## Inhiernaxionnil Musician <br> Americam Frederaniion of Munsiciams

## AMAZING DEMAND FOR REAL MUSIC

## IUSIC DEFENSE LEAGUE RAISES MICHTY PROTEST AGAINST CANNED MUSIC

Jublic Seizes First Chance to Voice Desire for Living Orchestras in Theatres.

COUPON FLOOD CONTINUES
Theatre Interests Must Heed Patrons' Demands or Face Serious Loss of Good Will.

## Cities to Take Rank

When the campaign has proceeded further it will be possible to demonstrate to the theatre owners of any city that a large number of their patrons and potential patrons want living music. The theatre manager must give the public what the public wants. That is axiomatic in the show business: The public must be served.
As a matter of local pride, the musictans and music lovers of any city hould be eager to roll up the greatest possible membership in the Music Defense League. These membership rolls

## IMPORTANT!

Every union member owes it to his art, his union and himself to aid this movement by soliciting music lovers of his acquaintance to sign coupons. Blanks may be obtained through local unions or will be mailed to individuals from headquarters, 1440 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

JOSEPH N. WEBER,
President.

Quotations from thousands of interesting letters, representative of all classes, could be printed here if space allowed. We are delighted to recelve them. Encouragement is always welcome in a struggle, fraught with such difficulties, struggie, fraught after all, the task of the moment is to "poll the vote" of music-loving Americans and Canadians. Every individual knows whether he feels the loss of real music in the theatre or is merely indifferent on the subject. Our business of the moment is to jar the individual into acting upon his impulse.

Advertising Proves Value
We were warned by adBy JOSEPH N. WEBER President, A. F. of M.

$A^{2}$NYONE who doubts that the public of the United States and Canada wishes to be enter taned by living orchestras and organists in motion plcture theatres can have his mind speedily set at rest by the membership rolls of th Musle Defense League.
Only sixty days old, this League, formed as a petition of protest against the rabstitution - of Canned Music for Real Music in theatres, is growing beyond ill expectations, and men and women in various parts of the continent have taken the trouble to mall signed coupons to the headquarters of the American Federation ot Musicjans. It seems safe to estimate that for every algner there are ten others the feel fulat as strongly thout music, but have thus tar falled to sign.
This spontaneous response to our advertised appeal asour adived leaders of the Fedaration, sanguine though heir hopes were, and has
$40 e n$ characterized by veteran advertising men as a history-making domonstration of the efficacy of advertisting.
With the flood of coupons have come thousands of letters, also, from business nen, clergymen, artists, club women and others, encouraging the Federation to continue its efforts in behalf of the art of music.

Locale Aid Movement
And yet, the task is only begun. fillions more will join the League before the campaign is ended. In fact, the peventh week of the campaign brought a return equal to that of the second week. and the volume continues undiminished. The coupon membership blanks are apbearing in 900 newspapers and fifteen magazines. In addition three thoutand blllot bozes for display on the counters it musife stores have been issued, and tiany local unions are gathering signed otupons from music lovers in their home ities.


MOTHERS' HOPES vertising experts that it is always extremely difficult to get the average citizen to cut a coapon from a newspaper and mall it, even when some special inducement is offered, such as a sample of merchandise or a chance at winning a prize. How much more difficult, then, must it be, on the face of things, to persuade him to vote with a coupon when no directly selfish interest is to be served?
Assuredly there must be depth to the resentmen against Canned Music in theatres when citizens in mass voluntarily join the Music Defense League.
And, as I sald above, we are only getting a good start. Every mall bringes an avalanche of coupons. It will take some months to do this job thoroughly, but it is going to be done.
Let me make another appeal to local unions to participate in this campaign with all of their. energy. Many have done splenata work. To find inditference anywhere within our own ranks when the public, ito
will serve to give rank to cities as centers of cultural consclousness. Never before, in fact, has such tangible evidence of relative artistic appreciation in the various sections of the continent been available.
"Canned music," a motion picture critic of a Cincinnati newspaper wrote us, "is being jammed down the throats of theatregoers. No part of the public ever expressed a desire for it. No 'feelers' were put out by theatre interests to find If anyone wanted it. It was just substi tuted for real music with a take-dt-or leave-ft gesture. The vast number who depend on the movies and talldes for entertainment have had no cholice in the matter. Your present appeal should set a large responise."

Campaign Clean and Honest
A millionaire manufacturer, whose name fia a household word, wrote:
More power to you for your resource fulness in defending a finc art. Until a

Lew months ago the motion picture palaces were performing a real service in giving the public fine music-a justification for sitting through the banalities of iome movies. It is too bad that they saw fit to change their policy for an unwhise economy. It will be interesting to observe the success of your advertising campaign. Advertising in sufficient yolume will accomplish almost any purpose, and certainly you deserve success."
And a stenographer wrote: "I am only a stenographer, but gee, this phonograph music at the movies gives me a pain! Here's my vote. Can I vote again to morrow?"
The answer to the last inquiry is: -No, Every effort is being made to make this petition a clean and honest one. Otherwise it will carry no weight. Duplicating coupons will not help the cause, as they are being filed in alphabetical order by appear reatates and duphications appear readily and be thrown out.
self, is displaying such enthusiasm is quite deplorable. Several local unions in the larger cities are conducting their own publicity campaigns, co-ordinated with the International one. The enthuslasm shown by them ought to be an incentive for every other local union to do likewise. Bring the subject before the next meet. ing of your local. Every member should canvass music lovers of his acquaintarice for votes. Present conditions are so extraordinary that only constructive procedure holds out promise of success.
In conclunion, we are deeply thapkful to the friends of music everywhere who have shown such appreciation of our efforts in defense of the art. We are today more confident than ever before in our belief that the atfompt to debase the musical art by mechanization will fall and that music will-not suffer the great and permanent injury that once threatened.

## International Musician

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TO ALL LOCALS OF THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF MUSICIANS
"By reason of the impossibility of securing suitable Hotel accommodations for the delegates to the Convention of the American Federation of Musicians in Boston, Mass., June 2, 1930, it became necessary that the date of the Convention be postponed for one week, and therefore instead of 2nd, 1930, we will convene on Monday, June 9th, 1930.
"JOE N. WEBER,
"President."

## OFFICIAL BUSINESS COMPILED TO DATE

CHARTER ISSUED
-Sedalia, Mo. (restored)
CONDITIONAL TRANSFERS ISSUED 75-Barclay Droper.
76-Wiley B, Scott.
$77-$ Horner Wadlington.
CONDITIONAL MEMBERSHIP ISSUED 4995-Dalsy Lucille Burkart.
${ }^{2996}$-Mae Adelikert.
4998-Vera Henshaw (renewa)
4999-Viola LaRoy (renewal).
$5000-$ William A. Tonhe.
5001-Frank Etteylson.
5062-James Meyer
5003-Nick Gentile.
5004-William Locard
5005-Daniel James Pintozzi.
5006 - Evelyn Langinger.
5007-Rose Shaw.
5008-Vivian Gorham. 5009-Courine Colburn.
5010 -Alice Heath (renewal). 5011 -Eva Meyer (renewal). $5012-$ Mim1 Rams.
5013-E William Kramer (renewal),
${ }^{5014-K a t h r y n ~ L . ~ B r y a n t . ~}$ 5015-Bobby Henshaw (renewal)
5016 -Robert Wilber (renewal)
5018-Nan Poherts
$5019-$ Benny Burt.
$5020-$ Richard Candreva (renewal).
5021 - John Candreva (renewal).
5022-Leonard Candreva (renewal) 5023-Alvin Candreva (renewal).
$5024-$ Philip Candreva ${ }_{5025}^{5024 \text {-Chilip Candreva (renewal). }}$ 5026 -David Apollon.
5027-P. Donald Hastings.
5028-W. Maxwell Gilman.
5028-W. Maxwell Gilman.
$5029-$ Robert Jacobson (renewal)
5030-Mrs. Nita Russel.
5031-Charles Fournier
5032-Jacques Samossoud.
5032-Jacques Samossoud.
$5033-$ Robert $\mathbf{E}$. Carbauh.
5034-Ralph Leo.
5035-Ramon Santo
5035-Ramon Santo.
5036-Mrs. Ursina Audino
5037 -
5037-Albert Calderon.
5039-Paulene Ferguson
5039-Paulene Ferguson Paige (renewal)
$5040-$ Edythe Mary Hess ${ }_{5042-\text { Le }}^{5041}$ Verne W. Douglas (renewal). 5042-Sam Friedman:
5043-Jack Redding.
5044-Carl Fasciglione.
CONDITIONAL MEMBERSHIP CANCELLED
4460-Antonio Cammarata.
4651-Vic Nicander.
4652-Frank Longworthy.
6653-Stanley Zurek.
$1653-$ staniey Zurek,
${ }^{4850 \text { - Clarence Walters. }}$
4808-Durland Kent
4809 -Harold Miller.
${ }^{4810-K \text { Keith De Long. }}$
4811 - George Buaskey.
4813-Gibson P. Harrima
1969-E. P. St. Efmo.

## THE DEATH ROLL

## cott.

Baltimore Chapman, Eder, Local No, 40 - Frank Lax.
Boston, Mass., Local No. 9-Thomas J. Chirray, Joseph L. Bedard.
Chicago, VII., Aocal N. Barne.
Clarks ber O. Davis.
Collinsville, Ill., Local No. 350-Gerge llaver
Denver, Colo, Local No. 20 -Frank B. Miller, Mike Gallo.
Detroit, Mich., Local No. 5-Earl Bliss, Ernest Sheldon.
Eau Claire, Wis., Local No, 345-Oluf Shermann, Sam MeDowell.
Eden,
Busch. $\underset{ }{\text { rice Rose. }}$
Hammond, Ind., Local No. 203-George
Hal P. Craft, Wallace H. Jaques.
Harrisburg, Pa,

Harrisburg, Pa., Local No. 269-Joseph Sullivan
Jacksonville, Fla., Loeal No. 444-Max
Kansas City, Mo., Locat No. 34-J. F Zimmerscheid, Elmer L. Kohlman.
Lake Worth, Fla., Local No. 572-F. W. Foedthe.
Milwau
Milwaukee, Wis., Local No. 8-John Borger, Sr,
Newark,
Newark, N. J., Local No. 16
New York City, N. Y., Local No. 802 William Schade, Samuel Weisblum, Vincent A. Liotti, William Rachel, Mark Keintz, Max Frick, Edw. V. Baumann Emil Oslender, A. Pignatelli, Moe Risch Coca, Sr., J. Rennie Cormack, John M. Schoppe.
Portsmouth, N. H., Local No. 376-Jos E. Peterson. Providence, R. I., Local No. 198-Jere-
miah S. Dailey San Francisco, Calif, Local No. 6
 Santa Ana, Calif., Local No. 687-Chas. Pharris.
Syracuse, N. Y., Local No. 78-James
Hinsella H. Kinsella

Toronto, Canada, Local No. 149-J. W.
Harris, John H. Hislop. Harris, John H. Hislop.
Vancouver, B. C., Canada, Local No. 145 Vancouver, B. c., can
Mrs. A. M. Mitton.

## DEFAULTERS' LIST

K. C. Kingsbury, manager Stones Park, Sioux City, Iowa, is reported in default of payment of $\$ 175$ due members of the A. F. of M. for services rendered.

John F. Ettline, manager Alcazar Ballroom, York. Pa., is reported in default of payment of $\$ 100$ to members
of

Richard Darling, a traveling promoter, is reported in default of payment of $\$ 18$
to members of Local 69, Pueblo, Colo., for to members of Loca
services rendered.

Frank Tierno, New Alexandria, Pa., and W. J. Lambert, Latrobe, Pa.. are reported in default of payment of $\$ 184$ to members
of the A. F. of M. of the A. F. of M.
The Luzon Ballroom, St. Paul, Minn., is reported in default of payment of $\$ 150$
due members of Local 30 , St. Paul, Minn for services rendered.

Morris Schorr, theatrical promoter, is in default of payment of $\$ 266$ due mem-
bers of Local 40 , Baltimore, Md., for bers of Local 40
services rendered.

Harragan in default of payment of $\$ 10$ to a member of the local for services rendered.
The Bell Boy Associates of Chicago, 111 . are in default of payment of $\$ 456$ to mem-
bers of Local 10, Chicago, Ill., for services rendered.
The Household Furniture Institute of Chicago, III., is reported in default of payment of $\$ 14,540$ to members of Local 10,
Chicago, 111.

Local 149, Toronto, Canada, reports the Mayfair Club of that city in default of payment of $\$ 782$ to its members for ser-

## WANTED TO LOCATE

Kindly advise the office of the President. 1440 Broadway, of any information B. Gerrard, a member of Local 150 , Springfield, Mo.

Information is sought as to the presen whereabouts of Chas. Tulumello, who plays clarinet and saxophone. Kindly ad. 183, Vernon Avenue, Beloft, Wis.

Kindly address any information as to
the whereabouts of Katherine Mitchel to P. C. Nye, Secretary, Local 527
Franklin Avenue, Findlay, Ohio.

The local to which Ralph Britt belongs will kindly so advise John W. Parks, Dallas, Texas.

The address of one Francis Carroll is sought by the office of the secretary, 37 Kindly address any information con-
erning the whereabouts of August Ramirez, violinist, formerly of Milwaukee and Chicago, to Edward A. Benkert, secretar Local No.
cago, 111.

Information is sought of the whereabouts of Francis Godbout, last heard from in Los Angeles, Calit. Kindy ad dress H. P. Liehr, secretary Local
56 St . Botolph St., Boston, Mass.

## FORBIDDEN TERRITORY

The Frolics Club, Miami, Fla., is declared forbidden territory to all members other than members of Loca! 655, Miami, Florida.

JOS. N. WEBER,
The Arcadia Ballroom, St. Louis, Mo is declared forbidden territory to all members of the American Federation of Musichip in Loeals a and 717 of St. Lonis, Mo ship in Locals 2 and 717 of St. L

President A. F. of M.
CHANGES IN OFFICERS DURING FEBRUARY, 1930
Local No. 23, San Antonio, Tex.-President, Edgar Rogers, 900 Cambridge Oval Local No. 86, Youngstown, O.-Secre
tary, Benj. J. Seaman, 17 West St. Local No. 110, Hutchinson, Kans.President, G. W. Cantwell, 9 N. Main St Local No. 219, Staunton, Ill.- Secretary
Oscar Sturm, 615:E. Macoupin St Oscar Sturm, 615.E. Macoupin St. Local No. 228, Kalamazoo, Mich.-Presi dent, Charles G. Brocato, 1518 Fair St.
Local No. 266, Little Rock, Ark.-Presi dent, Arthur Ax, 2200 Ringo St.; Secre tary, W. H. Ahring, 228 Brown St. Local No. 268, Lincoln, Ill.-President Wm. Yarcho, 2246 th St.
Local No. 269, Harrisburg, Pa.-Presi dent, Lewis W. Cohan, $641 / 2$ N. 17th St.
Local No. 271, Sistersville, W. Va. President, P. E. Raspillaire, 431 Railroad Ave. Rollo Freed, N. Walnut St. O.-President tary, Edward Turner, $1581 / 2$ N. Emporia Ave.
Loeal No. 305, Nelson, B. C., CanadaPresident, Spencer J. Newell. H. J. Folkers, 1507 Locust St. H. J. Folkers, 1597 Locust St.
Local No. 339, Greensburg, Pa.-PresiLocal No.
dent, Walter F. F. Harris, 566 Euclid Ave.
Local No. 358 , Livingston, Mont. Local No. 358 , Livingston, Mont.-Pres Ident, E. C. Ammerman, 107 South "G" St.; Secretary, W. R. Matson, 128 North
"D" St.
LD Local No. 376, Portsmouth, N. H.-Sec retary, Eric R. Pierce, 444 Middie St.
Local No. 412, Winaton-Salem, N President, A. J. Lee, 234 West End Blvd.; Secretary, Louis V. Daye, Box 2066 .
Local No. 429, Miles City, MontLocal No. 429, Miles City, Mont.-Presi-
dent, Art S. Green, 209 S. 4 th St. Serredent, Art S. Green, 209 S. 4th St.; Secre Local No. 464, Beaumont, Tex.-President, W. E. Von Beniken, Fori Arthur Road; Secretary, L. T. Landry, 1504 Mag -
nolia Ave. Local No. 479, Montgomery, Ala.-President, R. B. Tisdale, care of Gay Teagu
Hotel. Local No. 512, Lawrence, Kans.-President, Arlie Symonds, 1305 Mass. St,
Local No. 531, Marion, O.-President, Local No. 531, Marion, O.-President, L. E. Meister, 151 W. Walnut St Local No. 562, Morgantown, W. Va.Road; Secretary, Elden Wright, C 13 , Local No. 572, De Kalb, III.-President, Clemen Kirchner, 655 E . Lincoln Highway; Secretary, Lawrence Fogelberg, 725 N. 10th St.
Local No. 612, Hibbing, Minn.-Presi-
dent, Luigi Lombardi, 901 E. Howard St. dent, Luigi Lombardi, 991 E. Howard St. dent, Chas. Gazell; Secretery, Bert Mattern. Local No. 667, Port Jervis, N. Y.-Secretary, Walter J. Selnick.
Local No. 672, Lake Worth, Fla.-PresiLocal No. 672, Lake Worth, Fla.-President, Harry J. Zehm, 30z south "K" St.;
Secretary, Rene Sombret, 319 South "M"
St. Local No. 768, Bangor, Me.-President, Paul Leonard, 156 Union St.; Secretary, Herbert F. Monaghan; 50 Main St.
Local No. 771, Tucson, Ariz.-President, Shop; Secretary, Frank J. Kuckem, P. O. Bhop; Se
Box 792 .


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MUSICIANS, CRY YOUR WARESI
If there ever was a time in the history musician should cry his wares, today it that time.
What with radio, television, talking plctures, pictures in color, the thousand tainment essy to take without leavin home, what is the musician going to do home, what
Is he going to "take it on the chin," to to fold up and quit-admit himself beaten?
If he does he might as well get out of
the profession now while the profession now while he can still do so with some degree of grace.
However, if he's a fighter, he realiset blood artist. He realizes that he has something to ao to counteract the present flood of mechanical entertainment, How can he best do this something? By slinking away into a corner? By stopping all his publicity? By omitting his advertising
Would any other business on earth re sort to such methods? Do the big stores quit advertising When business is bad Make a louder noise than ever to le the public know they have wares the public needs just as much as ever.
How about it, musician friend How about it, musician friend? Are you going to adopt the policy of the de
feated one, or are you going to stick out your chest, throw back your head and cry your wares louder than before?
W. RALPH FETTERMAN,

## NOTICE

Hear Ye! Hear Ye! Hear Yel The Seventh Annual Midwest Conie ence of Musicians will be held in St. Paul Minn., on March 30 and 31. 1930. Heal quarters at Hotel Lowry. -The state comprising the Midwest Conference are Minnesota, Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota and Nebraska. This year an in vitation is extended to all Locals to come to St. Paul to see, to meet, to hear Presi dent. Joseph N. Weber and other Nationa Officers who will attend this Conference The Conference is a school of instruction a clearing-house for your troubles, wher you can seek Information and the cor rect interpretation of the Laws. Pack up your KIT-BAG and head for St. Paul Minnesota.
W. RALPH FETTERMAN,
Secretary-Treasurer

Box 480.
ecretary-Treasurer

-


Lincoln. Nebraskik

## Tintal IReprorta

LOCAL NO. 1, CINCINNATI, O. Woods.
Resigned: Max
Rest Resigned: Max Buzatesco, Perry, Chall-
totill Morine Pruette, Louis H . Mentel, Nor-
ville Mek.


 Harry
Tran
farden
tucko,



 LOCAL NO. 3, INDIANAPOLIS, IND.



 | Tra |
| :---: |
| $\substack{\text { Trac } \\ \text { Petse } \\ \text { s. } \\ \text { I. } \\ \text { B. } \\ \hline}$ |


 local no. 4, cleveland, ohio.








 berg to Albert Bannen Reigned: Betty Beikin, Gertrude KrelselAccount closed: Nellie Jay, Eddie Con-
ars. Norman McPerson.
Traveling memern



 New member: John Marco, Syd Rey

 5
















 Wotherand, Lond
LOCAL NO. 8, MILWAUKEE, WIS.



 New member: Edna Bety Shelby, Blly
Reeyers.ted:

 ker.
Erased: Ruth Hoge Art. Kerperstein, $\mathbf{D}$.
N. Rech, Gladys Howet, Eimer Blatnik', M.
Bootzin, Leta


 France Wright, 10; Charlotte Andre, cond
4265:; Mildred Andre, 8; Victor Oliver, cond.
4898.

## LOCAL NO. 9 , BOSTON, MASS.




 802.
Transfer revoked: Gregory Procidua, 138,
Transfer returned:
Russell
E. Johnson Transfers issued: A. R. Morrison, E. Mae
Eastman, D. B. Condon, John E. Wilcox
 Ticcomb, W. H. Lavoie, Herbert Bourne, W
P. Herlihy, Juilus Hamburg, Phil Handel
man,
Traveling






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 Aernon iled Lind Trt. Cox. Edzar A. Benson,





LOCAL NO. 11, LOUISVILLE, KY.
 Coieranf. returned: Newman Spooner,





LOCAL NO. 15, TOLEDOO, O.

 Gutconter teres Clementine Heneman.







Local no. 16, newark, N.

 Gakon, Anthony ondianova, waix Meber,
 scornanotro Roberositiedition Al Heister, Anthony







 Local No. 19, spRiNaFIELD, ILL.

 Dropped: Thannon Hunter, Ruth Hett













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 Tranatof returned: Clalr Montomery


## LOCAL NO. 26, PEORIA ILL.

Transfer Alsued: E. Aif Sabey.





LOCAL NO. 29, BELLEVILLE, ILL. Resigned: Fred Darmstaedter, Mrs, Meta

LOCAL NO. 30, ST. PAUL, MINN.

 Dabelitelin, Haroid d. Runyon. Bowen.
 stumelined Harold Reliman Sorba wm. M.



 Robin, Autze Roremann, omarar Lange, Morris Hion uentr Naeaeman, Paul Gerhardt, Hant Bons Geirany, Johann cherline Arruir tart zinger, Wm. Miller, Luca DelNegro, Solomon Pachaak, Louls Deboviry, Pelreiffer, Wm Eastes, Jaro S. Churain, Alexander Levy,
Isidow scyeitzer, Karl Gutman, C. Modes,
O. C. Grett, all of 802 ; Wallace Lageson, Don Cowan, Harold Moeller, Clare Coons, Don
Henneman, Red Balard, Jack Blanchette
Chester Harding. L.V. Brown, Oscar Wet
 400;
Francis Berry, 5: Jack Hagerty, $55 ;$ Ed. Mc-
Carthy 138; W. L . DeLory, 138; Harry Webb Jno. Webb; Jim Christian, 43; J. S. Sones.
472; Rudy Rudd, 382; Jimmie Ray, 265 .

LOCAL NO. 32, ANDERSON, IND. President, J. R. Estle; vice-president, C. B.
Whitley; secretary, J. Nibleck treasurer
C. B. Barner; sergeant-at-armm, H. W.

 Charles Reeder.

KANSAS CITY, MO.
LOCAL NO. 34, KANSAS CITY, MO.
 Shreve, 217; G. C Simpson, 12.
Trasfers withdrawn Pal Paul s . Calloway, Corbin, Al, Jennings, is. J. Jones, Rox , Me A Corsmith Robt. Cariton. J. Jones, Rox Mes Traveling members: Frank E. Worman
W79; John M, Gibson, $264 ;$ Henry
Wantrey, 153 379; John M. Gibson, 264; Henry Santrey,
Walter De Soto, 70; Phil Subin, 802, James
Langston, 6: Harry Amid Wangston, $6 ;$ Hatry Amid Subin, R, B02, James
Halidon,
Harry H. Scott, Frank E. DuBord, io; Harold
Kolb 665 . Kolb, 665; Augustine La B B l/a, cond. 4903;

 Marion M'Clanahan, ${ }^{3}$ 31; Mirian Greenfleld
238; Orva Johnon, Cleta Perkin. 47 ; Eve 1yn Young. $10 ;$ Jean Nleolaes, 37 , Lillian Hal
loway, $327 ;$ Agnes Korfhange, $4 ;$ Frank Cork, Franz Hagel, Max Karasyk, Sam Yablonsky
802; Desmond Sullvan, James M'Kay, An thony Zerdle, 10 , Harry Poole, ${ }^{406 ;}$. Chas
 der, 80 2, Ross Reynolds. 32 : Maurice NIttehat, Wm. Mirack, 456. Geo. Kaytona, 801, Sohn Floyd, 466 , Lelgh Havens, ${ }^{2345 ; \text { J. Jerry }}$

 New, members: Henry McNally, M. J.
Mable, Vema Mabie, Allen Massey, Dot
Massey, Burton J. Plerce, Jr.
 Transfers withdrawn: Arthur Beall. Kahn
Kenne, 512 (revoked); Maynard Kouns, Geo kInsansfers issued: John Klado, A. W. Ad kins.

LOCAL NO. 35, EVANSVILLE, IND. Transfers deposited: Lois T. Hadley, 10;
Donald F. Shuel, $784 ;$ Garl Dragoo, 3 .
 Werner, Frank Clemerie, Jr., William Scher-
Fens, Don Philips, Raymond Dete and Ray News, member: Harold Holts.


## Pruy Hímphey

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LOCAL NO. 42, RACINE, WIS.
New members: Fred Pihl, Anthony Su-
kulkowsky.
Transfers issued: Norman Elholm, Roy D. Transters issued: Norman Elholm, Roy D. Resigned: oliver Johnson, Florence Bet-
tray Kelly, Hary Wagner.
Dropped: Ted Stanford, alias Ted Fish,
Turdett M. Squire, Frank Stransky, Ralph Burdett M. Squire, Frank Stransky, Ralph
Echlemer, Lyle Sanders; Edw, Luhn Traveling members: Jack. Kneeland, 116;
Wd. Willey, 145; Artie Hoff, 205 M Mercer
Templeton, cond. $4390 ;$ Michael Cole

 fenry Moeher, D. Cochs, C. Ga
Marquett, Herman Baleim, all 10.

Transfer deposited: Samuel C. Sunness.

 Somer, 802, Dorothy Donahue, 10; Frances
Corton, 327 ; Mary Donahue, 10; Adelalde
oifeld, 10; Mina Smith, 19; Marie Toil Louise Sorenson, $73 ;$ Juel Dornahoe. 76 ,
Paula Jones, 327; Ruth Carnahan, 297; Paul-
ine Doce, Genevieve Browne, Margaret







LOCAL NO. 56, GRAND RAPIDS, MICH. New members: Mitzi Wyman, Walter Eik
off, Freman Huntley, La Verne Martell.
ore

 Thaveling, members: Chas. Bothe, 264; A1
Delip, 102; L. Loney, to convention of Michigan Mu-
Doles Deilegat Association at at Pontiac: Egnest
Krapp, Robert Kuenzel.
LOCAL NO. 58, FORT WAYNE, IND.
Transfers issued: Jay Klopfenstein, Rob
ort Miller, Fanchon Aleexander.
Transfer deposited: Henry Armentout
337.
337; C. Ler MeCreery. Withdrawn: Henry Armentout, Tnaveling members: John Eisele, John
Lausell Laubach, Richard Beasley,
Lill 31 , Robert DeWeese


 Woalen, 732 i James G. M.

LOCAL NO. S9, KENOSHA, WIS.
Dropped. Thomas E. Webb, Edw. Van Clithroe.
Resigned: Bert Beyerstedt, Harry Beyer-
tedt, Carlo McCarria, Elsie Luedke, Clifton
 Chet Genter,
queth, all 10 .

LOCAL NO, 60, PITTSBURGH, PA. New members: Arleurin Bodycombe, Ray-
mona Davies. Fhily Hilf, Joo Huftman, Bert
Krushinki, Edw. Kruuhinski.
 Burleson, Stephen J. Kruar, Jr., Oscar R. R.
Sinon, Wm. Casidy, Howard. Thomas, J. V.
Suinn, Geo. G. Quinn F. ©. Murphy, J. B.
 Toerfer.
Tranisers returned: Carl Blesecker, John
F. Callen, Wm. Cassidy, Umberto Egizi,
 Swartz, Jerome Tagreas, H. H. Tressel.
Transfors deposited: Alfred Chas. Wicks,
Paul D. Inglefle, Leater Stark, Harry
Newwell, Byrin Smart, Gordon Malle John R.
Scott. Transfers withdrawn: Ray Greene, Vin.
Cont Curtin, Nofrie Walama, Bert Krushinski.
Resigned: Ruseli A. Brown. LOCAL NO. 65; HOUSTON, TEXAS.
 Everett Shannon, 3,
Trawsfers withdrawn: Lou Forbes, 34;
Intersoll Carsey, 32 ; Chas. B. Pearce, 712;
B. Carsey, 730. B. Carsey,
Transfers isisued: Francls Farney, Roger
Boyd, Carl Cochan, Henry Erwin, john T.
Kind Koyd, Carl Cochran Henry, Erwin, John T.
King, Jr. Robt. D, Underhil, John Garder,
Mahlon Gunn, Paul Sparks, W. G. Hight
M. burger.
Fradi.
membership from transfer: g . Collis Resigned: Mra Francis Clark.
Erased:
M. LOCAL NO. ©9, PUEBLO, COLO.
Vew members: Francis Farney, Don New members: Francis Farney, Don W.
Transfers deposited: Bertha Norbers,
Transfers deposited: Bertha $N$ Re
Rranseer, N. Cs Trustman, 20.
Trued: M. J. Brady.
LOCAL NO. 72, FORT WORTH, TEX.
Nenby, Members: Mise Dorothy Davis, Lynn


Transers, returned. Henry Lang, P W.
Sarrell, Robt, Dowling, Cark, Hett, Wayne
Barclay, J. Price, 147; Edw. Methot, 144; Barclay, J. J. Price, 147, Edw. Methot, 144;
M. Crouse, 147 ; Pedro Noriega, 23.
LOCAL NO. 73, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. Transfer deposited: Geo. W. McKayy
Transfer withdrawn: Geo. W. McKay Transfers 1 ssued: Carl Adams, Dick, Dick Lundquist, Leonard Le, Bow, Ray Lundquist, Leonard Lelgh, G. F. Schalble, Gerald Beckley.
Resigned members: Mabel L. Seely, Edythe
Hat Resigned members: Mabel LL. Seely, Edythe
Skla, G., A. Hausne, Frank KeKarke, Geo.
McCatn, Bayne Cumimis, Norman Crocket,
Rosina, Miller, Carl Soderberga, Geo. Towwn McCain, Bayne Cummins, Norman Cocket,
Rosina Miller, Carl Soderberg, Geo. Town-
send. C. Pew members: Alfred P. Larson, Nataniel
 Earl, W. Hidden. 359; Robert Wilber, cond.,

LOCAL NO. 75, DES MOINES, IOWA. New members: Wilbur Hiatt, R. W. Craig,
Miss Billy Weston (from conditional card.)
Transfer deposited Transfer deposited: Howard R. Chase,
57.
Transfers returned: Elgee Hales, Joe Reynolds.
Resigned: J. M. Winchell, A. Cale Blakely,
Glen Metcalf, Kenneth H. Wright, Bob Curtis.
Traveling members:
Greenfield, $238 ;$ E. M. Micolous,
Y




LOCAL NO. 77, PHILADELPHIA, PA. H. Caspar, Meyer Cravetz, John S. Ferry Milton Keliem, Harry C. Miller, J. G. Miller
 W. H. Buck, Jos. Dell'Aquila, N. B. GIral
amo. E. Goldsteln, Geo. Halbwach, O. Radin
S. J. Schwartz, all Transfers withdrawn: Wm. S. Gelsinger
${ }^{569}$ Transfers revoked: Opal M. Thomas


 Lichti, A. Pleis ail 32, M. Maher, 395; V
Grimm, 51 , L. Westeate, 638 J. Joldinker
661; Sold Achtel, G. Bamboscheck, C. Bency,
 J. Kalinay, S. Lachmann, J. Marshall, B. H. H.
Parker, J. Pomerantz, H. Sacher, I.
I.
 Clay Boland, John Bonaccorso, Edate Buck ley, Alb. A. Erkert, Juls. G. Flacco, Louis A.
Longo. Jaco Markus. Jos. A. L. Masino,
Thos. Talge, John Varallo, all 2; David
Weinistein Elias Zemsky. Weiristein, Elias Zemsky. R. Basford, Harry
Resigned: Marguerite
M. Brubaker, Robt. S. Johnston. Dropped: Ernani Angelucci, Jog. Angert,
Hugo M. DDesideril. Frank A. Donahue Danh,
Dougherty, Fredk F., Jr., Esther M. Stanley,
Harry J. Waker. Harry J. Walker.

Transfers lsaued: $\mathbf{H}$, Transfers Lsued: Mrs Russel, Charles A. Krotsch. Peavey
Transfers deposited: Samuel Masling, $\mathbf{W}$ Modjeska.
Resigned: Leroy Johnston.
New members: Thomas Albert Price. members: Boyd Daviv, 802;
Traveling malo
Dominico Marlovvana,

LOCAL NO. 80, CHATTANOOQA, TENN, Kennedy; vice-president, Rlchard A. Gordon Voretary E; A. Rankin; ereasurer Geo.
Van Arsale; Sergeant-at-arms Ira R, Sum
mera; delogate to convention, Harry J. Ken Louise E. Anthony, Pedro
Revigned:
Avelar, Jr, Cecllia Samer, Marie
Saffer Wilson.
Transfers issued: Richard C. Peyton,
Stanley Harold. Leon H . Holloway Mr Stanley. Harold, Leon H. Holloway, Mrs,
Leon Ho Holloway, Lynn W. Bonds, Richard
Dixon, Ted C. Wheeler, J. W. Williams, AlexDixon, Ted C. Wheeler, J. D. Williams, Alex-
andere C. Keese, Nelle Brenizer, Earle R.
Van Arsale. Ralph Weatherford, James E.
Johnon, Osmond D. Sprading, Florence ohnson, Osmond
Gale, John T, Carter.
Transfers dien Leon H. Holloway, Mrs. Leon H. Holloway,
Ted C. Wheeler, Earle R. Van Arsdale, Ralph
Weatherword.

## LOCAL NO. B1, ANACONDA, MONT. New menibers: John Orrino, A. Espholm, Fremont Black.

## LOCAL NO. 33, LOWELL, MASS.

 New members: John C. Cleworth, EverettAillilliard, Waiter G. Kealy Harris J. M. Mill
Hiken, Jr., Albert R. Robey, Joseph A. Runt.

LOCAL NO. 9s, shÉBOYGAN, WIS. New members: Raymond Abel, Oscar Resisned: Dasny Anderson, Arthur Nicla,
Brwin schulz, Theron Forbee, H. Bchnelder,
John Hlaban , LeaHe Kleren. Dropped: Remus. President, Fred Wend-
Officers for 1930: land, vice-president, C. Brand; eecretary, O
E . sohwelbe, treazurer. Victor Nicla, eer-
beant-at-arms, Wm . Haack.

## LOCAL NO. 99, PORTLAND, ORE. 







 Thiverine membirn Wem filiziwain






LOCAL NO. 103, COLUMBUS, OHIO. Transfer issued: E. A. Gockenbach. Resigned: G. J. Weider.
Travelilig members: Fred Egener,
rch Leon, $248 ;$ Murray Moll, $66 ;$ Tom Mc-
 121, Gaylord Baumgardner, 21: Chas. Krotez,
Bob Myers, 121; Fred W. Thlotsonf 21; Paul
Lue, 699; James Richards, 121.

LOCAL NO. 104. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. Traveling members: Tom Brown, 70; Fred
Brown, $5 ;$ Verne Brown, $10 ;$ Jack Carpenter,
10; Fred Gunder 10; Fred Gunderman, 60; Thurston Lewls, Traveling members: Ted Eddy, Henry J.
Pade, Athony, Jo Donner Dominic Terry,
all 802; Gage D'Ambrasio, 00 : Earl W. Hidd-


LOCAL NO. 110, HUTCHINSON, ARK.
 L. G. Lamborn; treasurer, R. W. Ogren; ser-
geant-atarms, Omar Liebman; exeeutive
board, Allen Jones, A. R. Ashley, A. H. Riley
Art Dodge.

LOCAL NO, 120, SCRANTON, PA. New members: Sammy Stiener, Frank
Herron, Nick Pangikas, Walter Zonchenko George W. Harrison, Ferdinand Liva, Alfred Transers isued: Louis Chasin, Bernard
Ungar, EWard Reap Warren Allen, Frank
Evans, Willard Schillinger, Harold McGulre.

LOCAL NO. 127, BAY CITY, MICH. Resigned: I. D. Harris, Elmer Rehmues and
Clarence Reed. LOCAL NO. 137, CEDAR RAPIDS, IA, Withdrawn: George Wain, Jr.

LOCAL NO. 143, WORCESTER, MASS. New member: Dean E. Storey, Micknell.
Transfer depoited: Frakk E. Bicknell
Transfer cancelled: Henry Warms. Non-active list: J. J. Riedl.
Traveling members:
S. . Sackman, Miriam

 Chris. L. Thaulow, $802 ; \mathrm{J}$. H. Gllliland, ${ }^{306}$
Stanley Somerville, 362 , stanley Hall 395 ,
Transfera withdrawn: Chas. K. Bricker,
 Transiers issued: Chase
Jarnagan, Jr., Glenn C. Bell, Bekie, E. Ealing
Robt. Traveling members: Count Bernie Vici,
Hazel Brown, Jean Milter, Marie Carpenter,
Betty Schofild, all
 Ga9; decil Miller, cond. 4971, Ruby Jahns
cond. 882. Betty Jahn. cond, 4881 Harold
Cind



LOCAL NO. 145, VANCOUVER, B. C., CAN Naw members: J. Wilkinson, Jullus D. Transfers deposited: Joseph Marks, 802 Bud E. Moore, 474.
Transfer withatrawn R. H. Rimes, 247 .
Members resigned: Uni Calvert, Joy Cal
 Traveling members: Meyer Druzinsky, 2;
F. Dearaf, 802, H. Etienstein, 802; J. Pales-
trini, cond. $4418 ;$. Kitaift, Y, Turner, Jean
 Oahbom, aill 467 Jackle Barton, 47; Helon
 Darnell, Rose Haber, Annette schiller, all
467; Margaret Knicktage, 47; Mary Anneberg.
398.
LOCAL NO. 148, ATLANTA, QA.
Taveling member: Dan Le WInter, 10;
 0; H. Hershkowitz, 802; D, S. Ryan, 14,
Gregorior con. Bob Pation, Behnelder
Peter Briker, Chas. Errante, H. Scheonber count Bern' Vici, Hazel Brown, Jchoenbiers


Transfer issued: W. H. Market.
Transfer returned: $\mathbf{W}$ W. O. Mattiessen.
Transfere depoulted: J. T. Schroeder,
Transfors depoalted: J. T. Schroeder, R. Coons, Ts.
Transfer withdrawn: J. T. Schoeder ${ }^{\text {s. }}$.

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LOCAL 149, TORONTO, CANADA
 Bolrensfers issued: R. S. Joyce, J. Seth, T






LOCAL NO. 153, SAN JOSE, CAL. gene Herrera. W. Hers. Henry A. Cul Rew member by transer: Herry A. Culp

 Miler. Transers deposited: Dave Good, 47; J. E Carrillo. $652 ;$ A. MeGee, 117 , Mason, 263.
Local no. 160, Springaield, o.
 Johmbon.
LOCAL NOI 163, GLOVERSVILLE, N.
LOCAL NO. 171, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
 Smith.
Erased. 1 Innacy Gorczyca.
Transfer withdrawn: Joe Alexander. LOCAL NO. 174, NEW ORLEANS, LA




 Transfers witharawn: Fred Meeks, 340






Resigned: Joseph Rubinson, Fred Mulin
 Hummer

LOCAL NO. 178, SOUTH BEND, IND.
New members: O. Swihart, D. Dayrmpla Reined: J. Glade, Chas, Fike







Local 198, Providence, r. I. nn, Batist Transiers Issued: M. Valentino, Howard A


Local no. 201, LA CRosse, wis. New member: Raymond Driscoll, Cart selbrede.
Transfer isued: Alvin Larson.

## Local no. 203, hammond, ind. <br> Tranber witharawn: Don Rogers. <br> Mathasast

LOCAL NO. 204, NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J.
 Kelley Resigned: Wise Ellzabeth Berger

LOCAL NO. 218, FALL RIVER, MASS.
New members:
Fred Gahan. Transfers lasued: Thos. R. Rooney, H. M.

LOCAL NO. 219, STAUNTON, ILL Orfticers for
err.;
vice-president,
President
Gus
 Reir, John H. Lee, Chas Franz, Herry
Reurup, board members (branches) Ferdi
 sergeant-at-arms, Curt meyer
LOCAL NO. 228, KALAMAZZOO, MICH.

 LOCAL No. 236, ABERDEEN, WASH: ${ }^{*}$ Frank Olson, Thansfers, annulled: Caro Gross, 76; Dan No. 238, POUQ Transfers issued: Kenneth Osterhoudt

LOCAL NO. 245, MUNCIE, IND Officers for 1930 President, T. E. Klinck
 National Convention, Liowell Staford
Droperiner, B
Hoover. John Her. SCtevenson, Arthur E. Lee







LOCAL NO. 248, PATERSON, N. J.
Resigned: Kathryn Grant, Anthony Paris) Resigned: Kathryn Grant, Anthony Parisi,
H. Sanderson
Trimsfers issued: Michael Donato, Kaspe
 LOCAL NO. 266, LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

 LOCAL NO. 270, HOT SPRINGS, ARK.


 Transfers withdrawn: Clife Brewton,

LOCAL NO. 271, SISTERSVILLE, W.
 treasurer, George Zellers; executive board
members, Kle Matin, Civde Money
New members: Jack Nolworth, Charles




LOCAL NO. 289, DUBUQUE, Resigned: Walter Lewin, Leo McGinnis, L. H. H. Bailiey. Geo. F. Klauer, Frank Henve,

LOCAL NO. 297, WICHITA, KAN.

 Audrey Sanford, George Tack
New
members:
Dlck
Helt, John Lynch, Ray Starks:
Resigned:
Roy Matson.

 T. B. Mailone. members:
Thurman Rotroft, F. M. Estep, AI Jlickinger
Jennings
 Hayes, Vernon Page, James Rushing Booke


LOCAL NO. 298, DAYTONA BEACH, FLA.



LOCAL NO, 3O3, LANSING, MICH.



LOCAL NO. 305, NELSON, B. C., CANADA. Offlcers for 1930 . Prealident, Spencer J. Newellif vice-president, Rose Fleming iecre-
tary-treaunurer, Joe Vingo; nergeant-at-armm,


## LOCAL NO. 313, ROME, N. Y

 Resigned: Karl StreuberCAL NO. 317, HOOSICK FALLS, N. Officers for 1930:. President, Walter Ran
kin; vice-president, E. Jay Hyick; secre
ary, Guy H. Phillips, treasurer, tary, Guy H. Phillips, treasurer, F. V.
Quackenbush. Arthur Armstrong, willam Dalheim, Edward Smith, Arthur Saboski.

## LOCAL NO. 320, LIMA,

 Transfers issued: E. N. Martine, Ar Traveling members: Helen O'Sullivan, 919 Mildred Wariman, Bille Gage, Ruby Kasso

LOCAL NO. 325, SAN DIEGO, CAL New member: Walter B. Durham.
Transfers deposited: Paul Mclarand Bilings; AHyn Greenwood, W. L. Norton. Transfers withdrawn: W. L. Norton,
Quinn Johnson, Wm. Hewerd, Bilie Billings,
Ray Powell, Marjorie Pow Ray Powell, Marjorie Powell.
Resigned: Annafay Settle
Resigned: Annafay Settle,
Transfers issued: Ray We. Weat, Wm. Daw
son. Katherine Skedden, Dorothy Greene Phil Lopez.
ficers for 1930 . STERLING, Hice-president, Floyd Higby, secretary, $R$, $\mathbf{B}$.
Hull, treasurer, A. Huber; directors,


LOCAL NO. 333, EUREKA, CAL.
Dan M. Rose, Lola Transfers issued: Dan M. Rose, Lola
Stantonne.

LOCAL No. 345, EAU CLAIRE, WIS.

 Pulien.
Resigned: Peter Kregnesg, Vernon Meyers.
Transfers deposited Robert K. Hadley.

## LOCAL NO. 347, CANANDAIGUA, N. Y.

 New members: Tony Messelln, ArnoldDawson, Norman P . Wells, Morris, M. Fos.
ter. Willam Sittler, W. A. Schnell, Edward J. Napier.
Orficers 193: E. S. Randall, president
Franey, secretary.

LOCAL NO. 349, MANCHESTER, N. H. Offlcers for 1930: President, Joseph T
Rainey; vice-president, Arthur Allard; secre tary, Roy E. Johnson; treasurer, Wm. Des
marais; trustees, John Madden, Alfred Engel
George Lemay; sergeant-at-arms, Jame George L
New members: John Joseph Gladysz row, Leonard T. Rogler. George Squve, Mau
rice Davis, Bertha DePinuertaine rice Davis, Bertha DePinquertaine.
Transers deposited: John Miler, 262 Delegates to national c
T. Rainey, Arthur Allard.
LOCAL NO.
$\begin{gathered}\text { Officers for 190. } \\ \text { kirch; vice-president, } \\ \text { President, } \\ \text { Ed Benn }\end{gathered}$ Fred NLe
recordin
 urer, Wm. E. Bann; trustee
Ira Schroeder. Eugene Klen,
Resigned: Walter Doering.
LOCAL NO. 358, LIVINGSTON, MONT. Officers for 1930: President, E. C. Amme W. R. Matson; treasurer, Nick Ross; ger
eant-at-arms, R. E. Williams.

LOCAL NO. 375, OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA New members: Stacy Mack, Mrs. C. Bew members by transfer: L. Earl Cul Transfers deposited: Secoy Evans, 166; W
Wehrend
 Lloyd Conway, 94 .
 Transfers Assued: Horace Red Kent, T. M Maders, Joseph Wynne, Roy E.S Sever, H. M
Wynns, A. W. Langhammer, R. A. Turner
Theor Theodore Adolphus.
LOCAL NO. 376, PORTSMOUTH, N. H. Officers for 1930 : President, G. Bertrand
Whitmant: vice.president, John M. Manning secretary, Eric R. Pleree; trea Murer, Goo Olls, Trustees, © B. Hoyt, John, Frank
David Kushious, George Grossman. Band,
master John Medcalf was made an honor-
ary member.

LOCAL 380, BINGHAMTON, N. Y. New members: J. Ward Allen, Waiter E.
Japhet, Nick Conti, Donald E. Ellis.
Transfer deposited: Frank Reisenauer. Transfer deposited: Frank Reisenauer.
Transfers issued. Albert J. Sinton, Samuel
C. Sunness, F. Lester Tarbox. C. Sunness, F. Lester Tarbox.
 ray Heller. Joseph Morano Harry Harvey
Walner, ali so2. Al Vaum, cond. 4956; Jule
Raymon, con. 4396.

LOCAL NO. 38, RICHMOND, IND Transfer deposited: Albert B. Harris, Ho, 10
Trangfers issued Ray
Paul Kring Harold Vore, Kelth Heo. C. Hill
Warrls, Paul
 Richter.
LOCAL NO. 399, AsBUMY PARK, N. J. New membera: John Rocky, Benjamin Resigned: Frank I. McAdams, John $C$
Kigner.
LOCAL NO. 417, CONNELLSVILLE, PA. New member: Paul Carson. Lindauer.

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March, 1930

LOCAL NO. 4R4, RICHMOND, CAL Transfer lasued: Archie L. MeVleker.
Resigned, J. A. Stephenson, John Gall,
H. Galli, Paul Nord. H. Gall, Paul Nord.
Officears for 190: Prealdent, A. A. Hart;
orest vice-president. W. S. Darren; second nrst vice-president. W. S. Darrelt; second
riee-president. D. J. Shaw; secretary-treas-
arer, H. B. Kister;'s. A. A., R. H. Russell.

LOCAL NO. 426, TONOPAH, NEV. Transter issued: G. Helmick.
LOCAL NO: 429, MILES CITY, MONT. Officers for $1930: ~ P r e s i d e n t, ~ A r t ~ S . ~ G r e e n ; ~$
vice-president, treasurer, Stantly Uhas; sergeant-at-arms,
c. C. Haelsig: three board members, Thos. c. C. Haelsig; three board members, Thos.
C. Lovet, Donald Haley and Lyle Sawyer.
They voted not to send a delegate to the They voted not send a dele
convention.
New member: W. W. Kemper.
Transfer. renewed: Dave V. Jo
Transper. renewed: Dave V. Johnson.
Transfer withdrawn: James M. Smith,
Dropped: Hercules DeForge.
LOCAL NO. 444, JACKSONVILLE, FLA. Dalziel, Ralph Feathers.
New member from transfer: Hax Hoch-
stein, 479.

LOCAL NO. 522, WALDEN, N.
Lesigned: J. A. A. Sohns, Wm. E. Schoon-
maker.
LOCAL NO. 529, NEWPORT, R. I. Officers for 1930: President, John W. Sim-
mons: vice-president, Mrs. James Downs;

LOCAL NO. S31, MARION, OHIO.
 Officers for 1930; President, L. E. Meis-
er; viee-president, Mrs. Goldte Swope; sec-
LOCAL NO. 534, GREENVILLE, PA.
Reinstated: J. V. Brown. Mulvey, J. H.
New members:
Joseph Mulver
Nressler.
LOCAL NO. 536, ST. CLOUD, MINN.
LOCAL NO. 536, ST. CLOUD, MINN.
New member: Gerard Wagner.
New member: Gerard Wagner.
LOCAL NO. 542, FLINT, MICH.
Dropped: Herbert Barnhouse, Elsie D.
Bernecker, Samuee Bland, Cassells Cecli, Jhck Corey, Clarence Grimes, Bert Morton,
Phil Harris, Robert Harris, Jack Keith, E. L.
Kelly, Frank E. Nolin, Kelly, Frank E. Nolin, Thomas Robinson,
Kenneth Wallace.
Resigned: Mrs. Folrence Robingon, Miss Kenneth Walace.
Resigned: Mr. Folrence Robinson, Miss
Mildred Buckel, B. F. Holmes. Transfer revoked:
Transfers returned: Clarence Wager.
Upob Sawyer,
B. B. Updegraff,
Transfers withdrawn: Peter Negri, San-
tlago Calvo, Frank Davila, Chas. Kogelschatz. Donald A. Kinney, 'Chas. Maurice,
Avin W. Smith, James C.' Tracey, Geo. A.
Tonal Tonak.
Transers issued: Horace D. Smith, Ar-
Thur Ferguson. Transfer deposited: Edward O'Toole, 737;
Edward Sims, 380.
LOCAL NO. S53, SASKATOON, SASK.
Transfer returned S. Cruice, 190 .
Resigned. Chas. Floo, Florrie
. Wroot, Resigned: Chas. Fiood. Florrie V. Wroot,
C. R. Nash, Louie Est. H. Cuthbert.
Dropped. Hould W. A. J. Love, J. D.
Poulton, N. Schaub, Reg. Boulton.

LOCAL B54, LEXINGTON, KY
Travelling members: Chas, A. Prince,
Chas. Dalmaine Wm. Jung, A. Aogny, Jean
Barragan, Fred Brissett, Ed Stahl. Wm. Barragan, Fred Briset, Ed Stah, Wm, Woll,
Lavae, Harry Wolf, Fred stuhr, all 802 . Officers for '1930: Sidney R. Grifrith, pres-
Ient Harry Abraham, vice president: Chas.

prummond, Claude J. Coons, Chas. G. Dick-
LOCAL NO. S58, OMAHA, NEBR. New members: S. E. Allen, Leonard Phif-

LOCAL NO. 659, BEACON, N. Y. Officers for 1930; President, Elmer J.
Woodi vice-president, Fred Muerant: secre:
tary, John J. Lyons; treasurer, John Budney; tary, John J. Lyons; treasurer, John Budney;
suide, Walter Van Buren.
Resigned: Mariomme Baeckel, John Polisi, Gordon Williams.
Transfers issued: Harvey Whitson, Tencrella.

LOCAL NO. 572, DE KALB, ILL Orficern for 1930: President, Clemen Kirchnerricern for 1930: President, Clemen Kirch-
ner; viee-presiaent, Zach Chanier; bechoti.
tary, ILurence Fogelberg; treasurer, Carroll
Wilise.
LOCAL NO. E12, HIBBING, MINN. New members: Elmer Allard, Anton CogOficers for 1930: President, Luigi Lom-
Oardi; vice-president, Sanford Hill secrobardi, vice-epresident, Sanford Hill, gecre-
tary-treasurer, D, J, Blomf, executve board,
Jac. Scharding, verie Williamn, John Hoyda. LOCAL NO. G27, KANSAS CITY, MO. New members: Fred McGrew, Wm. Alex-
ander Peter. Johnson, Edward Temple, Eu-
gene Cowan.

 Full membership granted: James Ruah-


 E. Freeman, Mirlon Jackson, Allen Durham,
John Wiltiams, Drewle Bess, C. P. Wa:hing
ton.

Travelling members: Theodore Ross, Earn-
eit Willame, James LeGrand, Abe Boler, all
16.
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 With drawn: J. Atkinson, J. W. Fther-

Local No. sase, ANTIBO, wis. Resigned: Frank Lucas, Frances Osborne

Local no. e49, EDEN, N. Y.
Transfer Issued: Devale Myers.
LOCAL E59, LEHIGHTON, PA.
 zeil. vice-presiant Rober
treasurer, Bert Mattern.
LOCAL NO. 661, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. New members: George MeGowan, Mrai A. A. . Anthony DeAngelo, 1 . Sidaney Hamer.



 Transfers cancelled. Joweph. Rosenthal ner Blackman. Luther Edwin McKnight, Lar-





LOCAL NO, EEE, MOUNT VERNON, N. Y. Trannfert deposited: Horace Hannaford,
Vincent Prinolpale, 80 .
 LOCAL NO. G72, LAKE WORTH, FLA. Officers for 1930 , Prosident, Harry J.
Rehm;
Rene


LOCAL NO. 675, SPRINGFIELD, ILL. Tranglers deposited: Leonard Cherry, 44
LOCAL NO. 687, BANTA ANA, CALIF. Glaamoters issued: N. C. Nye, Charles Glaimo. member: Ruth Armstrong.
local no. 696, GLEN LYon, PA.



LOCAL NO. 721, TAMPA, FLA.



## Lopañ Toney Mandenaiph Koh Satherine Mando






LOCAL NO, 748, PLAINFIELD, N. J. New members: Norman Loper, Walt
Mrisch, Erneett. Michelon.
Tranifer returned: George Van Epa.

LOCAL NO. TE6, AUSTIN, MINN.
 - A. stetler.

LOCAL NO. 7E7, LOS ANGELES, CAL.




 Tridaveling members: Max Chaw, Hubert
 Thansers inued: Wallace Bovinad, Roy
Walker, Leon Rene, cluude Devis and claude Kennedy
Tranefers withdrawn: Edward Ory.
LOCAL NO. TIT, TUCBON, ARIZONA.
 Lacca; secretary-treasurer, Frank ${ }^{2}$.
em; serseant-at-arms, Chas. Broad.
LOCAL NO. EO2, NEW YORK, N. Y. Nety members: Wayman Carver, Hichard Poily Fimher, Paul Mason, Laura Murper Dougla, Ger-
ald E. Quinlan, Louli R

 Chambers, Charlen Barnet, Henry John A ,
Well, Georso Van Epar, Hugh W. Lamber
 W. D. Garlock, Loulis Fieligcher, Rube Bron,



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P. Cofey, Tim Crawford Jean Aloward Du,
Buque, Ciark J. Doyle, H. Eubank, JI.
Paul Frledman, Mrs. J. Goodlett, C. C. Griffin, Garland Griffin, Adolph Huss, Thos. F.
Kirk, Leo J. Kraker, A. Lange Wil A. Lison,
E. Loeflee, R. Maches E. Wingon, E.
Nucllit, W. L. Radford, J. V. Ramos, George Ryall,'T. R. Spencer, Ear, Ramos, Geerge
Tignor, Wm. R. Vaughn, Jas. Eroud. Whitlow, A. A. Mome, N. Y., Loeal No. 313-Al Abrame. St. Paul, Minn., Local No. 30,-Kenneth 1



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 Matone N. r., Local No. 22 -EImer





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 D. Hand
raseses, Calif., Loeal No. 153-Coene Do-

##   Blackman, Juacob Rauas ${ }^{2}$ Palmef mer Lavisgon. Local No. 40-Frank Neckel  Muant Jonh, Martho Jamea Aquinn iock haininhamton, N. Y. Losail No. 380 -grace A. Honckev, Charles Kraty, Clyd dec hitas        



## THE UNION LABEL IS THE

 EMBLEM OF HUMANITYIt Is Strictly American in Origin-San Francisco Was the Birthplace of the Label in the Year 1874.

## By P. H. SHEVLI

In Canadian Congress Journal

T MERSON says that an institution is the "lengthening shadow of some one man." Many of the world's most majestic achievements were once nothing but vague idealism, compassless and purposeless, in the brain of some one man. Within the skull of Fulton, a Howe, or a Morse were once coursing around, uncontrolled and undestined, thoughts that are today the motors of the world. So it is with the labor move ment. When the hise as his subject the "American Federation of Labor," upon his pen point will continuously fall the lengthening shadow of one man, Samuel Gompers. shadow of one man, Samuel Gompers, etrietly American in origin. Many Cana dian trade unionists have utilized it, and British organizations, heretofore apa thetic, have within the past taken up the subject with promising seriousness. San Francisco was the birthplace of the label in the year 1874. To the cigarmakers belongs the glory of first employing this potent instrumentality of organized labor. During the sand lot agitation for Chinese exclusion, a firm of cigar manufacturers took on coolie labor. The unionists presented an intelligent and doLermined resistance. Assured of public
patronage, the perpiexity arose as to how the purchaser could discriminate between a union cigar, manafactured under saniunion cigar, manafactured under sani-
tary conditions, and the rat-shop, coollietary conditions, and
made, filthy product.
-The solution came-all boxes must be certified. From this sprang the greatest Sdea of the grandest institution on earth -the label of the labor movement.
At first a white label was used, to indicate that the cigars were made by white labor, as opposed to the yellow of the
Orient. During a strike of the cigarÖrient. During a strike of the cigarmakers in St. Loufs, the following year,
the color of the local union label was printed in red. In the Chicaso conventhon of 1880, a wrangie having arisen between the "whites" and the "reas" on witted delegate restored harmony by
shouting: "Stop squabbling and take the other color on the flag." Thus the present blue label was adopted.
From the foregoing it will be noted that sanitation was the original basis of the label. And while the years have expanded the uses, aims, purposes, and aspirations of the workingman's trademark, the question of healthful conditions still remains one of the primal reasons for its employment. President Roosevelt, referring to filthy tenement workmanship in New York City, once de clared in a speech in the Assembly of the New York Legislature, of which he was then a member: "I have visited these pest holes personally, and I assure you fi smokers could only see how these ctgars are made we should not need any legislation against this system.'
Other unions, noting the label's success, set about adopting trade-marks. The hatters' label appeared in 1885; the gar ment makers the following year, and in 1891 the label idea was appropriated by the printers, ironmoulders, shoemakers, horseshoers and other crafts. Following this utilization came efforts to secure statutory recognition. The cigarmakers label had been legalized in 31 States other labels have been extended similar recognition, and the tendency of up-to date legislation is to pass one statute, embracing all labels used by legitimately organized wage earners. Moreover, many of these statutes are of a quasi-criminal character, providing penalties for counterfeiting and for unauthorized use. Appellate courts have declared these laws constitutional and not class legislation. Quite a number of cities have ordinances requiring the printers' label on city print. ing. Some States have a ilike requirement as to State printing. Similarly, the ordinances of many municipalities make it imperative that the city's horses be shod in union shops, and that the shoes bear the stamp of the horseshoers' union. In fact, the label's reputation for rationality is securely established.


The aims and purposes of the union label are:
(a) The assurance that the work is done under sanitary conditions
(b) The assurance of the payment of a reasonable wage and a steadily improving wage.
(c) The assurance of reasonable hours Reasonableness to signify that after the eight-hour day is a completed victory then may come the seven-hour day and the six-hour day; ever remembering that labor's grand purpose is the economi and social betterment of the masses.
(d) The assurance that child labor, the menace as well as the disgrace of modern civilization, has not entered into the prod-
(e) The assurance that so long as the intense and deplorable and inequitable forms of competition, as evidenced in our present-day industrialism, shall make it necessary for woman to earn her bread in shop and factory, she shall continue to enjoy economic equality with her male co-employe.
(f) The assurance that the conditions of the workers are safer as to life and limb than are the surroundings of nonlabel tollers.
(g) The assurance that the product is not prison made
(h) The assurance that the products are superior in workmanship and quality to the unlabeled articles.
(i) The assurance that the label is the concrete expression and allowed scutcheon of conscientious men organized for the purpose of securing these results and maintaining them when secured.
The aspiration of the label knows no bounds. Its ambition is to redeem a world. Nothing in the whole realm of unionized labor is capable of such effective and continuous utility. Other agencies have varying degrees of potentiality. and are intermittent in effectiveness. Unhappily they sometimes fail to win public sympathy, translate indifference into Perryism, intensify the suspicion of employers and energize auction pens into a malevolent assault upon the labor move ment.
But the battles of the label are won without blood. It is more powerful than strikes and picketings; and is a poten warning to tyrannical employers. It is as puissant in the hands of woman or child as the menacing declaration of labor convention. It is the boycott with out publication. No injunction can reach it, no militia or Pinkertons dare touch it no pen will revile it, no pulpit assail it, It alms to be the "schoolmaster abroad," the schoolmaster at home, teach ing women folks their primal obligation to the great cause, while steadily winnin to the great cause, while steadily winning its way futo the hearts of the general public. It would be an evangel with th world for a vineyard- $a$ freemason in universality, but benefiting all, withhold ing from none. It is the supreme teacher -one that teaches by example; in stor hotel bar, and elsewhere the unionist and unionist's friends, ask for the label and insist on the label, thus bring home commercial lesson that no other method can impart. It seeks to enlist woman as
the chief auxiliary and trumpeter of the affiliated legions; not alone the wife mother, and daughter of the organized wage earner, but through them and their propagandism all other women. As a pleader before the bar of public opinion no eloquence can match it, no sophistry can vanquish it. To conviction it gives a soul-the soul of enthusiasm; and like the gifts of the gods of Perseus, it goes forth, full-armed to conquer the monsters of rapacity, injustice, and oppression. In peace it aims to be ever alert, ever accomplishing results. In defensive warfare it is the most powerful weapon in the arsenal of labor, and when the battle is on it attacks the enemy in the rear captures his base of supplies, and brings victory to the sacrosanct standard of unionism. It is the one and only fetich of the labor movement, an idolatry re vealing the purest of hearts and the sanest of minds.
It aims to become the paramount at traction and the imperative essential governing the saleableness of everything in the land that is made or mined or moved. The label seeks to be, by patronage or proscription, the great educator of manu facturer and consumer, the trade sema phore of the one, the social arbiter of the other. The attitude of its advocates toward defiant tradesmen is to shun their stores and invoke public following in the ostracism; but that reprisal will bring many a merchant to his senses, and that invocation will make as blg a dent in a cash account as the hammer of Thgr made in the mountain.
The label aspires to attain that might of influence when to vend unlabeled goods will brand the vendor as a dealer in contraband; a sweater; a business buccaneer; a Minotaur, fattening on the blood of women and children; a mercanthle Ishmaelite whom socity whil cast out as a thing too unclean for touch by honest hands.
And all for the glory, the advancement, and the solidarity of the sacred cause of organized labor
The union label aspires to be the emblem of humanism, even as the cross is the symbol of Christianity. The one speaks to us of the world beyond and of the fatherhood of God; the other speaks to us of this world the other rough-shod world in which we of its redemption by the brotherhood of man.

## Joys of Travel

There is a movement on foot to sup plant the old-fashioned Pullman waitere with chic and pretty waitresses. You see, when the train lurches, some of the patrons would prefer to find something in their laps more attractive than a plate of soup.-Boston Herald.

## His Level Best

Knight of the Road-"Say, boy, your dog bit me on the ankle."
Boy-"Well, that's as high as he could reach. You wouldn't expect a little pup like that to bite you on the neck, would you?"-Chicago Tribune.

## By the Way

Comment and Criticism About Things Doing in the World

The United States has begun suit against a score of Pacific Coast oil com panies, charging a price-fixing conspiracy.
If this suit is the counterpart of a great many others it has only an academic in terest for the people.
During the Coolidge administration some 75 anti-trust suits were started. So far as the average man could see these suits did not affect the price of pancakes or the volume of taxes.
Under Harding about 50 such suits were started. Suits of clothes wore out just as fast and Wall Street never batted an eye.
Of course lawyers must live, but it remains the truth that except for their es fect in robbing unions of lawful and constitutional rights and liberties the antitrust laws have been so much sawdust in the legalistic ventriloquist's dummy.
The oil companies have been sued and it makes a headline for a day. Standard oll once was sued and it made headinnes or several days. Also it did a lot toward making Judge Landis. But who says it did anything of benefit to the common people?

We learn, by paying close attention to what's in the news, that the American Farm Bureau Federation got itself tangled up with the American Cyanamid Company, bidder for Muscle Shoals.
The company paid for publicity circulated to papers under the name of the Farm Federation.
This is truly, astonishing. One had gathered, from all the pother and halleluja on the hustings that the farmers were lily pure and did nothing except raise crops and suffer.
Little by little we find there is just about as much of this and that on the haciendas as elsewhere

The Catering Industry Employe is the name now adopted for the official organ of the union of Cooks and Waiters. It's an up-and-doing sort of a journal, filled with the urge to action and loaded with a lot of real news.
From its pages we learn of a communist attack that runs true to the_red ormula.
The Cooks and Waiters signed up the Monroe Cafeterla, 12 West Twenty-seventh street, New York. On opening day the communists started a riot in and out side this cafeteria. The Central Trades and Labor Council took up the matter and threw its energies into the balance tor the bona fide union.
Nor is that all. Organizer John J. Mc Doylt, working in New York, reports through the Journal that while entering the offices of Local No. 1, in New York, he was made the victim of a cowardly attack by some unknown person. McDevitt was slashed across one cheek, the wound requiring 12 stitches. "This has put me out of the picture temporarily," he writee. But he'll be back.
The union is making a gallant fight all over the country.

A powerful indictmênt of illiteracy which the labor movement has fought since its. inception, is made by a nittle nowspaper dispatch from Brooklyn, N. Y Here is the story, just 37 words in length:
"Mrs. Rosa Delmastero, who never learned to read, gave her two-monthold daughter what she thought was cough medicine today. The medicine was a bottle of lysol. The child died on the way to the hospital."
If Mrs. Deimastero had been able to reed her beby would be alive today. Could there be a stronger argument for popular education?

Study of the entire textile industry by the Federal Government is urged by national organizations of Protestant, Cathohic and Jewish groups.
Months ago organized labor advocated the same thing and has been backing the Wheeler resolution for an investigation by the Senate. Senators have found time to discuss and act on many matters since the resolution was offered, but haven't yet found time to approve Senator Wheeler's proposal Perpaps apathy or whee tion of the textile interests or a combin tion of both is to bla tion investigation has not been ordered. Lile indur other probiems of the textile industry ery aloud for solution. An investigation, conducted by an impartial agency, such as the Federal Government, will help solve the problem by finding and revealing the facts. The demand for an investigation is receiving more and more support. It seems almost certain to come eventually, so why not now?

## Persistence

Keep knocking for something instead of against it, and you'll win out. Past observation proves that this is generally true.
You remember Noah had to work a long time on the ark. It was uphill business, too, at best, building a boat way out on dry land, while the local Anvil and-Hammer Club sat around spitting to bacco juice upon his lumber, whittling up his pine boards with their jack knives and telling him what a fool he was for expecting a big rain in a country that was too dry to grow alfalfa. But he kept was too dry to grow alfalfa. But he kep at it. Finally, the flood came and every mother's son of the croakers was drowned. This is the only instance we know, in either sacred or profane history, where a bunch of knockers got exactly what was coming to them.-Ex.

Subject to Emily Post's O. K. Q.-May lettuce be eaten with the fingers?
A.-No. The mouth is generally used. Q. - How do you tell which is your side dish of spinach?
A.-Don't be silly. Who wants to?
Q.-What would be the proper thing to say if, in carving the duck, it should skid off the platter and into your neighbor's lap?
A.-Be very courteous. Say, "May I trouble you for that duck?-Etiquette column in The Trouble shooter.

## Parental Touch

He had gone into the library to put the thing up to her father and she was anxiously waiting on the front porch.
"Well," said the suitor when he returned, "he asked me how I was fixed and I told him I had $\$ 3,000$ in the bank." "And what did he say to that?"
"He borrowed it."-Boston Transcript.

## Beating the Game

"Mother, isn't your hair permanently waved?
"My dear, what makes you ask such a thing?"
"I've been thinking. Why can't I have my neck permanently washed?"-Muskogee Phoenix.

Chance to Redeem Himsel Writer-"Here's the manuscript I- offered you last year.
Editor-"Say, what's the Idea of 6ringing that thing back when I rejected it once?
Writer-"You've had a year's experience since then."-Latayette Lyre.

Why He Meddled
Would-Be-Sutide-"Don't rescue me. I want to die."
Swimmer-"Well, you'li have to postpone it. I want a life-saving medal."Pathfinder.

## Woolworth Fan

"So Halloran has two cars now? "Yes, he couldn't get his accessories all on one."-Christian Evangelist.

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## ANTI-TRUST LAWS HELD ANCIENT and UNWORKABLE

Rigid Enforcement Would Kill Statutes-Chief of Inquiry Commission Criticizes Sherman Act in Caustic Language.

$C^{A}$
AUSTIC criticism of the Federal anti-trust laws, long opposed by organized labor, is found in an article pubished in the Annals of the American Academy of Pointical and Social Science,
written by Wheeler P. Bloodgood, noted written by Wheeler P. Bloodgood, noted
milwaukee lawyer and chairman of the Millwaukee lawyer and chairman of the
Committee on Study of Anti-Trust LegisCommittee on Study of Anti-Trust Legig-
lation of the Commission on Industriai - lation of the Commission on Industrial
Inquiry, of the National Civic Federation. Inquiry, of the National Civic Federation.
As chairman of this committee Mr. Bloodgood presided over an inquiry into the workings of the Sherman Act and other restrictive laws, an inquiry in which seventy men were engaged.
In the course of his findings Mr. Bloodgood becomes almost sensational in his of infunctions, declaring that a "chain store system of jails" would have to be devised to accommodate those now under sentence!
senter the injunction and its workings to date, Mr. Bloodgood says:
andy and brifly the inquiry, and broadly and briefly stated, it was the conclusion that every price, no matter
how reasonable, it fixed in combination (Trenton Potteries case, 273 U. S. 392), and every strike, no matter how peaceful, If it interfered with commodities in inter-
state commerce (Bedford Stone case, 274 state commerce (Bedford Stone case, 274
V. S. 37), is unlawful. In consequence of U. S. 37), is unlawful. In consequence of these and other simillar declsions, in
every industrial center of the United States leaders of organized labor and/or business-separately-are frequently in secret conference discussing how industry may function without being in contempt of court due to injunctions granted.

## Jails Too Small for

## Those Under Sentence

"If the injunctions now in force, and those which should be granted if sought and/or labor, and punishments for the contempt thereof were enforced, there would be no accom-
modations in the jalls. The Federal modations in the jails. The Federal
Government would have to establish a chain store system of jail barracks. It is also quite evident that the ruthless elements-fortunately they are not in control-both in business and labor, would welcome this condition. They want a fight to a finish. Their purpose is to discredit the courts in the eyes of the people. In consequence of these condilions organized is seriously threatened, for the monority ruthless element in both are seeking ascendency, and conditions may arise which would give them control in the event business and/or labor attempt to function under the
anti-trust laws as now interpreted. anti-trust laws as now interpreted.
These ruthless leaders would defy the These ruthless leaders would defy the
courts; call upon them to go the limitt in enforcing injunctions.
"To those who have not been immersed In a study of this subject, the gravity of lewed as grossly and unwarrantably exaggerated."

## Rigid Enforcement

## Would Mean Demise

Striking differences between the British and American viewpoints are brought out by Mr . Bloodgood, because of the reafter which he launches into a discussion of the operations of the Sherman law, predieting that its rigld enforcement upon "the consumer's philosophy"-the present basis of it is apparently the view owept attorney that rigid enforcement would attornoy that rigid enforcement would
tead to repeal or demise and that the only way by which the Sherman law can re
main at all alive is to remain merely partly alive, which has been and is precisely labor's contention. Mr. Bloodgood is emphatic in his denunciation of the "double standard" of enforcement, under which the law is enforced against one which the law is enforced against one against another (business). In addition to the legal phase of the discussion, Mr to the iegal phase of the discussion, $\mathrm{Mr}^{\text {B }}$ Bloodgood also presents an interesting and penetrating analysis of business un der present conditions with their diver gencles of competition and monopoly
"If," he says in his concluding paragraphs, "the anti-trust laws are enforced, as they should be enforced, so long as they are statutes, the contending parties in the field of production, in organized business and labor, and in the field of distribution, can justly be catalogued about as follows:
Opposing Contentions

## And Groups Surveyed

1.-The conservative leaders-now spokeqmen of organized labor-men who want to live within and advise the unions with which they are affiliated to function under the laws as interpreted and applied by the Supreme Court of the United plied by.
"2.-Those advocating the One Big Union to include all trades. Every dispute to mean a general strike, with leaders who glory in defying the courts; who would make the struggle between the employer and the employe a war to the death; who scoff at and ridicule those now guiding organized labor as the "kept agents of organized business.
"3-The executives of the average corporation trying to meet the competition of many others in the same field; seeking to function within the law; torn between conflicting emotions and diverse advice Shall we discuss prices? If so, how and under what conditions? Seeking to know what is condemned and what commended; trying to ascertain what is the true interpretation to be given to the last decision of the Supreme Court of the United States.
4.-Chairmen of the boards of corporations controlling the production of 50 per cent, or a trifle more or less, of some basic commodity, commonly known as the 'good trusts,' operating under some decision, holding that their restraint of trade is reasonable or that they are entitled to a monopoly through ownership of valid patents.
"These men are not entirely happy: they must keep their competitors satigfied, which means permitting them to fill their factories with profitable business. They live in the constant fear of a change in the policies of the Department of Jus-- tice, which may result in new proceeding and decisions, putting them in the class of 'bad trusts.'
" 5 -In the field of distribution there has grown up in recent years a titanic struggle between the wholenaler, jobber, commission merchant and retailer on the: one hand and the chain store organizations on the other. This battle of glants to reach and hold the trade of the con? sumer bids fair to be more intense and more bitter than that existing between the groups of organized business and labor in the field of production.
"These staggering problems of indultry, plus the enforcement of prohibition, tall almost exclusively on the courts. In consequence, on the heads of the Federal judiciary, in particular, is and will be heaped, largely in secret, the abuse of all these groups.
"The enforcement of the anti-trust laws should tend to immediatoly clarify what would otherwise become an intoler-
able situation; that onforcement based upon the 'consumer's philosophy' only will be swept away; and it should appeal to all interests that it is most fortunate that the gravity of the situation is being brought to the attention of the public through the executives of organized labor; that this has been done not only in a masterily, but conservative and digniffied manner; that they are seeking to avold sensationalism or an appeal to the passions or prejudice of any group. "Thanks to the immigration laws, the interesté of labor and business are and should be treated as identical. There should be no double standard in the enforcement of the anti-trust laws. In consequence, the ruthless leaders in business will have to bow to the views of the conservative group, which is not only in the aervative group, whonditutes the great maascendency, but constitutes the great ma
jority, and the ruthless leaders of labor will be unable to prove the chargea against the present leaders of labor made in the Scripps-Howard editorial."

## man and machinery

## Technical Efficiency Advances

achines are displacing human beings o fast, especially the middle-aged and old, that men and women past 45 will soon find it virtually impossible to get jobs, C. J. Dollen, superintendent of the Rochester employment bureau of the New York State Department of Labor says in his annual report.
"Modern machinery and age limits are barring men and women-particularly men-from employment so rapidly that we cannot keep pace with them," the report says. "Something must be done, or we are headed for even greater technical efficlency at an unprecedented human cost," is the conclusion.
Although the report states that figures for 1929 shows an increase over the previous year in skilled and professional placements, the statement is made that "one of the greatest bresent problems is the man or woman past fifty years of age, out of a job, who is mentally and physically fit.
"The most unfortunate phase of our work is the constantly increasing demand on our service for placement of old age applicants by thirty organizations," the report continues. "The most regrettable feature is that even with an intensive and persistent appeal for these people we are able to place only a small percentage of them. Of 370 applicants, fifty years old and older, we placed only 140 in jobs and this only after special efforts-often tak ing the 'aged' person to the job, accompanied by a representative of this office, where the man labeled unfit at fifty is given permanent or temporary employment (more often temporary than permanent) out of consideration for the Employment Bureau rather than on the merits of the applicant.
Modern machinery is an active cause of this condition, for machinery and labor saving inventions have eliminated human hands in many vocations for all lime. On a locai contract recentiy one steam shovel replaced 300 hands; in an other case an electric unloading crane die placed 30 men, five doing the work of 35 An optical and button tumbling machine replaced 140 , ten doing the work. No employer that we have talked this condition over with would admit that he would discharge a good employe, but they did admit that, owing to economic con siderations, such as reorganization, merger and particuiarly higher group in surance premium schedules for this clase of labor-whether factory or office force -when they hire new men, other thing being equal, they pick young men. This is true of pattern making, machine shops, foundries, and in fact a majority of the basic industriés.
"The limit for skilled workers is fifty years, and for unskilled forty-five years, so that a conservative estimate of these occupations would place the number of workers over forty-flve years at less than 30 per cent, although in the same branches of the industry the average age of the executive is uixty-five years.


With group insurance and private pension systems the implication of skill and speed all milltate against the older worker, particularly when he is seeking a job. The most mournful cases coming to our office are those who have given the best years of their lives to one concern, wandering in to look for work ai any wage.
"If discrimination continues at it prement pace, soon it will be the young and strong who are at work leaving thone over 15 in accelerating numbers to wall the streets. Surely no one will object to an enlarged system of labor exchanges and a program of public works to equalize this displacement of the human by the increased introduction of labor saving de vices. If not this, an old-age pension is inevitable.'

## In the Rough

It was a hot, sultry session in the courts and the judge was thinking of other than judicial thoughts.
Finally the lawyer sald: "He claims his wife was intractable, your Honor, so he beat her into subjection with a gole he be
"How many strokes?" asked the Judge absently,-Boston Transcript.

## Pointed Compliment

"Has any one commented on the way you artve?"
"Yes, one fellow made a brief remark "Twenty dollars and costa.' "-Union Pa elfic Magazino.

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## Free Men Always Win

几ONG before Mussolini-there was a time when there were ten slaves to every free man on the the Fall of Rome.

Spartacus, the gladiator, tried to organize a rebellion in Rome, but it failed. There were not enough who could fight.
When the Visi-Goths marched against Rome, they had no great retinue of slaves. They were all Free men. They conquered Rome.
Centuries before that, Jullus Caesar had carried the war against just such men into their own forests of the great north-and he beat them on their own ground.

But the men of Caesar's legions were freemen. They were fighting for the glory of Rome-their own city, and their own home.
The battle of Thermopylae, which saved Europe from Asiatic domination, was fought and won by a handful of Greek freemen-against an overwhelming mob of armies recruited from every nation previously conquered by the Great King of Persia

The Yanks offered their lives and their wealth on the altars of war in the Argonne in a cyclone of that rage which freemen feel against a tyranny that drives them into 2 war. of course they won!
And the Germans who freed themselves from the Kaiser will stay free.
Rome fell, not because she had too many slaves-but because she had not enough Free Men.

And now, you, who plan the munitions and methods of this great land for any Next War whatsoever-add to all your crusiers and battleships, to your airplanes and dirigibles, to your gases and explosives, to your tactics dirigibles, to your gases and explosives, to your tactics
and strategies-FAIL NOT to add-a suffcient ingredient of Free Men.

## Workers Should Awaken to New Industrial Revolution

THE significance of pleas by the Department of Agriculture, the Federal Farm Board and State agricultural colleges for farmers to reduce output may well be noted by trade unionists.

Chairman Legge of the Farm Board states that agriculture is the only industry that has not been "stabilized."

Industry no longer attempts to conceal its policy of "stablizzation." It is, in fact, considered "good business" to limit output to demand.

Abandonment of unchecked production is linked with automatic machinery and scientific processes that invade every field. No industry or calling is immune from the silent revolutionary forces that swell the ranks of unemployed.

Skill acquired after long years is useless; semi-skill is not necessary and the 40 -year-old mechanic- is replaced by nimble fingers and a mind that can be trained in a few hours, days or weeks.

Mergers and combinations have the same effect on secalled "white collar" workers.

Far-sighted business men are alert to the new system, yet in its infancy, and are suggesting that the people's purchasing power be increased. A few business -men frankly declare that the present low-wage system must be changed if disaster is to be averted.

Organized labor, for years, has claimed that high
wages is the one guarantee of continued prosperity. Onily now is this being accepted-as a theory.

Instances are rare where wages are voluntarily raised. Higher wages are resisted as stoutly as when employers insisted that low wages lessened production costs and when cormmunities advertised thetr "low-wage, contented labor."

Workers can only ralse wages by uniting. They can only shorten hours by the same policy. The present work day must be reduced. There is not a basic industry that dare operate 100 per cent. now or at any time since the end of the World War.

Workers should not be lulled by unsupported optimism or by chloroforming economists who assure them that this machine era will cause but temporary inconvenience.

These economists are invariably wrong. History shows they erred whenever they challenged organized labor on a question of fundamentals.
The present industrial revolution is without parallel. Never before has government aided business in limit-ing-"stabilizing"-output. Never before were farmers, dairy producers, cotton growers and horticulturists pubficly called upon to reduce output.
Men who refuse to see are blind to the new revolution. Opiates and helpless hope will not affect its onward sweep.
The trade unions alone will create a new social concept that can cope with the new revolution.
Let organized workers present these facts to nonunionists. The unions were born out of grim necessity. Never before was their need so urgent.

## Labor Queries

Questions and Answers on Labor: What It Has Done; Where It Stands on Problems of the Day; Its Aim and Program; Who's Who in the Ranks of the Organized Toilers, etc., etc.
Q.-In what two Southern cities were the first head quarters of the International Association of Machinists?
A.-Atlanta, Ga., and Richmond, Va. The organization was established in Atlanta and had its headquarters there until 1890 when they were moved to Richmond In 1899 the headquarters were removed to Washington, D. C., where they have since remained.

## Q.-Who is Paul J. Smith?

A.- Organizer of the American Federation of Labor and chairman of the committee of three which is direct ing the Southern trade union organization campaign.
Q.-What is the "Union Health Center" in New York City?
A.-A building in which medical and dental care and treatment is ziven te union members. The center is maintained by the New Yerk locals of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.
Q.-When was the fourneymen Tailors' Union organized?
A.-In 1883. It is the oldest of the present organizations in the garment trades.
Q.-Is there a union of powder workers?
A.-Yes, the United Powder and High Explosives Workers of America; with headquarters at Clinton, Ind.
Q.-What union has a general vacation week provided for by its constitution?
A.-The Diamond Workers' Protective Ünion of America, whose constitution says: "The week commenc ing on the last Monday of the month of July of every year shall be set aside as a general vacation week. During that week no member of this union shall be permitted to work."

## Q.-How can union-made hosiery be recognized?

A.-By the brand names, the following hist of whic is furnished by the American Federation of Full Fash oned Hosiery Workers: Berkeley, Best Made, Co-Ed (Berger), Esquire (half hose), Excello, Gotham Gold Stripe, Granite. Holeproof, Hollywood, Lady Haven, Laurel, Logan, McCallum, Merit, Modern Maid, No-Mend, Oliver, Onyx Pointex, Opal, Rydal Triple Stripe, slliko, Titania, Trio, Van Raalte. In addition, the Unity Hosfery Mills, Milwaukee. Wis., sells a sllk stooking bearing the label of the United Textlle Workers of America. This is the only brand of women's full fashioned hosiery which bears the union label.

The fellow who in out of a job doesn't have to ask any statistician about the extent of unemployment. While the statistical folks disagree he knows that as long as one man who wants work can't get it, well, there is too much unemployment.

## Out Beyond the Surf-

Where thought, unhastened by necessity or trepida. tion, sometimes penetrates to truth. Here, where the shallows throw no spray, let us ponder and
enjoy the lessons of the art and the work and enjoy the
play of life
"There oughta be a law" remains about as popular a ver. Everyone rushes to Congress to getta law.
Not all succeed, but there has never yet been a Con: ress that didn't give somebody a law.
Laws are necessary-but not too many.
It was the original idea of the believers in: real democracy that democracy meant self-rellance, as well as self-government.

Logic seems to indicate that somewhere there is a line beyond which government, in the enveloping proc ess, begins to crowd self-reliance out into the street.

A well defined school believes in an extreme of gov rnment-government in every direction to the limit.
It seems permissible to say that is not the kind of people that carved away the primeval forest and set up the foundations of this great nation. They weren't for ever saying "there oughta be a law"-most of the time they were too busy doing things for themselves.

Nor is that all. Every time government branches into a new direction it steps on somebody's toes.

If, for your benefit, it steps on some other fellow's toes this time, it is turn-about if next time it steps on your toes for his benefit.
Regulation cannot forever be for some other person, some other group, some other interest.
Half the lobbies about which so much has been said lately are in the field to protect toes; some rightly, some no doubt wrongly.
Observe: Congress goes after some certain interest. Not only does that particular interest hire a lobby, but other interests, fearing they will be stepped on next, hire lobbles. The principle is not unlike the well-known phenomenon of protective coloration in wild life.

Let not the dear brothers rush in to proclaim that this is a blast against laws. Not so. It is a protent against every law that is not so necessary that its object cannot be achieved otherwise, or dispensed with entirely.

Example: We want legislation to protect women in industry, because they have not found the strength to protect themselves without law. We do not want lawn similarly protecting men-wage laws, minimum hour laws, and so on. That would hurt and not help.

Moreover, the business of getting laws passed has come to be more or less a matter of power. The best organized, most persuasive interests get laws. Consider the dry lobby, which has most Congressmen scared stiff.

To conduct modern, intricate, involved affairs with out what we now call laws requires much organization in every field so that rules and rezulations may be made within the field in which they are to apply.
Are we too indifferent, too stupid, or too lazy to do that? If so, then let 'er rip-let there be laws?

## The Southern Campaign Is Going Big

LRRD from the South is that a workmanlike on ganizing campaign is being constructed to fit results.

Sensationalism, flash-in-the-pan methods, whoopee proclamations-these are missing.

This is good news.
The whole campaign rests upon the fact that great masses of wage earners made known their desire to be organized, their wiliingness to listen to the message of trade unionism.

Without that basic thing little could be done.
All labor unions are voluntary associations of men and women. In labor unions nobody can force or compe anything.

The campaign is the right kind of a campaign. Not only does it embody the spirit of voluntary action, but it proceeds on reason. Even the most hard-boiled of employers are finding it difflcult to ring their old-time denunclations.

The Mississippi legislature, over a silly protest, de cides it wants to hear President Green. That is of tre mendous significance.

Francis Gorman, able Textile Workers' vice-pres dent, addresses 1,000 persons and 750 apply for mem bership.

The Southern organizing campaign is going big be cause it is going right.
Southern business, manufacture and general industry will be thankful, along with labor, for every inch of progress that is made.

The big pots and kettles in radio are calling each other black. Thus do we get confirmation of what labor said long ago in its fight to get proper treatment for just one, lone station.


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and
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Going Strong
Secretary Frank Morrison announces gain of about three-quarters of a million members, by the American Federation of Labor since the last published report was issued. The membership as given at this time is approximately $3,500,000$, to which may be added some 400,000 members of the four train service brotherhoods, working in harmony though not affiliated with the federation, thus making about $3,900,000$ members in thus making about $3,900,000$ members in
all. The 1928 figures were $2,896,063$, all. The 1928 figures were $2,896,063$,
The "double-the-membership" campaign seems to have been reasonably effective -and the end to not yet.

Efficiency
It seems that one of the employes of Henry Ford dreamed that Henry died. He dreamed that he saw the black casket being borne by six of Henry's oldest and most faithful employes. As the casket came by Henry raised up, looked around and offered the following suggestion:
"If you would put rollers under this casket, you could lay off five men."-Ex

## They Get Truthful

He-Woman, she's only a rag, a bone
and a hank of hair.
She-And man, he's only a jag, a drone and a tank of air.

Light Occupation
"When does the next train come in?" asked little Edward of the old station agent.
"Why, you little rascal, I've told you five times that it comes in at 4.44."
"I know it," replied Edward, "but I like to see your whiskers wobble when you say 4.44."-Ex.

## Such a Heart!

"Wall Street has no heart!" exclaimed the broker.
"Oh, yes, it has," replied his wife. "I was just reading that bonds dropped in sympathy with stocks."-Ex.

## OVER <br> FEDERATION FIELD

By. Executive Officer CHAUNCEY A. WEAVER
With the unfolding of the panorama of the year the Federation eye turns Bostonward. Local No. 9 is not only
making all necessary preparations for the Thirty-fifth Annual Convention, which convenes in that city on Monday, June 9th, but is apparently receiving fine cooperation from other New England Locals which have a natural pride in booming the Massachusetts Bay Tercen tenary which is scheduled for wide
servance throughout the entire year.
In response to previous comment appearing in these columns, comes a letter of breezy cordiality from President Joseph T. Rainey, of Local No. 349, Man-
chester, N. H., outlining the possiblities for "inspirational education to all who are fortunate enough to visit the east," from which we reproduce the following paragraphs:
Here in Boston they will stand on the in the Cradle of Liberty. As their eyes rest on Plymouth Rock they will visualize the kaleidoscopic events that follow in
the history of that brave little band just disembarked from the Mayflower. O their hardships and sufferings and their through it all by Captain Miles Standish and his army of 12 valiant men.
They will renew their historical data Lexington Common and almost again see "the embattled farmers stand and fire the shot heard 'round the world," and its echo reverberate in the Union.
out every state in
They will be truly impressed as they at Charlestown and picture in their mind's eye that noble patriot and virile
statesman, Daniel Webster, as he began statesman, Daniel Webster, as he began his address "Venerable men at its dedito their lips "Liberty and Unton, Now and Forever, One and Inseparable.
Other scenes will attract the visitor: The old State House suggesting the Boos-
ton Massacre: The old burying grounds rich in historic interest where
"Each in his narrow cell forever laid,
As the delegates gaze outward to the hatbor it will require but little imagina their work of tossing Thea Party busy a Cour The Cals Longfellow of Theme and Harvard college Haverhill of Whittier fame and Hannah Dustin as the Indian captive
Thence Northward following the Merri mac river "that turns more spindles than
any other in the world" to Amherst N. H., the birthplace of to Amherst, . H., the birthplace of Horace Greeley Tribune, whose editorial, "You lie, yom you, you know you lie," has ome a classic among the old editorial writers, and whose defeat for the Presidency hurried him to an untimely grave O Manchester, the largest city of New Hampshire, home 1 heat the redcoat loday or Molly Stark's a widow.
If the delegates can spare time the should go to Franklin and visit Webster Cottage, brrthplace of the Great Danie and last but not least Dartmouth college

Aside from historic interests there a teamboat rides down the harbor to Nantasket with its grand clambakes, shore drives and dinners without number: Visits to Sudbury Inn of Henry Ford
fame: All these combined with the local attraction of the city serve to make one iever-to-be-forgotten vacation.
With this review of New England history, who would not be glad of an opportunity to visit Boston this coming June?

The departed musician is not always forgotten. He often lives in the memorles of those who knew his capabilities and worth. The mustelans of York City and York county, Pennsylvania, the home of Local No. 472, recently did a most appropriate act in erecting and dedicating a tablet-a bronze plate on a granite base

- to the memory of the late W . Paris

Chambers-one of the most brilliant cor net players and able composers of band music of the past generation. The Musical Enterprise reports of the occasionJohn H. Cochrane presided during the
exercises at the graveside. A York minister offered the invocation. Then the combined York City and Springgarden
Bands played "March Religioso," which Bands played "March Religioso," which
was one of Chambers' Chairman Allen M. Seitz presented the tablet to the members of the Chambers Camily and the combined bands then played "The old Church Organ," another of Chambers ${ }^{\text {compositions. The bands }}$, Tirected by Roland F Feitz, of Glen Rock. Walter B. Hays, Esq, a prominent York attorney, delivered the eulogy, and a local minister pronounced the benediction.

No band member who has played "Chicago Tribune," "Shoulder to Shoulder," "Brothers in Arms," and other stirring marches bearing the name of Chambers, would ever hesitate to bear testimony to the sterling character of his work as a composer. The musicians responsible for this recognition are to be commended for their action.

We are pleased to acknowledge receipt of Official Bulletin of Local No. 78, Syracuse Musicians' Protective Associationeight pages of official information and newsy reading matter. One interesting feature is a list of forty-three bands and orchestras claiming home or headquarters in that jurisdiction. This would seem to indicate that the business is there or thereabouts. Thank you, secretary George $F$. Wilson, for being thus remembered.

It is a pleasure to note that the standard of musical taste is becoming more and more elevated all the while. For example we notice one publishing house announces fresh from the inspiration incubator the following "best sellers"bles and Bets, She Smokes Cigarettes, But She's Mine, all Mine." We doubt not they are selling like hot dogs at a county fair.

Musicians hungering for a morsel of food for thought might try the following old world dispatch on their intellectual gastronomics:
Budapest, Feb. 1 (INS).-Frank Sze an instrument on which a single player an instrument on which a single player instrument known, has been expelled from this city, together with his contraption, it was learned today.
The expulsion was brought about by
jazz musicians who felt the machine jazz musicians who felt the
would deprive them of a living.
Szekeres' invention is a piano with drums and a saxophone attachment, which requires only one person to make all the noise required by jazz composi-
tions. The efficiency of the new instrutions. The efficiency of the new instru ment was fully recognized by a Hungar produce and advertise it on a large scale This aroused the suspicion of jazz musicians, who feared that the instru ment might deprive them of their jobs and popularity. They combined and decided to break the machine to pieces committed their first assault in a Budapest cafe.
The next day they extended their breaking activities to Mr. Szerkes, with the result that the inventor decided to leave his unappreciative country and take him
self to Vienna.
He is now reported to be dickering with American business men in an effort to States., Incidentally, he calls it a "break

There will not be much doubt about
successful "dicker" with American in terests. If the jazziphobia propagandists are given full sway they may eventually be able to establish "Boiler Factory Blues" as our most popular national air

Tri-City Local No. 67-Davenport, Rock Island and Moline-is mourning the loss of Henry Sontag, fine violinist and con-cert-meister of the local Symphiony 0 chestra and who was also first violinist of the string quartet of WOC, and who recently passed away after a very brief
illness. illness.

The thirtieth anniversary of the organ ization of Local No. 103, Columbus, Ohio
has just been celebrated by an elaborate banquet and musical entertainment. From a letter by F. P. Mader we would say it was a most successful affair. Among the speakers were Joseph Cross, represent ing the Columbus Chamber of Commerce Capt. W. H. Fisher, captain of the Colum bus Rifles, a well-known military organ ization; Gustav Bruder, leader of the Co lumbus Rifles Band, and who has been very active in the local from the begin ning; Mabel Abbott, representing the ladies of the organization. Alghonse Cincione spoke for the American Alphons Band, and Frank Mehler represented the Columbus Battalion Band, the oldest or ganized band in Columbus.
A forty-piece orchestra, under the di ection of Bert Williams, musical dire or of Loew's Ohio Theatre, furnished ex cellent music during the program, among the selections being: "Mississippi Suite," Grofe; "Danse Macabre," Saint-Saens,
and "Gypsy Romance" Overture, Keteland "Gypsy Romance" Overture, Ketel bey.

A humorous note was injected during the proceedings by the presentation of an exceedingly old and battered cornet to President Geo. Bope, by Vice-Presiden Frank Todhunter.
It is interesting to note that President Bope is one of the few remaining char ter members of the local, and he also served as its first president.

Speaking of the 1930 census we glean he following news item from the New Orleans Prelude (Local No. 174)-
Albert A. Levy, former president of this Local, is again a proud father. A boy pp to seven. As a certain gentleman r narked to the happy Mr. Levy: "You ar

March is the jazz month of the calendar year.
Our old friend Shepard Pearson, long connected in an official capacity, wit Local No. 40 of Baltimore, has entered the ranks of real estate dealers in that city with offices at No. 202 Amsterdam Building. We hope that the Baltimore real estate may prove to be "pay dirt" in of success may come to him

According to The Intermezzo, Mr Jacques Gordon, for many years Concert Master of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra, is to leave that position at the end of the present season and will thereafter Quartet. That paper adds:
Five patrons of music, giving lavishly for Mr Gordon to surrender his possible with the Symphony and devote himself exclusively to the upbuilding of the
String Quartet he has founded. This is String Quartet he has founded. This is
to be his lifework. The ambition he has to be his lifework. The ambition he has be realized. While deeply regretting his departure from the orchestra, Dr. Stock is nevertheless in sympathy with Mr. Gor don's purpose. He realizes just what his
Concert Master is seeking to accomplish, Concert Master is seeking to accomplish, has wished him the fullest success in the
undertaking, and has expressed a willing ness to co-operate with him in any way that lies within his power. A farm has been purchased near Canaan, Connecticut erected. In addition there will be house and concert hall.

California music circles are mourning the death of Art Hickman, member of Local No. 6, who passed away at San
Francisco following a major operation at the age of only 42 years. He was noted dance orchestra leader on the Pa cific coast and very popular with all who knew him.

One of the Federation Locals which has exemplified earnest and intelligent pur pose in crusading against mechanica music is Local No. 150, of Springfield Mo., where the issue has been carried to every civic organization in the com-
munity. The Local maintains a "Public Relations Committee" which is constanitl at work. Their zeal is certainly worth emulating.

This is the last call to Locals located


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## TURKISH CYMBALS   <br> 

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In the Jurisdiction of the Mid-West Conference of A. F. of M., to see that they are duly represented by one or more delegates at the annual conference which takes place at St. Paul, (Local No. 30) March 30-31, at the Hotel Lowry. Al though the snow is pretty deep the prairies seem to be getting on fire for the occasion. As the society reporter would say-"It will be an occasion long to be remembered."

The melody tinkers are trying to bring the "Star Spangled Banner" within the vocal range of those who attempt to sing it. In the band arrangement the high C and Bb boys will still have the right to see what they can do in the altitudinous register.

Local No. 259, Parkersburg, West Va., reports a highly successful annual banquet. These annual get-together affairs are so stimulative of good fellowship and so strengthening of mutual purpose we often wonder why the idea is not more generally followed than it seems to be.

From far away Hastings, New Zealand, we find the following good word for municipal bands:
I look upon municipal music, as we
know it in Auckland, as the cheapest, the know it in Auckland, as the cheapest, the
best and the most profitable form of enbest and the most profitable form of en-
tertainment one can be invited to patrontertainment one can be invited to patron-
ize. And after hearing the wretched tincanned music, so frequent of late, dinning our ears, and offending our musical sensibilities, we have to be very thankful for municipal music as we know it; for
we can only appreciate good music after we can only appreciate good music after
hearing bad music. hearing bad music.
Such expressions of opinion from abroad makes one feel like shaking
"Hands Across the Sea." "Hands Across the Sea."

From Washington, D. C., the formation of a new National Symphony Orchestra is reported. There are several United States senators who might qualify in the wind-instrument section if that line of talent should happen to run low in the regular musical ranks.

Another test of canned musical goods Another test of canned musical goods
will be the degree to which they can will be the degree to
stand the hot weather.

The latest medical fad seems to be to diagnose a talkative disposition as "parrot" disease.

Sir Harry Lauder declares that the bést novel a man can read is his own bank book. Thanks to American theatre audiences the Lauder bank-book ought to make

It is reported that mustaches are coming back into fashion. It is to be hoped, however, that the reviving style will not include again the squirrel-tail blonde variety.
City Hail pay-day in Chicago is now greeted with national hollday enthusiasm.

## Remarkable Things Said-

Joseph R. Grundy: I knew I was obnoxious to many people. But that did not matter.

Herbert Hoover: I am convinced that we have re-established confidence.
Victor A. Olander: Poverty, cruelty, greed and crime will dissolve into a forgotten past when friendship to mankind gotten past when friendship to mankere standard of conbecom
Matthew Woll: All too often the first thought of the newly organized is, "When do we strike?"

Willam Green: We believe that if we are permitted to function in the South we could develop co-operation and understanding between employers and omstanding
ployees.

## The Cherry Tree <br> Little Hatchet we tell the truth about many things, sometimes profoundly, sometimes flippantly, sometimes recklessly

Did you notice the other Chase National the other day, that the arranged to for Cuba?

The Chase National is very close to Cuba. Of course it will get the usual fee for selling these bonds, but more important than that, the bond issue will cement the grip of Chase National on the Island. The next day it was announced that the $\$ 9,000,000$ claim of an Americap citizen would be arbitrated. This American J. E. Barlow, holds a decision from Cuba's highest court supporting his claim. That would seem to remove it from th field of arbitration. But the Cuban the ernment wants the property and that' ernment wants the property-and that's Maybe a the
Maybe a part of that $\$ 40,000,000$ bond ssue will be used to pay the claim of Mr Barlow. Or, maybe it was decided to propose an arbitration so as to remove the cause of friction from the scene of action before proposing a bond issue.
The two events came so close together that a connection is held more than likely by persons who have observed Cuban developments.
Labor's only interest in the incident is as an observer of the manipulations of a regime that has manifested a czaristic brutality toward the masses of the people.

The Cannery Racket is what the American Federation of Musicians calls the mechanical music supplied with today's sound pictures which throws orchestras out of jobs and gives us imitation music for real music.
The Cannery Racket it is. Mechanical music has its place, and a big place, as the Federation gladly points out. But when an imitation seeks to usurp a whole field in which it cannot successfully substitute, then the cash customers have a right to howl.
The Musicians have formed the Music Defense League. President Weber calls it the fastest growing organization in the world. It ought to be. It has a big mission.
Sound music in theaters is no more than phonograph music. If any theatre carted a phonograph out on the stage in full view it would be given the royal razz. berry. Because it is unseen and a part of the film we take it and smile as if we liked it.

The talking parts of pictures have their value. The offering of music out of the can is, except in places where no orches tra exists, a needless insult to the music craving of the people.
Down with the can!
A great safety movement has grown up in the United States. It is saving arms and legs, eyes and faces every week. It

## is a magnificent thing.

Of course it doesn't suit the ideas of those who want to see conditions get worse so that we will all go out and lay in the mud behind barricades, but'most of us like it.
Mostly the safety movement was started by unions. In many cases unions and union men are responsible for safety codes and safety laws. In Massachusetts a mason was responsible for a whole big section of the State safety code.
All over the country unions have fought lor safety. Many of them write safety provisions into their trade agreements. They have put a stop to dangerous tools and practices.

Employers used to fight safety provisions because they often cost money. Now they know that safety saves money.
Many archaic practices have gone into the discard. Life is constantly made safer and better.

The trade union movement's achievements are to be found on every hand. Many of them are unrecorded, which is a pity.
But the trade union movement didn't start out to build a monument for itself. It started out to make life better and it keeps on doing that. It is a living monukeeps on doing that. It is a living monu-
ment, concerned with life, not with monument,
ments.

This is a mighty queer world. It is filled with tricks and dodges. It. is filled with doings that do not seem consistent. Some of those doings are the doings of the United States government, whose left hand sometimes doesn't give a hang what its right hand does.
The Associated Press informs us that Carl Williams, of the Federal Farm Board, had told cotton growers in Mis000 sissippi that a crop in excess of 40,000 , growers agreed to play safe in their plant growe
ing.
The

The government warned the growers not to produce too much. In other words, it advised them to avoid producing too much
To put it still more plainly, the govern ment advised curtailment of output!
Carl Williams did, in the name of the Federal Farm Board what Secretary of Labor Davis would have done if he had got workmen together and warned them it was danerous to lay bricks for mor than a given number of houses or stores.

After putting that one in the book, turn to the first page of last Sunday's New York newspapers for a combination of tragedy and hope

Under the Baumes laws, which make life sentences mandatory for "habitual" criminals, a certain Mrs. Ruth St. Clair was sent up for life as a confirmed shoplifter.
That shows, some will say, the stupidIty of having laws like that, with no ex ceptions, no room for flexibility.
The hope is in the fact that the Governor has interested himself in the case and may grant clemency.
Michigan has found out that it doesn't ike hard bolled laws that have no flexibility. Maybe it has discovered that it isn't quite sure when crime repetition becomes "habitual" and when it is the circumstances, instead, that are "habitual," or chronic.
New York seems to be getting jolted along toward similar conclusions.

The International Federation of Trade Unions has interested itself in the question of whether the married woman should work for pin money.
J. H. Thomas, labor minister in the MacDonald cabinet, sought to shake the world by proclaiming they should stay out of industry so others might do the mont
The International Federation quoter President Green and others as saying sensibly that in most cases it is not a question of double subsistence. The add ed income is needed.
On the whole the business of trying to tell any person, man or woman, that he or she must not do some form of work is dangerous. Of course it is one of those cases in which the national expediency may seem in conflict with unquestioned individual rights.
But, whether cabinet members fulminate or keep still, women-and men-will continue to find work so as to earn money to buy things they want that badly. And, to buy things they want that badly. And, on tha whole, it is an ambition, not too
safely curbed. It is a part of the ambisafely curbed. It is a part of the ambi-
tion that keeps the race climbing upward. Ition that keeps the race climbing upward It is the same urge that makes a man hunt a better job so that he can get a car for the family. And when a minister ha no better remedy to offer for too much misery he would seem to be falrly near his wits' end.

## In Memoriam

The shades of night were falling fast, The fool stepped on it and rushed past The fool stepped on it and rushed pa
A crash! He died without a sound. A crash! He diod without a sound.
They opened up his head and found "Excelsior."


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"The Moving Finger Writes"<br>About Labor Events

FEWER GERMAN CHILDREN EMPLOYED AS MESSENGERS - Fewer children under 14 years of age in Germany are being employed before and after school hours as messengers and after school hours as messengers according to the reports of the labor inspectors. This decrease is atlabor inspectors. and inspectors with child welfare authorities in enforcing the child labor law, to a changed attitude on the part of parents and to the preference given by employment agencles to adult applicants because of the prevailing unemployment situation.

WASHINGTON STATE DECISION ON PICKETING-Men walking regular beats from points 100 feet on either side of a place of business and carrying banners and other notices of a strike within were recently held by the Washington State Supreme Court outside of the scope of the term "pickets" as it is used in connection with labor disputes. The distance of their activities from the establishment in question, the court declared, was supficlently reasonable under all the circumstances to exempt them from restraint as to those particular acts.
The definition of "picketing" generally set out by the authorities, the opinion explained, contains the suggestion of "bring to bear of pressure, intimidation, physical, mental or moral, by the pickets upon employes or possible employes of a certain business, or upon patrons or posstble patrons thereof, with the view of in some manner injuring or interfering with such business."
However, it was noted, that there must be some distance from an establishment at which a man standing bearing such banners as were involved in the case could on no theory be called a "picket," but merely a disseminator of information. This distance, the opinion adds, is to be determined by setting some arbitrary point which, in view of the surrounding
circumstances, is proper and reasonable.

LOUISIANA LABOR MAN DEADO. C. Merritt, 51, vice-president of the Shreveport, La., Trades and Labor Councll and fifth vice-president of the Louisiana State Federation of Labor, is dead, after an Illness of two weeks. Mr. Merritt had been identified with organized labor for many years and was untiring in his efforts for a higher standard of living for the worker. He was an ice cutter and organized a union of ice cutters sixteen years ago, serving many times as gate to the Trades Council for ten years and an annual delegate to the State Federation of Labor since 1921.

NEW ZEALAND SETS DOLES FOR IDLE-New Zealand has decided on paying doles to relieve the unemployed. So called sustenance payments for unemployed men of twenty years of age and more will be about $\$ 5.25$ a week, and for women of twenty years of age and more, about $\$ 4.37$. Men between eighteen and twenty years of age will receive $\$ 3.75$ and women between eighteen and twenty years of age, \$3.18.
In addition, a married woman will recelve $\$ 4.37$ weelely, along with an allowance of \$1 a week for each child under sixteen years of age, the family not to exceed four children.

SEAMEN'S OLDEST OFFICER RE-TIRES-The resignation of George Hansen, agent of the Sailors' Union of the Great Lakes at the port of Detroit, due to ill health, marks the retirement from active service of the oldest officer of the union, both in lengty of service and age. Agent Hansen is one of the fast disap-
pearing type of the old school of sallors who received their training on board sailing vessels. George Hansen joined the Sailors' Union of the Great Lakes in 1882 and has held continuous membership since that time. Forty-eight years as a trade unionist is a record of loyalty to a trade unionist is a record of loyalty to a
cause that any man can well refer to with cause that any man can well refer to with
pride. With the exception of two years, pride. With the exception of two years,
Hansen has served the union as an offlcer Hansen has served the union as an officer
since 1900 , being agent at the port of since 1900, being agent at the port of
Buffalo from 1900 to 1922 . From 1924 up to the time of his resignation he filled the same office at the port of Detroit. Seamen's Journal.

## WE'LL GO ON HOPING

By CHARLES B. DRISCOLL
One thing is necessary if we are to get anything out of this remarkable ad venture called life. It is hope. Each uture moment is unknown to us, and it arrives to us darkly unless we have predle of hope.
For very many, 1929 has contained dark days and nights. Not so dark and not so long as were the days and nights of all the world a few years ago, when the most intelligent part of the human the most inteligent part of the human ace was devoting all its energies to blowing itsele to bits and crawing hither and thither in damp, dirty, unhealthy trenches. But into each year there come a certain amount of discouragement and pain for many people.
If you are among those who experienced sadness or reverses during 1929, consider what chiefly made it possible for you to live through the year. Hope of course. Hope that things would be better. Those who lost hope are not with us to greet the New Year. Those who abandoned hope are not among us to greet with our lighted candle each fresh moment, each mysterious day that follows upon the heels of the departing past. They have abandoned the adventure, along with hope, for the adventure ccises to be possible when hope is gone.

Now, many people have a tendency to abandon hope almost wholly, whenever there is any symptom of darkness coming on. The doctor says: "You have anemia," or "Possibly there is a spot on your right lung," and straightway they collapse. Self-pity covers them over like a landslip of dark mud, and the light of hope, if it is to shine into their lives at all, must be nursed and tended by relatives, friends and acquaintances.
A friend of mine from New Mexico was in my office the other day. Ten years ago the best doctors informed him that he had tuberculosis, and a bad case. He looks the best now that he ha's looked since I have known him. He has just written a book in his spare time, and he came to New York to talk to publishers about it. He took some tests at a laboratory, and was informed that he still has tory, and was informed that he still has tuberculosis. It's all right with him. He
doesn't mind having it, so long as it perdoesn't mind having it, so long as it per-
mits him to go on enjoying and apprecimits him to go on enjoying and appreci-
ating a world that has unfolded some of ating a world that has unfolded some
its most wonderful treasures to him.
So don't.abandon hope just because the financial expert says your stocks will never come back to what you paid for them. Don't get the glooms, and spoit another good year, just because you can't get the girl you want, or because the man you have set your heart upon has gone fluttering away with the w.nter leaves.
Life isn't so simple as all that. It isn't made up ontirely of one element, of one love, of one interest. If you keep hope alive, the days will pass, and with them the worst of the storm. If yout let selfpity smother your optimism, hope will die out, and you will face blackness. You can be so sorry. for yourself over a bad tooth that you can be driven to suicide, But you can be so hopeful in the midst of the ruins of all your dream that nobody will know the extent of your catastrophe. Yes, for another year we must go on hoping. We cannot do otherwise.


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STREET.
STATE
old age pension experience dUE QUICKLY

Increased interest in old age pensions must follow the recent action by the American Federation of Labor reiterating its backing for the plan with which, admittediy, many of the leaders are not in accord.
Addition of Utah to the list of States now paying old age pensions also increases interest in the project to relieve the destitute aged by means of State pensions.
Proponents of the plan point out that It replaces the poorhouse, a disgraceful relic of the earlier American efforts to care for the aged and discarded. On the other hand it is contended that State old age pensions point directly toward State socialism and unless stopped must lead to agitation for unemployment insurance and sickness insurance, the three caliing for a gigantic State machine which cannot be kept out of politics. They then point to these developments as certain: 1. Agitation for increase in the amount of pension.
2. Agitation for lowering of the pensionable age.
3. Development of lobbies and campaign organizations to bring about these changes.
4. Subtracting of much trade union effort from purely trade union purposes. 5. General encouragement of a broader program of State socialism.
Whether these fears held by trade unionists hostile to all measares tlinged with socialism will materialize remains to be seen through practice. In any event old age pensions have been adopted by a sufficient number of States to leave but little time for discovery of results. In addition to State experience there is also the experience of those unions that have pension or relief plans. But the State old age pension systems will provide the real working material of experience.


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# A SOUTHERNER LOOKS AT HIS MILL TOWNS 

Ignorance, Exploitation, Joined, Beget Tragedies-South Baffled by Effects of Modern Machine Production.

## By DR. LOIS MacDONALD

$T^{\mathrm{T}}$ is extremely difficult if not impossible to summarize the present course public opinion in the South, or opinion about the South, which exists in
any other mection of the country. At best opinion is an elusive thing, and when one finds such undercurrents as are moving in the Southern public at this time, the ground is indeed slippery. What I should like to do here then is to discuss and interpret as accurately as possible some current notions which lie back of the events of the last eight months in which the South has held the headines of the Lindberghs or the Rothsteln murder).
In general there are two kinds o Southerners, those by birth and those by profession. A perusal of the birth rates in the States below the Potomac will reveal the fact that there are a great number of people born in the first group; recent interest which the country as a whole has taken in the South is responsibie for the rapid increase in the second. I speak as a Southerner by birth. My father a South Carolinian; I have spent most of my life in a typical Southern small town in which the white people lived in one end of town, the mill people at the other; the black people lived around the edges, and between each there is a great gulf fixed. Certainly the white people are sure that they bridge the gulf intellectually and that they know all there is to know about the other two groups. My experience has been that they know very little about the real life and problems of either.

Lived in Mill Villages
However, since I became interested in the problems of the industrial South, I have lived in textile mill villages (the company-owned towns) in both of the Carolinas, and have worked on a twelvehour night shift in a Georgia mill-all before the South became the center of the new cult. So whether my remarks are on the right track or on the wrong one, "they got their start" as we say down South before the recent tragic events turned the eyes of the nation to that section; and they have grown out of years of experience and research.
There have been great strikes before in the South. In 1921 as many, if not more, textile workers as have heer out went on strike with Charlotte as the cenier. There were long and bitter contests, having some of the same elements which have aroused the country in the recent ones. Whether the leadership has been that of the cohservative United Textile Workers or the radical National Textile Workers, the recent strikes struck a chord of extreme interest and sympathy outside the section. The reason for the present interest is that the country in general is much more aware that the situation in the Southern wing of the industry has very great bearing on the future of the industry everywhere. This consciousness has brought more interest
than ever before, and interest which is perhaps centered as much on the indirect rather than the direct effects of the strikes. Whether striking workmen gain their points in specific instances is perhaps less important on the whole than whether the outcome is such that labor organization will continue and whether enough public sentiment is aroused to insure improvement in the present low standards of labor.

## Would Eliminate Nonsense

What is this South anyway, this new ndustrial South? During the past months I have read much sense and also much nonsense about it. The world would be much better if much of what John Galsworthy calls "blurb" could be eradicated from the utterances on both sides of the Mason-Dixon line. Certainly the South is a land of contrasts, though perhaps of lessening contrasts, slow, easy going ways, soft manners and speech sometimes, beauty of surroundings often, romance occasionally; and on the other hand hideous cruelty, condoned if not engaged in-evident during past years in interracial conflicts and coming to the fore lately in the character of dealing with industrial disputes.
It seems to me, however, that the industrial South differs very slightly from other industrial sections, if one gets down to rock bottom. The sociologist would probably talk about social evolution and the cultural lag; the economist of what happens when one way of making a living gives way to another one with very advanced technique, and the bearing of the spectacular rise of the cotton manufacturing industry in the cotton-growing States on the industry in other parts of the country.
What is happening is that the South is recapitulating the chief phases of the Industrial Revolution in England a century ago. Laborers have come, not from handicraft trades, but directly from the tenant farm and the mountain cove to work in factories. They come from a life of poverty-as one of them said, "hard scratching to get vittles for the old woman and children." To such peo ple a miserably small cash wage seems at first to be a good exchange for thetr old
struggle with poor land and rocky hillstruggle with poor land and rocky hillsides. The social problems attending this rapid transition have overtaken the South. Industrial technique has outrun social technique. The South does not know how to deal with the social effects of machine production and it often looks as if the South does not wish to learn.

## Old Memories Burn

Perhaps such lessons cannot be learned without the wastes of experience. Add to this the heritage of "patronage and porerty" which comes down from days of slavery; and the psychology of a defeated people who continue to burn at the mem ory of reconstruction and carpet bag rule Carpet baggers came down to teach. backward people; labor agitators coming down ts the modern version. Often the Southerner does not see any difference. One finds these elements coming out in the recent tragic events and the rational izations of the average Southerner can not be grasped without understanding them.
Without going into detall I should like to mention some of the facts with regard to the Southern strikes. They have taken place at Elizabethṭon, Tenn., where about 5,000 rayon workers were involved; at Gastonia, N. C., where the workers in the Manville-Jencks mill struck under the leadership of the radical National Textlle Workers' Union; at Marion, N. C., and at a number of places in. South Caroling the leaderless strikes, as they were settled usually without the intervention of union offteials. The complaints of the workers have been long hours, short wages, the stretch-out system, the nonreoognition of the union. To date the toll
of life is nine-eight workers and one chief of police. For the death of the offcer seven-men have been committed to prison for terms varying from five to twenty years; for the death of eight workers all alleged to have been unarmed -seven shot while trying to escape tear gas on picket lines and the other ( mothe of five living childien) while riding on a truck to a union meeting. There have been investigations and indictments, but little action, which looks as if it will lead to more action. Irony it is that the prosecuting attorney who rolled on the floor and performed acrobatic stunts to convince that jury that the saven strikers and union leaders should be found guilty must also try these indicted for the kill ing of the woman strike leader some weeks have passed he reports that as yet he has no case.

Mobs Escape Court
What are the other elements? There have been home grown, Northern, and foreign mill management. Dealings have been about the same. There have been both conservative and radical unions; their treatment has been about the same, if anything the United Textile Workers have more counts on which they might complain. The militia has been called to the scene at Elizabethton, Marion, Gastonia, and to at least one place in South Carolina. There have been sweeping injunctions; mobs have destroyed union halls, dynamited houses, kidnapped union halls, dynamited houses, kidnapped union leaders and in some cases flogged them. The mobs have not been brought to court except in one instance and then the charges were dropped, one plea of the lawyers being that the union organizers had kidnapped themselves in order to create more trouble. Yet many people saw an assembled crowd and the marks which one man bore on his body were such that he was kept in a hospital for treatment for three days. Evictions of families from company houses took place when there was iliness in some families. In Marion a reliable witness wrote that the families of the massacred strikers were on an eviction list of the company Very little in that list to support an arguVery little in that list to support an argu-
ment for gentle ways among soft-speak ment for ge
ing people.

## THOUGHTS

Wiseacres are saying science is making war so terrible we will have no more wars. Yea? Wasn't substantially the same thing being said back when the ma chine gun first cald back when the ma wise when black powder was first put into a flintlock?
H. H. Broach, new president of the Electrical Workers, says, "I belleve in democracy only when it works." Doesn't democracy always work?

Shipbuiiders, hugging contracts for twenty new ships and looking for forty more, oppose any increase federa navy yard wages so they can build sald ships cheaply. As always, these gentle ment want to play Uncle Sam both way from the ace.

Editor of The Nation's Business, U. S. Chamber of Commerce organ, predicts more branch plants abroad this year more mechanization of Europe. And, are we to add, more unemployment for Amer ica?

The trade union is the one institution upon which an American wage earner can depend for the safegtarding of his interests.

Morgan's bank pays 100 per cent bonus o 1,000 employes, but that's the kind of "wage increase" that can't be depended upon for next year. The boss giveth and the bose taketh away,-but not when a strong unton sits in at the bargaining table!

Migratory exploiters, roving for "cheap labor," find more and more that the American Federation of Labor can to wherever capital can $g$, wherever the worker needs a friend.

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## Just Llke 'Em

After the locomotive had smashed a flivver at the crossing a flapper rose from the wreckage, practically uninjured. The engineer and others gathered around.
"Why in the world didn't you stop when you saw the train coming?" asked the engineer.

The flapper was indignant.
"I sounded my horn before jou blew your whistle!" she told him.-bx.

## Women Workers Poorest Paid

Condition Demands State Protection Against GreedWith Hours and Wages at Bottom of Scale, Union Sadly Needed.

[Note.-Mrs. Gifford Pinchot has here written with great candor her views of the situation confronting the rapidly growing numbers of women in industry. She joins her view with the vievs of the labor movement in opposition to the movement to remove helpful legislation secured by labor for the protection of women in industry.]

## by Cornelia Bryce Pticohot

Nearly all women work-probably thirty-four million of them in this country. Some have to work for a living; some do not. Some work for wo for a living or not, whether they work for wages or not, all the women who work are important to all other women, to men, and to the community. Unemployment is one consequence of not realiz ing this-and the whole community feels them, too. Sickness and suffering, neglected and delinquent children; lawbreak ing by old and young-all these are conse quences of not understanding the problems of women workers.
Women workers have been in the or ganized labor movement in this country almost from its beginning, more than a century ago. Along with the first machines, hundreds and thousands of women went into the factories. They worked from daylight to dark, and received a pittance for pay. Machines made those women competitors, with each other and with men, under conditions no individual could control.
A hundred years later, came a new host of women needing work. From overseas, they filled our tenements, shops, and factories. Competition among the newcomers increased competition with workers already here. The result wassweatshop living and working, and illhealth, accident, long hours, low pay, hunger and misery for the thousands and thousands of people. The National Women's Trade Union League of America came out of this second crisis for working women. It was organized in Boston in 1903.

Women's Work Increases
Whole areas of women-employing industries are now organized, and many of those workers have a forty-four hour week, with decent wages and working conditions. Where union protection does not reach, state laws have shortened hours and brought better industrial conditions to women, and through women to children and men.
Such laws reinforce the workers' bargaining power. They apply where the union cannot reach, and where voluntary action cannot be depended upon. Like unions, they fix minimum standards of hours, or pay, or working conditions, but they fix that minimum for workers who are not members of the unions as well as for those who are. They protect the individual worker by forbidding his employer to undercut legal standards.

Opposes "Feminist" View
I belleve in this social and protective legislation, I believe that the State must recognize its responsibility for safeguarding children, for insurance of various kinds, for the principle of accident compensation, for establishing standards in factories and mines and so on. There are women who do not hold with such laws. They would abolish all protective legislation that does not apply equally to both sexes. They call themselves femin-ists-ultra feminists. In reality, they seem to me academic feminists whose theories are based upon a world that does not exist. Their argument is that the laws that protect women actually discriminate against them, that a limitation of hours for women and certain standards of working conditions keep women out
of good jobs, because employers prefer to hire men rather than maintain these standards.
The Woman's Bureau has recently published a comprehensive and intensive study of this subject. In brief this stady proves that the Woman's party arguments are unsound. Except in one or two cases affecting only an exceedingly small num ber of individuals the laws protecting ber of individuals the laws protecting
woman workers have not hampered them in any way.
"Equal Rights" Misleading Many professional and business women do not realize the problem that the in dustrial woman has to face; hence, they are apt, some of them, to be misled by this slogan of "equal rights for women." When I studied logic, I remember being told not to reason from an analogy. Two things that are equal to the same thing are equal to one another. That is true -but two things that are equal in one two qualities to a third thing may be entirely different from one another. The entirely anerontron one another. The professional woman and the woman in industry are alike only in that they a both women and both wage-earners. The professional woman-physician or lawyer, for instance-enters the fleld as a trained adult. She finds herself one of a limited number of women in the field. Her competition is not with those few selected women, but with men, against whom she bids for the same patients, for the same clients. Except as she is discriminated against because of sex prejudice (and I am not minimizing that) the professional woman can advance in her calling as far $2 s$ her talents take her The salaried woman in the professions, The salaried woman in the professions, aiso has comparatively little competition from other women. With both the selfemployed and the salaried professional woman the problem is a matter of re-
moving the restrictions based on sex moving the
prejudice.
The woman in business for herself invests her capital and her ability. Here again she is competing with man, though less fiercely. The business women in executive or administrative positions know that the best jobs are saved for men. Here again equal opportunity depends upon removing the limitations imposed by sex prejudice.

## Unorganized Woman Helpless

But the woman in industry is one of a million-helpless in mass competitionworking at mechanical jobs. Her situa tion is one that must be dealt with collectively for the group or type or class, Usually women wage earners go to work in their early teens. Their mechanized jobs can be learned in a few days, or weeks. They enter industry by the hundreds and the thousands. Since training counts for little, almost any girl can take another's place. Industry competes fo cheap labor and woman's labor has been historically the cheapest of all laber historically except that of children.
It is not sex prejudice that keeps the industrial woman worker down. It in exploitation. The untrained woman ham to protect herself against multitudes of other women pressing for her job at wages lower than any man would takelower, ipdeed, than are offered to any man. The fundamental problem of women workers is to meet the competition of women with women. The effect is


## MOTHERS' HOPES

What Chance Have They if Real Music Must Be Sacrificed to Machine-made Sound?

MOTHERS strive valiantly to give their children happiness-a chance to enjoy the richest, fullest lives. Contrary forces forever oppose Mother's hopes.
Today change-speed-unrest work to thwart her longing for contentment. . . . The ruthless spirit of the Machine Age threatens to crowd out all humanizing culture. . . . Men and women whiz heedlessly through life to the clatter of the eternal machine. . . . Now, the machine has entered the realm of the musical art. Is this the Song of Progress? No! Machine-made music can never provide a substitute for the mellowing cultural influence of Real Music. Those concerned for the future of the race will resent the strangling of the art of music by a mechanical substitute in the theatre. Yet the art WILL BE strangled if this false economy is not halted by public demand. . . . Here is opportunity for Mother and all who share her hopes to cast a vote for preservation of Living Music. SIGN THE COUPON. Then mail it.
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the law of the jungle. The first answer, of course, is the union. But unionization has never covered anything like the millions of factory workers. To reinforce the standards set up by the unfons, we have devised social legislation to fix a minimum standard of working condtions, a minimum wage, health and accidental protection, and so on. The individual worker cannot enforce such legislation. The ultra-feminists ask, "Why not apply these laws to men, also?" The answer is that it does not seem to be politically feasible, and up to this time, the courts have generally been against it.

## Legislation No Panacea

Legisiation cannot do all that has to be done, however. Workers find it better to werk out many problems for themselves, through the unions. Many women have not been interested in unions-many of them do not understand the labor problem. Young women workers espe-
clally find a thousand things to take up time and energy. It is only human to forget about the factory and the shopat least until the next day. But unfortunately there is the next day and the next again, the long procession of days and months and years to come. Forgetting will not change conditions or im. prove wages. Someone has to talke acprove

Women are in many ways harder to organize than men. I belleve that it is an accepted fact. For one thing, after the factory day is done, women go home and start another job. The married women have their housekeeping to do-cooking, cleaning, sewing, minding the children, and so on-and many of the gtrls who have no householde of their own, help their mothers. The idea that atl they do after the day's work is over is rush out to buy silk stockings and fur coats is unfortunately not generally true.

## The Temporary Work Idea

Many of these girls expect to stay at the factory only until they marry. of course they would like to be paid better, and they could suggest improvements in the conditions under which they work, but they figure that after all it is only for a short time and perhaps it is not worth agitating about-certainly not worth fighting for. They do not worry about the men and women who are going to stay on in industry all their lives. It is a selfish point of view, but it is very human.
Then there is another group-my labor anion friends tell me this is chiefly made up of American-born women-who will have nothing to do with labor organizations, who think that the union is not lady-like, that unions lead to strikes, and strikes lead to fighting, and that fighting is not pleasant.
Now this is a point of view I cannot understand, and find it very hard to forgive. I like to think that American women remember that their country was dedicated to ideals of freedom and equalfty. It is hard to think that there are women who are willing to lie down under injustice and keep sllent in spite of oppression, because they are afraid of becoming "unladylike." If that is what being a lady means, then heaven help me to be the other thing. I want no part of gentility on such a basis.
It would be a sad day for America if the women of the present generation decided to lay aside the old traditions of honor, fortitude-and constancy. There is a very old French saying, "Noblesse centuries. Literally translated it means, centuries. Literally translated it means, "Nobility compels," compels one to stand up for truth, to fight for honor, to have courage to lead against baseness and injustice.

From that point of view every "lady" in every factory should be the first to Join her union, to lead and sustain the all is said and done, the function of a all is said and done, the function of a
trade union is to fight for justice and for humanity. It is a fallacy, of course, to humanity. It is a fallacy, of course, to
think of unions only in terms of strikes. think of unions only in terms of strikes.
Unions mean strikes sometime, but the Unions mean strikes sometime, but the
whole effort of modern trade unionism is to avoid conflict. Where unions exist and function they are a means to prevent fighting by composing the difference between the two groups in a way that is fair and equitable to both.
The new industrial philosophy has this basis; higher wages and shorter hours; more money for the workers to spend; more leisure for the workers to want and to use what their wages will buy. But the lowest wages and the longest hours still fall to the women workers. Of the rewards of labor, women get the smallest share. How, then shall women secure their chance to work? Their fair share of the values their work creates?
We know that today there are not enough jobs to go around, that there are now more men, and also more women, now more men, and also more women,
than ever before who want and need to work. At the same time the number of work. At the same time the
Machines are taking the jobs of human hands and brains and still more machines are coming. Nobody yet knows how to make the number of jobs keep pace with machines. Nobody can tell how long it will take to adjust ourselves to the changes these new machines will make in our lives, or how much suffering may come before that adjustment is made. No worker fs safe until all are safe. Here Is vast need, vast opportunity, for the legislative safeguards organized women can help devise for themselves and for their fellow workers.

## Taking No Chances

Grocer (to small customer)-Willie, would you like to have an apple? Willie-No, sir. Im afraid to eat 'em. Grocer-Why?
Willie-'Cause my grandfather died of applelexy-Exchange.

## As the Worker Sees His World <br> Summary and Digest of Import Events Here and Abroad.

Seven miners were killed by an explosion in a mine at Straven, Ala., on January 13.
The United States Department of Labor reports that the Danish House of Com mons recently passed a bill providing im mediate relief for unemployed laborers.

Wage increases have been obtained by the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks as the results of new agreements signed with the Louisville \& Nashville Railroad and the Gulf, Mobile \& Northern.

Judge C. E. Lidsey of Chicago recently did the unusual by refusing to grant an injunction to prevent locked out millinery workers from picketing the shops of their former employers.
Four hundred and fifty employes of the International Paper Mills, Laine, Miss., find it difficult to believe that prosperity is abroad in the land, as the plant has just closed down, pending further orders. At the recent meeting of the American Federation of Labor Executive Counci! in Florida, the election of a vice-president to succeed the late James P. Noonan was put off until the council's May meeting. The Central Labor Union of Washington, D. C., has adopted a resolution opposing the Jones bill to permit appointment of outsiders as District Commissioners.

Two hours after Pascual Oritz Rubio had taken the oath as President of Mexico on February 5 in Mexico City an unsuccessful attempt to assassinate him was made at the gates of the National Palace by a man who shot him in the cheek.

The Printing Pressmen and Feeders' Union of Toronto, Canada, which has remained outside the International Print ing Pressmen and Assistants' Union of ing Pressmen and Assistants' Union of
North America for 22 years, recently North America for 22 years, recently
voted to affliate with the international. Mayor Curley of Boston recently made a plea before the legislative committee on municipal finance for the creation by the State of Massachusetts of an old age pension fund, which, he suggested, could be raised by the imposition of an extra cent tax on gasoline.
Charles P. Ford, chairman of the executive council and former international secretary of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, has been elected president of the Union Co-operative Insurance Association to succeed the late James P. Noonan.
Numerous unemployed, bearing Communist slogans, demonstrated in the streets of Vienna, Moedling, Liesing and other centers recently, demanding work or increased doles. It is estimated that at present more than 30 per cent. of industrial labor in Austria is unemployed.
Repeating his recent statement that he did not want this country to be represented abroad ${ }^{4}$ by marines, President Hoover announced February 4 that he would at once appoint a commission to study the problem of how and when to withdraw the American military forces from Haiti.
Seventy-five directors of the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment, meeting in New York City, were urged by Samuel Harden Church, president of Carnegie Institute at Pittsburgh and a leading Republican, to support a new liberal political party which would combat not only prohibition "but every form of religious dictation now menacing the United States."
Prime Minister MacDonald of Great Britain told the House of Commons on February 5 that the Labor government believed it had the country behind it in stopping the building of four cruisers. He said he looked confidently toward the success of the London naval conference and added that the next step in disarmament would be a world disarmament conference at Geneva both for land and sea forces.


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TRUMPET PLAYERS do not fail because of lack of practice, nor because of the wrong kind of practice. They fail because of weak lips, and for the reason
that no matter how or what they practice their lips do not get strong. They fail because they lack-ENDURANCE! Mr. Clarke's statement is wholly true. If $90 \%$, or almost the whole of trumpet playing is endurance-WHY NOT GET ENDURANCE? It is easier to get it than it is to get along without it! So it is
HOW DO YOU GET ENDURANCE? You don't get it by practicing your head
off. You get it by protecting your lips against NEEDLESS punishment! off. You get it by protecting your lips against NEEDLESS punishment! HOW DO YOU PROTECT THEM? That's what I want to tell you about, if
you will send me a post card asking about ENDURANCE, or, just fill in the you will send me a post card asking about

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The Musician's Soliloquy By Robert E. Millard
(With apologies to Shakespeare)
To strike, or not to strike, that is the question;
Whether 'tis nobler in the mind, to suffer Thether slings and arrows of outrageous working conditions,
Or to take up arms against a host of managers,
And, by opposing, end them?-To strike to slave
No more:-and, by a strike, we hope to end
The injustice and the thousand natural shocks
Musicians oft endure,-'tis a consummation
Devoutly to be wished. To strike;-to win:-
To win!-Perchance to lose:-Ay, there's the rub
For in a strike, the haunting fear Of heartless creditor on our tail When we have shuffled off this steady job, Must give us pause.
There's the respect that makes a calamity of so long a strike.
The pangs of despised art,
The heartless schemes of avaricious managers
Who, with contempt for skill,
And deft manipulation of stop-watch Curtall each hard-earned breathing spell,

When we might our quietus take with a two-week's notice?
But tho 'tis hard to biow and scrape and pound
In stifing pit with insufficient recompense,
Still,
Still, the dread of something unforeseen To be produced anon from managerial sleeve
Puzzles the will;
And makes us rather bear the ills we have,
Than fly to others that we know not of Thus, the price-list doth makes cowards of us all;
And thus our enterprise of great pith and moment
Remains
Remains a dream;-its current turned Hath lost the name of action.

## Not Guilty

Judge-"Guilty or not guilty, Rastus?" Rastus-"Not gullty, suh?" Judge-"Ever been in jail?"
Rastug-"No, suh. I never stole nuthin before."-Exchange.

Who Said City Slickers? City Banker (visiting the farm)-"I suppose that's the hired man?".
Farmer (who had visited banks) -"No. that's the First Vice-President in charge of cows."-Exchange.

## "HELP YOURSELF TO THE MUSTARD"

Southern Mill Heads Have Choice Between American Federation of Labor Bacon and Communist "Hot Stuff."

## $y$ GILBERT E. HYATT

THERE is an old Western yarn about a traveler who settled himself in a estaurant and demanded sustenance. A hairy ruffian, picking his teeth with a bowie knife, responded by placing before the ravenous wayfarer a platter of bacon and a jar of mustard.

I don't like bacon," irascibly exclaimed e traveler.
Jake with me," said the waiter. "Help urself to the mustard.
This rather moth-eaten anecdote very aptly describes the situation now con fronting the Southern mill barons.

They have a plain choice between A. F L. bacon and communist mustard.

So far they have rejected the first and received in lieu doses of the latter which would seem sufficient to cloy the most avid palate, yet the reception given the United Textile Workers at Marion, Imme diately following the Gastonia catastrophe, constitutes one of the most tragic examples of shortsighted folly in the hisory of American industry
The only factor that saved Ware
Shoals, Enlzabethton and other places from an equally bloody record was the absence, at these places, of a servile and panic-stricken moron in the office of sheriff.
This foolish brutality becomes the more amazing in view of the outstanding and unmistakable facts

First: The present rebellion of the workers is a widespread and determined uprising against fundamental and unbearable evils.

Second: These workers are showing an astonishingly clear realization that organization is their only salvation and that trained leadership is necessary to make this effective.
That this is true is proven not only by the numerous spontaneous strikes but by the invariable request of workers, beof L. organizers to "help us get a union."

## Other Towns Ask Ald

At Marion during the recent trials, negations from other communities were sistance in starting an organization.
Such instances reveal the much touted charge that "outside agitators" were responsible for these uprisings as mill owners' bunk.
The communistis are alert to the situation and are endeavoring to capitalize it with their usual persistency.
They are following like jackals on the trail of the A. F. of L., feeding on the carrion of bitterness and despair that follows the vilolence and treachery which has so far been the only response to legitimate trade union efforts.
Auto loads of these reds came into Elizabethton on several occasions, attempting to spread distrust against the United Textile Workers representatives, trayals of agreements by the German mill trayals of agr
management.

Red Delegations Visit Marion On at least three different occasions delegations visited Marion between July 11, the beginning of the strike, and October, 2, the date of the massacre.
Each time they were flatly repulsed by the workers.
One of the most bitter and exaspersting ironies of that deplorable situation is that it was Larry Hogan, the splendid young mill worker now sentenced to stix montha in the chain gang through the efforts of
mill attorneys, who finally drove them from the city and convinced them, by the most direct and unmistakable methods, that they would do well not to return. The workers do not want the reds. They want permanent collective bargaining through constructive unionism.
But their present conditions are be-
yond endurance and, if they are denled this right, they will be tempted, in their desperation, to accept the other

## Situation Not Realized

"If the mill owners, in their stupidity could be made to realize what we know of the temper of their workers, they would send delegations to Washington begging President Green to come South at once to organize the mills," John Peel, vice-president of the North Carolina Stat Federation of Labor, recently said
"I have seen the workers grow stead fly more determined, more silently bitter and resentful through 20 years of successive rebellions and ruthless supressions."

At Charlotte, to which elty the reds have transferred their activities from Gastonia, the reds are vigorously pursuing their recruiting. Meetings are being held almost nightly which are being attended by hundreds of workers.

A veteran trade union official recently counted, by an actual check, over 800 go ing into one hall.

Reds Claim 8,000 in Charlotte This trade unionist reports that the reds claim 8,000 members in Charlotte. A careful survey made by him indicates that at least half that number are actually carrying red cards.
These facts amply support the statements made by George L. Googe, A. F. of L. organizer, and T. A. Wilson, president of the North Carolina Federation of Labor, as to the vigorous campaign, financed from the usual mysterious sources, now being carried on by the reds.
At the November 14 conference of the A. F. of L. on the Southern situation Googe and Wilson described house-tohouses canvasses in a number of communities, the reds soliciting membership from workers and begetig money from others.
Charlotte is one propaganda center, established solely because of the mill owners' folly. Greenville Is another.
Only the determination of the union organizers and the surprising good sense and patience of the workers have prevented Marlon, Elizabethton, Ware Shoals, etc., from becoming others.

Mill Heads Must Make Choice
But, so sure as there are more Marions, by that same token there will be more Gastonias.
The mill owners can either take their trade union bacon or their communist mustard.
And the reds will see they take it straight.

## Just Curious

A Scotchman applied for a position as gentleman and said to him: "Hey, mister, didya lose a wallet?"
"Why, yes, bud, I belleve I did," anwwered the older one, before he had even felt in his pockets. "Why, did you find
"No," responded the tot cheerfully. "I just wanted to see how many have lost theirs. You're the thirty-ifret today." their
Ex.

ORGANIZATION IS THE THING
Almost any day we can hear discusslons concerning the factors which have played a part in the advancement of the worker in the scale of life and living, relating to the causes for the shorter workweek, and those who have not looked into the matter with care and thoughtfutness are apt to be misled by the declarations of persons who are presumed to know the facts but who are prone to deal merely with surface indications and base their decisions upon the evidence that is immediately available and obtainable without much effort, so that it is goori without much effort, so that it is goon
to come upon the opinion of a man who has devoted years of study and research to ascertaining the exact facts and to find that he, though not a wage worker, is in full accord with the doctrine that the trade union movement has been trying for half a century to drive home to the toiling millions of this country in an effort to induce them to join with their fellow toilers in the struggle for betterments in all the conditions surrounding those who produce the things that enable all of us to maintain life and keep civilization moving always forward.
Professor Stephen Leacock, dealing with the great increase in productivity of our system of industry, set forth these of our system of ins:
"The enormous increase in the produe tivity of industrial effort would never of itself have elevated by one inch the lot of the working class. The rise of wages in the nineteenth century and the shortening of hours that went with it was due neither to the advance in mechanical power, nor to the advance in diligence and industriousness, nor to the advance, if there was any, in general kindliness. It was due to the organization of labor. Mechanical progress makes higher wages possible. It does not of itself advance them by a single farthing. Labor-saving machinery does not of itself save the working world a single hour of toil; it only shifts it from one task to another Truth is truth and anyone who writes of the history of the progress of industrial society owes it to the truth to acknowl edge the vast social achievement of or ganized labor in the past."
There need be no hesitancy on the part of trade unionists in boldly and definitely declaring that the workers, whether in the unions or on the outside, owe more to the organized labor movement for the good things they enjoy today than to any other instrumentality in the industrial world, and that, therefore, every worker ought to be within the fold and helping in the battle for the right to live decently and comfortably as a consequence of their industriousness and productivity.

But the trade union movement means considerably more to the workers and to society generaliy thau high wages, bhont hours and improved working conditions. It means intellectual development and free and independent citizenship which must be maintained in every democracy if freedom and liberty and self-government is to be continued on earth, and it means that men and women can be masters over their own destinies rather than be subject to the will of those who would otherwise be in a position to dictate every activity of the lives of the uncounted millions who earn their bread in the sweat of their brows.
The trade unionist ought to be, and actually is, interested in every economic, political and social question, and his col lective voice is heard in education, fi nance, industry, agriculture and all the other problems that confront the people of the earth. On the other hand the individual worker who is not a part of the labor movement is inarticulate, impotent and almost totally unable to get a hearIng anywhere to set forth his ideas even when he has them, which is not at all common. In truth, the only worker who Is in a position to effectively help in making democracy function is the organlzed worker, and all the people should be thankful that there are so many of them with sense anough and courage onough to join the trade movement and thereby eateguard human life and liberty.

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## He Got the Job

A street urchin ran up to an elderly a patrolman on the London police force. Scotland Yard asked him this question:
"Suppose, McFarland, you saw a crowd congregated, how would you disperve it quickly?"
"I would pasis the hat," answered Mo-Farland.-Ex.

## UNFAIR LIST

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Essex Scottish Brass Band, Windsor, O Essex Scot
Canada Excelsior Hose Baind, Kingston, N. Y.
Fifth $\quad$ B. C. Coast Brigade C. A. Band, Vic-
toria. B. C. Canada. toria, B. C., Canada.
Gaskill, Carl, and His Band, Bridgeton, N .
Hall Printing Co. Band, Chicago, Il.
Hardware City Band New Brita Hardware City Band, New Britain, Conn.
Haze Attas Band, Wahington, Pa. Madison,
Huntre's, Claude, All Girlg' Band, Mais. Irvington Elks' Band, Irvington, N.
Italian Sinfonic Band, Middeteown,
Ir O. U. A. Mand, Kingston, N.
Knights of Pythias Band. Elm Grov. Knights of Pythias Band. Elm Grov
Lowell Brass Band, Lowell, Mass.
Municipal Band, Charleston, W. Va
Myers Advanced School Band, Utica, Municipal Band, Charleston, W
Myers Advanced Schol Band,
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Nazareth Band. Nazareth, Pa. Nazareth Band, Nazareth, Pa.
P1st Cavalry Troon Band, Rochest
Paper City Band, Kalamazoo Mith.
Pennaylvanla Railroad Band, New C Pennsylvania Railiroad Band, New Castle, Pa. Tall Cedars Band of Forest No. 7, Bridgeton,
N. J. Vancouver National Boys' and Girls' Juvenile
Wandi, Vancouver, B. C.

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Cind Harmarville Park, Harmarville, $\mathbf{P a}$.
Iroquols Gardens, Loulsville, Ky.
Lighthouse Gardens. Newto Lighthouse Gardens, Newtor, lowa.
Natonal Amusement Park, Aspinwall,
Palace Tea Garden, Elizabeth, N. J. Penryn Park, Pa.
Peony Park, West Dodge Road, Omaha, Neb.
Rainbow Gardens, Topeka. Kan. Rainier National Park, Washington.
Riverview Park, Niagara Falls, N. Y Roman Gardens, Boton, Mass,
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Kiphoux City, Iowa. Richard, Lancaster, Pa.
 Lalionte, Anthony Lawrence, Mass.
La Franchi, E., Monte Rio. Calif. Land o' Dance, Clincinnati, Ohlo.
La Pointe, Leo, Detroit. Mrich. Larsen Edgar, Oakview, Mark, Warren, Pa.
Laurel Garden, Newark, N. J.
Laurel Larce Clut Laurel Lake Club House, Laurel Lake, N.
Lederman, Hyman I., Madiden, Mass.
Lehighton Fair, Lehighton, Pa. Leonardson, Aanlei, Promoter. Lewis. Jack. Vaudeville Agent, Chlcago, III.
Lewwiston State Normal School, Lewlstor Lido venice Cafe, Montreal Canda. Luzs, Samuel, Chicago, Mill.
Lunch, Sal, Saul, Minn. Lynch, James. Laramle, Wyo.
McCleina, Harold G., Burlington, Iowa.
McDaniele, J. P. McDaniels, J. P. Sturgis, MIch.
McElihanle. C. .
McFarlan, Aviditorium, Dallas, Tex
 McVoy, Ress, Erie, Pa.
Mack, Ratrick, Theatrical Promoter.
Mac, Place
Morriswille Road, Meadville, Pa . Mac's Place, Norrisville Road, Meadville, Pa.
Malden Auditorium, Malden, Mass. Mas.
Manning J. TL, Lake View Pavilon, Lake
Williams, N. N. Manning, Sam, Theatrical Promoter, Mason City High School Auditorlum, Mason
Mity, towa
Masurette, Edmund, London. Ont., Canado, Masurette Edmund, London. Ont., Canado.
Mayfair Club, Toronto, Canada.
Meissmer. Robt. O.. Seaford. L. . Meyerner. Zig, Theatrical Promoter, Baitimore,
Marylana.


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## MItchell, T. D., Moose Jaw, Sask., Cana

Muliens, I. H. C. Wm., Theatrical Promoter
Muncicipal Aultorim, New Orleans, La.
Murray, David J., Marion

cent, Minn,
Myers, Francis
Myers, Rhodes
Myers, Rhodes A., Utica, N. Y. Yowling Green, Ky,
National Vaudevilie Exchange, Buffalo, N.
Nazzarro, Thos., Boston, Mass. Nazaar at Pasc., Boston, Mass,
Nelson ata, Miss.
New Castle Fal
Nelsonat Pascagoula, Mss.
New Castle Fair Assin, New Castle, Pa.
New England Amusement Co., Springild, $\underset{\substack{\text { Mass. } \\ \text { Northman, G. A. A. Washington, D. C. } \\ \text { Wash. } \\ \text { Waic } \\ \text { Nssociation, }}}{\text { Everett, }}$ Olson, G. A., Grandview, Wis,
Paden, Howar, Theatrical Pr
 Palmetto Cafe, Toledo, Ohio
Patterson, Raiph, Theatricai Promoter
Peters, Chas., Easton, Pa. Peters, Chas. Easton, Pa.
Peefron, Fred D.
Philips High School Auditorium, Birming Mham, Ala.
Philips. Aurray, Theatrical Promoter.
Plagman's Dance Pavilon, Garber, Lowa. Plagman, Wance Garber, Iowarber, Iow,
Plagman, Wm., Gation Dance Hall. Boise, Idaho,
Plallman, Kate, Theatrical Producer. Pullman, Kate, Theatrical Producer.
Rathburn, Chas. Jr., Connelsville. Pa.
Reese, Fred M. Salt Lake Cly, Utih. Reese, Fred M., Salt Lake Clty, Utah.
Rendevous Night Club, Newbury St., Boston, Riverside Park Pavilion, Ed. Coles, Manager,
Hutchinson, Kan. Rowerts.
Ron, $A_{i}$. D, Promoter.
Rock Rock, C. E. \& Co., Amusement Pr
Rogof, Ell, Theatrial Promoter.
Romig, Jack, Theatrical Promoter Rome Garden, Theatrical Promoter. Rosemont Ballroom, Lawrence, Mass. Rummery, Lysle, Muscatine, Iowa.
Russell. J.'. Barbour, Maysville, Ky.
Rybowiak, B. Chicago, III. Sacco. Miss A., Lawrence, Mass.
Sanford, J. E., Akron, Ohlo. Sanford, J. E., Akron, Ohilo.
Sawyer. Ruusell. Miniot, N. D,
Sax, Erick, Framingham, Mass. Scalzo, Anthony An, Riverview Amusement Schlesselman, C. D. Victor, Iowa.
Schoeller Wm., Chicago, ini.
Schorr, Morris, Theatrical Promote Senes, Frank, Warren, Ohlo.
Severi Bros. Hollywood Inn, Ansonta, Conn.
Severin and Parson, St. Mary's, Pa. Severin and Parson, St. Mary's, Pa.
Sharp, Harland. Upper Sandusk, Ohio.
Shaw, Harry, Manager Earl Theatre, Phi'adelphia, Pa.
Shellenberger, A., York. Pa.
Shubert, Bob S., Theatrical Promoter, New Shuler, C., S., Beaver Falls. Pa.
Siemens, Wm., San Francisco, Calle. Simens, Morris, Lawrence. Mass.
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Smith' Inn Sta
 Spinney, Chas, Framingham, Mass.
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Station W.JSV.
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Station WTAS, Sierns, Jack, Promoter,
Stewart, D. Hapy. Hours, Florence, S. C.
Stiver, Neil, W, Walnut, M. Sul'ivan, Péte. ${ }^{\text {silan }}$., Vaudeville Exchange, Chicago, M. Davilon, Tulsa, Okla.
Sunset Dance Pa Parset Gardens, Drakesburg, Ohlo. Ten Eyck, Geo. B., Theatrical Promoter.
Textile Hall, Greenville. S. C. Textile Hall, Greenville. S. C. Mo.
Theatre soclety of St. Louis, Mo. Spla, Pa.
Thomashefsky, M., Mgriladephia, Pa.
Thomas 1 mn , Riverside, Ont., Canada. Thomas Inn, Riverside, Ont, Canada.
Thompson, Paul, Bay, City, Mich.
Tlerney, Frank, Mgr., Youngstown, Ohlo. Thempson, Paul, Bay Clty, Mich.
Tlerney, Frank, Mgr., Youngstiow, Ohlo.
Tierno, Frank, New Alexandria, Pa.
Tomsen. Jack and Tommy, Chicago, mi. Tomsen. Jack and Tommy, Chic
Triangle Ballroom, Tyrone Pa.
Tri-State Fair, Amarill Tin
 Troy Lodge, B. P. O. Elks, Troy, N. Y.
Tynal, Bruce Ann Arbor, Mich.
University of Kansas Auditorium, Lawrence, Kans.
Vaill, Be, Theatrical Promoter.
Variamose, James, Manning, Iowa.
Venice Restourant, Olean, Variamose, James, Manning. Iowa
Venice Restaurant, Olean, N. Y.
Vernon, Vinton Veterans of Foreign Wars, Gen. Gerald Post,
Carbondale, Pa. Vila Francaise, Nutley, N. J. . . .
Walker, Vincent, Rochester. N. Y.
Wassota Beach Pavilion, Chippewa Falls Weiss L., Chicako Mir.
Westwond Dancling Pavilion, Oetwein. Iowa.
White, Miss Gonzell, Theatrical Promoter White, Miss Gonzell, Theatrical Promoter
Wilson Amusement Co., Baltimore, Md.
Wilson, R. A. St. Wilson, R. A. St. Lovis, Mo.
Wilts, John. Manager Murray's Beach Dance
Pavilion, Onamia, Minn. Wing, Tom Varsity Cafe. Chicago, Ill.
Winter Garden Palisades. Phoeniz, Ariz. Women's Cul, Louisville. Ky.
Woodlawn Post of the American Legion
Chicago. ill. Yokel, Alexandier, Theatrical Promoter,
Young. Felix, Theatrical Promoter.
Young Men's Hebrew Assoclation Hall, Young, Robert, Marcimore, IVwa.
Ziegler, Elmer, Musatine, In
Zorah Shrine Temple, Terre Haute, Ind,

## theatres and picture houses

 Academy of Muslc, Lebanon, Pa,Academy of Music, Wilmingion, N.
Ada Meade Theatre, Lexington, Ky. Ada Meade Theatre, Lexington, Ky.
Aldine Thieatre, Lebanon. Pa.
Alexandria Theatre, Sin Fraisisco, Calif Alhamhra Theatre. North Patte, Neh
Alhambra Theatre San Francisco, Calif.
Altambra Theate, Watobuty, Conn. Allendale Theatre, Oakland, Calif.
Allen Theatre, Akron, Ohid, Cont
Allen Theatre, Montreal, Canada. Allen Theatre, Montreal, Canada.
Amercan Theatre. Newark, J. J.
Amercan Theate, Phoebus, Va.
American Theatre, Rock Island, In.
Amherst Theatre, Montreal. Canada.
 Apotho Theatre, Hampton Va.
Apollo Theatre, Newntor Vork City, N. Y.
Arabian Theatre, Seattle, Wash. Arablan Theatre,
Arcade Theatre, Akron. Ohto.
Arcade Theatre, Norfolk, V $\alpha$. Ark Theatre. Lo, Anangport. Ind. Audtiorlum Theatre, Marlettarg, Oha.
Audio. Marlition Theatre, Tamplat. Auditorium Theatre, Tampe, Fla.
Austin Theatre, Nacag Doches Texas.
Avalon Theatre. Avon Park, Fia. Avalon Theatre. Avon Park, Fla. Cexas.
Avenue Theatre, Vancouver, B. Canada.
Avenue Theatre. Wilington, Dei.
Avon Theatre, Syrause N.
Aztec Theatre, Enid, Okis.


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Baby Grand Theatre, Moberly, Mo.
Baby Grand Theatre, Orlando, Fla.

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 Bijou Theatre, Piqua, OOhlo,
Bisho Bishop's Theatre. Hoboken. N. J.
Bomes Lilberty Theatre, Providence, R.
Boulevard Theatre, Baltimore, Md.
B. Bradley Theatre, Putnam, Conn.
Brighton Theatre, Syracuse, N. $\mathbf{y}$.
Broadway Theatre, Detroit. Mich.
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 California Theatre, Millwaukee, Wis.
California Theatre, Petaluma, Cantilit
Cameo Theatre, Newark, N. J., Calif. Canitol Theatre, Allentown, Pa.
Capitol Theatre, Arlington, M,


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## Capitol Theatre, Tacoma, Torto, Casha, Fla. Caploy Theatre, Barington, Ill. Carrol Theate Waterbury, Conn. Carter Theatre Carter Theatre, Long Beach, Connif. Cass Grand Theatre, Santa, Clara, Callf. Castamba Theatre, Shelby, Ohio. Castle Creek The Cas

 Center Theatre, Ottawa, Canada.
Central Theatre, Danvile, Ill.
Central Theatre, Somerville, Mass
Charlotte The Central Theatre, Somerville, Mass.
Charlotte Theatre Chatlote, N. C.
Cheerio Theatre, Seatte, Wash.
Circle Theatre, Oklahoma City, Okla. Circle Theatre, Oklahoma City, Okla
Circle Theatre, Portland Ore,
City Circle Theatre, Jortand, Ore,
City Theatre, Junction City, Kan.
Cly Theatre, Newark, N. J.
Claire Theatre, Jackonvile, Texas.
Classic Theatre, Brooklyn, N. Y. Class
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 Communtiy Playhouse, San Francisco, Calle.
Community Playhouse, Wellesley Hills, Mass.
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Community Theatre, Catskill. Na. N. Community Theatre, Batimore, Maskill, Md. N.
Congress Theatre, Newark, N. N.
Conley Theatre, Frankort, Ind.
 Court Theatre, Newark, York Clity, N. N. Y.
Cozy Theatre, Junction City, Kan
Oriterion The Oriterion The, Tre, Iridigety, Kn, N.
Crown Theatre, Loussille, Ky.
Crown Theatre, Lowell. Mass. Crown Theatre, Lowell, Mass.
Crystal Lake Theatre, Woodstock, ml.
Dale Theatre, Long Beach, Callf,
Mal Mnr Theatre, Portsmouth, Ohio. Dal Mar Theatre, Portsmouth, Ohio.
Danz, John, Theatres, Seattle, Wash.
Darien Theatre, Stamford, Mass.
De Kalb Theatre Atlont,

 Dixie Theatre, Columbus, Ga,
Dixie Theatre, Farmont. W.
Dome Theate, Akron, Oho.
Drake Theatre, East, St. Louis,
 Ebell Theatre, Long Beach, Calf:
Eyptian Thatre, Seatle, Wash.
Electra Theatre, Montreal, Canada.

 Empress Theatre, Danville. Ill. Alb., Canada.
Empress Theatre, Lethbridge, Alt The, Medicine Hat, Abberta,
Empress Theatre,


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Gem Theatre, Joplin, Mo. Cly, M.
Gem Theatre, Oswego, N.
Gem Theatre, Sherman, Ti.
 Granada Thearte, Buafalo, N. Y Y Y
Granada
Theatre, Lew Liston, Idaho Grand Opera House, Now York City, N. Y
Grand Pture House, Now Albany, Ind. Grand Theatre, Akron, OHio,
Grand Theatre, Batimore, Md
Grand Theatre, Bellingham, Wash. Grand Theatre, Bradford, Pa.
Grand Theatre, Columbus, Ohio.
Gratre, Kokomo, Ind.
 Grand Theatre, Wheaton, III, Wi, Grant Lee Theatre, Zanesville, Ohio.
Great Lakes Theatre, Buades, N. J.
rove Theatre, New, N. Guest Theatre, Hewark, Homition, Ont, Canada.
larding Theatre, San Francisco, Calif. Harlandle Theatre, San Antonio, Texam Harien Grand Theare, New York City N. Y.
Highland Park Theatre, San Antonio, Texas
HIgh Schoo Auditorlum Theatre, TYler, Tex.
High School Auditorium. Temple, Texas.
Hilicrest Thentro High School Auditorium, Temple, Texa
Hilcrest Theatre, San Diego Calif.
Hipo
 Canada. Theatre, Hollywood, Fla.
Hollywwood Theatre, New York City; N. Hollywood Theatre, Sallem, Ore.
Hollywood Theatre, Seattle, Wash
Hope Theatre, Providence, R. I. Howard Theatre, New Haven, Conn.
Howard Theatre, Tayor, Texas. Howard Theatre, Taylor, Texas.
Howard Theatre, Washingon, D. C
Humboldt Theatre, Roxbury, Mas Humboldt Theatre, Roxbury, Mass.
Huntington Ave.
Mastrand Theatre, Bonton, Huthing ion Theatre, Huntington, Ind.

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 Tafaeetto Thearre: Rataiumbum; ohlo.
 Cando Theatre, Fittaurght, Pa,


 $=3$ $=-2$ incoln Theatre, Holldayscove, W.






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 city, Mo.
Allentown, Pater

 Orpheum Theatre, East Mreatre, Conn.
Ohunk, Pa.
Orpheum Theatre, Nawrence Kan.
Orpheum Theatre, Newark, N. Orpheum Theatre, Lawrence, Kan. Nan.
Orpheum Theatre, Otumw, N. Nowa.
Orpheum Theatre, Quincy,
Ortor Theatret Palord Theatre, Little Falls, N. Nhiladelphia, Pa.
Palace Pleture House, Baltimore, Md. Palace Theatre, Akron, Ohlo.
Plack,
Palace Theartere, Burkburnett, Thla. Texas.



 $+$ . Vorth McAleater Theatre, McAlester, Okla
Ocean Theatre, Asbury Park, N. J. J.
Odeon Theatre, New York Cly, N. Y.
Odeon Theatre, Shawnee, Okli,
Olympia Theatre, New York City, N. Y.
Olympic Theatre, Monassen, Pa. opera House, Clarlsburg, W, Wa. Wi.
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Palace Theatre, Syracuse, Theatre, Welisburg, Wa. Va. Palmetto Theatre, Palmetto, Fla, Thiberta, Can.
Pantages Theatre, Edmonton, Aiber Bridgeport. Conn.
Paramount Theatre, Paramount Theatre, Bridgeport, Conn.
Paramount Theatre, Kokomo, Ind
Paramount Theatre, Logankport, ind. Paramount Theatre, Logansport, Ind.
Paramount Theatre, Seattle, Wash.
Park Theatre, Boston, MasE. Park Theatre, Boston, Mass., Caldwell, N. N.
Park Theatre, Lellighton, Pa.
Park Theatre, Palmerton, Pa,
Park Theatre, Toronton, Park Theatre, Torento, Canada.
Park Lane Theatre, New York Clty, N. Y.
Parkway Theatre, Brooklyn, N. Y. Parkway Theatre, Brooklyn, N. Yity, N.
Pastime Theatre, Albuauerque, N. M.
Pastime Theatre, Columbus, Pastime Theatre, Columbus, Ga,
Patcho Tue Theatre, Patchogue, L ,
Pear Theatre, Fort Worth, Texa.
Peeking Theatre, Longriew, Was. Peeking Theatre, Longiew, Waa
Pelham Theatre, Pelham, N, Y.
Penn Theatre, New Castle, Pa. Pequot Theatre, New Have,
Poto Theatre, Burlingame,
Pike Theatre, Mooble, Ala,
Pines Theatre, Lufkin, Texas Plaza Theatre, Fort Dodge, N. J.
Plaza, Theatre, Mllford, Del.
Pokadot Theatre, Fort Dodig Pokadot Theatre, Fort Dodge, Iowa. Lakes,
Pompton Lakes Theatre, Pompton Lake,
Nortola Theatre, Portola Theatre, Seattle, Wash.
Princess Theatre, Birmingham, Ala.
Princess Theatre, Champaign, 1 In.
Priscllia Theatre. Lewipain, Mine Priscilla Theatre, Lewiston, Maine.
Pubic Theatre, New York City, N. $\mathbf{Y}$.
Putnam Theatre, Marietta, O. Queen Theatre, Hope, Ark. When
Queen Theatre, Writa FAlls, Texan.
Quimby Theatre, Zanesville, Ohio. Ragone Theatre, New York City, N,
Rainhow Thearte, Opelikk, Ala.
Rambona Theatre, San Dlego, Calif.
Regent Theatre, Akron, Ohlo. Regent Theatre, Akrorson, Jnd.
Regent Theatre, Anderson, Blackel, Okia.
Regent Theatre,
Guelph, Ontario Regent Theatre, Blackwell, Okia.
Regent Theatre, Guelph, Ontario, Canada.
Regent Theatre, Muskegon, MIch.
Regent Theatre, Syracuse, N. Regent Theatre, Syracuse, N. Y.
Rembert Theatre, Marshall, Mexas.
Reportory Theatre, Boston, Mass. Rex Theatre, Beloit. Wis. Maho,
Rex Theatre, Lewwiston, Idaho.
Rex Theatre, ottawa, Canada.
Rex Theatre, Terre Haute Ind. Rex Theatre, Ottawa, Canada,
Rex Theatre, Terre Haute, Ind.
Rialto Theatre, Akron, Ohlo.
 Rialito Theatre, Scoliay Square, Boston,
Rlaato Theatre, Columbuu, Ga.
Ralto Theatre, Huntington, Wa. Va.
Rlateo Theatre, Mukkegon, Mich. Plate Theatre, Mumkegon, Mich.
Rlalto Theatre, Now BrItaln, Conn.
Rialto Theatre, Patchogue, L . $\mathbf{I}$.
Rialto Theatre, Paterson, N. J.

amh.Traco Theatre, Columbia, Toms RIver, N. N. J.
Treat Theatre, NNewark, N. N .
Tulare Theatre Tulare, Calif. $\mathbf{Y}$.Uclid Theatre, San Bernardino, Calli.
Unique Theatro, Santa Cruz, Calil.
Universal Chain EnternisesUniversal Chain Enterprises,
Uptown Theatte, Junction City, Kan.
Uptown Theare,
Uptown Thean Cly, Mo.
Uptown Theatre, San Antonio, Texas.
Uptown Theatre, SeatUptown Theatre,
UVtown Theatre, Seatle, Wash. Texas
Vargity Theatre, Lawrence, Kan.Venetlan Theatre, Powrence, Kand, Ore.
Venetian Theatre, Seattle, Wahh
Verd Theatre, Belle Vernon, Pa.
Verona Theatre,Verd Theatre, Belle Vernon, Wash.
Verona Theatre, Verona, N. J.
Victor Theatre, CoromeVictor Theatre, Columbus, O.
Victorit Theatre, Camden, N.
Victory Theatre, Lowell, Mass.Viotory Theatre, Lowell, Mass, M.
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Vine Theatre, Mit. Vernon, OhioVirginia Theatre, Parkersburg, iW. Va.
Vitalione Theatre, Oakland, Calif.
Waidors Theatre, Akron, Ohto.Walker Theatre, Indianapolis. Ind.
Wallace Theatre, Bradenton, Fla.
Walt Whitman Theatre, Ca,Walt Whitman Theatre, Camden, N. J.
Wardman Park Theatre, Washington, D. C
Wareham Theatre, Manhattan, Kan,
Washington Theatre, Now York City, w.Wareham Theatre, Manhattan, Kan,
Washington Theatre, Now York CCty, N. $\mathbf{Y}$.
Washington Theatre, Sherman, Texa,
Washington Square, Theatran,Washington Square Theatre Quincy, III.
Waynesurg Opera House, Waynesburg, Pa.
Weller Oopa House, Treenton, Ont. Can.West Broadway Theatre, Loulsville, Ky.West Broadway Theatre, Loulsville, Ky
Westwood Theatre Wegwood N. $\mathbf{K}$.
White House Theatre, MIlwaukee, Wig.White House Theatre Mllwaukee, Wis.
White Way Theatre, New Haven, Conn.
Willamson Theatre, Winteraven Fla,
Wilson Theatre, West New York, N. J.Wilson Theatre 'Weat Now York, N. Jla.
Winter Garden Theatre, Pitcher, Okia.
Winter Theatre, Akron, OhloWinter Theatre, Akron, Ohitocr,
Wooland Theartre, Seattie, Wamh.
Woods Theatre, KokomoWoods Theatre, Kokomo Ind. Mich.
Woodside Theatro, Bay City, Mict.
Yazoo Theatre, Yazoo, Miss.

Yazagoza Theatre, San Antonio, Texas.



## UNION LABEL CAMPAIGN

## Mr . William J. Kerngoo $37-39$ Willam Street,

## Newark, N.

## A

A campaign in the interest of the Union Label, shop Card and Working Eutton will be conducted by the Union Label Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor during the month of April, 1930.
That this campaign may be successful, It is absolutely necessary that they have the united and whole-hearted co-operation
of all-National and International Unions in afflifation to the Department.
Therefore, you are respectfully requested to communicate with all Local that committees your jurisdiction, asking an active campaign during the above named period. As during the abovenamed period. As soon as these committees are appointed, the names and addresses of chairmen should be forwarded
to John J. Manning, 202 A. F. of L. Building, Washington, D. C.
During this campalgn, Unions in aftillation to the Department are urged to diltribute literature and other advertising matter, free of cost, to their Local Unions and to Central Bodies. The Department thif campaign and at any of cost during JOHN J. MANNING. Secretary-Treasurer.

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 Trial. Leon Hoagstoe


 model; silver-plated; three valves: fin
 FOR SALE-Vepaphone Tenor Banjo, artist moctel; gold-plated; good condition; cos mond valued at former price. Musiclan, 152
Thompson St., New Bedford, Mass. FOR SALE-One violin, Alexander Gagliano In fine repair; very fine vilin for sol whis, price $\$ 100.00 ;$ an unusual bargain for
this tyee of instrument. Vletor Phillip, 835
Kearney st., Atchison, Kansas. FOR SALE-Baritone Horn, "King"; low pitch;
side actions will with sacrifice complete at ${ }_{852}{ }^{2} .00$ cost me $\$$ ini1.00; rrial. B. Grulois, 232 W .
Indiana Ave.. Philadelphia, Pa. FOR SALE-Band Coats, A. F. of M., blue
 FOR SALE-Trombone, "Conn"; gold-brass medium bore; fow pitch; seven-Inch be
and case complete; $\$ 35.00$ for quick and case, complete; $\$ 35.00$ for quick, sale;
trial if desired. Beraphin, 1207 W . Sus-
quehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa. FOR SALE-Soprano Saxophone, Bb, "Buf-
 originally $\$ 110.00$; triai.
6 th St., Philadelphia, Pa. FOR SALE-Clarinet; metal; Bb; Boehm


FOR SALE-Fine Violin, Jacobus Steiner over an years old, good condition, must
be bold as owner need mone immedlately.
Saeritice for $\$ 850.00$. Box 524 , Rock Springs. FOR SALE-Pre-war Schmidt silver-plated
 Saxophone. Frank de Polis, 1305 Federal St.,
Philadelphia, Pa. FOR SALE-36 White serge Band Uniforms
and Buminbies; aiil in good condition; cost


FOR SALE-Liberty model King. Trumpet,
 FOR SALE-Conservatory plateaux "Cab-
art" Oboe F, rewonance key practically
newt


FOR SALE-Bettoney Bassoon, Hike new; clated; exceilent King sllide Trombone, siliver: Martir BBb, Helloon Bass, slifer-plated; like


FOR BALE-Band Comte, regulation A. F. M. Leaders Coats, 810 ; A1. Wallace, 1834 North Haleted St ., Cht-
caro, II .
EXCHANGE-Drummer wiehee to exchange two or two-half ooteve xylophones, low pitch. With resonator, and case Harry Rtcharde,
227 Verona Ave., Nowarlk, New Jersey. FOR SALE-Represessed-Gunarius violin val top cover. Alto 2 complete library of oroheirel music. Wind be sold at a asecri-
fice For completorninformation write the
Ceneral Finance. Company, Tifin, Ohio.

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FOR SALE-Set Ludwis best hand tune fine hads; complete with folding stand


FOR SALE-Heckel Bassoon (low pitch), very good instrument. Used for Vichor
solo work. Special feature-fingerholes are inserted with tubes to avold Water. Price
$\$ 165.00$ with case. Wm. O. Gruner, 81 Har FOR SALE-Bass, Hellicon, BBb "Conn" silver-plated; low pitch; perfect condition
82.50 for quick sale Just came out of the hop after being overhauled; fine tone an ntonation; great for band work; trial. M.
Mildenburg, 1134 s . 60 th St., Phlladelphia, Fa . FOR SALE-Sousaphone, "King" Eb; brand
new; alver-plated; Eold ball; 24 -inch belit am orced to give up instrument; cost me
\$30.00; will sacrifice at 8175,00 big bergin;
hurry. Al, Davis, 3244 Emerald St, Phila hurry; will asacrifice at 8175,00 big bargain;
huryia, A1, Davis, 3244 Emeraid St., Phila FOR SALE-Conn Tenor Saxaphone, ${ }^{\mathbf{3 9} 95.00 \text { : }}$
Conn Stralght B flat Soprano, $\$ 50.00 ;$ both


FOR SALE-Baritone saxophone, "Conn"
 nished; gold, and case; low pitch; junt; overtrial. H. Eck, 4521 Mekiniey $8 t$., Philadel-



FOR SALE-Brand new, standard make, B
flat, pltch A-440, Boehm Clarinet, $17-6$, in Hat, petch A-44, Boehm Clarinet, 17-6, in
case, set of B, A, $\mathbf{C}$, $17-6$, excellent make,
wooden Boehm Clarinets; sent c, or d, wooden Boehm Clarinets; sent c. o. d. ${ }^{\text {days }}$ age. Howard E. Rossl, 1735 Townsend Ave.,

FOR SALE - Trombone, "King"; silver plated; valve; with case; low pitch, \$35.00;
exceptional opportunity. "Barry" Collapsible Drum; folds for carrying; with case; like new, 822.00 ; cost me $\$ 70.00$; will give trial on
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ton Trumpet and silver-plated French Bes-
son son Trumpet: complete set of Saxophones in
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WANTED TO BUV-Baritone Horn, with case prefer Conn,
must be low pitch; bargain in for caht, silver: factory number and detal
Potter, Harper, Kansal.
WANTED TO BUY-OId cello in rood concheap; please deacribe fully ange, must be
price. Leon s . Mawest
Baltimore, Md. Man, 123 Exchange Pl.,


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    Tranter edoposted Cal M. Montague; 200.
    
     withocal No. 2z, sEDALA, Mo. Mo. Elek-
    Local no. 23, san antonio, tex. Memomery from transter: A. V. Riges Prank Hollohe it: Eusene Artat.
    

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