B-R.F. bias by-pass.
U-rst-A.F. filter condenser.

Condensers in R.F. By Pass No. 3
D-Detector bias by-pass.
H-R.F. plate-circuit by-pass.
T-Detector grid-circuit by-pass.

## Condensers in Detector By-Pass

F-2nd-3rd R.F. screen by-pass.
M-Detector-1st A.F. coupling condenser.
P -Phone condenser.
P -Phone condenser.

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Fig. 223. Connection of Units in Type L-2 Chassis, and, at Riget, Connections to Terminal Panel of Type N Speaker.



Fig. 225. Variable-Condenser Assembly.
If any section of this condenser is seriously damaged, the stator, rotor and frame (with balance weight) unit (No. 18.j79) should be replaced, IMPORTANT: DO NOT disturb the adjustment of the rotor set-screws nor the bearing screw at the rear end of the shaft.


Fig. 226. Connections of R. F. Coll Group in L-2 and F Chassis.
If one R,F. coil or R, F, C. Nos, 3,4 or 5 , is defective, the complete coil group must be replaced. If the compensating condenser or one of the stopping condensers is defective, it may be replaced without changing anything eise.

## PARTS AND PRICE LIST-TYPE L, No. 16000, CHASSIS

Fig. 227
Top View of Type L Chassis.
Type $P$ Chassis is similar except for the addition of two binding posts at the rear of the front panel for connection to the pick-lip transformer.
Type F Chassis has a difierent style of power transformer.
Part No. FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY Price
18085 Front panel with dial plate
$\$ 1.25$18581 Front panel complete ..... 2.50
18581 Fron panel
18581 Fron panel
17224 Front panel brace (2 used). ..... 10
17985 Escutcheon ..... 1.00
17244 Volume-control or tone-control knob ..... 30
16370 On-off switch complete. ..... 1.10
16380 Local-distance switch ..... 1.25
16270 Volume-control ..... 3.70
17876 Volume-control bracket ..... 20
16576 Volume-control cover ..... 05
18223 Tone-control condenser clamp. ..... 05
17814 Dial knob ..... 30
17959 Dial pointer ..... 05
Part No. POWER UNITS ..... Price
16660 Power-transformer ..... \$7.50
17825 Power-transformer spring ..... 10
17824 Power-transformer cover . ..... 50
17563 Power-transformer insulating sheet .....  02
Filter Condenser Unit For L-1
15480 Filter-condenser (5 taps) ..... 7.95
17429 Filter-condenser cover. ..... 40
17534 Filter-condenser spacer (fibre) ..... 25/c
Filter Condenser Unit For L-2
15850 Filter-condenser (6 taps) ..... 7.95 ..... 7.95
18188 Filter-condenser case ..... 45
17534 Filter-condenser spacer (fibre) ..... 25/c
16680 Filter-choke (5 leads)* ..... 5.75
17302 Filter-choke lid .....  20
15520 2nd-A. F. input transformer ..... 3.75
*No. 16680 choke assembly is for use in Type L-2chassis, but it may be used in Type L-1 chassis bycutting off the black-with-red-tracer lead.
Part No.
Part No. Price Price
18579 VARIABLE-CONDENSER STATOR, ROTOR AND FRAME (WITH LEADS AND BALANCE WEIGHT) ..... \$9.60
17107 Rotor-connection (long) ..... 10
17291 Rotor-connection (short) .....  10
15404 Dial light ..... 25
16420 Dial-light socket and reflector, one-hole mounting (less lead and resistor) ..... 40
16420-A Dial-light socket and reflęctor, two- hole mounting (less lead and resistor) ..... 40
18615 Dial-gear ..... 40
17936 Dial-knob bracket (one-hole mounting) ..... 35
18144 Dial-knob bracket (two-hole mounting). ..... 35
17935 Dial-knob bracket support (threaded). .....  03
17961 Dial-rubber assembly ..... 15
17941 Dial-knob shaft ..... 05
17962 Pointer-control arm .....  30
No separate parts, except those listed above,will be supplied for the variable-condenser unit.
16430 TONE-CONTROL SWITCH COM. PLETE ..... 75
18148 Base. ..... 60
18146 Shaft ..... 12
18112 Contact blade ..... 03
Part No. COIL GROUP Price
18327 R. F. coil group ..... $\$ 4.00$
15540 Stopping condenser (3 used). ..... 10
15540 Compensating condenser (1 used) ..... 10
17295 R. F. coil shield (4 used). ..... 50
If one R. F. coil, or R. F. C. No. 3, No. 4, orNo. 5 is defective, the ENTIRE coil groupmust be replaced.Volume ControlTone Control Switch

## PARTS AND PRICE LIST-TYPE L, No. 16000, CHASSIS (Cont't)



Fig. 228. Bottom View of Type L-2 and P Ceassis.
A line fuse (2-amperes) and fuse bolder are mounted at the right of R.F. by-pass No. 1 in later-type sets.

## TUBULAR RESISTORS

TWO-RESISTOR GROUP

## Part No.

15592 2nd-A.F. bias resis. No. 1 (black) . . . \$ . 25
16724 2nd-A.F. bias resis. No. 2 (white) ..... 25
Mounting bracket ..... 05
17343 Metal clamping strip ..... 02
THREE-RESISTOR-GROUPS
Part No.
Price
Price
16282 1st-A.F. grid leak (blue or blue and red) ..... \$. 25
16724 Detector bias resistor (white) ..... 25
15592 Detector coupling resistor (black)
25
25
15285 1st-A.F. filter resistor (gray) ..... $.50^{\circ}$
16724 Detector filter resistor (white) ..... 25
15892
Mounting bracket ..... 2517341 ..... 25/c
bre pad
bre pad
17345 Metal clamping strip ..... 02
FLEXIBLE RESISTORS

| Part No |  | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16350 | R.F. bias resistor | . 20 |
| 16320 | 1st-R.F. bias resistor | . 20 |
| 16320 | 1st-A.F. bias resistor. | . 20 |
| 17090 | Bleeder resistor No. 2 | . 20 |
| 18236 | Dial light resistor (yellow) | . 15 |
| 17077 | Filament shunt resistor... | . 15 |

Part No. Price16330 Bleeder resistor No. 1 (flat type). . . . . \$ . 4013306 Insulator ( $11 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 33^{\prime \prime}$ )\$. 401527115271-A R. F. CHOKE No. 1, NO. 2(2 used)25
FIXED CONDENSERS
Part No. Price
15790 R.F. by-pass No. 1 ..... $\$ 1.00$
15770 R.F. by-pass No. 2 ..... 1.00
15780 R.F. by-pass No. 3 ..... 1.10
15640 Detector by-pass ..... 1.00
16490 Tone-control condenser ..... 1.00
SOCKETS
Part No.
Part No.
17518 R.F. sockets (3 used) ..... Price
17519 ..... \$. 3017511Detector or 1st-A.F. socket (2 used)
175092A socket301750818007
17377
18016184491844916420 Dial-light socket and reflector, one-hole mounting (less leads). . . . . . . . .
16420-A Dial-light socket and reflector, two- hole mounting (less leads) . . . . . . . . . . 40

PARTS AND PRICE LIST-TYPE L, No. 16000, CHASSIS (Cont'd) MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

| Part No. |  | Price | Part No. |  | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17524 | 110 -volt cable with plug | . \$1.90 | 15214 | Tube-shield base (3 used).... . . . . \$ | . 03 |
| 8956 | 110-volt plug only | . 30 | 17326 | Detector cap. | . 30 |
| 16741 | Insulating bushing for 110 -volt |  | 17223 | Cross piece ( $10^{\prime \prime} \times 7 / 8^{\prime \prime}-2$ used) | . 25 |
|  | cable | . 05 | 17632 | Detector-cap lead (brown) | . 10 |
| 16742 | Bushing-retaining spring | . 05 |  | Trimmer-condenser sealing wax | .50 lb . |
| 17521 | Antenna binding posts and base | . 45 | 18118 | "Guide" Card (form F-680). | .75/c net |
| 17323 | Antenna and ground post base. | . 05 | 18119 | Log Card (form F-681) | .75/c net |
| 8215 | Binding post | . 20 | 17989 | Tuned-radio-frequency name-plate | . 06 |
| 17536 | Bottom plate | 1.30 | 18534 | Line fuse (2-ampere)... . . . . . . . . . | . 05 |
| 18117 | Balance weight for variable condenser. | . 35 | 16220 | Literature assembly. | . 20 net |
| 13989 | Ground clamp | . 30 | 18122 | Instruction book. | . 10 " |
| 15213 | Tube-shield (3 used) | . 15 | 18123 | Shipping container | . 65 ، |

SMALL PARTS ON L, F, P, Q, D RECEIVERS, AND J, JB, N, N-3 SPEAKERS illustrations are full size


## TYPE F CHASSIS, DIAGRAM AND PARTS LIST

(For Voltage Table, See Page 253)


Fig. 229. Wiring Diagram of Type F Chassis.
In some early-type $F$ chassis, a line by-pass condenser is used and the $1 \mathrm{st}-\mathrm{A}$. F . grid resistor (gray) is omitted. In later-type $F$ chassis, the filter condenser has only four contacts, as shown on Page 232, and the top of the lstA.F. grid leak is connected to the opposite end of the lst-A.F. grid resistor, as shown on Page 233 .

## PARTS AND PRICE LIST-TYPE F, No. 16100, CHASSIS

All parts not listed below are same as those used in Type L, No. 16000, Chassis, on Pages 227, 228 and 229.


## TYPE P CHASSIS, DIAGRAM AND PARTS LIST

(For Voltage Table, See Page 221.)


Fig. 230. Wiring Diagram of Type P Chassis.

In later-type $\mathbf{P}$ sets, the filament shunt resistor is connected across the R.F. filaments, an shown in Fig. 229.
Also, a 2 -ampere fuse is connected in one side of the 110 -volt line.

## PARTS AND PRICE LIST-TYPE P, No. 16600, CHASSIS

All parts not listed below are same as those used in Type L, No. 16000, Chassis, on Pages 227, 228 and 229.

| Part No. |  | Price | Part No. |  | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18544 | Phono-radio switch | . \$1.25 | 18548 | Instruction sheet | \$ . 10 net |
| 17040 | Phonograph post assembly | . 45 | 17060 | Literature assembly | . 20 " |
| 18546 | Binding post (marked G) | . 20 | 18547 | Shipping container.. | . 65 |
| 8215 | Binding post (plain) | . 20 |  |  |  |

Part No.
18544 Phono-radio switch 25

Phonograph post assembly

18546

8215 Binding post (plain) ..... 20
Binding post (plain) ..... 20

Part No.
Price
18548 Instruction sheet . 20 "
17060 Literature assembly 65 "

For phonograph parts, see Page 239.
December, 1930. These prices supersede all previous prices and are subject to change without notice.

## TYPE F CHASSIS RECEIVER

Condensers in R.F. ByPass No. 1
C-2nd-A.F. bias by-pass.
E -ist-R.F. screen by-pass.
$\mathrm{F}-2$ nd-3rd-R. F. screen bypass.

Condensers in R.F. ByPass No. 2
A-Ist-R.F. bias by-pass. B-R.F. bias by-pass.
U-Ist-A.F. filter condenser.

Condensers in R.F. By-
Pass No. 3
D-Detector bias by-pass.
H-R.F. plate-circuit by pass.
T-Detector grid-circuit by-pass.

Condensers in Detector By-Pass
M-Detector-Ist A.F. coupling condenser.
P -"Phone", condenser.
P --"Phone" condenser.
R -Filament by-pass.

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Fig. 231. Connections of Units in Type F Chassis.
In some early Type F Chassis, the filter condenser has five contacts. as shown on Page 230.


Fig. 232. Bottom Wiring of Type F Geassis Receiver
In some early Type F Chasais, a line by-pase condenser ia used, and the lat-A. Fr. Rrid redistor (cray) is omitted. Aleo. the filter condenser has five contacts, as shown on Page 230 .

## TYPE P CHASSIS RECEIVER

Condensers in R.F. ByPass No. 1

L-Line by-pass.
L-Line by-pass.
$\mathrm{C}-2 n d-A . F$. bias by-pass.
E-Ist-R.F. screen by-pass.

Condensers in R.F. ByPass No. 2
A-1st-R.F. bias by-pass.
B-R.F. bias by-pass.
U-Ist-A.F. filter condenser.

Condensers in R.F. ByPass No. 3
D-Detector bias by-pass. H-R.F. plate-circuit by-pass. T-Detector grid-circuit by-pass.

Condensers in Detector By-Pass
F-2nd-3rd R.F. screen by-pass.
M-Detector-Ist A.F. coupling condenser.
P - Phone condenser.
P -Phone condenser.

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Fig. 233. Connection of Units in Type P Ceassis, and, at Rigit, Connections to Terminal Panel of Type N Speaker,


## PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP



Fig. 235. Drawing of Phonograph Pick-up and Arm Used in Model 75.

## ACTION OF PICK-UP

The phonograph pick-up is a miniature alternating. current generator, but instead of having a rotating armature, it has a vibrating armature. The vibrations of the armature are produced by the movement of the pick-up needle in the grooves on a phonograph record.

The armature vibrates in a narrow gap between the pole pieces of a strong permanent magnet, thus causing a variation of the magnetic field in the gap. This variation of the magnetic feld "cuts" the turns of a small pick-up coil which is also mounted in the field of the magnet, thus generating a weak alternating current in the pick-up coil.

The weak alternating current generated in the pick-up coil is passed through a volume control into the primary (small winding) of a step-up transformer.

The resultant voltage developed across the secondary of this transformer is impressed on the grid circuit of the detector tube in the $P$ Chassis. The signal is amplified to loud-speaker volume by the audio amplifier in the P Chassis, and then reproduced by the speaker.

Thus the image of sound waves cut in the grooves in a phonograph record generates similar audio-frequency electrical impulses in the pick-up. These impulses are amplified in the radio set and then converted into sound waves by the speaker.

## ARMATURE ADJUSTMENT

The armature-pivot bearings consist of two small strips of rubber (armature spacing cushions) which space the armature from the bearing surfaces on each pole piece.

The top end of the armature fits in a slit in a flat rubber damper. The damper is fastened to a small brass plate that may be adjusted to the right or to the left, in order to center the armature in the magnet gap.

If the armature is off center, as indicated by erratic reproduction, loosen the two round-head screws that hold the damper plate, and move the plate slightly to the right or left to a point where the armature is centered. Tighten the two screws.

When the armature is correctly centered, it should take as much force to move the needle to the left as to the right.

If the rubber damper plate or armature spacing cushions are dried out, or lack life, replace them with new pieces of rubber, which may be secured from your distributor.

## USE KEEPER ON PICK-UP MAGNET

If tine pick-up magnet must be removed from the pick-up, FIRST place a steel or iron keeper (a large nail will do) across the sides of the magnet poles, THEN remove the magnet.

Do NOT take off the keeper until AFTER the magnet is placed back on its pole pieces in the pick-up.

If the magnet is weak, have it re-magnetized, but be sure to place a keeper across the sides of the magnet poles before removing it from the magnetizer, and do not remove the keeper until after the magnet is placed back on its pole pieces in the pick-up.

## CONTINUITY TESTS

Test across the two contacts on the neck of the molded pick-up back. The continuity reading should be nearly full. No reading indicates an open pick-up coil or leads.

Test from either contact on the pick-up to each pole piece, and to the armature. If there is any reading, it indicates that the pick up coil or leads are grounded. This must be eliminated. Use two small pieces of thin cambric cloth to insulate the pick-up coil from the pole pieces.


Fig. 236. Electrical Connections of Pick-up, Volume Control and Input Transformer.
December, 1930.

## INDUCTION DISC PHONOGRAPH MOTOR



The induction-disc phonograph motor has two sets of field coils or "inductors." Each inductor has three coils and five "poles." A magnetic field is produced between the poles by the alternating current flowing through the three coils.

The edge of a non-magnetic rotor disc fits in the narrow gap between the poles on each inductor. The magnetic field between the poles causes the disc to rotate.

The rotor disc itself has no coils, and there are no electrical connections to it.

The speed of the rotor disc is controlled by a governor and a regulating screw device. The correct speed is 78 revolutions per minute (with pick-up on record). The speed may be determined by counting the number of revolutions made by the turntable in one minute. It is preferable, however, to regulate the speed with the aid of a stroboscope disc, which may be purchased from your distributor. Simple instructions for the use of this inexpensive device are printed on the back of the stroboscope disc. The speed should be checked at least twice a year.

The motor and governor bearings and gears must be kept well greased at all times. See chart on bottom of motor board.

When an induction-disc motor requires repair, it is advisable to tear it down completely, replace the defective parts, clean and grease all parts, and reassemble correctly.

## AUTOMATIC ELECTRIC SWITCH and FRICTION BRAKE

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

A trip rod on the pick-up arm engages with the slot between the brake and switch levers on the automatic brake illustrated below. As the arm moves toward the center of the record, the trip rod swings these two levers and the brake-latch trip anticlockwise. As the needle nears the end of the record, the brake-latch trip engages with the toothed edge of the latch plate, as shown. When the record is finished, the needle runs into an eccentric groove that swings the pick-up arm away from the center of the record This movement pushes the trip against the latch plate, and frees the latch from the hand lever at point "A." This opens the A. C. switch and throws the friction leather against the inside edge of the turntable. thus stopping the motor and turntable.

## ADJUSTMENTS

(I) If the latch does not trip, or trips before completion of a record, bend the hand-lever stop slightly to the right or left, as necessary.
(2) If the latch trip does not engage correctly with the latch-plate, loosen the two latch-plate screws and shift the plate one way or the other, as necessary. Re-tighten the screws. Remove any burrs from the teeth of the latch plate with fine emery paper.
(3) If the electric switch does not make and break contact when the hand-lever is turned on and off, it may be necessary to bend the long contact spring, or loosen the two switch screws and move the switch until the correct position is found. In the off position, there should be at least $1{ }^{1 / \prime \prime}$ gap between the contact pgints.


Fig. 238. Detalled View of the Automatic Switce and Brake.

## PHONOGRAPH MOTOR BOARD

Fif. 239. Top Miew of Motor Boarid The slot in the board is not used in current models.


Fig. 240. Bottom liew of Motor Board.

# PARTS AND PRICE LIST - MODEL 75 PHONOGRAPH PARTS 

| Pa | PICK-UP UNIT | Pri |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19056 | Pick-up unit, complete, less arm | \$12.50 |
| 19057 | Pick-up coil. . . . . . . . . | . 50 |
| 19101 | Pick-up-coil insulator | .05/doz. |
| 19061 | Pick-up magnet | 2.60 |
| 19094 | Pick-up-magnet spring (flat) | . $10 / \mathrm{doz}$. |
| 19059 | Pick-up pole piece (left-hand) | . 40 |
| 19065 | Pick-up pole piece (right-hand) | . 40 |
| 19095 | Pick-up-pole-piece nut. . | . 12 / doz. |
| 19058 | Pick-up armature. | . 30 |
| 19358 | Armature spacing cushion | .12/doz. |
| 19066 | Pick-up needle screw..... | . 08 |
| 19365 | Damper plate | . 10 |
| 19387 | Damper-plate screw | .14/doz. |
| 19364 | Pick-up rubber damper | . 06 |
| 19063 | Pick-up cover. . . . . . . | . 50 |
| 19093 | Pick-up-cover screw. | . 03 |
| 19102 | Pick-up-unit back. | . 50 |
| 19096 | Pick-up mounting screw | . 02 |
| 19098 | Pick-up mounting lock-washer | .06/doz. |
| 19097 | Pick-up mounting nut... | . 04 |


| $P$ | TURNTABLE SPINDLE | Pric |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19164 | Turntable spindle | \$ .75 |
| 19166 | Turntable-spindle pin | . 02 |
| 19082 | Turntable-spindle ball-bearing | . 01 |
| 19086 | Turntable-spindle ball-bearing screw |  |
| 19108 | Turntable-spindle ball-bearing lock-washer | . 02 |
| 19107 | Turntable-spindle ball-bearing nut | . 01 |
| 19133 | Turntable-spindle governor drive gear. | . 30 |
| 19109 | Governor-drive-gear set-screw. | . $15 / \mathrm{doz}$. |
| Part No | SPEED REGULATOR | Price |
| 19134 | Regulating shaft | . 12 |
| 19122 | Regulating-shaft spring | . 02 |
| 19123 | Regulating lever. | . 15 |
| 19125 | Regulating-lever leather | . 01 |
| 19124 | Regulating-lever set-screw | . 02 |
| 19153 | Regulating-screw escutcheon and screw | $23$ |
| 19154 | Escutcheon wood screw | . $12 / \mathrm{doz}$. |
| Part No. | BRAKE | Pric |
| 19145 | Brake, complete | 3.40 |
| 19081 | Brake switch. | 1.50 |
| 19155 | Brake-switch screw | . 02 |
| 19156 | Brake-switch washer | . 04 |
| 19161 | Brake wood-screw | .10/doz. |
| 19158 | Brake-switch-cord bushing | . 12 |
| 19157 | Brake-switch-bushing nail | .08/doz. |
| 19152 | Brake hand-lever spring. . |  |
| 19147 | Brake and friction lever spring | . 05 |
| 19149 | Brake-latch trip. | . 20 |
| 19151 B | Brake-latch-trip rivet | . 02 |
| 19148 B | Brake-latch-trip spring | . 06 |
| 19162 B | Brake-latch plate. | . 06 |
| 19163 B | Brake-latch-plate screw | .08/doz. |
| 19159 B | Brake-latch spring. |  |

Part No. TOP PLATE Price
19119 Top plate. ..... \$ 5.00
19126 Top-plate bolt ..... 10
19131 Top-plate bolt "C" washer ..... 03
19107 Top-plate nut .....  01
19085 Top plate-washer .....  01
19128 Top-plate lock-washer ..... 10/doz.
19127 Top-plate spacing cushion .....  06
19143 Top-plate rubber cushion (small) ..... 06
Part No. MISCELLANEOUS Price
19135 Motor-cord clip ..... Price
19136 Motor-cord-clip wood-screw.... . . . .04/doz.
19137 Motor-cord eyelet ..... 16/doz.
19144 Motor-cord outlet ..... 60
19168 Turntable (with covering) ..... 4.00
19169 Turntable covering ..... 1.50
19083 Needle box ..... 30
19084 Needle cup ..... 15
19165 Motor-board ferrule ..... 10
19167 Motor-board-ferrule wood-screw ..... 08/doz.
19359 Light grease (can) ..... 25
19361 Heavy grease (tube) ..... 25
19362 Stroboscope disc ..... 05
19354 Speed tag ..... 01
19355 60-cycle tag. ..... 01

## Tabulated Service Data for Phonograph

Important. It is advisable for the dealer to inspect and adjust radio-phonograph combinations at least twice a year. Clean off the old grease, put fresh grease and oil on the bearings, and regulate the motor speed to 78 revolutions per minute. If necessary, install a new rubber damper and armature spacing cushions in the pick-up. Tighten all screws and bolts. Finally, check over the radio set and tubes.

| TROUBLE | PROBABLE CAUSE |
| :---: | :---: |
| No reproduction. | Defective volume control, input transformer, or pick-up coil. |
| Weak reproduction. | Weak magnet, shorted pick-up coil, or armature off center. |
| Distortion. | Loose or worn needle, defective rubber damper or armature spacing cushions, dirt in magnet gap, or needle screw touching pick-up cover. |
| Motor fails to operate. | Defective automatic switch, wrong or open connections in motor circuit, defective inductor, or jammed motor. |
| Irregular speed. | Poor lubrication, defective governor, improperly mounted motor, weak inductor, worn bearings. |
| 60'cycle hum. | Loose inductor coils (use wedges to tighten) or loose laminations in inductor cores (tighten bolts) |
| Wabbling turntable. | Bent turntable spindle. |
| natie. | Bent rotor disc-touching inductors, broken governor springs, defective or improperly lubricated gears or bearings, or bent governor spindle. |

# TYPE Q CHASSIS, VOLTAGE TABLE AND DIAGRAM 

Type Q Chassis (battery operated) has three stages of screen-grid R. F. amplify. cation, grid detection, one stage of trans-former-coupled audio, and a doubleaudio output stage.
An output filter choke and condenser are used in the $\mathrm{Q}_{-2}$ (above Serial No. 5704025), as shown in the diagram below. The $\mathbf{Q}_{1}$ Chassis does not have these two parts.


## VOLTAGE TABLE FOR TYPE Q CHASSIS

Set in operation. Volume control at maximum. L-D switch at distance.
Use High Resistance D. C. Voltmeter (about 0-50-250) to Measure Plate and Grid Voltages. Use A. C. Voltmeter to Measure Filament Voltages.



## TYPE Q CHASSIS RECEIVER

## R.F. By-Pass No. 1

 G-R.F. screen by-pass. V-Ist-R.F. grid-circuit by-pass. Y -Output filter condenser. N-Ist-R.F. filament by-pass.R.F. By-Pass No. 2*

H-R.F. plate-circuit by-pass.
T-Detector filter condenser.
P-"Phone" condenser.
P-"Phone" condenser.
R.F. By-Pass No. 3

S-Detector filament by-pass. R-3rd-R.F. filament by-pass. R-3rd-R.F. filament by-pass. $\mathrm{O}-2$ 2nd-R.F. filament by-pass.

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Fig. 242. Connections of Units in Q-1 and Q-2 Chassis.

## *The connections shown in Fig. 243 for R. F. by-pass No. 2 are correct when output filter choke is not used in the Q-1 chassis,



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bottom; therefore, the connections to this condenger are correspondingly changed.


Fig. 243. Bottom Wiring of Type Q-2 Chassis.
IMPORTANT. The connections of R. F. by-pass No. 2 are shown correctly when this condenser is Part No. $\mathbf{H}$ and $T$ are at the bottom, and the leads to this condenser are correspondingis condenser is No. 18350, Code $\mathbf{H}$ - 28 , $P$ and $P$ are at the top, and

## PARTS AND PRICE LIST-TYPE Q, No. 16800, CHASSIS

Fig. 244.
Top View of Type $Q$ Chassis.


FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY
Part No.
$\begin{array}{ll}18085 & \text { Front panel with dial plate . . . . . . . . . } \$ 1.25 \\ 18581 & \text { Front panel complete. . . . . . . . . . . } 2.50\end{array}$
17985 Escutcheon. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.00
17224 Front panel brace ( 2 used) . . .......... . 10
17244 Volume-control or tone-control knob. . . 30
17814 Dial knob. .30
16770 On-off switch ................................... 1.60
16760 Local-distance switch . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.25
16010 Volume-control (less bracket) . . . . . . . 5.25
18259 Volume-control bracket . . . . . . . . . . . . 20
18223 Tone-control condenser clamp . . . . . . . . 05
17959 Dial pointer . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 05

16430 TONE-CONTROL SWITCH COMPLETE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 75
18148 Base . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 60
18146 Shaft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 12
18112 Contact blade . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 03

## AUDIO TRANSFORMERS



Part No.
Price
18579 VARIABLE-CONDENSER STATOR, ROTOR AND FRAME (with leads and balance weight)
$\$ 9.60$
18615 Dial gear . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
17962 Pointer control arm . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 30
17961 Dial-rubber assembly ................ . . . . . . . . . 15
17941 Dial-knob shaft . ..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 05
16420 Dial-light socket and reflector, one-hole mounting (less leads)
.40

| 16420-A | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Dial-light socket and reflector, two- } \\ \text { hole mounting (less leads).................. }\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

17936 Dial-knob bracket (one-hole mounting) . 35
18144 Dial-knob bracket (two-hole mount- $\quad .35$
17935 Dial-knob bracket support (threaded) . . 03
17107 Rotor-connection (long) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10
17291 Rotor-connection (short) .... . . . . . . . . . . . 10
16099 Dial light. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 25
No separate parts, except those listed above, will be supplied for the variable-condenser unit.

## COIL GROUP

Part No.
17510
16360 $\quad$ R. F. coil group. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 4.00$

16360 Stopping condenser (3 used) . . . . . . . . . 10
16360 Compensating condenser (1 used) ..... . . . 10
17295 R. F. coil shield (4 used).
If one R. F. coil, or R. F. C. No. 3, No. 4, or No. 5, is defective, the ENTIRE coil group must be replaced.

## PARTS AND PRICE LIST-TYPE Q, No. 16800, CHASSIS



Fig. 245. Bottom View of Type $Q$ Chassis.


December, 1930. These prices supersede all previous prices and are subject to change without notice.

## TYPE D-1 CHASSIS, VOLTAGE TABLE AND DIAGRAM

## VOLTAGE TABLE FOR TYPE D CHASSIS

Set in operation. Volume control at maximum. L-D switch at distance.

Use High Resistanceld. C. Voltmeter (about $0-50-250$ ) to Measure Plate and Grid Voltages. Use A. C. Voltmeter to Measure Filament Voltages.

| TUBE | APPROX. VOLTAGES, USING 120 V. LINE |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PILAMENT voltage | PLATE <br> VOLTAGE | CONTROL-GRID voltage | SCREEN voltage |
| ist-R.F. | 3.3 | 75 | 4.2 | 60* |
| 2nd-R.F. | $3 \cdot 3$ | 75 | 1.3 | 50 |
| 3rd-R.F. | $3 \cdot 3$ | 75 | 1 | 50 |
| Detector | 5 | 20 | - | - |
| 1st-A.F. | 5 | 45 | 6 | - |
| 2 A | 5 | 75 | 10 | - |
| ${ }_{2} \mathrm{Aa}$ | 5 | 80 | 10 | - |

All readings made from cathode in heater-type tubes, and from $-\mathbf{F}$ in plain-filament-type tubes.
Use 250 -volt scale to measure and A. F. grid voltage.
*This is 50 volts in D-2 thassis.

Type D Chassis (D. C. operated) has three stages of screen-grid R. F. amplification, detector, one stage of transformer -coupled A. F., and a "double-audio" output stage.

This set is designed for use with an electro-dynamic type $\mathrm{N}_{3}$ speaker.

The early Type D Chassis is known as the D-I. A later modification is known as the $\mathrm{D}_{2}$. For an explanation of the difference between these two types, see Page 249.


Fig. 246. Diagram of D-1 Chassis.

## TYPE D-2 CHASSIS



Fig. 247. Simplified Diagram of Power Unit and Filament Circuit in Type D Chassis.
The grid bias voltage for any one tube is secured by bringing the grid-return lead of the tube to a point in the filament circuit that has the correct negative voltage with respect to the negative filament terminal of the same tube. This is clearly indicated in the above diagram.


Fig. 248. Schematic Diagram of Type D-2 Chassis:
Note the addition of by-pass condensers V-1 and W-1 and the reversal of screen-grid resistors No. 1 and No. 2.

## TYPE D CHASSIS RECEIVER

Condensers in R.F. ByPass No. 1
L-Line by-pass.
L-Line by-pass.
U -Ground coupling condenser.

Condensers in R.F. By-Pass
No. 2
E-Ist-R.F. screen by-pass.
F-2nd-3rd-R.F. screen by-pass.
VI-ıst-R.F. grid-circuit by-pass. $W_{I}-2 n d-R . F$. grid-circuit by-pass.

Condensers in R.F. By-
Pass No. 3
H-R.F. plate-circuit by-pass. S-Detector filament by-pass. P -"Phone" condenser.

Condensers in R.F. By-Pass No. 4
D-Detector grid-circuit by-pass.
V-Ist-R.F. grid-circuit by-pass. W-2nd-R.F. grid-circuit by-pass. X-3rd-R.F. grid-circuit by-pass.


Fig. 249. Connections of Units in Type D-1 and D-2 Chassis.



Fig. 250. Bottom Wiring of Type D-2 Chassis.
The parts in the D-2 are exactly the same as the parts in the D-1. The only difference is in the wirng arrangement and reversal of screen-grid resistors No. 1 and No. 2. The D-1 Chaseis may be
The only difference in in the wirng arrangement and reversal
changed into the $D-2$ byy connpecting exactly as ehown above.



## PARTS AND PRICE LIST-TYPE D, No. 16700, CHASSIS

Fig. 252.
Top View of Type 1) Cuasis.


## FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY

Price
18085 Front panel with dial plate
\$1.25
18581 Front panel complete ................. 2.50
17224 Front panel brace (2 used)
.10
17985 Escutcheon. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.00
17244 Volume-control or tone-control knob
16760 Local-distance switch . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.25
16740 On-off switch . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.10
16630 Volume-control . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4.50
17876 Volume-control bracket. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 20
16576 Volume-control cover. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 05
17814 Dial knob. .. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 30
18223 Tone-control condenser clamp ......... . . 05
17959 Dial pointer. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 05

## POWER UNITS

## Part No.

Price
16890 Filter-choke. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 8.60$
18232 Filter-choke base plate. . . . . . . . . . . . 10
18638 Filter-choke lid and name-plate .... . . 20
14710 Filter-condenser . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 9.70
18188 Filter-condenser case . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 45
17534 Filter-condenser spacer (fibre) ....... . .25/c
17070 No. 1 A. F. transformer . . . . . . . . . . . . 4.50
16640 2nd-A. F. input transformer . . . . . . . . 4.50
16430 TONE-CONTROL SWITCH COMPLETE.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 75

18148 Base

.60
18146 Shaft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 12
18112 Contact blade

[^2]
## PARTS AND PRICE LIST-TYPE D, No. 16700, CHASSIS



Fig. 253. Bottom View of Type D Chassis.
In later-type $\mathbf{D}$ chassis, a line fuse ( 2 amperes) is mounted at the right of $\mathbf{R}$. F. by-pass No. 1 .

| TUBULAR RESISTORS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part No |  | Price |
| 15892 | Detector grid leak (green) . . . . . . . . . . \$ | \$ . 25 |
| 16282 | Condenser discharge resistor (blue and red) | . 25 |
| 15891 | Screen grid resistor No. 2 (black and red) | . 25 |
| 15545 | Screen grid resistor No. 1 (maroon) | . 25 |
| 15891 | Det. filter resistor (red and black) | . 25 |
| 15544 | 1st-A.F. filter resistor (yellow) | . 25 |
| 18049 | Bleeder resistor (green and blue) | . 30 |
| 17341 | Mounting bracket | . 05 |
| 17342 | Fibre resistor pad | .25/c |
| 17345 | Metal clamping strip . | . 02 |
| FLEXIBLE RESISTORS |  |  |
| Part No. |  | Price |
| 16322 | 1st-A.F. grid bias resistor . . . . . . . . . \$ | \$ . 20 |
| 16322 | 3rd-R.F. grid bias resistor | . 20 |
| 16850 | 2nd-R.F. grid bias resistor | . 20 |
| 16860 | 1st-R.F. grid bias resistor | . 20 |
| 16840 | 3rd-R.F. filament shunt resistor | . 20 |
| WIRE-WOUND RESISTORS |  |  |
| Part No. |  | Price |
| 18354 | Filament series resistor No. $2 . . . . . .$. . ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | \$1.00 |
| 18355 | Filament series resistor No. 1 | 1.00 |
| 18356 | A.F. filament shunt resistor | 1.00 |
| 15972 | Mounting bracket (2 used) | . 10 |

## FIXED CONDENSERS

| Part No. |  | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15870 | Tone-control condenser | \$1.00 |
| 16940 | R.F. by-pass No. 1 | 1.10 |
| 15262 | R.F. by-pass No. 2 | 1.00 |
| 16880 | R.F. by-pass No. 3 | 1.10 |
| 15262 | R.F. by-pass No. 4 | 1.00 |
| 18419 | Grid-condenser assembly (includes detector socket) | . 65 |
| 16088 | Grid condenser |  |
| 17254 | R.F. CHOKE No. 7, No. 8, No. 9. | . 50 |
| 15271-A | R.F. CHOKE No. 1, No. 2, No. 6. | . 25 |

## SOCKETS

Part No. ..... Price
18417 1R, 2R, 3R tube sockets ..... \$ . 25
18418 Det. or 1st A.F. sockets ..... 25
18419 Det. socket and grid condenser as- sembly ..... 65
18398 2A socket ..... 25
18399 2Aa socket ..... 25
17377 Socket insulator (7 used) ..... 25/c
18007 Speaker-plug socket ..... 30
18016 Socket insulator ..... 25/c
18449 Fuse socket ..... 1516420 Dial-light socket and reflector, one-
hole mounting (less leads) ..... 40
16420-A Dial-light socket and reflector, two- hole mounting (less leads) ..... 40

[^3]
## PARTS AND PRICES-TYPE D, No. 16700, CHASSIS (Cont'd)

## MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

(For screws, nuts, washers and small parts-see page 229.)

| Part No. |  | Price | Part No. |  | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17524 | 110 -volt cable, with plug | . \$1.90 | 17223 | Cross piece ( $10^{\prime \prime} \times 78^{\prime \prime}-2$ used). . \$ | . 25 |
| 8956 | 110-volt plug only | . 30 | 17632 | Detector cap lead (brown) | . 10 |
| 16741 | Insulation bushing for 110 -volt cable | . 05 |  | Trimmer-condenser sealing wax. . | .50 lb . |
| 16742 | Retaining spring | . 05 | 18118 | "Guide" card (form F-680). | .75/c net |
| 17521 | Antenna binding posts and base | . 45 | 18119 | Log card (form F-681) | .75/c net |
| 17323 | Antenna and ground post base. | . 05 | 18113 | Tuned radio-frequency name-plate | . 06 |
| 8215 | Binding Post | . 20 | 18534 | Fuse (2 amperes) | . 05 |
| 17536 | Bottom Plate | 1.30 | 18051 | Instruction book. | .10 net |
| 13989 | Ground-clamp | . 30 | 15910 | Literature assembly . | . 20 |
| 15213 | Tube-shield (3 used) | . 15 | 18489 | Shipping container. | . 65 " |
| 15214 | Tube-shield base (3 used) | . 03 | 18117 | Balance weight for variable con- |  |
| 17326 | Detector cap . . . | . 30 |  | denser | . 35 |

## VOLTAGE TABLE FOR TYPE F CHASSIS

Set in operation. Volume control at maximum. LD switch at distance.
Use High Reaistance D. C. Voltmeter (about 0-50-250) to Measure Plate and Grid Voltages. Use A. C. Voltmeter to Measure Filament Voltages.

| TUBE | APPROX. VOLTAGES, USING 120 V. LINE |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FILAMENT | Plate | CONTROL-GRID | SCREEN |
|  | Voltage | VOLTAGE | Voltage | Voltage |
| Ist-R.F. | 2.5 | 180 | 6 | 92 |
| 2nd-R.F. | 2.5 | 180 | 4 | 93 |
| 3 rd -R.F. | 2.5 | 180 | 4 | 93 |
| Detector | 25 | 117 | 30** | - |
| Ist-A.F. | 2.4 | 70 | 2 | - |
| 2A | 2.7 | 250 | 55* | - |
| 2 Aa | 2.7 | 250 | $55^{*}$ | - |

All readings made from cathode in heater-type tubes, and from - F in plain-filament-type tubes.

* Use 250 -volt ccale.
* This is the voltage across the detector bias resistor; when measuring from grid to cathode, the voltage reading is only 2.


## IDENTIFICATION OF BY-PASS CONDENSERS IN SCREEN-GRID RECEIVERS

The following list gives the identifying markings that are stamped on each by-pass condenser.

Note that bypass condensers of one part number may have one of several code markings. Thus No. 15262 may be marked $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H}-9$ or $\mathrm{H}-2 \mathrm{O}$. As these markings are all for the same part number, the condensers so marked are interchangeable-that is, $\mathrm{H}-20$ may be used in place of B-1, $\mathrm{H} \cdot \mathrm{I}$ or $\mathrm{H} \cdot 9$; or $\mathrm{H} \cdot \mathrm{I}$ may be used in place of $\mathrm{B} \cdot \mathrm{I}, \mathrm{H} \cdot 9$, $\mathrm{H} \cdot 2 \mathrm{o}$, and so on.

In many cases the code marking is preceded by a numeral such as $1 \cdot \mathrm{H} \cdot 20$ or $2 \cdot \mathrm{H} \cdot \mathbf{2 0}$. In all cases the first numeral should be disregarded.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { PART } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ | code maring |
| :---: | :---: |
| 15262 | $\mathrm{B}_{1}, \mathrm{H}_{-1}, \mathrm{H}-9, \mathrm{H} \cdot 2 \mathrm{O}$ |
| 15263 | B. $2, \mathrm{H} \cdot 2$ |
| 15640 | H-16 |
| 15770 | H-15 |
| 15780 | H-17 |
| 15790 | H-18, H-21 |
| 15837 | B. 3 (superseded by 16233) |
| 15870 | B-7, L-28 |
| 16060 | H-24, L-29, (304) superseded by 18350 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PART } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | CODE <br> MARKING |
| :---: | :---: |
| 16233 | H-4, H-10 |
| 16461 | H-6, H-12 |
| 16462 | H-5, H-11 |
| 16490 | B-6, L-12 |
| 16745 | H-7, H-8, H-13 |
| 16828 | B-5 |
| 16880 | H-23, L-26, (439) |
| 16940 | H-22, L-10 |
| 17360 | H-27, L-32 |
| 17370 | $\mathrm{H}-25, \mathrm{H}-26, \mathrm{~L}-3:$ |

[^4]
## Centering Top Pole Piece in Electro-Dynamic Speakers

In later-type electro-dynamic speakers, the top pole piece does not have a centering disc. For this reason it is necessary to center the top pole piece whenever this part is replaced or adjusted. This centering requires three gauges. Each gauge may be a three-inch length of No. 54 drill-rod, or if desired the shanks of three No. 54 drills may be used for the same purpose.

Procedure: (1) Loosen the nuts that clamp the top pole piece, the cone housing, and the field-coil case.
(2) Insert the three gauges in the magnet gap, as illustrated in Figure 254. Tighten the bolts very securely and then remove the gauges.

Fig. 254. (At Rigit.)
Showing Gauges in Position Wihie Tightening Top Pole Piece.

## PARTS AND PRICE LIST-TYPE N, N-3, CHASSIS SPEAKERS

(For screws, nuts, and small parts, see Page 229.)

Part No.
16410 Diaphragm
16410 Field coil .
18093 Field-coil insulator
Price

18075 Field-coil spacer
18055 Top pole piece


Fig. 255. N or N-3 Speaker.

Part No. TYPE N, No. 16400 (Cont'd) Price 18073 Cone-housing with terminal card. . $\$ 2.60$ 17889 Terminal card .12
17796 Terminal-card insulator ..... 02
17803 Terminal-card cover ..... 12
17895 Cable and plug assembly ..... 1.65
18582 Plug only ..... 65
14382 Steel ring (3 segments)(before No. 6852901and from 6938001 to6943001)3.25
16390-A Output transformer(from 6852901 to6937000 , and above6943001)3.25
5-Conductor Cable. . .14/ft.
18068 Instruction sheet.... . 02 net15578-N Shipping container . 35 "

TYPE N-3, No. 16900
Parts not listed below are same as those used in "N" No. 16400 Chassis speaker.
Part No. Price
17020 Field coil. .....  $\$ 8.00$
16390 Output transformer(before No. 7477302) 3.25
16390-A Output transformer(after No. 7477302) . 3.255-Conductor cable... . $14 / \mathrm{ft}$.
18542 Instruction sheet. . . . . 02 net15578-N-3 Shipping con-tainer ............... . . . 35

[^5]
## PARTS AND PRICE LIST-TYPES J AND JB INDUCTOR SPEAKERS

(For screws, nuts, and small parts, see Page 229.)


Fig. 256. Type J Speaker.

TYPE "JB" SPEAKER, No. 17010

NOTE:-All parts not listed below are same as used

Part No.
17847 Cone housing
17864-B Sound unit, less resistor
19345 Terminal card, less resistor
19346 Resistor (green and red)
18577 Frame . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.75
18578 Felt pad (1 used)
16734 Front frame . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5.50
16735 Front screen. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.10
4259 Cord. .... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 80
2-Conductor Cable. ................. . $08 / \mathrm{ft}$.
18573 Instruction sheet . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 02 net
16695 Shipping container.................. . . . 35 .

TYPE J, No. 15920, CHASSIS SPEAKER
Part No. Price

17856 Diaphragm . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1.50$
17864 Sound unit complete . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10.90
17862 Terminal card . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 20
17858 Cone housing. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.60
17866 Cable and plug assembly . . . . . . . . . . 1.60
15079 Plug only . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 65
17827 Cable clamp . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 05
14382 Steel ring (3 segments) ........... 1.00 3-Conductor cable . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $10 / \mathrm{ft}$.
17872 Instruction sheet . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 02 net
19336 Shipping container
. 35 "

## IMPORTANT

No separate parts are furnished for the No. 17864 and 17864-B sound units in the type J and JB inductor speakers.
If any part of the sound unit (illustrated at right) requires replacement or adjustment, return the complete unit, exactly as shown, to the factory.


Fig. 257.
No. 17864, Sound Unit, Complete.

$$
\text { in Type "J" No. } 16920 \text { Chassis Speaker. }
$$



Fig. 258. Type JB Speaker (Rear View).
December, 1930. These prices supersede all previous prices and are subject to change without notice.

## Output Measuring Cirćuit for All Types of Atwater Kent Receivers

In the output measuring circuit, shown in Figure 259, only one speaker, a Type JB, is required in testing any type of Atwater Kent receiver. This eliminates the necessity of tying up four or five electrodynamic speakers.

This improvement is made possible through the use of a special output transformer, and a series of resistors which take the place of the field coil in the various types of Atwater Kent electro-dynamic speakers.

## OPERATION

(A) Throw $\mathrm{Si}_{1}$ to the right to test for quality on the JB speaker.

Throw SI to the left to pick up oscillator signals on the phones when synchronizing variable condensers.
(B) When testing an A. C.-operated electro-dynamic set, move $\mathrm{S}_{4}$ to the tap that gives the correct resistance to take the place of the feld coil in the speaker for that particular set.

Tap 1 (left) takes place of F-6 field coil.
Tap 2 takes place of $\mathrm{F} \cdot 4$ or N feld coil.
Tap 3 takes place of $\mathrm{P}_{2}$ field coil.
Tap 4 takes place of $F$ feld coil.
It is NOT necessary to use a "dummy" feld load when testing a battery-pperated or D. C.operated electro-dynamic receiver. When testing such a receiver, $\mathrm{S}_{4}$ may be turned to the 4th $^{\text {th }}$ tap (right).
(C) MAGNETIC SETS. When testing a magnetic-type set, such as Models 20, 35, 37, 40, etc., connect the twoconductor cord to the speaker posts on the set being tested. Close both $\mathrm{S}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{S}_{3}$ if a reading on the meter is desired; open either $S_{2}$ or $S_{3}$ to open the meter circuit.
(D) INDUCTOR SETS. In testing a Type $Q$ Chassis, insert the threeconductor plug in the speaker plug socket on the $Q$ Chassis. Close
both $S_{2}$ and $S_{3}$ if a reading is desired on the output meter. Open either both $S_{2}$ and $S_{3}$ if a reading is desired on the output meter. Open either $S_{2}$ or $S_{3}$ to open the meter circuit.
(E) FIVE-PRONG ELECTRO-DYNAMIC अETS. In testing an L, P, D, F or H Chassis, insert the fivecenductor plug in the speakerplug socket on the chassis, and, if the chassis is $A$. C.operated, set $S_{4}$ at the correct tap. To get a reading on the meter, close $\mathrm{S}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{S}_{3}$ t to open the meter circuit, open either $\mathrm{S}_{2}$ or $\mathrm{S}_{3}$.
(F) FOUR-PRONG ELECTRO-DYNAMIC SETS. In teating a Model 46, $55,60,61,66,67$, etc., insert the four-conductor plug in the speaker-plug socket on the chassis. If the chassis is A. C. operated, set $S_{4}$ ${ }^{\text {at }}$ the correct tap. To get a reading on the meter, close $\mathrm{S}_{3}$ and open $\mathrm{S}_{2}$. To operate the phones or JB speaker, close $\mathrm{S}_{2}$ and open $\mathrm{S}_{3}$. To operate both the phones and the meter, close both $\mathrm{S}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{S}_{3}$.

## LIST OF PARTS

(With the exception of fuse ("F") and meter ("G") only standard Atwater Kent parts are used in this circuit.)
T-No. 189 II output transformer. This transformer has an extra winding which couples the speaker or phones to the output circuit of the particular set that is being tested.

Si-No. 13678 toggle switch.
$\mathrm{S}_{2}, \mathrm{~S}_{3}-\mathrm{No} .9991$ toggle switches.
$\mathrm{S}_{4}-$ No. 16430 switch.
Ri-Four No. 16988 resistors in series.
$\mathrm{R}_{2}$-Three No. 16988 resistors in series.
$\mathrm{R}_{3}$-Four No. 16988 resistors in series.
$\mathrm{R}_{4}$-Five No. 16988 resistors in series.
$\mathrm{F}-1 / 4$ ampere fuse.
G-IIs ma, thermo-coupled galvanometer.
1-No. 14169 double-conductor cord.
${ }^{1}-$ No. 17866 threeconductor cordand-plug.
1-No. 17556 four-conductor cord-and plug.
1-No. 17895 fiveconductor cordand-plug.


CAUTION: USE Only one of these four cables at one time.
Fig. 259. Universal Output Measuring Circuit for All Types of Atwatrr Kbnt Receivers.
Decenaber, 1930.


[^0]:    December, 1930.

[^1]:    * Use 250 -volt scale.
    ** This is the voltage across the detector bias resistor; when measuring from grid to cathode, the All

[^2]:    December, 1930 . These prices sunersede all previous prices and are subject to change without notice.

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[^4]:    December, 1930. These prices supersede all previous prices and are subject to change without notice.

[^5]:    December, 1030. These priers supersede all previous prices and are subject to change without notice.

